# The Review.

B. B. PATERSON. JOHN FRASER, Editor.

Best Advertising Medium in Northern New Brunswick.

Subscription \$1.00 per annum; if not paid with-In three months, \$1.50

Adversing Rates: \$1.00 per inch ist insertion 50 cents period each continuation. Yearly rates made k : an on application.

Professional Cards \$5.00 per year.

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RICHIBUCTO, N. B., APRIL 15, 1897.

### A NEW INDUSTRY

To many and indeed to most of us the

idea of making a sheet of news paper out of a spruce log seems quite a wonderful be walking around with a spruce tree on their backs, they would have thought him a fit inmate for a lunitac asylum, and would have classed the statement as belonging to "the stuff that dreams are made of," a hope of some optimist or of an Elysian dreamer after the impossible. Nevertheless, looked at in the light of present events, the statement would have been wirtually true." Coming events cast their shadows before," it has been said, and the manufacture of silk out of wood pulp is one of those events which are continually revolutionizing industry, whose happening was foreshadowed from the time Count Hilaire de Chardonnet, of France conceived the idea that a spruce tree and chemicals, might perhaps be utilized as a substitute for silk worms and mulberry trees; that the wood fibre taken into the salk worms in the shape of the mulberry leaves might be resembled by chemical action on wood pulp, as the digestion process seemed to be the convertion of the cellulose of wood pulp into collodion Mr. Chardonnet spent years in experimenting, hence the manufacture of wood silk has become a reality. The process is a patented one and only a small part of the secret is disclose in the letters patent. The first manufacture was started at Besançon, France, on a small scale in 1892, and the product was but 800 pounds per week. The company now has a capital of 5,000,000 franks and a capacity of 5,000 pounds per week. Some time ago a large number of English capalists purchased all the rights held by Chardonnet, under his patent, for England, United States, Mexico, China, Japan, Cananda, ect. The Company is known as the Artificial Silk Spinning Company, Ltd. with capital of \$1,000,000. The American industry to materialize on the 14 of April will be known as the New American Silk Spinning Co., with a acapital to start of \$650,000, and a mill will be erected at some place in New York or Maine, not yet decided upon but it will employ 300 men and the weekly pay roll run up to \$10,000. The Paper Trade Journal gives the following which speaks for itself :-

A representative of The Journal saw these gentlemen at the Hotel Waldorf, where they have been located, and where were exhibited specimens of the artificial silk, and also the varn, made from wood pulp and from which the silk is manufactured. The most of them were made an the mills of English silk manufacturers But some were specimens made in American silk mills within a few weeks. They represented all kinds of silk-woven. plain, colored, figured, watered, ribbed, etc .- and neither the silk nor the yarn can be distinguished, by a novice at least, from silk made from the cocoon of the silk worm while it is claimed that it can be dyed as well, will wear longer than that and has the advantage of cheapness, and it is predicted it will be in great de mand by and prove a boon to the middle classes, who cannot afford to invest in the more expensive natural silks, and whose investment in the cheaper silks now on the market is really very expensive in the

COMMERCIAL WAR THREATENED.

American politicians are becoming alarmed at the attitude of other nations in respect to the Dingley Bill new being considered at Washington. They are having their eyes opened to the fact that other countries can play the same game as they propose to play. Uncle Sam's hand seems to be against every man and every man's hand against him.

The New York Herald's Washington correspondent under date of 9th inst., has " this to say :-

There is grave danger of a commercial warfare between the United States and O C

several of the most important commercial nations of Europe in the event of the enactment of the Dingley Bill into law, in substantially the same form in which it passed the House. The German Ambassador, the Italian Ambassador and the Minister from the Netherlands to the United States, acting under instructions from their governments have filed protests against the proposed legislation with the Secretary of State, and these protests have been forwarded by Secretary Sherman to the Senate committee of Finance. These protests, while couched in diplomatic language, plainly call attention to the countries concerned in the event of its passage. That of Herr Von Thielmann, the German Ambassador, is particularly forcible,, amounting almost to direct threat of retaliation by the German Gov ernment against the United States. The Senate Committee having been put in possession of the information contained in these communications, must decide whether the policy should be pursued which promises to lead to grave foreign compli-

While protests have not yet been received from any other countries than the three named, the action of the Senate is being awaited with much interest by representatives of nearly every nation maintaining diplomatic relations with the Bateese Came Home," and I think it was The bill was read a first time. United States. Although both England and France are greatly interested in the bill, neither of these countries has official ly communicated with the State Depart-

ment regarding it. Many special duties have been imposed for the express purpose of shutting out Canadian products, and as the Canadian Parliament has complete jurisdiction over the tariff laws of the Dominion, it is not improbable some retaliatory legislation may be expected from that quarter. South American countries are most affected by the proposed reciprocity provisions of the bill, and the general disposition of the representatives of those Governments transformation, and if a few years ago the in Washington is to favor the provision statement had been made that men would looking to the negotiation of new commercial treaties between their countries and the United States.

The tariff bill has already passed the referred to and shall print it in our next house of representatives, but needs the issue. We cannot be expected to do as could not be done. sanction of the Senate and the president's approval to become law. Of the latter it is presumably assured, but the wise heads may think twice before precipitating the country into commercial warfare with all the other great powers.

Heart-rending reports continue to reach of this kind .- Ed, REVIEW. us of the suffering by famine in India. Every civilized country has contributed more or less to the alleviation of the afflic tion visited upon the unfortunate people. The people of Canada have been especially generous. Every Christian denomination has contributed to the utmost of their ability, and even the school children have donated their pennies to their suffering fellow beings. Canadians have good reason to be satisfied with themselves and they have also earned the approval of all Christian people.

THE KINGSTON POST OFFICE.

Since Mr. Lanigan has been appointed post master of Kingston he has had the office shifted to Mr. Porteous's place on the north side of the river. We know of no way of preventing the post master from doing this, but we note that there is a good deal of dissatisfaction among the people on the south side, of Kingston most central part of the district is the and others do a great deal more business cision last week removed their last hope. than the two or three stores on the north side. And besides there are a great many more people in Galloway and the up river settlements than there are on the north side. There is no post office nearer than eight or nine miles south and west and none nearer than Peters's Mills on the east. In fact the polling district of Kingston, one the most important in the County has no post office. There can be no reasonable objection to Mr. Lanigan as post master. He will, we think make a good officer; but we cannot approve of shifting the office so far from the center of the district. It savors too much of the principal that to the victors belong the Cathedral. Then again Her Majesty may spoils. But in justice to the post master it may be that a suitable building could not be procured on the south side. If such is the case no one can blame Mr. Lanigan very much. However outrageous it may seem to the people of the south side we do not see that they can do anything but "grin and bear it."

The temperance people of Westmorland County have for some time been waging war against the liquor dealers with the result that most of the largest dealers are going out of the business. It has frequently been asserted that the Scott Act was a farce. It is a farce only where it is not enforced. With the law on their side the temperance people, by persistent efforts, can have things pretty much their

The longest speech but one, that of Sir Charles Tupper, made on the address was delivered by Mr. McInerney, M. P., for Kent. There is one thing that this coustituency can always be sure of: that is, that whether Mr. McInerney's party be in power or opposition, that gentleman can hold up his end in any debate that

The tariff budget will not be brought down until after the Easter holidaysprobably next Thursday or Friday. The country will have to possess its soul in patience till then.

La Grippe weakens digestion, use K

The Federal Government have in their estimates effected a saving of \$170,000, but it is taken out of the pockets of many whose thrift has enabled them to lay by something for a rainy day. In many cases widows and orphans rely for their sole. income upon interest on monies left them by deceased husbands or fathers, and this income in some instances barely suffices to keep body and soul together, and practically means taking the butter off the orphan's bread. Direct taxation effect the proposed bill would have on the would be mild treatment compared with this. While the county will approve of retrenchment in expenditure, the saving might be made in some other line.

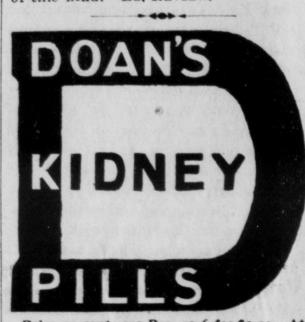


To the Editor of The Review:

DEAR SIR,-I am pleased to see that you published by request in a recent issue the fine poem by Dr. Drummond, "How heartily enjoyed by most of your readers I think it would be very interes ing if you could publish some of the "old favone piece I remember having read when come across it. It was called "The by some Irish poet, whose name I do not with the Peterson firm was correct. remember. If you could publish it I feel besides you would very much oblige

yours truly,

The above reached us too late to receive attention this week. We have the poem well as the Star in this respect, but we shall be glad to oblige our readers as far as we can. There are many pieces which we might be asked for which we could not get, but we might be supplied some of we should be pleased to have in matters



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Theodore Durant To Hang

than two years after his murder of Blanch Lamont and Minnie Williams in Emanuel Baptist Church, Theodore Durant was senbridge. The south side besides being the tenced to-day to be hanged on June 11 His counsel had exhausted every effort to principal business place. Jardines, Braits secure delay, but the Supreme Court's de-

# Her Majesty's Health

LONDON, April 12 .- Although the programme of the Diamond Jubilee festivities is practically drawn up, with the supposition that the details will be carried out, it is learned on high authority that everything is contingent upon the state of the Queen's, health and she will act entire. and C. P. R. must be benefical to the ly upon the advice of her physicians.

If Her Maj sty is not very well she will remain at Buckingham Palace and if she takes part in the procession and shows signs of fatigue she will at once leave it and abandon the plan of visiting St Paul's only go to St. Paul's Cathedral.

In connection with the Jubilee preparations, the Royal Gold Plate has been removed from Windsor Castle to Buckingham Palace. The transfer took place on Wednesday last.

\$19.JUU IN BICYCLES AND WATCHESFOR

During the Year 1897. LEVER BROS., LTD., 23 SOUTT ST., TORGETO DATE FOR THE TARIFF.

OTTAWA, April 12 .- " I am glad to see the bonorable gentleman is unwilling to trust the civil service longer in the hands of his leaders," said Sir Charles Tupper by way of comment on Mr. McMullen's bill placing the control of the promotion, dismissal and payment of the civil servants in the hands of a non-political commission over which the government would have no power. Mr. McMullen candidly admitted he had no hopes of any government dealing with the civil service in the interest of the country. He maintains there are a thousand too many officials in

Sir Charles Tupper excused Mr. Mc-Mullen's bill on account of the recent cutrageous dismissals and reappointments in the interior and other departments, especially the treatment of Deputy Burges, a capable, faithful official who had served to the satisfaction of the McKenzie and Macdonald governments, who is replaced by a man utterly discredited in his own country by scandalous conduct as Manitoba's representative at the World's Fair.

Replying to Sir A. P. Caron, Sir Richard Cartwright said no formal offer had been received for the fast steamship service, bat orites" like the Montreal Star. There is the government had received correspondence on the subject. Later Sir Richard a boy and I have never since been able to informed Sir Charles Tupper that Mr. Chamberlain's statement that the Cana-Woman of Three Cows," and was written dian government had signed a contract

Hon. Mr. Fielding terminated the sure that your readers would enjoy it, anxiety about the date of the budget by announcing that the tariff would be brought down on Thursday, the 22nd.

> Hor. Mr. Foster asked whether there was any hope that the tariff would be proposed before the Nova Scotia elections. Hon. Mr. Fielding was sorry to say it

Hon. Mr. Laurier announced that the government did not propose to rescind the Manitoba remedial order or take any parliamentary action in the matter.

The evening session witnessed a lively those by our readers whose co-operation debate on the oil duties, Mr. Moore proposing a reduction of the duty to half the present rate. Mr. Lister defended the present duty and the debate was ad-

Albert Reed, paper maker of Maidstone, England, is visiting his uncle, director Saunders of the experimental farm. Mr. Reed has bought the Masterman Sulphite Pulp Mill at Chatham, N. B., and will use the product in his own paper mills.

### A New Scheme.

OTTAWA, April 12 .- A new tender for the fast Atlantic service has been put in by an English syndicate, who propose to put on four twenty-one knot steamers for a subsidy of \$350,000, provided they are allowed to make their terminus at Middle Milford, in the Strait of Canso. They guarantee to make the ocean voyage in four days from port to port and to take a regiment from London and land it in Vic-SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 11.-More toria, B. C. in ten days. The promoters to-day telegraphed Sir Richard Cartwright that they would deposit one or two hundred thousand dollars as security and a guarantee of good faith.

Edward Farrer has by request of the chairman of the committee on interstate commerce of the United States Senate. submitted a memorandum of the bonding privilege. He goes exhaustively into the development of the system which, he says, the two countries were compelled to adopt by the physical configuration of the upper part of the continent. Mr. Farrer shows that the share of the transcontinen tal traffic obtained by the Grand Truik American shippers and consumers as well. In conclusion, Mr. Farrer after discussing the trans-shipment grievance, says "Leading Canadian Liberals have all along condemned the restrictions imposed upon American fishermen in Canadian ports. No doubt they will take steps before long to remove the grievance. When it is out of the way the bonding system will be fairly administered from one end of the international frontier to the other. The maintenance of the system is as advantagcous, I venture to think, to the interests of the upper tier of states between the Atlantic and the Pacific as to those of Canada, and its impairment or abolition, whether east of the Great Lakes or west of them, would look like a blow at civilization."

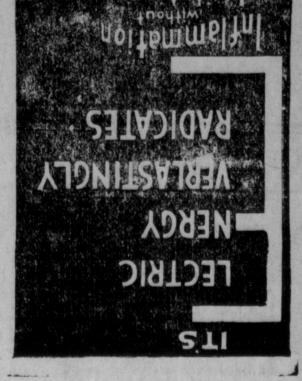
CHURCH SERVICES. ST. MARY'S, (ANGLICAN). - April 18th. 1897, Easter Day. Divine service, Richibucto, 11 and 7, Kingston, 3. The Holy Communion will be administered at the morning and afternoon services. Good Friday, April 16th, divine service, Richibucto, 10.30 a. m., Kingston, 7 p. m. A vestry meeting will be held (for vestrymen) on Saturday, April 17th, at 7.30 sharp, also the annual public vestry meeting on Easter Monday at 2.30, p. m. H. A. Meek, Rector.

# THE WIDE, WIDE WORLD.

At CHICAGO, April 10.-Robert Fitzsimmons in the presence of 5000 people in Battery D, last night, made the formal announcement that he resigned the title of champion of the world and was willing that anyone else should have it. He did not care for it and would not fight for it, and it did not interest him who assumed

pains anywhere, scalds, stings, sprains, stiff conga, toothache, tonsitius, whooping cough. oack, mumps, muscular soreness, neuralgia throat, earache, headache, la grippe, lame attended with inflammation, such as asthma, abscesses, bites, burns, bruises, bronchitis, colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, chaps, chilbiains, colic, cholera-morbus, all forms of sore Family Physician to cure all ailments that are It was originated in 1810 by the late Dr. A. Johnson, an old tashioned, noble hearted

ded down the knowledge of its worth to their children as a valuable inheritance. Could a and recommended by physicians everywhere; It has stood upon its own intrinsic merit and excellence while generation after generation have used it with entire satisfaction and han-have used it with entire satisfaction and han-have used it with entire satisfaction and han-have used it with entire satisfaction and hanother; It is superior to all others; It is used acts promptly; It is always ready for use; It is the best; It is the oldest; It is unlike any Every Mother the house it



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