

QUEEN'S JUBILEE AT THE PROVINCIAL CAPITAL.

The fathers of Confederation showed their wisdom in many ways. Not only did they give us a constitution the best in the world to-day, and one which is not likely to be even equaled for years to come by any people, but they gave us a day on which to celebrate our birth and nation so well chosen that there are many chances of it being five to one that there will be bad weather. The celebration of our natal day has been this year one of peculiar significance, coming in connection with the Queen's Jubilee, and the celebration of both, being in this city combined. For some weeks past a good deal of thought was given to the matter by some of the most energetic of the citizens of Fredericton, and it was determined that the capital should make a good showing. It rained heavily on Wednesday and many were the prognostications of failure. However, Thursday morn dawned with the prospects of a cool, cloudy day, and a feeling of relief was experienced by the busy workers who, all the day before, had been busy decorating the city. They had so well succeeded that the town looked like the abode of some fairy queen whose court had determined to celebrate her birthday. A walk on Queen street at ten o'clock showed almost every store displaying festoons, banners, mottoes and bunting by the mile.

All the day and far into the night of Wednesday the teams came driving into the town. The steamers and trains were crowded and were kept going all night. In fact so great was the crowd that it was difficult to move on the streets, and many and loud were the complaints of hungry men who had to wait their turn in order to get a taste of the good things the daughters of Fredericton had prepared for them. Some delay was found in getting the procession of the day started. However, at last the head of the column was seen coming up the street from Parliament house where it had been formed. First came the marshals of the sister cities in company with the marshal of the capital, all on horseback; then came barouches in which were seated the mayor, the aldermen and M. P.'s and other distinguished men of the province, followed by a procession of about a mile and a half long. While the whole display taken together was very fine, yet there were some special features that were far in advance of what one could expect in a city of ten thousand people. The float, Lady of the Snows, with its group of beautiful young ladies representing the different provinces, was particularly admired. The different societies made a good display. The prentice boys from Marysville with their fire band and bright, merry looks, in the full bloom of youthful vigor, had a most pleasing effect. The Orangemen made a fine appearance also, but did not come up to the Hybernians or Sons of Ireland. These latter had a fine float with patriotic devices of loyalty to Ireland, the Empire and Canada. Perhaps after all, the greatest object of interest was the children who marched to the number of nearly one thousand in very good style.

When the procession reached the old Government house they were addressed by the prince of York Co. preachers—Dean Partridge—whose able sermons in the Cathedral draws a large audience from all denominations. Rev. Mr. Teasdale, who is a very fair elocutionist, also spoke at some length. Both speeches had a good wholesome Canadian ring to them. The Dean is one of the broadest minded Christian teachers in Canada, and takes a view of life and its duties in accord with the example and teaching of his Divine Master.

The only thing marring the display in the least was the few attempts at advertising. These were, however, not obtrusive and were lost in the general effect. The display of the great cotton mill could hardly be said to be of this nature, although four great floats representing the different processes of making cotton goods were in operation during the march, yet the evident intention was not advertising the industry, but the treating of it as a national development. In truth the town of Marysville took a high position all round.

The bicycle races were most interesting and showed the possibilities of this development of machinery in a striking manner. The spectacle of men racing at a speed far in excess of the best trotting horse, was an object lesson not easily forgotten. St. John captured the leading events, and feel consoling for the defeats the base-ball club of Fredericton, the renowned Tartars have put on them.

An ingenious plan of keeping order was adopted. As in most places, the police of Fredericton know pretty well who will get drunk and raise a disturbance. In this case these gentry were closely watched and on the first sign of exuberance they were promptly seized and locked up. They were all landed by about ten o'clock, so that for the rest of the day but little disorder prevailed. The next day they were let go, no charge being preferred against them. It must not, however, be supposed that there was but little drinking. In fact there was an abnormal amount. In short, liquor flowed abundantly. The writer notices that an attempt is being made to enact the Scott Act in Kent. All he will say is, that if the experience of York goes for anything,

the people of Kent have nothing to gain by prohibition. Not only is there very much more drinking in York in proportion to its people, but there is a viciousness, a brutality and utter void of all respect for human rights in the York rough that has no place among the people of our county. This is particularly noticeable in Stanley and some other parishes where the conditions are similar to those of Kent. The young men are being educated to regard the law as interfering with what they consider their natural rights, and they are learning to regard it as an enemy. The same feeling will in some degree account for the fearful crop of murder reaped in Maine and Kansas and other prohibition states.

The torchlight procession was indeed very fine and the bicycles were very beautifully ornamented. The mooring of the tugs and steamers all illuminated, and the burning of an immense bonfire on a raft in the river were none features in the programme. All in all the day was one that will not be soon forgotten.

C. C. C.
Fredericton, July 2, 1897.

Cocagne, N. B.

July 5th.—On Sunday the R. C. Church celebrated with magnificent ceremonies the establishment of the society of the Children of Mary in this parish. Over forty little girls were received into the society. Several priests were present from different parts of the province and the church was thronged with people. Large numbers having come from Buctouche, Granddigue, and Shediac.

Some important changes are being made in the post office system of this parish. A new post office at Babineau's Mills on the south side of Cocagne river, will replace those at A. Goguen's and Ed. B. LeBlanc's. Other changes in post offices are imminent. The contract for driving the daily mail between Shediac and Buctouche has lately been awarded to Mr. Nevins, a Shediac gentleman, who thus succeeds Mr. James Weldon, the contractor for about eighteen years. Mr. Nevins has engaged to drive the mail "Denny" the trustworthy and obliging driver of many years. It is currently reported that this mail will shortly be driven by way of Granddigue.

During a violent thunder storm a few days ago, lightning struck the body of the Granddigue R. C. Church, but, excepting a few torn off shingles and some broken plaster, little damage was done.

Mr. Albert Dysart, proprietor of Dysart's Hotel, is making some extensive improvements to his commodious and finely situated hotel. The exterior of the hotel has received a fresh coat of paint from the brush of A. Goguen. The hostelry department has also been subjected to some improving changes, and the whole, stables, fences and outbuildings, are being neatly whitewashed. The hotel now presents a fine appearance, and can be safely recommended to the travelling public as one of the best to be found on the North shore.

The residence of Mr. Chas. Wood has likewise received, with fine effect, an additional grace from the painter's brush.

Mrs. Mary Bourgeois left on Friday to spend a few weeks with relatives at Seacow Head, P. E. I.

Miss Josie Sutton, of Buctouche, who has been spending a few days with friends in Notre Dame, returned home on Sunday in company with her sister, Miss Lizzie and Mr. Robert Foley.

Miss Amie Chapman, of Moncton, is visiting her parents at Notre Dame.

Many of our school teachers have returned from their schools to spend the vacation at home.

DIXIE.

Coatesville Items.

Like all other places, times are dull, money is scarce, and mud is plenty owing to the wet weather. The farmers are somewhat discouraged and the potato bug is more so.

River Side Div. No. 417 is in a flourishing condition. Officers elect for the ensuing quarter are: James Geddes, W. P.; Miss Bessie Coates, W. A.; Miss Maggie Coates, R. S.; E. Gesner, A. R. S.; A. F. Coates, Chaplin; J. T. Coates, F. S.; Spurgeon Stiles, Treasurer; E. Graves, C.; Alma Coates, A. C.; H. Coates, I. S.; W. Gallagher, O. S.; Levi West, P. W. P.

Coates Bros. are still doing an extensive business in milling, the wet season being favorable.

Our school under the able management of Miss Hattie Ramsay held their examination Tuesday, June 29, which was highly appreciated by trustees and visitors.

Miss Ramsay is going to P. E. Island to spend her vacation. We wish her a pleasant time.

Miss Edith Coates has left us and is at present residing in Moncton.

Quite a number of young people of this place, drove to Buctouche to attend the Bazaar on July 2nd.

The country is considered safe by most of people around here as all our able bodied young men are at Camp Sussex preparing to defend our Country against all comers.

GRIT.

July 5, 1897.

PHOTOGRAPHING A SHOT.

Wonderful Experiments in Determining the Time of a Flash of Electricity.

Recent achievements in the moving photography that has produced the cinematograph, biograph, cinematograph and other representations of motion are not more wonderful than the lately perfected photography of the flying bullet. Professor C. Vernon Boys, F. R. S., has worked on this seemingly unsolvable problem with great success, as have also two Italian artillery officers.

In the course of a lecture on the subject, Mr. Boys demonstrated that the ordinary notion that an electric spark is instantaneous was quite erroneous and stated that the light of the two ends of the ordinary electric spark lasted a little less than the one-hundred thousandth part of a second. It was, of course, instantaneous to our senses, but to test which could measure accurately to the one-hundred millionth part of a second the electric spark was anything but instantaneous. This spark was no good for taking the photograph of a flying bullet, as the lecturer showed by exhibiting one of his attempts, which made quite a blurred picture.

Mr. Boys then proceeded to explain the steps which he took in order to reduce the length of time of the electric spark. To this end it was essential that the terminals should be made of copper, platinum or some metal which did not produce readily an ignitable vapor, and the electric current must not be driven through wires at all. He used a very thick, broad band of copper, not more than two inches long, which reached around the edge of the plate, so that the electric current had not more than three or four inches to go altogether. He explained by diagrams how he had effected his object and shortened the time of the spark to about one-thirteenth millionth of a second, or about 100 times quicker than the ordinary flash.

To give the audience some idea of the infinitesimal fraction of time, he said the time occupied by the spark as reduced by his apparatus was proportionately as much less than a second as a second was less than five months, and during that time a bullet fired from a magazine rifle could not travel more than one five hundredth part of an inch. By this simple contrivance he was able to get a brighter and shorter spark and all that was necessary to make a good and sharp picture.—New York World.

OVEREDUCATED.

Cultivated Greeks Compelled to Work at Uncongenial Tasks.

It is one of the curious apparent contradictions of the country and the people that whereas a large percentage of the population can neither read nor write, the bane of the nation is over education, says the London Journal in an article upon the Greeks. The university and high schools act as magnets, attracting all the clever or ambitious youth of the country, large numbers of whom are duly stamped every year with the academic seal and turned adrift with larger demands on society than their fathers ever had and less means of satisfying them. Hence a considerable number of young men throughout the country who can speak several languages and have acquired large stores of general or technical knowledge are forced to earn their bread by means of uncongenial work. These individuals are dissatisfied with the established order of things, which makes no special provision for them, and they gladly lend their aid to social reformers or political agitators of all parties and professions.

Not that there are any political parties in Greece in the sense in which these exist in most constitutional countries. Men, not measures, is the universal cry; individual interest is the line of cleavage. The crowd follows one of the two men whose heads are above those of their fellows. The successful leader then provides places for the few who are chosen as well as called, and high sounding rhetoric for the many. People change sides from time to time according to the outlook, and nobody accuses them of being renegades. In no case is there any principle at stake. The members of the little parliament at Athens receive but a couple of thousand drachmas a year (roughly speaking, £50) from the state, but in some cases this constitutes the sole support of the legislator's family.

A Cough Remedy.

A troublesome throat irritation or cough, the result of a cold, is most annoying, but a home remedy will relieve and oftentimes cure it without the aid of other medicines. The following formula was given by a physician many years ago and has been found to be of great value: Take a quarter of a pound of the best gum arabic and pour over it half a pint of hot water. Cover and leave it until the gum is dissolved. Then add a quarter of a pound of pure white sugar and a generous half gill of strained lemon juice. Place these ingredients over the fire and let them simmer about ten minutes. Then pour the mixture into a bottle and cork. When taking this sirup, a little water may be added.

Patriotism and Ignorance.

Tommy—Isn't it funny, ma, how ignorant it makes a man when he gets to be a patriot?

Ma—Why, Tommy, what gave you that idea?

Tommy—Why, ma, didn't the lecturer say last night that the man who is a patriot should know no north nor south nor east nor west?—Richmond Dispatch.

An Improvement.

Art Dealer.—The perspective is very fine. You'll observe how it removes objects in the background to a wonderful distance.

Connoisseur.—If it could only remove the objects in the foreground to a wonderful distance, don't you think the picture would come nearer to perfection?—Boston Transcript.

Alizerine Blue---

THE NEW COLOR FOR GENT'S LIGHT SUITS AND LADIES DRESSES.

AMERICAN DYE WORKS CO.'Y. OFFICE, SOUTH SIDE KING SQUARE.

WORKS, ELM STREET, NORTH END.

SAINT JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.

Orders from a distance by Express or otherwise promptly attended to.

An Advertisement

This is an advertisement which tells the truth about Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

PEOPLE WHO SUFFER

from sleeplessness, dizziness, shortness of breath, smothering feeling, palpitation of the heart, pains through the breast and heart, anxious, morbid condition of the mind, groundless fears of coming danger, anemia or impoverished blood, after effects of a grippé, general debility, etc., should

TRY THESE PILLS

as they cure these complaints. Every box is guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded through the party from whom the pills were purchased, and we authorize them to do so on the strength of the above statement. This offer is limited to the first box used by any one person. T. MILBURN & Co., Toronto.

MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER



ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND GENERAL DEALERS.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS Any **POISON** in the blood is sure to do havoc somewhere. The only Preventive is sound kidneys, the only Cure, kidney medicine, the only Medicine is Dodd's Kidney Pills.

LAND IN ST. LOUIS FOR SALE.

A meadow lot of 20 acres more or less on the west bank of the northern lagoon of Kouchibouguac River, also one-sixth part of a Marsh on the north side of Kouchibouguac river. The said lot and portion of lot being lately owned by Sylvestre Maillet, also, the lot in Saint Louis conveyed to Sylvestre Maillet by Lawrence Maillet and wife, containing 50 acres more or less. Apply to

J. D. PHINNEY.

WANTED—Young women and men, or older ones if still young in spirit, of undoubted character, good talkers, ambitious and industrious, can find employment in a good cause, with \$80 per month and upwards, according to ability. Rev. T. S. LINSCOTT, Toronto, Ont.

R-I-P-A-N-S

The modern standard Family Medicine: **Cures** the common every-day ills of humanity.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

TRADE MARK

FOR **BOOTS, SHOES, SLIPPERS, HATS** and **CAPS**

call at **J. & W. BRAIT'S**, and you will find a full stock to select from in all the latest and best shapes, makes, styles and colors.

WE LEAD! Others Follow.

The subscriber has an immense assortment of **STAPLE and FANCY GOODS** which he will dispose of at **BOTTOM PRICES.**

Buffalo Robes, Melton Cloths, Dress Goods, Cottons, Gent's Furnishings, Hats, Caps, a full assortment of Hardware, Teas, Sugar, Flour, Boots and Shoes, and everything usually found in first-class general store.

J. D. IRVING, . . . BUCTOUCHE, N. B.

NO! NO! NO!

No other than a **"UNIT" ENGINE and BOILER** for my Butter and Cheese Factory. In future I will buy all my supplies from the old, reliable firm:—

CARRIER, LAINE & CO.

263 St. Joseph St. QUEBEC.

LEVIS, P. Q.

Mention this Paper.

145 St. James St. MONTREAL.

J. F. BLACK & SON
—(RICHIBUCTO, KENT CO.)—
MANUFACTURERS OF CARRIAGES, TRUCK WAGONS, ETC.

We have a large number of Carriages, Express and Truck Wagons, etc., in course of construction, which we can sell as cheap as any in the trade. Intending purchasers should call and inspect our goods before purchasing elsewhere. Terms easy. Repairing in all its branches. A full line of Coffins and Caskets always on hand.

SEEDS

We Have Received a **Carload of Seeds**

Consisting of Red, Late Red, Alsike, White, Lucerne and Trefoil Clover, Timothy and Red Top Grass. Barley, Pease, Tares, Oats, Beans, Onion Sets and a full supply of Garden Seeds, which will be sold low for cash;

Members of the Kingston Agricultural Society allowed a Discount as usual.

J. & T. Jardine.

SEEDS

GOOD WORDS from **OLD STUDENTS**

No. 12. The young man who is fortunate enough to spend six months at the St. John Business College can be in a position, at the end of that time, to be a most desirable person for any business firm to take into its employ.

HERBERT C. TILLY, Accountant Imperial Trust Co. of Canada.

Catalogues of the Best Business Course obtainable in Canada, also of the Isaac Pitman Shorthand, mailed to any address.

No Summer Vacations. Students can enter at any time.

S. KERR & SON, Odd Fellows' Hall

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

Have just received a splendid assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry and Plated ware which I am prepared to sell at Rock Bottom Prices.

Watch repairing and all work in the Jewelry line attended to as usual.

JAMES McDUGALL, Richibucto, Dec. 1, 1869.

TAILORING.

The subscriber has opened a tailoring establishment next door to A. D. Cormier's, Buctouche, where he will do custom tailoring at lowest rates and guarantee satisfaction.

Prices for making suits, \$25.50 to \$50.00.

G. W. FARRIH.

Buctouche, N. B.