

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Until further notice the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday excepted), as follows—

Will leave Kent Junction.
Accommodation for Moncton, St. John and Halifax.....12.30
Accommodation for Campbellton.....12.30
Will leave Hecourt.

Through Express for St. John and Halifax (Monday excepted).....2.40
Through Express for Campbellton, Quebec and Montreal (Monday excepted).....3.10
Accommodation for Campbellton.....12.10
Accommodation for Moncton, St. John and Halifax.....12.10
All trains run by Eastern Standard Time.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager.
Railway Office, Moncton, N. B. 25th August, 1897.

MONCTON AND BUCTOUCE RAILWAY.

1897. WINNER TIME TABLE 1897.

On and after Wednesday, June 23rd 1897, trains on this railway will run as follows:

Leave	Arrive
Buctouche, 8.00	Moncton 10.10
Moncton, 15.00	Buctouche 17.00

Train from Buctouche connects with I. C. R. train for Halifax at Humphrey's and at Moncton with train for St. John and Campbellton leaving Moncton at 10.30 and 13.05 respectively.

Train from Buctouche connects with I. C. R. train from Halifax at Humphrey's and with trains leaving St. John at 7.00 and Campbellton at 5.45.

E. G. EVANS,
Superintendent
Moncton, N. B.
Oct. 4th, 1897.

KENT NORTHERN RAILWAY. TIME TABLE.

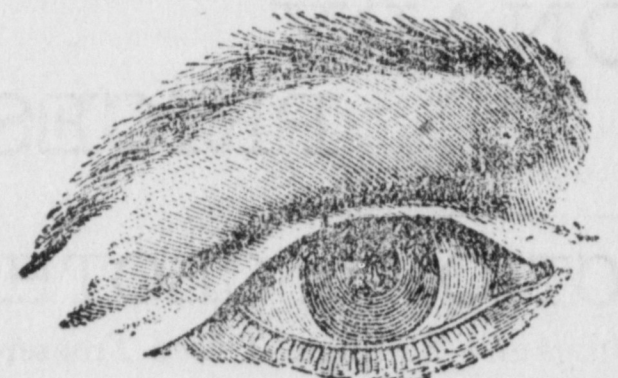
10.00	Dept. Richibucto, Arr.	15.00
10.15	Kingston,	14.46
10.28	Mill Creek,	14.33
10.45	Grumble Road,	14.16
10.51	Molus River,	14.09
11.15	McMinn's Mills,	13.45
11.30	Arr. Kent Junction, Dept.	13.30

Trains are run by Eastern Standard time.

Trains run daily, Sunday excepted. Connect with I. C. R. accommodation trains north and south.

WILMOT BROWN,
General Manager and Lessee.
Richibucto, June 22nd 1897

Merchants with an



to Business Advertise in THE REVIEW.

DRS SOMERS & DOHERTY.



DENTISTS.

Office—Y. M. C. A. building, Moncton. References—New York College of Dental Surgery, and University of Pennsylvania.

Visits will be made to Kent County every month except January, May and September, as follows:
Hecourt on 16th, 17th and 18th.
Kingston on 19th, 20th, 21st and 22nd.
Buctouche on 23rd and 24th.

INTERIOR DECORATING AND PAINTING.

Paper Hanging, Tinting, etc.
Estimates Furnished for work in Kingston and Richibucto.
GEORGE W. JARDINE,

Tells a Long Story.

A Granite Monument at Antietam Tells a Family History.

Major Kingsbury had a daughter as well as the son who fell at Antietam. The daughter married Simon Bolivar Buckner of Kentucky some time before the war. When General Buckner decided to go with the Confederacy, the danger of confiscation of his wife's interest in the Chicago estate confronted him. A family council resulted in the transfer of Mrs. Buckner's property to her brother. Colonel Kingsbury fell in battle without leaving a will to protect his sister's inheritance. When the war closed, the return of Mrs. Buckner's interest in her father's estate was asked for in behalf of her children. Mrs. Kingsbury declined to concede it. She claimed all that had been left in her husband's name for her son and herself. Litigation followed and dragged along for years. Major Kingsbury's 40 acres were in the heart of Chicago when the fire occurred.

In the years immediately following the war Washington had few women more talked about than the beautiful widows, Mrs. Becky Jones and Mrs. Kingsbury, the nieces of an ex-president of the United States. Mrs. Kingsbury became the wife of Gallatin Lawrence, son of one of the wealthiest manufacturers in Rhode Island. Gallatin Lawrence had chosen a diplomatic career. He was sent to Costa Rica as minister. When he came back, society at the capital had a great sensation over the talk of a duel between Minister Lawrence and Captain von der Hass of the Belgian legation because of the captain's attentions to the beautiful Mrs. Lawrence. The Belgian sailed for Europe. So did Mrs. Lawrence. Gallatin Lawrence followed. There was a duel and then a divorce case. Von der Hass went to Egypt. Mrs. Lawrence went there too. Gallatin Lawrence returned to the States.

The son of Colonel Kingsbury was sent to Oxford. His inheritance was cut in two by a decision restoring to her heirs Mrs. Buckner's share in the 40 acres. One day young Kingsbury came home from Oxford, bringing a college friend. Between the English student and Mrs. Lawrence an attachment quickly developed. Mrs. Lawrence was twice the age of her son's chum. She married him and is, or was the last that friends in this country learned, living with him abroad. Kingsbury married a Levantine, and he, too, is in a foreign country. The fortune required through the Chicago investment has been much reduced. Mrs. Becky Jones, after a long career in Washington, traveled extensively and settled in Canada, where she is still living, by all accounts. This is the complicated sequel, briefly told, of the events which the granite monument above the stone bridge at Antietam commemorates.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The African Piano.

Among the musical instruments used on the Congo we notice the long and short drum. Some drums are used to beat the time of the dance. Some other drums are used as telephones for the transmission of messages to neighboring villages. The stringed instruments represent the African harp. The ivory keys are used for the convocation of popular assemblies. The double bell is used to call the attention of the people to some proclamation of the chief. The Africans everywhere are very musical, but their music does not always suit European taste.

The African dance is not always indulged in for amusement alone. Dancing enters into some of the most solemn ceremonies, as, for instance, the inauguration of a new king. Then the chief elect of the tribe dances very gravely before the assembled elders and the people.

The madimba had been called the African piano. It is made of calabashes of graded sizes, which are surmounted by boards, of graded sizes also, all being attached to a semicircular frame. Each board represents a note or half tone and emits its appointed sound when struck by one of the two rubber balls at the ends of two sticks, which are cleverly handled by the musician. While almost every native can beat the drum or play some of the minor musical instruments, the playing of the madimba is an art which only a few specialists learn. They must be paid for playing at festivities or ceremonies, and their art supports them, either partly or entirely.—Journal of American Folk Lore.

The Key of Sheridan's Success.

General Horace Porter, in his "Campaigning With Grant," in The Century, says, after describing the battle of Five Forks:

Sheridan had that day fought one of the most interesting tactical battles of the war, admirable in conception, brilliant in execution, strikingly dramatic in its incidents and productive of extremely important results.

I said to him, "It seems to me that you have exposed yourself today in a manner hardly justifiable on the part of a commander of such an important movement." His reply gave what seems to be the true key to his uniform success on the field, "I have never in my life taken a command into battle and had the slightest desire to come out alive unless I won."

Facing the Music.

The spirit of this simile is used by John Bunyan in the meditation "Of the Horse and Drum," in his "Book For Boys and Girls; or, Country Rhymes For Children," published in 1686. Of the genuine Christian he says, inter alia: Let drummers beat the charge or what they will. They'll nose there, face them, keep their places still.

—Notes and Queries.

In some parts of South Africa much damage is done by baboons, which go in large marauding parties to rob gardens.

LIFE.

The following remarkable compilation is a contribution to the San Francisco Times from the pen of Mrs. H. A. Deming. The reader will notice that each line is a quotation from some of the standard authors of England and America. This is the result of a year's laborious search among the leading poets of the past and present time:

Why all this toil for triumphs of an hour?
Young.

Life's a short summer, man a flower.
Dr. Johnson.

By turns we catch the vital breath and die—
Pope.

The cradle and the tomb, alas! so nigh.
Prior.

To be is better than not to be.
Sewall.

Though all man's life may seem a tragedy;
Spencer.

The light cares speak when mighty cares are dumb.
Daniell.

The bottom is but shallow whence they come.
Raleigh.

Your fate is but the common fate of all;
Longfellow.

Unmingled joys here to no man befall.
Southwell.

Nature to each allots his proper sphere;
Congreve.

Fortune makes folly her peculiar care;
Churchill.

Custom often does reason overrule.
Rochester.

And throw a cruel sunshine on a fool.
Armstrong.

Live well; how long or short, permit to heaven;
Milton.

They who forgive most shall be most forgiven.
Bailey.

Sin may be clasped so close we cannot see its face.
Trench.

Vile intercourse where virtue has no place.
Somerville.

Then keep each passion down however dear,
Thomson.

Thou pendulum betwixt a smile and tear.
Baron.

Her sensual snares let faithless pleasure lay,
Smollet.

With craft and skill to ruin and betray,
Crabbe.

Soar not too high to fall, but stoop to rise;
Massenger.

We masters grow of all that we despise.
Crowley.

Then I renounce that impious self-esteem;
Beattie.

Riches have wings, and grandeur is a dream.
Cowper.

Think not ambition wise because 'tis brave;
Davenant.

The paths of glory lead but to the grave.
Grag.

What is ambition? 'Tis a glorious cheat!
Willis.

Only destructive to the brave and great.
Addison.

What's all the gaudy glitter of a crown?
Dryden.

The way to bliss lies not on beds of down.
Quarles.

How long we live, not years but actions tell;
Watkins.

That man lives twice that lives the first life well.
Herick.

Make, then, while yet ye may, your God your friend,
Mason.

Whom Christians worship, yet not comprehend.
Hill.

The trust that's given guard, and to yourself be just,
Dana.

For, live we how we can, yet die we must.
Spakespeare.

(S) R. D. F.

A CRIPPLE FROM RHEUMATISM.

Cured by a Few Doses of South American Rheumatic Cure—Miraculous but Fact.

Mrs. N. Ferris, wife of a well-known manufacturer of Highgate, Ont., says: "For many years I was sorely afflicted with rheumatic pains in my ankles and at times was almost disabled. I tried everything, as I thought, and doctored for years without much benefit. Though I had lost confidence in medicines I was induced to use South American Rheumatic Cure. To my delight, the first dose gave me more relief than I had had in years, and two bottles have completely cured me." Sold by W. W. Short.

They have an annual "October ball" in Kansas City to mark "the strictly formal opening of the fashionable season." They lined the great ballroom of one of the hotels with Meteor and American Beauty roses for this year's function. An article on the affair speaks of the return of "summer wanderer" to the balmy bracing air of Kansas City and it is remarked naively. "The establishment of an annual function to be known as the October ball was a singularly happy crystallization of the expediencies of this particular season. This ball the second of which was held last night is to be an annual sequel to the events that comprise the October merry-making."

"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgia and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. GARDNER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plaster in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gives almost instant and permanent relief.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pain in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

New - - Fall - - Millinery.

Having added MILLINERY to the various departments of my Business, I desire to call SPECIAL ATTENTION to the

STYLISH - AND - UP-TO-DATE - PATTERNS

in Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets. My Milliner has just returned from the CITY OPENINGS and I am prepared to give as late styles and as low prices as can be found in a city stock. Call and inspect goods whether you wish to buy or not.

STOCK NOW COMPLETE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

MRS. J. W. MORTON,

HARCOURT, N. B.

MUNYON LEADS

So-Called Incurable Diseases Yield to His Remedies.

HONEST PEOPLE TESTIFY

The Experience of Those Who Have Been Cured Proves That the Most Obsolete Forms of Rheumatism, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and Blood and Nervous Diseases Are Promptly and Permanently Cured by Munyon's Remedies—Ask your Druggist for Munyon's Guide to Health. Select a 25-Cent Remedy and Cure Yourself.

Mr. B. Baxter, 381 St. Dominique street Montreal, Canada, says: "I had what the doctors pronounced a very complicated case. I suffered very greatly from rheumatism, and also from blood troubles and kidney disturbances. Quite a number of remedies were tried in my case, but without any good effect. A short time ago I began using Munyon's Remedies, taking the Rheumatism Cure, Blood Cure and Kidney Cure, and have been completely cured of all my afflictions."

Munyon's Rheumatic Cure seldom fails to relieve in one to three hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach trouble. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, always soothes, and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speeds cures pains in the back, loins or groins, and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Nerve Cure stops nervousness and builds up the system. Price 25c.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25c.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price 25c.

Munyon's Female Remedies are a boon to all women.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—Price 25c.—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—Price 35c.—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Asthma Remedies relieve in three minutes and cure permanently. Price \$1.

Munyon's Vitalizer, a great tonic and restorer of vital strength to weak people. Price \$1.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25 cents a vial.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 11 & 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

A REVIVALIST FORGER.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 22.—The Rev. Rella Harris, of Delaware, O., who committed suicide a day or two ago, had forged the name of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Milo Dix to notes amounting to \$2,000. The forgeries were committed several months ago and the notes are beginning to fall due. Mrs. Dix, pronounces them forgeries as they are presented. Harris domestic relations had been unhappy, and he and his mother-in-law had become estranged. A short time ago he conducted one of the greatest revivals in the history of the town effecting 185 conversions.

CASTORIA.

The famous signature of Dr. H. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A SHIP'S LOG.

Before the patent log came into existence the old fashioned chip log was the only means of measuring a ship's rate of sailing. It has one advantage over the former, inasmuch as a vessel's speed can be told by it at any given instant, while the patent log is mainly useful for recording a considerable distance run. The old fashioned log consists of four pieces—namely, the log chip, the reel, the line and the sand glass.

The log chip is a flat piece of thin board, loaded with lead on the circular side so that it will float upright on the water, and to which the log line is fastened in the same way that a bow kite is rigged to receive the string. The line is 100 fathoms or more in length and is divided into certain spaces called knots. The reel is made to turn very freely, so that it will offer no resistance when the log chip is thrown overboard. The sand glass contains just enough sand to pass from one bulb to the other in half a minute of time. This practice of measuring a ship's rate of sailing is quite simple. The idea is that the length between each knot is the same part of a mile as half a minute is of an hour. Therefore the knots are placed 51 feet apart. What is called heaving the log is thus performed: One man holds the reel, another the half minute glass; the officer throws the log chip over the stern and waits a moment until enough line has run out to carry the chip out of the eddy of the ship's wake, then calls, "turn!" The man holding the glass reverses it and watches until the sand has run through when he cries, "stop!" The officer immediately stops the line and notes the number of knots run off, which number represents the rate of speed per hour.—Harper's Round Table.

BETER THAN THE KLONDIKE.

Mrs. E. Winkworth, Morrison Street, Niagara Falls, Ont., says: "I was attacked by kidney trouble about two years ago and steadily grew worse until November last, when I became so low that I thought I would live only a short time longer. The doctor here pronounced my case a complication of Bright's disease and dropsy, and said I could not get well. Dr. MacDonald advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills as it was my only chance to get well. I did so and now can truly say that I owe my life to following his advice for I am strong and well to-day. My life has been spared to my three children and I think Doan's Pills are worth their weight in gold."

DODD'S

For the successful Treatment of all Diseases of Urinary Organ Kidneys and

Bright's Disease, Diabetes and Paralysis, and all forms of Blood Poisoning.

Pills.

These Pills are put up in large wooden boxes at 50 cents. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers—never by count or in bulk, and never under any other name than DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

The Dodd's Medicine Co., Toronto.

Gentlemen—A new medicine called Dodd's Kidney Pills has been recommended to me by my physician, and, by his advice, I send one dollar, the price of two boxes. Please send them without delay.

Yours truly, ANDREW FILKINS.

Canton, McPherson Co., Kansas.

FAULT FINDING.

Fault finding is an art that is easily learned. All you have to do is to find out some little thing that is wrong, and then think about that, and keep your eyes always upon that, and by and by you won't be able to see anything but that. You know there are black specks on the face of the sun? Well, some people are greatly interested in these specks, for they can tell us very much about the weather—about cold seasons, storms and the like. Once when a speck appeared on the face of the sun a gentleman called upon an astronomer, who had been all day studying that speck through his telescope. "What a fine day we have had," said the visitor; "I have seldom seen the sun so bright." The astronomer looked puzzled for a minute and then gave a hearty laugh. "Do you know," he said, though I have been looking at the sun all day, I have never noticed whether it was bright or not? I was so interested in the new speck which appeared that I didn't see anything else; and really until you spoke my idea of the sun had been that it was rather dark!" That is the way fault finders get so much to do. They see something or other that is not just right, and they go on thinking about that, and speak about that, till they cannot see anything else; yet the fault they notice may be only a speck in the midst of a great deal of brightness. Try to discover the brightness that is in people, and then you will scarcely notice the specks.—Detroit Jesuit Calendar.

WHY CATS ALWAYS FALL ON THEIR FEET.

Why does a cat always fall on its feet? This is a question that has recently absorbed the earnest attention of the French Academy of Science. The problem is clearly a difficult one, for that learned body of savants has so far failed to offer a final solution. M. Marey, a distinguished professor, who has made a special study of animal movements, claims that the body of a cat is composed of two parts, one of which acts as a pivot for the other. Upon dropping, the cat, it appears, paws upward, and then by a series of convulsive movements, it gradually rights itself and reaches the ground in an upright position. The whole process of turning is performed before the animal has fallen a yard. Without a fulcrum, without something to lean against, the cat certainly could not accomplish the feat. Mr. Marey declares that the animal's limbs act upon a fulcrum which its own body provides.

HEADS THAT ACHE.

Heads that ache can be made bright clear and free from pain by using BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS, the true natural cure for headache from whatever cause arising. "Headache and pain in the back afflicted me for a long time; but now I am free from them, thanks to the use of one bottle and a half of B. B. B." Miss J. McALLISTER, Almonte, Ont.

About forty thousand pilgrims a year visit the (supposed) tomb of Eve in a cemetery just outside the walls of Jeddah. Mark Twain's emotion at finding the grave of his relative Adam in a strange land would doubtless have been greater had he come upon that of Eve. Her tomb by the way, is about seventy-five feet long so the Arab tradition that Eve was a very tall woman seems to have ground of belief.

Coughs, colds, pneumonia and fevers may be prevented by keeping the blood pure and the system toned up with Hood's Sarsaparilla.