The Review.

Best Advertising Medium in Northern New Brunswick.

Subscription \$1.00 per annum; if not paid within three months, \$1.50 Adverusing Rates: \$1.00 per inch 1st insertion

meents perine each continuation. Yearly rates made k : sa on application.

Professional Cards \$5.00 per year. Yearly advertising payable quarterly.

Transient advertising payable in advance. Netices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Verses accompanying death notices will be charged for at regular rates.

Correspondence on any subject of general inter-Items of news from any place will be thankful-

received. We do not hold ourselves responsible for opin-

ions expressed by air correspondents. All communications must be accompanied by the writer's name in confidence to ensure inser-

LEGAL NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

I. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office-whether directed to his address or another, or whether he has subscribed or mot-is responsible for the pay.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay al arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and sollect the whole amount, whether it is taken from theoffice or not.

RICHIBUCTO, N. B., JUNE 24, 1897 CANADA AND THE VICTORIAN

ERA.

Of all the remarkable national features That have characterized the sixty years which have elapsed since the accession of Queen Victoria to the throne of Great Britain, none possesses a greater interest or deeper importance to Canadians than the growth and rapid development of this fair Dominion. From scattered elements of comparatively little national signifi cance Canada has in a brief period become

When Victoria began her reign, British possessions on this Contenent conmeted of disunited provinces and territories sparsely inhabited, having little or no in-Berest in common, and regarded with comparative indifference by the rulers and statesmen of the Empire.

Now, we have a grand federation stretching from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean, covering three million five hundred thousand square miles,-larger than the United States without Alaska and nearly as large as the whole continent of Europe -a population of over five millions, with united and national interests and aspira-Kons, and an importance, which in this year of the Diamond Jubilee compels and justifies the recognition of Canada as the smost important section of the Empire outside the island limits of the Mother hand herself. The progress along all the lines that make for the welfare of the people morally, socially and politically has been most satisfactory. Sixty years means of travel and interporvincial many, the most interesting feature of the mommunication were of the most primitive celebration. Everything passed off in the character; now we possess one of the most magnificent railway systems in the world, stretching from Cape Breton to selves. Vancouver, connecting the oceans that wwe our eastern and western shores and forming a part of the great national route From Great Britain to the remotest possemions of the Empire in the East. The total railway mileage of the Dominion is Dow in the vicinity of 17000 miles.

Our splendid canal system in the west, with our magnificent lakes and rivers, proriding means for internal navigation afford Sacili is for the vast enlargement of our grave, N. S., barrels, A. & R. Loggie. brease and commerce, the growth of which Mready within the last sixty years, he Leen marvelous.

Our agricultural, mining, lumbering and Ashing interests attract the attention of The civilized world, while our splendid soucational systems, our schools and solleges, our churches and philanthropic institutions and other enterprises that make for the betterment of the people, are well calculated to enlarge the aspirations of our own sons and daughters, and attract the very best class of immigration from the overcrowded portions of the British Island and the less prosperous countries of the European continent. With the large stand best wheat producing area on this continent, and a vigorous health-giving climate, and resources in the East and West as yet only partially developed, Canada offers The best opportunities for civilized settlement in the world.

While there may be, and doubt-Kess are, local causes of complaint, Canadians generally have good meason to be contented with their lot and

proud of this grand Dominion. The lines are fallen unto us in pleanant places; yea we have a goodly heri-

THE QUEEN.

There is a pleasure in speaking and in writing on this subject that begets a danger-the danger of saving too much. The editor, who in these days of gushing sentimentality succeeds in writing a short, pithy and appropriate article will be a marvel. A vast number of the gushing articles written on this occasion so unique in history has been of a character quite injurious to the good name of the Gracious Lady whom we all so much respect and love. She has been represented by Mr. Stead and others as abso-I ately ruling the British Empire. A calm review of the history of the reign will disabuse the mind of such an impresson. The Queen has notruled the Empire

The Government has done many things to which she was strongly opposed. The highest possible honor, however, must be in these very cases be given her. She has never come in conflict with her ministers since her marriage to the great and good man to whom the success of the first twenty-five years of her reign was largely

The Queen has been a model, constitutional sovereign. The will of the British people has never been thwarted by her. This is the best and highest praise possible to a British ruler.

The fame of Queen Victoria, however, does not depend on politics. It stands on a much more secure and enduring base. It will be remembered long after all interest in the questions which absorbed attention in her reign has ceased, that this woman at the highest pinuacle of human grandeur was a loving respectful daughter, one who honored her father and mother, that she was a loving, true wife, one who fulfilled to the letter with an honest, loving heart, her marriage vows, one who loved, honored and obeyed her husband, that she was a model mother and gave her children habits of ndustry and attention to all the duties devolving on them, while she retained the love of the wives and husbands of her children, a task in which many good women have failed.

In all respects as woman, wife, mother, sovereign, she has won the affections and loyal regard of British subjects throughout her world-wide empire, who, on this her Diamond Jubilee, join if possible, more earnestly than ever, in the fervent

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

As we go to press the news reaches us that the Jubilee celebration in the great almost a nation in herself, with all the Capital of the Empire with its teeming possibilities and potency of national life millions has been a great success. The weather was in every respect favorable to the great and imposing display. The decorations were universal, not only in the wealthy and more aristocra ic quarter but in the streets and byways occupied by the poor and distressed whose love and affection go out to their good Queen.

Her Majesty took her appointed place in the procession and after the ceremony at St. Pauls which passed off most satisfactorly, returned to Buckingham palace. Everywhere her appearance aroused the utmost enthusiasm.

The Jubilee celebration in St. John excalled anything in the way of a public display ever attempted in that city, and reflected the highest credit on all concerned. The leading wholesale and retail establishments were handsomely decorated. King Street was especially resplendent in gay colours. The polymorphian, scciety and firemen's processions were much almired, while the military display was to very best manner, and the immense concourse of people throughly enjoyed them-

SHIPPING NEWS Port of Richibucto

ENTERED

June 16-Sch. P. & E. Small, Peters, Charlottetown, bal.

June 18-Sch. Avon, Leet, Port Mul-June 19-Sch. Maggie Roach, Irving, Charlottetown, bal.; Sch. Matilda,

Haines, Baddeck, C. B., bal. June 21-Sch. Favourite, Weston, Charlottetown, bal.; Sch. Raeburn, McLean, PerthilAmboy, anthracite coal, J. & W.

CLEARED.

June 16-Barquentine Gambetta, 279, Hellum, Preston, Eng., deals, J. & T. Jardine : Sch. Champion, Orr, Summerside, lumber, J. & T. Jardine; Sch. Eddy, Malley, Baddeck, C. B., lumber.

June 17-Sch. Favourite, Weston, Charlottetown, lumber, E. Walker; Sch. Catherine, Gerrier, Arichat, C. B., lumber. June 18-Sch. Lochiel, Wright, Sum-

meeside, lumber, J. & T. Jardine. June 18-Sch. P & E Small, Peters, you have?" Sydney C. B. lumber, J. & T. Jardine; "A lalla-pa-loosa," answered big Sch. Avon, Leet, Port Mulgrave N. S, June 19-Sch. Maggie Roach, Irving,

Charlottetown, lumber, D. McAlmon. June 21-Sch. Tartar, Irving, Glass Bay, C. B. lumber, Keady Lanigan; Sch. Two Brothers, Byers, Halifax, alewives.

A PERFECT TEA

FROM THE TEA PLANT TO THE TEA CUP

IN ITS NATIVE PURITY.

"Monsoon" Tea is put up by the Indian Tea growers as a sample of the best qualities of Indian Teas. Therefore they use the greatest care in the selection of the Tea and its blend, that is why they put it up themselves and sell it only in the original puckages thereby securing its purity and excellence in 1/2 lb., r lb. and 5 lb. packages, and never add in bulk.

ALL GOOD GROCERS KEEP IT. it your grocer does not keep it, tell him to write to STEEL, HAYTER & CO. 11 and 13 Front Street East, Toronto.

LOOKED LIKE A SKIN.

HOW MORRISSEY AND SCOVEL BEAT A PAT STRAIGHT AND THREE ACES.

Raises at the Proper Time and of Correct Amounts Did the Trick-Morrissey Got \$1,000 Out of the Pot, Scovel Got the Rest and the Others Got Left.

The passing of the Crystal saloon. Gone, but not forgotten. Erected in 1798. Razed only a few days ago. The Crystal saloon, which adjoined the Frear House, was for over 40 years the principal and about the only rendezvous for sporting men in this city. It was the resort of such well known men as John Morrissey, John Daly, Colonel Jim Scorel and others. Stories have been told of plays of faro when the limit was the sky, and where the checks were piled

on a card as high as the ceiling. Many good stories are told of big games played in the Crystal. One of the best is of the great poker game in which the late John Morrissey and Colonel Jim Scovel were the two important players. It was nearly 30 years ago. It was a bleak December night. This was before Scovel was sent to the United States senate by the Jerseyites, and when Morrissey was at the height of his prominence. It was a six handed game of draw. The game had been lagging on for three hours without any excitement. Morrissey was about \$3,000 winner. Scovel was a loser of about half that much. The play which made this story came up about 2 o'clock in the morning. John was the dealer, Scovel sat to his left and was the first man to speak. It was a \$20 "jack."

"Pass," said the big colonel, never looking at his hand.

The next man did the same as Scovel, but the player who followed him opened it for \$120, the size of the pot. The next man stayed, the next passed, and when it came to Morrissey he tilted it \$360. It was now Scovel's turn. There was \$820 now in the center. Scovel was a poker player of the old school. He would lay down fours as quickly as the amateur would draw four cards to an ace when it cost \$100, and he would play a three card flush if the pot was worth winning at all. Scovel looked at his hand when Morrissey had finished putting in the checks. He stared at John for a few moments, all the time fumbling his checks, and then in a cool way went down in his inside pocket and pulled out a large wallet.

"I'll raise you \$810." Jim said. The man who had opened the pot saw both raises, for he sat with a nice pat straight in his hand, and the next fellow put in \$1,170. Morrissey was nonplused when it came to him. It was at least 15 minutes before he put in the \$810.

"I'm in so much I might as well stay," he remarked, as he picked up the deck. "How many, Jim?"

"Three," answered Scovel, "and see that they are good ones." "Oh, I've got you beat," chirped John, as be dealt out the required num-

"I'll play these," was the answer of the man who held the pat straight. "That's a good thing," said Morrissey, looking in a surprised way at the

"Give me two," was the order of the next man, and he got them. "Well, I only want one, and I don't need it at that," remarked Morrissey,

as he took the top card. The man who had opened was one of those fellows who are always afraid of a one card draw, and he merely chipped 25 cents. The next man was there with three aces cold, and he threw a \$50 greenback in the center. It was now Morrissey's turn. He had "skinned" his hand off two or three times.

"Five hundred better," said he, without moving a muscle.

ing back in his chair watching his opponents. The "gallery," which is the name used for the spectators who congregate around the table, was more excited than the players. The center of the table was piled with bills. "It seems like a shame," exclaimed

Scovel, "but I'm going to raise you \$2,-500, John," and suiting the action to the word he counted off that amount in bills and threw it in the middle.

The man with the pat straight passed without hesitating, and the next with three aces concluded that his hand wasn't worth \$3,000 more, so he, too, dropped out.

"How about splitting the pot, Jim?" asked Morrissey. "Never," replied Scovel, "but I'll

let you take your last raise out." "Make it \$1,000," said Morrissey, "and I'll go you."

"All right," said Scovel. "What'd

John, and threw his hand to Scovel. There was a jack of hearts and a deuce, tray, four and five of diamonds.

Soovel turned his hand over and showed the jack of diamonds, queen of hearts, jack and seven of clubs, and ace of spades; he had a solitary pair of jacks. Talk about consternation. The man who had passed on three aces made the air blue, and the pat straight fellow fell unconscious. Scovel treated the house and took a cab to Albany. "If I had only thought you was bluffing," said Morrissey, "I'd have sent you to Philadelphia on a freight train."

There was \$8,071 in the pot, which Scovel won with a pair of jacks. -Troy Observer.

The great wall of China is 1,500 miles long and traverses high mountains, deep valleys and, by means of arches, wide rivers. The foundations and corners are of granite, but the principal part is of blue bricks. The last official account of the population of China gives a total of upward of 400,000,000.

The waste land of the United Kingdom, including mountains, heath and common, is estimated at 40 per cent.

TEA and FANCY SALE

the ladies of St. Andrews Presbyterian Church, Kingston, intend holding a sale of Useful and Fancy articles, and Tea on Thursday the 1st day of July next.

The sale will begin at three o'clock. Tea will be served from five to seven

A refreshment table well supplied with seasonable dainties will also be provided.

Crow's Nest Extension.

OTTAWA, June 17 .- The question of who shall build the line between the western terminus of the C. P. R.'s Crow's Nest Pass Line and the Pacific Ocean or Okanagon Lake, is still lively.

All last evening Messrs. Heinze and Warfield, with other representatives of the Columbia and Western Railway were in conference with the representatives of the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Ry. C,'y, and it was understood that an arrangement had been arrived at. It was stated that the representatives of the latter company a-ked \$65,000, and an undertaking that the line should be built to Vancouver; to allow the Heinze syndicate to have the charter and bonus if any. Whatever the terms, a meeting of the Office and Warecooms. Railway Committee was specially called for this morning to consider the Columbia and Western Railway bill, It is stated that some of the parties to the agreement repented between night and morn ing. But though Messrs Heinze and Warf.elk were present after twenty minutes' wait there was no quorum, and the few members present left. It is stated on high authority that, so far, Council has not even considered the ponus question.

VICTORIA THE GREAT.

BY ALFRED AUSTIN, POET LAUREATE-

The dew was on the summer lawn, The roses bloomed, the woods were

When forth there came, as fresh as dawn, A maiden with majestic mien.

They girt a crown about her brow. They placed a sceptre in her hand. and loud rang out a nation's vow, 'God guard the lady of the land!' And now the cuckoo calls once more,

And once again June roses blow, And round her throne her people pour, Recalling sixty years ago. And all the goodly days between,

Glory and sorrow, love and pain; The wifely mother, widowed Queen, The loftiest as the longest reign. She shared her subjects' bane and bliss,

Welcomed the wise, the base withstood, And taught by her clear life it is The greatest greatness to be good.

Yet while for peace she wrought and prayed, She bore the trident, wore the helm, And, mistress of the main; she made

An empire of her island realm. So gathering now, from near, from far, From rule whereon ne'er sets the day From Southern Cross and Northern Star. Her people lift their hearts and pray,-

Longer and longer may she reign, And through a summer night serene, Whence day doth never wholly wane, God spare and bless our Empress Queen.

CHURCH SERVICES.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. - Services will be held on Sabbath first as follows viz :-Kingston, at 11 a. m., Richibucto, 7 p. m. June 27th, 2nd Sunday after Trinity. Divine service, Buctouche, 10.30, (special During the play Scovel had been lean- Jubilee service) Kingston, 3.15, Richibucto, 7; also service on Friday evening | Starting at a stake in the corner of the in Richibucto, 7 30 p. m. H. A. Meek,

> METHODIST SERVICES - Rev. W. Lawson, Paster, preaching next sabbath, 11 a. m., at Richibucto, 3 p. m., Molus River, p. m. Kingston, 7 p. m. Friday, Mill Creek, Sabbath School at Richibucto, 3 p. m. Kingston, 2 p. m.

\$19.500 GIVEN IN BICYCLES AND WATCHESFOR

During the Year 1897. For full particulars see advertisements, or apply to LEVER BROS., LTD., 23 SCOTT ST., TORONTO

It was originated in 1810 by the late Dr. A. Johnson, an old fashioned, Physician, to cure all ailments that are the result of irritation and inflammation, such as asthma, abscesses, bites, burns, bruises, brouchitis, coids, coughs, croup, catarrh, chapa, chilblains, colic, cramps, cholera-morbus, diphtheria and a'l forms of sore throat, earachefractures, gout, headache, influenza, la grippe, lame back, lame side, lame neck, mumpi muscular soreness, nervous headache, neuralgia, pimples, pains in chest, stomach or kidneys, ringworm, rheumatism, scalds, stings, strains, sprains, stiff joints, sore lips, sore lungs, toothache, tonsilitis, wind colic and whooping cough. The great vital and muscle nervine.

For INTERNAL as much as EXTERNAL Use Its special province is the treatment of inflammation. Its electric energy everlastingly eradicates inflammation without irritation. It is important everyone should understand the nature and treatment of inflammation. Send us at once your name and address and we will send you free, our new illustrated book, "Treatment for Diseases." This book is a very complete treatise in plain language, which every person should have for ready reference

The Doctor's Signature and directions are on every bottle. If you can't get it send to us. Price 35 cents; six \$2.00. Sold by Druggists. Pamphlet free L. S. JOHNSON & Co., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass., Sole Proprietors

JAS. P. CAIE. T. H. WILSON.

ST. JOHN

We are receiving large consignments of

APPLES AND APPLES CIDER

BUTTER, EGGS, FOWL, FINNEN HADDIES, TEAS, MOL-ASSES, PORK, HERRING, CODFISH, POLLOCK SOAP, ON-FECTIONERY, &c. Having large warehouse accommodation we are prepared to handle any line or goods forwarded to ust are saleable, but must insist upon shippers enquiring of us before forwarding perishable goods. In ordering apples say if No. 1 or No. 2 quality required, also state variety required.

150 bbls. Good Winter Fruit on hand.

Having made arrangements with the Direct Importers, Manutacturers, and Wholesale Dealers, we are in a position to sell to the city local trade or ship ANYLINES OF GOODS ordered to country dealers at lowest wholesale prices

CAIE & WILSON. St. John, N. B.

All the Leading Brands always on hand.

O'Regan John

(ESTABLISHED 1879.)

DIRECT IMPORTER

Wine and Spirit Merchant, Wilholesale

LLOYD'S BLOCK 1 & 3 UNION STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Sheriff's Sale.

27 Water Street,

There will be sold in front of the "Carleton House" Kouchibouguac, in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, on the twenty-seventh day of September next, at the hour of one o'clock in

All the right, title, use, possession, property, claim and demand whatsoever, either at law or in equity, of George K. McLeod, of, in, out of or upon the fol-ST. MARY'S, (ANGLICAN) .- Sunday, lowing described lands and premises, situated in the Parish of Carleton in the said County of Kent lying and being on the west side of the great road leading to Chatham, and bounded as follows:road leading to the mill and following said road westerly 80 feet to a stake, thence northerly 80 feet to another stake, thence easterly running parallel with said road 80 feet to another stake at the said Great Road, thence southerly following the Great Road 80 feet to the place of beginning. Containing one seventh part of They have soles almost as thin as paper acre more or less. Together with buildings thereon. The same having been seized and taked under and by virtue of a warrant issued by the Secretary of the municipality of Kent County, the Trustees of the School Districts No 1 Parish of Carleton, against the said George

K. McLeod for non-resident District School Taxes. Dated the 23rd day of June A. D. 1897

AUGUSTE LEGER. Sheriff of Kent County

Artincial Petroleum Among the achievements of science is the production of petroleum from linseed oil by distillation under pressure. Two theories have been held as to the origin of petroleum. One is that it is of vegetable, the other of animal origin. It is not unlikely that it may be a combination of both. Animal and vegetable oils filter through the ground and might by changes in the chemical laboratory of nature produce this substance. At all events, the fact is significant and interesting, especially as several petroleum hydrocarbons have resulted from the experiments as noted. - New York Ledger.

Bunkoed.

The elephant trumpeted loudly. "What's the trouble?" asked the chimpanzee.

"Somebody's worked the shell game on me," replied the pachyderm as he threw away the bag of empty peanut shells which had just been handed to him. - Philadelphia North American.

The Real Estate Man's Pet Story. Opdike (discussing their new flat)-The real estate agent said that my wife and I could have the flat for \$25 a month, but that he would charge any

one else \$30. Fathergill-That was the offer he made me and my wife when we thought of taking it. - Brooklyn Eagle.

HIGH HEELS IN EGYPT.

Slippers Seem to Be In High Favor With Cairo Women.

It is hard to find a neat, well fitting shoe in Cairo, because the woman of the fellah class goes barefooted and the woman of the harem wears slippers. Egypt has no middle class of a size to count for anything. The shoe, when one discovers it, is too broad for the foot of a European. It is round toed and without an instep, for the use of a splay footed generation. It has either no heel or else one that puts the "common sense" models to shame. It is a clumsy adaptation of its European prototype, useful, probably, but certainly not ornamental. The slipper is a different thing. In its lowest state it is bright colored. It is a thing of the soil and seems a part of the foot that has shuffled along in it for centuries. The cheaper slippers worn by the women of Cairo are a vivid red or yellow. They are very loose, but are too flexible to be altogether av._ward.

and no heels. To walk in them is an art

that can't be learned in one generation,

but needs to be developed through he-

redity, for they are always trodden

down at the back, and it takes toes as

clever as fingers to hold them in posi-But Egyptian women can jump as nimbly as others from extreme to extreme, and every mother's daughter of them who can afford it wears stiltlike Louis Quinze heels. The women of the wealthier classes are odd sights in their batlike, black cloaks and white yakmaks, tilting through the streets with a liberal display of pink silk stockings and blue satin slippers that look fitter for a ballroom. Feet are all that a veiled woman can display, and she makes the most of them. In the narrow streets that lead from the muski one may see in a ten minutes' walk any morning stockings and slippers of all the hues of the rainbow. The sapeless silk cleaks that are universal for outdoor wear are cut conveniently short to display black slippers embroidered with gold, white slippers beaded with blue yellow satin slippers with white lacrosettes and dozens of red silk slipper. with black beading. In Matarieh, Helouan and other suburban villages, where many of the pashas keep their harems, so that their wives may not buy

out the jewelers' bazaars of Cairo, the display of footgear is even more striking. The women who have the largest fortunes invested in stockings and slippers are not apparently young and are oftener than not of unwieldy figures. The feet of Egyptian women are not small, and these gay slippers are apt to be in big sizes. They are frequently soiled and spotted, for the streets of Cairo are dirty, but they add to the picturesqueness of outdoor life and to one's appreciation of the ingenuity of women .-

New York Tribune.