

CANADIANS IN BRAZIL.

A Returned Emigrant's Tale of Woe.

(Witness.)

Among the deluded Canadians who started off to seek prosperity in Brazil last September, in spite of the warnings of their friends, was Mr. Arthur Owen, who, to do so, gave up a good position in the electric shops of the Street Railway Company here, anticipating larger wages farther from home. Owen is now back in Montreal and at his former employment. In these two respects he is more fortunate than the majority of those who accompanied him on the twenty days' voyage to the land of fever, as came out in his conversation with a 'Witness' reporter last evening.

There were three deaths on the voyage, Mr. Owen says, and the bodies, those of a man and two babies, were pitched overboard. The adult died of heart disease. A priest who was on board was asked to conduct a service, but would not. On arriving at Santos, the emigrants were put on board a train which took them to Sao Paulo, a mountain town about ninety miles up the country. A limited supply of bread and cheese was given them to eat on the train. A side track enabled the train to run right up beside a bare, bleak place known as the emigration building, and the men, women and children were here unloaded like cattle and stalled in one large room, where all lived and slept together for eight days, and where the majority still remain, fearing to fly from evils they can gauge to greater evils that they know not of.

Bad bread and worse coffee, made up, with little variation, the Canadians' daily fare. On presenting a ticket, a representative of each family received a dish of food and a dish of coffee, and the family—some of them were families in name only, as minors had assumed the names of friends in order that they might come within the terms of the contract, which called for families—ate and drank all out of the same vessel. At first they were fed on bread alone. The Italian and Spanish emigrants were satisfied with bread, why not the Canadians? But they didn't get enough to eat, even of bread, so one day they relieved a carrier who was passing, of all his loaves, and after that they were fed better.

The only beds provided in the common room were sugar cane mats, which were little softer or higher than the floor. Pillows they had none, nor blankets, until the French and English Consuls intervened, and as it was very cold on the mountain at night, many would walk up and down for hours to keep themselves warm, and snatch the needed sleep next day. The people tried to get work but could not. The only employers that appeared, were the owners of the coffee and sugar plantations. They wanted the Canadians to sign to work for ten years, cutting down bush and cultivating the plants that would then be put in, and at the end of that period the workers, if they survived, would receive for their hire, half of the value of the plantation, which it was hinted by disinterested parties, was not likely to be very much. The houses they would be allowed to live in during this time were scarce worthy of the name consisting merely of walls and a roof, with no windows. The English Consul promised to do his best for the unfortunates, but told them they should never have come, as the country was only fit for Spaniards and Italians. Emigrants were supposed to be allowed to remain only eight days in the large barracks where they were stored on arriving, but the consuls promised to see that they were not turned out until they had some place to go. The single men were drifting off to Buenos Ayres, and quite a few were working or beating their way home, but those with families were in a pretty poor plight. The manager of the railway at Sao Paulo, an Englishman, was very kind, and gave a number of work at eighty cents a day, advising them at the same time to return home as soon as they could. To twelve he gave passes down to Santos that they might catch a vessel. When Mr. Owen left, many of the women were crying, and all were sorry they had left their homes.

COULD NOT LIE DOWN FOR EIGHTEEN MONTHS.

The sufferings of a Toronto Junction Resident from Heart Disease.

Not an exceptional case of heart disease but very distressing was that of Mr. L. W. Daw, of Toronto Junction, Ont., who was obliged to be propped up in bed with pillows for eighteen months, because of smothering spells that would come over him whenever he attempted to lie down. No treatment had done any good until he tried Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and here one dose gave complete relief, and one bottle cured him, and to-day he enjoys the pleasure of good health as other people do. Heart disease will kill if not cured. Sold by W. W. Short.

The Quebec tug Eureka, which reached Portland, Me., on Wednesday, had in tow four sticks of Pacific pine three feet square and seventy feet long. They were cut out of the tallest and largest trees in the world, and are worth \$1,300 each. This tow left Quebec a month ago, the sticks having been brought across the continent. The tug has a crew of twelve French Canadians, is bound to Philadelphia and put into Portland for coal.

The Spitting Habit and Spread of Consumption

In England and Wales, according to Dr. W. Murrell, from 50,000 to 60,000 people die annually from consumption; and another 50,000 from other tubercular diseases. From 1848 to 1880, 1,702,002 deaths were registered due to phthisis, the majority being young adults. No other disease claims an equal number of victims. Its infectious nature being well recognized, every effort should be put forth to minimize its communicability. Among the many means by which this dread disease may be disseminated, one of the most prevalent arises from the consumptive's expectorations. This sputa, as bacteriologists have shown us, carries the tubercle bacillus in varying quantities. When dried, these germs are taken up by the atmosphere, then inhaled by the well and sick.

By this means there is no reason to doubt that phthisis is often conveyed directly to individuals. It has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt that these diseased germs are also given off by the consumptive's breath and that husbands have taken it from wives and wives from husbands. We have here a source of infection to which enough attention has not been given. Of all the filthy habits to which a considerable portion of our people are given, perhaps the very worst is the spitting habit.

No place is too sacred for them to pollute. On the street, on cars, boats, in stores, in our homes, we are constantly reminded of the passage of the spitter. Ladies trail their gowns through this filth, bring it into their homes, when, having dried, the bacteria are given off with every movement of their garments. That the consumptive may cause a health resort to become a place to be shunned is exemplified in the case of the Riviera. Its climate is most salubrious, and when consumptives first went there this disease was an unknown quantity; now it has become as firmly established there as in any consumptive country. The air and soil have become so contaminated that the natives have fallen victims to this disease. The washerwomen in particular have been attacked. The Riviera is no longer a health resort, but a place to be avoided by weak lunged persons. California's beautiful climate has brought thousands of consumptives there for their health. In the southern portion of the State in particular there are evidences already that this disease is spreading to those who have heretofore felt that there was no danger in living among consumptives. In a word, may not foci for the spread of phthisis be already established in various towns, due to the contamination of soil and air? If so, how long will it be before these towns will cease to send out alluring advertisements welcoming the consumptive to come and make these places their homes? Not very long we believe after the masses have learned the truth concerning a disease which carries off more persons annually than any other single disease. The danger of dissemination can be greatly minimized, by regulating the care of consumptives. Indiscriminate expectoration must not be tolerated. Hotels should have some disinfective fluid to be daily put into the cuspidors about the offices and halls. The same method should be carried out in all public buildings. The handkerchief should be used, as a rule, by every person when it becomes necessary to expectorate. Consumptives should have pieces of cloth or paper which can afterward be burned. What a travesty this is on our boasted civilization to see signs with these words, "No spitting on the floor," meeting us at every turn—Pacific Medical Journal.

The Prince and Princess of Naples despatched a pretty telegram to the latter's mother at Cetinje after the celebration of the royal wedding, and this is what it contained, without regard to cost: "Dear Mother—We are now husband and wife, and our first message is to you—who have so large a share in our hearts. The welcome given to us by every class of citizens could not have been more expansive and cordial, and our only sorrow is that you have been unable to share with us the joy of this day. Convey our sentiments to Danilo, with our most affectionate salute. Bless us, dear mother, and with the hope of embracing you again very soon, we kiss you hand.—Elena Vittoria de Savoia." Now, this is very sweet and natural, and shows that it makes precious little difference what rank in life it is when there is a fond mother in the case.

WHERE MEN FAIL AS LOVERS.

All Good in Deeds, but Most Fail in the Handling of Words.

"It is a question with me," writes Lillian Bell, in Ladies' Home Journal, "whether a woman ever knows all the joys of love-making who has one of those dumb, silent husbands who doubtless adores her but is able to express it only in deeds. It requires an act of the will to remember that his getting down town at seven o'clock every morning is all done for you, when he hasn't been able to tell you in words that he loves you. It is hard to get a letter telling about the weather and how busy he is, when the same amount of space saying that he got to thinking about you yesterday, when he saw a girl on the street who looked like you, only she didn't carry herself as well as you do, and that he loves you, good-by—would have fairly made your heart run over with joy, and made you kiss the hurried lines and thrust the letter in your belt, where you could crackle it now and then just to make sure it was there. Nearly all nice men make good lovers in deeds. A great many fail at some important crisis in the handling of words.

But the last test of all, and, to my mind, the greatest, is in the use of words as a balm. Few people, be they men or women, be they only friends, lovers or married, can help occasionally hurting each other's feelings. Accidents are continually happening even when people are good-tempered. And for quick or evil tempered ones there is but one remedy—the handsome, honest apology. The most perfect lover is the one who best understands how and when to apologize."

Where Kid Comes From.

The raising of kids for the skins is a leading industry among the French mountaineers, who obtain no small part of their substance from this source. Softness, delicacy of texture and freedom from blemish are principal factors in the value of kid skins, and to secure these essentials great pains are taken. So soon as the young animal begins to eat grass the value of the skin declines, for with a grass diet its skin immediately begins to grow coarser and harder in texture, and its chief merit vanishes. It is, therefore, kept closely penned, not only to prevent it from eating grass, but also to secure the skin from accidental injury from scratches or bruises, which impair its value.

When the kids have reached a certain age at which the skins are in the best condition for the use of the glove, they are killed, and the hides are sold to travelling hawkers, through whom they reach the great centers of the tanning industry.

Valuable Information.

"Are you the celebrated Mme. Bombastion?" he asked, after he had climbed four flights of stairs, and was admitted into a mysterious apartment.

"Yes," replied the bizarre-looking personage who had received him.

"The great clairvoyant?"

"Yes."

"And you foretell the future?"

"Yes."

"And read the mind?"

"Yes."

"And unfold the past?"

"Yes, yes."

"Then," said the visitor, as he took a roll of bank notes from his pocket eagerly, "tell me what it was my wife asked me to bring home for her tonight!"

The Weather Cure.

The latest idea in medicine is to exhibit yourself to the sun and air clothed as nearly as may be in the manner nature turned you into the world.

At the noted sanitarium in the mountains of Carniola, not far from Trieste, the patient lies stark naked on the dry soil, or on a plank platform out of doors exposed to the burning rays of a July or August sun, from fifteen minutes to an hour at a time, the head alone protected from the blaze.

Patients are also required to accustom themselves to wind and rain. Little by little they are brought to a point at which they can support without any protection or shelter at atmospheric variations, the sun's rays, or rain and wind.

Dr. Parkhurst on the Theater.

"The theater I believe in profoundly," writes the Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst, D. D. in the Ladies' Home Journal. "As a means of intellectual stimulus and of moral uplift there is nothing, with the possible exception of the pulpit, that could stand alongside of it as an engine of personal effect, provided only it would maintain itself in its proper character as the dramatized incarnation of strength. Personally, I would like at least once a week to get out from under the incubus of ordinary obligation and to yield myself up intellectually and emotionally to the domination of dramatic power. I could live with a fresher life and could write and speak with a more recuperated vigor, I am sure."

Woman Suffrage in Australia.

The "South Australian Register" has compiled a table showing the proportion of men and women who voted at the recent elections. The returns show that 66.33 per cent of the men and 53.44 per cent of the women enrolled voted. In the districts of East Adelaide, East Torrens, West Torrens, Barossa, Flinders and Sturt the women exercised the franchise much more numerously than the men.

A Clever Teacher.

That was a clever kindergarten teacher who wishing her class of boys and girls to take up sewing and fearing revolt on the part of the young lads, cleverly managed that their sewing should take the form of sailmaking for small boats, learning to stitch balls and to mend sweaters. The result was keen interest and complete success.

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Alizerine Blue

THE NEW COLOR FOR GENTS' LIGHT SUITS AND LADIES' DRESSES.

AMERICAN DYE WORKS CO.'Y. OFFICE, SOUTH SIDE KING SQUARE.

WORKS, ELM STREET, N.B. END.

SAINT JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.

Orders from a distance by Express or otherwise promptly attended to.

Merit Talks

"Merit talks" the intrinsic value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses actual and unequalled curative power and therefore it has true merit. When you buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, and take it according to directions, to purify your blood, or cure any of the many blood diseases, you are morally certain to receive benefit. The power to cure is there. You are not trying an experiment. It will make your blood pure, rich and nourishing, and thus drive out the germs of disease, strengthen the nerves and build up the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best, in fact—the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills Do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists, 25c.

Auction Sale!

Grand clearance sale of stock, Crock and Farming Utensils, also Household Furniture at A. J. Girvan's, Kingston. Having disposed of his farm, all of the above will be sold without reserve and in lots to suit purchasers. Sale to commence each day at 9.30 a. m. sharp.

First day—WEDNESDAY, 2nd Dec., 1896 the sale of Horses, Cattle, Household Furniture and Farming Utensils will take place.

Second day—THURSDAY, 3rd Dec., 1896 the sale of Hay, Straw, Grain, Potatoes, Turnips, &c., &c.

HORSES.—1 brown Mare 9 yrs. old, weight 1200 lbs., 1 chestnut Horse 6 yrs. old, weight 1175 lbs., 1 general purpose Horse 4 yrs. old, weight 100 lbs., 1 black Mare 4 yrs. old, a nice driver.

CATTLE.—1 pure bred Holstein Bull 2 yrs. old, 1 pure bred Eolstein Cow 3 yrs. old, both imported from the La Planchette stock farm of E. & J. Page & Sons, Amherst, N. S., 2 pure bred short horn Cows, 1 grade Cow, 1 fat Cow, 4 fat Steers 3 yrs. old, 3 Steers 2 yrs. old, 3 fat Heifers 3 yrs. old, 6 spring calves, 5 Pigs, 60 Plymouth Rock, Black Minorca and other Hens.

FARMING UTENSILS.—1 Noxon steel frame Binder in perfect working order, 1 new model Buckeye Mower (new), 2 second-hand Mowers, 2 Iron Plows, 3 Canadian plows, 1 double mouldboard iron Plow, an indispensable implement for those growing corn, potatoes, or anything grown in drills, 1 large iron Grubber, 1 wood Grubber, 1 large Roller, 1 small Roller, 1 wood frame-spring-tooth Harrow, 1 iron frame spring-tooth Harrow, 1 zig-zag-iron Harrow, 1 large wood frame Harrow, 1 catch Harrow, 1 potatoe Harrow, 2 iron axle Cart, 2 horse carts, built by the celebrated maker Robertson, of Chatham, N. B., 1 wood axle Cart, 2 Truck Wagons, 1 2 seated Wagon, built by Price & Shaw, St. John, 1 top Phaeton, 1 2-seated Pony, 1 single Pony, 2 single Horse Sleds, 1 double Horse Sled with pole, 1 pair Bob Sleds (new) 1 Hand Sled, 2 sled poles, 3 wagon poles, 2 Farming Cutters, 1 Turnip Sower, 2 hay Pitchers, blocks and ropes, 1 Wheelbarrow, 1 three-wheeled wagon, 1 half bushel measure, 1 hay Press, 1 hay Rake, 4 horse Ladlers, 3 neck Yokes, 1 Farmer's Boiler, 1 doz. turnip Hoes, rubber Hoes, Picks, Shovels, Manure Forks, manure drag Forks, hay Forks, double and single Whiff-trees, guy Chains, and a lot of other Chain and old iron, a lot of window Sashes and Glass, Ice Grips and Derrick, snow Scraper, black-mith's Belows, Anvil, large Vee, Taps and Dies and other Blacksmith's Tools.

HARNESS.—3 Cart Saddles, 2 Sets Working Harness, 2 sets double Working Harness, 3 sets light Driving Harness, a lot of Horse Collars, Hames, Bridles and other pieces of Harness, 30 feet of four-ply Rubber Belting, 4 1/2 inches wide.

Household Furniture.—2 Franklin Stoves, 1 large square stove, 2 Bedsteads, 1 Bed, 1 Louge, 1 Parlor Set, 1 Mantel Mirror, 5 Chests, 2 Kitchen Tables, a lot of Framed Pictures, 2 4 leg Chairs, 2 Crooners, 1 large white iron Milk Tank, 25 Hardwood Park Barrels, 10 casks Hardwood (stave lengths).

Hay, Straw, Grain, Potatoes, &c., &c.—20 tons Fresh Hay, 60 tons loose Hay, 5 tons of Straw, 5 tons of Wheat and Heavy Straw, 500 lbs. Oats, 250 lbs. Wheat, 100 lbs. Barley, 600 lbs. Potatoes, 800 lbs. Turnips, 50 lbs. Carrots, 100 lbs. Mangels.

TERMS OF SALE.—Up to \$5.00, cash; from \$5.00 to \$20.00 6 mos.; from \$20.00 to \$40.00, 9 mos.; from \$40.00 to \$60.00, 12 mos.; from \$60.00 to \$80.00, 15 mos.; over that amount 18 mos. with approved joint notes.

JAMES L. HUTCHINSON, Auctioneer

FOR LADIES

Cape, Sacque and Coat Cloth.

GO TO J & W. Brait's,

THEY HAVE A FULL RANGE IN ALL THE DIFFERENT STYLES, MAKES, COLORS AND PRICES

WE LEAD!

Others Follow.

The subscriber has an immense assortment of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS

which he will dispose of at BOTTOM PRICES.


Buffalo Robes, Melton Cloths, Dress Goods, Cottons, Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Caps, a full assortment of Hardware, Teas, Sugar, Flour, Boots and Shoes, and everything usually found in a first-class general store.

J. A. IRVING, . . . BUCTOUCHE, N. B.

R-I-P-A-N-S

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.



NOWLIN & RICHARD, CARRIAGE & SLEIGH BUILDERS.

We have on hand a large number of sleighs ready for the market.

Terms easy. Repairing and painting done at short notice and satisfaction guaranteed.

BUCTOUCHE, N. B.

Geo. W. Wilson, CARRIAGE & SLEIGH MANUFACTURER.

Repairing and painting done a shortest notice, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Carriage fittings of all kinds for sale.

Undertaking promptly attended to.

KINGSTON, KENT CO.

ISAAC PITMAN'S SHORTHAND

And our System of Business Training have qualified our students to TAKE AND TO HOLD the leading positions in almost every office in St. John, and to win success abroad.

Is it any wonder that our last term was the most successful summer term we ever had?

Enter now, so as to be ready for a position next spring. Catalogues to any address.

ODD-FELLOWS' HALL, 8, KERR & SON.

TAILORING.

The subscriber has opened a tailoring establishment next door to A. D. Cormier's, Buctouche, where he will do custom tailoring at lowest rates and guarantee satisfaction.

Prices for making suits, \$3.50 to \$5.00. G. W. FARSH, Buctouche, N. B.

Sheriff's Sale

There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House, in Richibucto, in the County of Kent, on TUESDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF JANUARY next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, interest, property, Equity of Redemption, claim and demand, whatsoever, either at law or in equity, of Maurice P. Bourgeois, of, in, to, out of or upon the following land and premises, all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the Parish of St. Paul, in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, last half of lot No. 12 described and bounded as follows:—On the north by the road leading to Buctouche, east by land occupied by Mary Bourgeois, south by the Buctouche River, west by land owned by Galixte D. Cormier, containing fifty acres more or less, together with house, store, barn and outhouses and appurtenances to the same belonging, and all other lands and tenements belonging to said Maurice P. Bourgeois, situate, lying and being within my bailiwicks, the same having been levied and sized under and by virtue of several executions issued out of the County Court of Westmorland against the said Maurice P. Bourgeois.

AUGUSTE LEGER, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Richibucto, Oct. 14th, A. D. 1896.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

The under mentioned non-resident ratepayers of school district No. 2 in the Parish of St. Paul, in the County of Kent, N. B., are hereby notified that unless their names are set opposite their names together with cost \$1.00 each is paid to the undersigned, within two months from the date thereof, legal proceedings will be taken to recover the same.

John and Dominick Sarrac—1893, \$2.00; 1894, \$2.00; 1895, \$2.00. Total, \$6.00.

Anselme M. Lezer—1893, \$1.40; 1894, \$1.00; 1895, \$1.45. Total, \$3.85.

Dominique Belliveau—1893, \$2.20; 1894, \$1.13; 1895, \$1.45. Total, \$4.78.

SYLVAIN C. ALLAIB, Sec'y, August 20, 1896.

BOX SHOOKS.

To the Fish Shippers of Kent Co. Gentlemen:

If you require Fish Box Shooks this season, you can save money by corresponding with me. Write for prices.

Yours, etc., THOS. W. FLETT, Nelson, Miramichi, N. B.

Pain-Killer.

(FERRY DAVIS')

A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is

It is a simple, safe and quick cure for Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhoea, Croup, Toothache.

TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

Break Up a Cold in Time

BY USING

PYNY-PECTORAL

The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

Mrs. JOSEPH NORWICK, of 68 Sorbonne Ave., Toronto, writes: "Pny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of cough after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARROU, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes: "As a cure for coughs Pny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. Proprietors, MONTREAL