

CARE OF FARM HORSES.

On many farms the horses present such an unthrifty appearance as to tend to lead one to believe that they were half-starved. This, however, is seldom the case, as the horses usually receive the best food the farm affords. But the manner of feeding as well as the other management in the way of providing sufficient light and proper ventilation in the stables, is worthy of the attention of every horse owner throughout the country. The old style of bank barn, with low stables and very few windows, is a most unhealthy habitation for horses. Where wooden flooring is used with no underdrainage there will accumulate in a short time enough of the sootage from the stable to keep the horses unhealthy and hard looking, no matter how well they are otherwise cared for. In the modern stables more care has been given to the floors and windows; but only in a few cases is to be seen a proper system of ventilation. Without a sufficient supply of fresh air the blood cannot be kept in a proper state, and when the horse exhales the carbonic acid of the blood is given off into the air. Carbonic acid cannot accumulate where a circulation of air is provided, and this should be accomplished without causing a draft to strike the animals. In attempting to ventilate by windows a draft is often created, as ingress must be provided for fresh air and an exit for the foul air. In order to get a properly ventilated stable it is necessary to have apertures on the roof to allow the foul air to escape, and openings lower down to permit of the ingress of fresh air. When the stables are vacant the windows and doors should all be opened to admit of a supply of pure air.

There is a great difference of opinion in feeding among horse owners, but as digestion begins at the mouth, it is necessary to prepare the food in a way that it will be thoroughly masticated. This is especially necessary in the case of working horses, as they require to masticate their food in as short a time as possible, in order to get sufficient time for rest. The harder the work the more the bulk of food should be diminished, and its nutritiousness increased. To ensure this the hay should be reduced in quantity and the oats increased in proportion, always remembering, however, that a certain amount of bulk is necessary, and the horse cannot live upon oats alone. Chopped hay and crushed oats dispense with an immense amount of mastication, while thorough assimilation is secured, waste averted, and strength and time saved. Many years ago the London Omnibus Company tried an experiment on 6,000 horses with cut and uncut hay, ground and unground grain. Half the horses were fed ground oats, cut hay and straw, the others got uncut hay and unground oats. The horses which had twenty-six pounds of ground oats, cut hay and straw did the same work as well and kept in as good condition as those that had thirty-two pounds of uncut hay and unground oats. This was a saving of six pounds of feed per day to each horse, and was estimated at five cents per day per horse, or \$800 per day on the 6,000 horses. On the average Canadian farm the saving by such a system would amount to quite an item at the end of a year. It is considered that as the horse is forced to chew everything thoroughly there is less danger of overloading the stomach. This is very important, as it is the ruin of many horses, causing rupture of the air cells of the lungs, if they are put to work at once, resulting in broken wind and heaves. A veterinary surgeon, of Limerick, Ireland, Mr. R. H. Dyer, in an article on "Preparing Food for Horses," in the Farmer's Gazette, referring to the size of the horse's stomach, says:

"It is not much larger than the human stomach, comparatively. It is singular that there is so little knowledge of structure of the interior of the horse. It may be asserted that the second large intestine is so constructed that it contains a very large proportion of solid food, regulated in such a manner that it interferes in a small degree with other parts of the digestive system, and, consequently, from its position, very little with the contents of the chest. It is an admirable and wonderful arrangement."

On the preparation of food, he says:

"During my youth chaff of hay and straw was cut by men, who carried it about from stable to stable. Since that time machinists invented a chaff cutting machine, as well as one to bruise or crush oats and beans, which were expensive, unless purchased by persons keeping several horses, which saved labor, &c. Nowadays a mixture is sold by dealers—known as chops—composed of hay, straw, oats, beans, peas, Indian corn, &c., prepared for the purpose of feeding. The advantages are several, viz., cheapness, and proper quantities supplied to the horses, which latter is a vast improvement upon the usual system of throwing large quantities of hay into racks, which would enable them to consume a larger quantity than there was need of. It is always better to know the precise quantity a horse can digest properly than the haphazard act of days gone by. I am not aware that any improvement can be effected on chops. Bags containing one cwt. are sold at from 6s. to 7s. each, so that the humblest horse owner is able to purchase. I am aware that car owners have discovered the value of chops. Race horses and hunters are also supplied with a certain proportion of the chop mixture, which ensures, it may be asserted, good health."

It is customary among many good Canadian feeders to mix bran with the oats to assist in mastication, but if it is fed for no other purpose it will be found preferable to feed chopped hay and ground oats. Where carrots or turnips are grown they

may be used as a laxative, as they are usually cheaper than bran. Though clover hay has a higher feeding value than timothy, it is often rejected on the ground that it may develop heaves. If it is cut up and mixed with the grain, and fed in a damp condition, it will not affect the lungs. Farm horses kept in this way, and not overworked, should present as bright and healthy an appearance as a person could desire.

THE CUBAN REBELLION.

SPAIN'S DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES.

MADRID, Oct. 21.—The Queen Regent presided over the cabinet council to-day. Senor Sagasta, the premier, and Admiral Bermejo, minister of marine, both of whom were indisposed, were absent. Senor Gullon, the minister of foreign affairs, explained at length the present status of Spain's diplomatic relations with the United States, and declared that the cabinet was entirely in accord as to the policy to be pursued.

Gen. Cerron, minister of war, said he was satisfied with the manner in which reinforcements were concentrating for Cuba. He declared that there were very few desertions.

At the meeting of the cabinet to-morrow Senor Sagasta presiding, the ministers will consider the draft of the answer of Spain to the note of the United States on the subject of Cuba, delivered to the Spanish government by the United States minister, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, shortly after his arrival. It is expected the reply will contain a formal protest against filibustering.

HAVANA, Oct. 21.—Since last night there have been persistent rumors that General Castillo, the well known insurgent leader, has been killed in an engagement with the Spanish troops. The reports, however, have not been officially confirmed.

A local guerrilla force at the Mansulita farm, near Abreus, province Matanzas, has been engaged with a band of sixty insurgents commanded by Lieut. Col. Yboni. The enemy, according to the official report left two officers and six privates killed upon the field, and the troops captured eight privates and a quantity of arms and a number of dynamite shells.

REBEL LOSSES HEAVY.

LONDON, October 22.—According to a special from Simla, the casualties during the fighting yesterday, which resulted in the storming of Darridge by the second division of the British troops, under General Sir Yeatman Biggs, were as follows: The officers killed were Captain Charles Judge, of the 2nd Gorkhahs; Lieutenant Alexander Lamont, of the Gordon Highlanders, and Captain Smith, of the Derbyshire regiment.

The wounded officers are: Lieutenant Robinson, of the 2nd Gorkhahs, who was dangerously hurt; Major Forbes MacBean, of the Gordon Highlanders, and three others. Of the rank and file, 156 were killed and wounded, the Gordon Highlanders having thirty-six casualties; the Dorsetshire regiment had 32, and the remainder being fully divided between the Gorkhahs and the Derbyshire regiments.

The advance of the British force in yesterday's battle was rendered extremely difficult by the precipitous nature of the hill, the men having to scale from rock to rock. The loss sustained by the natives cannot be estimated but the slaughter was great.

Many of the tribesmen were shot as they were fleeing to the heights above their abandoned position. There was severe hand-to-hand fighting when the attacking forces rushed the position.

MONCTON.

MONCTON, Oct. 21.—Rev. Father LeBlanc, who has been acting for the past year and a half as assistant to Rev. H. A. Meahan, left this afternoon for Buctouche, where he will act as assistant to Rev. Father Michaud. Rev. Father LeBlanc greatly endeared himself to the congregation here, and his departure is sincerely regretted. Previous to his departure the parishioners presented him with an address and a purse of money.

The concert in aid of the Windsor sufferers last night netted about \$75.

Miss Ethel Tucker, who has been spending the summer at Moncton and Shediac will give her farewell performance in the Opera house on the 29th. It will be a benefit to the Citizen's band.—Sun.

Had Many Ailments

"For years I have been taking medicines for liver complaint, rheumatism, heart trouble and nervous prostration, but three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla have done me more good than any other medicine I have ever taken. I heartily recommend it to others." Mrs. S. A. Judd, Vernon, Michigan.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient, always reliable, easy to take, easy to operate.

The Queens county Gazette notes the death of Major Boyd, of Victoria settlement aged 82 years. Mr. Boyd leaves a widow, four sons and four daughters to mourn their loss.

A UNIQUE EXPEDITION.

We have just heard that one of the most unique expeditions ever recorded is being planned by a number of North Sydney men. The scheme in brief is to smuggle a vast cargo of liquor from St. Pierre to Klondike there to retail it at fabulous prices to the cold and thirsty gold diggers. To convey the liquor to Klondike it is proposed to have a huge balloon constructed and brought somewhere to the wilds of Cape North. Here the members of the expedition will assemble and the balloon put together and everything made ready for the signal from St. Pierre, when one of the leaders will purchase the cargo and have it in readiness. The flight from Cape North to St. Pierre, though short will be in the nature of a trial trip, and if satisfactory the liquor will be placed in the car in the interior of that island and the final start made. The journey will be a long and dangerous one over a vast frozen and unexplored region, but if successful the result will repay all that men can suffer. Ten thousand dollars worth of liquor retailed in Klondike at from two to five dollars a glass will realize millions. Smuggling expeditions are always more or less picturesque, but there is something truly heroic about this one, and it is to be hoped that the customs official will not be too vigilant in this instance.—[North Sydney Herald.]

No Room for Salt Rheum

Salt rheum, erysipelas, tetter, shingles, rashes, scurf, etc., cannot exist where BURCK'S BLOOD BITTERS is used. Here is the proof: "I was so bad with salt rheum that my finger nails came off. B. B. cured me completely and I have had no return of the disease during the past three years. Mrs. JAS. SANDERS, Emerson, Man.

HOME FROM ALASKA.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 22.—The steamer Danube has arrived, ten days from St. Michael's. She has brought eighty-two passengers, most of them men who failed to reach the mines by the all-water route. Some got as far as Fort Yukon, and had to turn back.

The steamer P. E. Weard, after being on a sand bar two days, got off and arrived at St. Michael's September 20. She started again with a load of freight, but it is feared she will not get up the river.

The steamer Alice arrived at St. Michael's September 24 with 120 miners and after starting again on September 27 ran aground at the mouth of the river.

The steamers Mare Island and Merwin tried to get up, but failed. The Merwin and Alice, at last accounts, were on a bar and freezing up.

H. B. Tucker, a newspaper man of Troy, N. Y., died of exhaustion on the trail, a few miles from Rampart City. He and a friend started out at night, with little food, to locate claims on Hoosier Creek. They spent two days and nights in the woods, and then turned back. Tucker fell from exhaustion. His friend went for assistance, but when he returned Tucker was dead.

A few years ago an inventor who had devised a new sleeping-car took his plans to Mr. Pullman. The latter after looking over them said, "There is an idea there. I will give you \$100,000 cash for your patents." The inventor was a poor man and he would not accept the terms. He said that if the idea was worth \$100,000 to Pullman it was worth millions to him. The car was built and proved a financial failure and it is believed that even to this day the inventor does not know where "idea" was whose presence Mr. Pullman discerned in the working plans.

"THEY SUITE EXACTLY."

"I have had dyspepsia and stomach trouble for the past two years," says Miss Ellen Whalen, Niagara Falls, and took various remedies in search for a cure. None of them suited my case like Laxative Liver Pills. They suited me exactly, and removed the troubles promptly and effectually. I willingly recommend them to all who suffer as I did."

To Cure
RHEUMATISM
TAKE
Bristol's
SARSAPARILLA
IT IS
PROMPT
RELIABLE
AND NEVER FAILS.
IT WILL
MAKE
YOU WELL
Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it
BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

Can't Eat

This is the complaint of thousands at this season. They have no appetite; food does not relish. They need the toning up of the stomach and digestive organs, which a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla will give them. It also purifies and enriches the blood, cures that distress after eating and internal misery only a dyspeptic can know, creates an appetite, overcomes that tired feeling and builds up and sustains the whole physical system. It so promptly and efficiently relieves dyspeptic symptoms and cures nervous headaches, that it seems to have almost "a magic touch."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

The undermentioned non resident rate payers of District No. 1 in the Parish of Weldford in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, are hereby notified to pay the amount of Rates and Taxes set opposite their names together with the cost of advertising, 1.00 each to the undersigned within two months from the date hereof otherwise legal proceedings will be taken to recover the same.

Names	1895	1896	1897
James McDermott	4.36	4.70	4.80
[Pat's son]			
John McNulty, Jr.	1.84	1.88	2.00
Andrew Dale,	2.18	2.35	2.40
James Cystal,		2.72	2.80

ALEXANDER McMICALL,
Collector.

South Weldford, Kent County, N. B.
September 16, 1897.

LAND IN ST. LOUIS FOR SALE.

A meadow lot of 20 acres more or less on the west bank of the northern lagoon of Kouchibouguac River, also one-sixth part of a Marsh on the north side of Kouchibouguac river. The said lot and portion of lot being lately owned by Sylvestre Maillet, also, the lot in Saint Louis conveyed to Sylvestre Maillet by Lawrence Maillet and wife, containing 50 acres more or less Apply to

J. D. PHINNEY.

SEVEN UP DECIDES A CASE.

ASHLAND, Wis., Oct. 22.—It is not often a game of cards figures in a case tried in a court, but if the facts set forth in the affidavits filed with Judge Parish, Friday, are true, the jury's verdict in the case of Ewer v. Darwin was decided in this way. The suit was tried several days ago and a decision was given in favour of the plaintiff. Friday the defendant made a motion for a new trial, and in support of the motion filed the affidavit of Albert Warner one of the jurymen, alleging that the jury stood eleven for the plaintiff and one for the defendant, and that R. A. Kennedy was the juror who held out for the defendant. It was then agreed that a game of seven up be played by Juror Kennedy and Juror Collier and on the result of the games the case be decided. Collier won, and Warner alleges that upon this agreement a verdict was returned for the plaintiff.

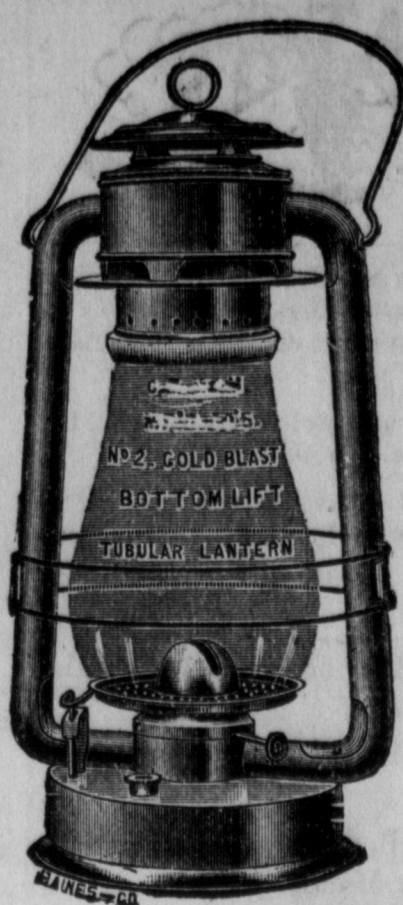
Richmond Fire Hall,
Toronto, 26th Feb., 1897.

Dear Sirs,—Constipation for years has been my chief ailment; it seemed to come oftener in spite of all I could do. However, some time ago I was told to use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, which I have done, with the result of what appears now to be a perfect cure.—Truly yours,
J. HARRIS.

ST. JOHN ASYLUM APPOINTMENTS.

The Local government, at a meeting to be held next week, will probably appoint a successor to the late Mr. R. W. Crookshank as secretary-treasurer of the Asylum commission. They may also appoint a successor to Dr. J. T. Steeves as assistant and superintendent at the institution. Dr. Steeves retires at the end of this month. There is a report that the office of secretary-treasurer will be amalgamated with that of general storekeeper, held by Mr. W. A. Quinton, who will then perform the duties of both. The salary of the late secretary-treasurer was only \$200. The position held by Dr. Steeves is a more lucrative one, yielding \$1,000 annually. The name of Dr. John B. Travers is mentioned in connection with it.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.



We are HEADQUARTERS for LANTERNS. We have 16 different styles. It will pay you to get our prices.

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Wine and Spirit Merchants,

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WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

Millinery, Furniture, Carpets and Oilcloths,
Cloths and Tailors Trimmings,
Lumbermens Outfits,
Canadian Staples, &c., &c.

The most complete wholesale
Dry Goods Establishment in Canada.

27 & 29 King St., 39 & 41 Germain St., 13 & 15 Market Square, St John
London (C B) Branch, 2 Milk St, E C

H. O'LEARY

DEALER IN DRY GOODS,
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Clothing etc.

The largest and best assortment of Goods at reasonable prices. We are prepared to compete with the lowest for cash and guarantee our stock to be of a superior quality. FLOUR, MEAL, SALT and PORK always on hand, quality guaranteed, and prices right.

RICHIBUCTO, N. B.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

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