

J. & T. Jardine,

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF BRITISH AND FOREIGN GOODS,
—AND—
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS
—IN—

FLOUR, CORNMEAL, OATMEAL, COFFEE.

TEA, SUGAR, TOBACCO,

COARSE SALT, in bulk and bags, DAIRY SALT,

Molasses, Biscuits, Cheese,

PORK AND BEEF,

HAMS, OATS, BRAN AND SHORTS.

HARDWARE, CROCKERYWARE, GLASSWARE

BOOTS AND SHOES

DRY GOODS.

Ready-Made Clothing, Scotch Hors Collars.

IRON, CHAIN, ANCHORS, ROPE,

NAILS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, LIME.

English House Coa.

blacksmith's Coal

SHINGLES, DEALS, BOARDS AND SCANTLING,

PITCH-PINE, HARDWOOD, LATHS, etc.

Kingston, Kent County, N. B

Sir Charles Tupper is to return to London from Buxton on Tuesday next, and will sail for Canada on September 7th.

Save Paying Doctor's Bills

—BY USING—

Bentley's Liver Pills.

25 Pills for 10 cents.

Read the Home Testimony from people that you know.

Folly Village, Dec. 7, '97.

A well known resident of Londonderry is Mr. James Flemming. He speaks to Kumfort Home Remedies as follows:—

JAMES FLEMMING, Bentley's Liver Pills.
"I like Folly Village. Liver Pills better than any I have used. They seem to exactly suit me."

Richibucto Steam Carriage and Furniture Factory.

Carriages of all kinds, Truck Wagons, etc., built to order and kept constantly on hand. Repairing and painting done promptly. All work guaranteed.

Furniture of all kinds manufactured and kept in stock at lowest living prices. Upholstering and repairing done by competent workmen. Bring along your old chairs or lounges and have them re-cushioned so as to make them as good as new. Just received a new lot of picture moulding of different styles. Sashes and doors made to order and kept in stock. Frost & Wood's Farm Machinery kept on hand.

J. F. BLACK & SON.

Mr. G. O. ARCHIBALD'S CASE.

Didn't Walk for 5 Months. Doctors said Locomotor Ataxia.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Cure a Disease hitherto regarded as Incurable.

The case of Mr. G. O. Archibald, of Hopewell Cape, N.B., (a cut of whom appears below), is one of the severest and most intractable that has ever been



reported from the eastern provinces, and his cure by Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills the more remarkable from the fact that he was given up as incurable by worthy and respected physicians. The disease, Locomotor Ataxia, with which Mr. Archibald was afflicted is considered the most obstinate and incurable disease of the nervous system known. When once it starts it gradually but surely progresses, paralyzing the lower extremities and rendering its victim helpless and hopeless, enduring the indescribable agony of seeing himself die by inches.

That Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills can cure thoroughly and completely a disease of such severity ought to encourage those whose disorders are not so serious to try this remedy. The following is Mr. Archibald's letter:

Messrs. T. Milburn & Co.—"I can assure you that my case was a very severe one, and had it not been for the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I do not believe I would be alive to-day. I do not know, exactly, what was the cause of the disease, but it gradually affected my legs, until I was unable to walk hardly any for five months.

"I was under the care of Dr. Morse, of Melrose, who said I had Locomotor Ataxia, and gave me up as incurable.

"Dr. Solomon, a well-known physician of Boston, told me that nothing could be done for me. Every one who came to visit me thought I never could get better.

"I saw Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills advertised and thought I would try them anyway, as they gave more promise of helping me than anything I knew of.

"If you had seen me when I started taking those wonderful pills—not able to get out of my room, and saw me now, working hard every day, you wouldn't know me.

"I am agent for P. O. Vickey, of Augusta Maine, and have sold 300 subscribers in 80 days and won a fifty dollar prize.

"Nothing else in the world saved me but those pills, and I do not think they have an equal anywhere.

"The seven boxes I took have restored me the full use of my legs and given me strength and energy and better health than I have enjoyed in a long time."

G. O. ARCHIBALD.
Hopewell Cape, N. B.

In addition to the statement by Mr. Archibald, we have the endorsement of two well-known merchants of Hopewell Cape, N. B., viz.: Messrs. J. E. Dickson and F. J. Brewster, who certify to the genuineness and accuracy of the facts as given above.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c. a box, or 3 for \$1.25, at all druggists, or sent by mail. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.



FEEDING HORSES.

CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH SHOULD GOVERN THE QUANTITY AND VARIETY OF RATIONS.

Farmers generally do not give the feeding of their horses the attention it deserves, writes Colonel D. McCrae in The Breeder's Gazette. Balanced rations and food mixtures for the dairy cow and the feeding steer are carefully examined and discussed, but the feeding of the horses is usually all the hay they can eat and varying quantities of oats, according to the work being done. Sometimes even the latter part is neglected. If a horse is required to do extra hard work, he should be liberally and frequently fed. The amount of food given should be regulated by the size and breed of the animal and by the amount and kind of work he is required to do. The horse has a small stomach in proportion to his size; hence frequent feeding when under hard work is necessary. The human stomach can bear hunger far better than that of the horse. If driving on a journey you feel hungry, you may be sure your horse has felt it before you did and is needing his feed more than you do.

Opinions differ a good deal as to the watering of horses. Some prefer to have water before the horses in the stall at all times. Others prefer watering only as the horses come in from work or before feeding. Horses should not be watered after meals, as the stomach, being small, is liable to be partially emptied of the undigested food, causing trouble in the bowels and partial loss of the food.

Oats and hay are the ideal horse foods for our country, but because they are the best is no reason why they should be exclusively used. Variety is often much relished by the horse, and with this variety cheapness and economy may be introduced. Good timothy hay, early cut and well cured, is the best hay for horses. Timothy hay is heavier than that of other grasses and contains a large quantity of nutritive matter in a small bulk. If left till it be overripe, it becomes hard and woody. It is more digestible when cut rather on the green side and makes better horse food. Many farmers feed far too much hay to their horses. They might very well take a few lessons in this matter from the liverymen, who find that their horses do better and keep healthier on a small allowance of hay. Race horses in large stables are fed on 6 to 8 pounds of hay and from 15 to 20 pounds of the best oats per day, and, if needed, a bran mash once a week—one-third of the hay after exercise in the morning, the balance at night and the oats fed at four feeds. For hunters more hay is given up to 10 pounds per day, 6 pounds loose and 4 pounds cut and mixed with his oats, 16 to 18 pounds per day. Any farmer can see how much this differs from his feeding, and yet these horses are required to do hard work and sudden exertions, taxing all their powers. In Scotland a favorite winter food when horses are only at moderate work is cut oat sheaves.

When horses are in the stable much of the time, the feeding needs to be carefully managed. In many parts of Canada roots are a favorite winter feed. Swede turnips (ruta bagas) are relished by horses and seem better food for them than the carrot. They do well on roots when idle or at moderate work. Cooking food for horses has not been found generally profitable. Elaborate and careful experiments made years ago showed that horses did better on raw food. Crushed or ground oats are much used. Some horses have a tendency to bolt their food half chewed, and some of the grain is voided whole in these cases. Grinding helps any such tendency. In England some of the large companies which work a great many horses give mixed food and use considerable quantities of American corn. The North Metropolitan company (London) allows for each horse per day the following rations: Corn, 13 pounds; oats, 3 pounds; peas, 1 pound; beans, 1 pound; hay, 7 pounds; cut straw, 3 pounds; total, 28 pounds. The South London Tramway company gives corn, 7 pounds; oats, 7 pounds; hay, 11 pounds; straw, 3 pounds, total, 28 pounds.

What needs special attention by our feeders is the quantity of hay and the desirability of using a small quantity of straw in the ration. British cavalry horses are allowed 10 pounds of oats and 12 pounds of hay on ordinary feed. If out on active service, the oats are increased to 15 pounds. In private stables and on the farm it is better to give greater variety to the food, and the wise feeder will be guided by the season and the price of foods in keeping his animals in the best of health at the least expense.

FROM CATTLE TO SHEEP.

Wyoming is fast becoming the sheepmen's country, and it is only a question of a few years when they will possess the state. Only five firms in the western portion still range cattle there. All the country South of Rawlins has been given up to sheepmen, and firms that formerly ranged cattle have been forced to change their holdings into sheep. One cattleman says he is surrounded by sheep, but, having purchased a large tract of country from the Union Pacific, he has succeeded in holding his range. The business is being overdone in that section, and there is a disposition on the part of some of the sheepmen to sell and get out, and it is probable that a large number of sheep will be thrown upon the market this season.—National Stockman.

Diamond Dyes

Far Ahead of All Others.
Practical Experience Has Demonstrated That They Are The Easiest to Use.

It is the easiest matter in the world to dye with Diamond Dyes, as thousands of women know from practical experience. By using these simple home dyes one can make old clothing like new and save a great many dollars in the course of a year.

Do not accept imitations of the original Diamond Dyes from any dealer, no matter how strongly he may recommend them, for while he makes a larger profit on them they do not dye as much goods, nor do they equal the Diamond Dyes in fastness of colors.

When poor dye are used, both your money and labor are thrown away and the goods are spoiled forever. Use the Diamond Dyes only and get the best possible results. All reliable dealers can supply you with the Diamond Dyes.

ARE YOUNG WOMEN SHY?

DR. HARTLAND LAW BELIEVES THAT WOMEN SHOULD PROPOSE

Dr. Hartland Law, of San Francisco, who has been lecturing at the Berkeley Lyceum, New York, on "Higher Physical Conditions," believes that women should propose as well as men.

He thinks that men have had too much of a monopoly, and that it is about time to enter upon a new departure.

Dr. Law's views have created a stir in feminine circles, for he declared in his lecture that so many fine women would not be unmarried if the custom of the men "popping the question" were not so strong.

"Now, this conventional method," said Dr. Law to me the other day, "of men proposing is all right to a certain point but the women are not getting a fair show. Every young woman who believes that a man would make a good husband, and that he would be a fine father, should have the right to propose to him. Of course, some girls do, but there are many whose shyness prevents them from taking the step.

"Members of the gentle sex should cast aside conventionalities many times. I believe if they were understood that women should propose—as well as men—there would be 50 per cent. more marriages would be happier if the women proposed rather than the men in many instances, for a woman's instinct is a great factor. Men make mistakes, but women do rarely.

"My wife occasionally says to me: 'Don't you have anything to do with that man?' I may have associated considerably with him, but I soon discover that my wife is right."

Mrs. Lillie Devereaux Blake is inclined to believe that Dr. Law's position on the subject of popping the question is a good one in certain cases.

"The trouble with some of our finest young women," said she to me, "is that they are so afraid of being misunderstood that they do not give sufficient encouragement to young men. Naturally it would be very distressing to a girl to have a young man feel that she wants him to marry her when he may not be in love with her. But there are many cases where the girl is so diffident that she will not give sufficient encouragement to a young man.

"Take the case of a wealthy young woman who is admired by a poor young man. He is a worthy man, but his pride prevents him from asking for the hand of the wealthy girl. Why should not the young woman propose?

"Many of the sweetest and loveliest young women are too shy. Their diffidence is mistaken by young men for coldness. These young ladies should overcome their undue shyness and give more encouragement to the men."

DEATH OF SENATOR PRICE.

HE WAS A PROMINENT QUEBEC LUMBER MERCHANT.

QUEBEC, Aug. 31.—Senator Price died this morning.

[Hon. Evan John Price, Senator, was born at the family seat, Wolfefield, Quebec, on May 8, 1840, the fourth son of the late W. A. Price, and was called to the Senate in 1888. His brother, David, was also a senator and was succeeded by the late Hon. J. G. Ross. W. A. Price, senior, established the firm of Price Bros. & Co., lumber merchants. And he was known as the "King of the Saguenay." Senator Evan John Price has for years been the head of the house. Before entering the establishment he was privately educated in England. He never married. In his strong support of the Conservative party, in his close adhesion and liberal offerings to the Church of England in Canada, in his love of such field sports as salmon fishing and hunting, and in his open-handed benevolence, he followed the leading traditions of an old and honorable family. His mother was Jane, third daughter of the late Charles Stewart, comptroller of Her Majesty's customs at Quebec. He was on the directorate of several commercial corporations and the vice-president of the Union Bank of Canada. In 1895 he received the honorary degree of D. C. L. from Bishops College, Lennoxville. The Prices have long conducted a flourishing lumbering business on the Saguenay, and the family is well known.

"Duly Feed Man and Steed."

Feed your nerves, also, if you would have them strong. The blood is the feeder and sustainer of the whole nervous system. Men and women who are nervous are so because their nerves are starved. When they make their blood rich and pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla their nervousness disappears because the nerves are properly fed. Hood's Sarsaparilla never disappoints.

Hood's Pills cure constipation. Price 25c.

After drilling 1640 feet for oil on the Gibson property and the Lamprey farm, at Guelph at a cost of \$3800, in the hope of striking oil, operations have been stopped and the plant will be taken to Cuba to bore for natural gas.

CARDS.

Commission Merchant.

All kinds of country produce sold on Commission. Quick sales and prompt returns. Highest market prices realized.

O. S. MACGOWAN,
P. O. BOX 117, MONCTON, N. B.

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Barrister, Attorney, Notary Public
Solicitor for the Merchants Bank
of Halifax.
RICHIBUCTO, N. B.

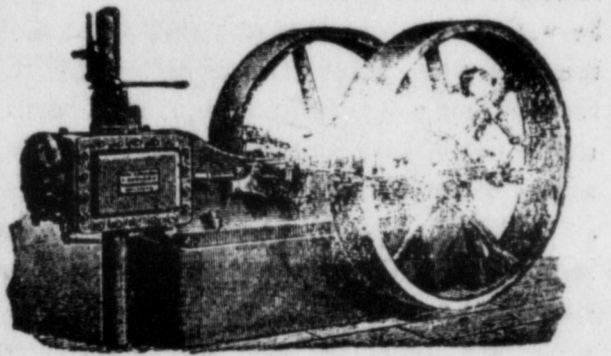
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VICE CONSUL FOR SWEDEN AND NORWAY.
LLOYD'S SUB-AGENT.
Divisional Registrar Births Marriages and Deaths
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B. S. BAILEY,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATE,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
AUCTIONEER & GENERAL AGENT
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Memb. Roy. Col. Surg., Eng.
SPECIALTY, DISEASES OF EYE, EAR AND THROAT.
Office—Cor. Main and Westmorland Streets,
Moncton, N. B.

H. H. JAMES,
Barrister at Law, Notary,
SOLICITOR AND CONVEYANCER
Referee in Equity,
JUDGE OF PROBATES.
BUCTOUCHE, - - - N. B.

H. M. FERGUSON, J. P.
Notary Public,
Conveyancer, etc.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
ACCOUNTS COLLECTED AND PROCEEDS PROMPTLY PAID OVER.
Commissioner of the Richibucto Civil Court.
LICENSED AUCTIONEER.
KINGSTON, KENT COUNTY, N. B.



BOILERS and ENGINES
MACHINERY of all kinds,
SECOND HAND and NEW!

J. S. CURRIE,
Agent for Robb Engineering Co., Ltd
57 Water St., ST. JOHN N. B.

CONNORS' RESTAURANT
Main Street, Moncton,
Next door to the K. Shoe Store.
Meals served at all hours.
Oysters, Roa Fowl, etc. Highest cash prices paid for Buctouche Oysters.

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