THE DELINEATOR.

The April number of The Delineator is called the Spring number, and embodies a comprehensive summary of present and incoming styles in every department of dress, a choice variety of articles of sterling Literary excellence and a profusion of characteristic Social and Household features. The charming Acadian tale, The Maid of the Drift, by Charles D. G. Roberts, will enhance the interest that attaches to the land of Evangeline. The joys and anxieties of school life find delightful expression in The school boy, the fourth paper in the series on the Development of a boy, by Mrs. Alice Meynell, The fundamental relation of speech and action is analytically discussed in this month's paper on the Cultivation of the Voice, by Eleanor Georgen. The lessons of the spring-time are the keynote of the fourth of the new Kindergarten Papers, by Sara Miller Kirby. Inspiration for many a pleasant home gathering is furnished in An Easter-tide Evening, by Gladys Hyatt; and Her Birthday Party. by Edith Child, will suggest how the an niversaries may be recalled. The Idle Hands, by Minna C. Hale, indicates the permanent good that accrues from the early inculcation of habits of industry. A in A Week's Living No. 2, by Edna Witherspoon, The possibilities of a can of Salmon, by Carrie May Ashton, and Dainty Buffet Lunches, by Helen Comes The regular departments will be found entertaining and instructive; College News, by Carolyn Halstead, consisting of interesting notes and comments on the clubs and societies of the various institucupations, Lafayette McLaws, a chatty her into port. pot-pourri of feminine fads and foibles; Courch Embroideries, by Emma Haywood a timely illustrated article on Bible markers," Social observances conducted by Mrs. Frank Learned; the numerous pages cheting, Knitting, the latest books etc.

Order from the local agent for Butterick Patterns, or address The Delineator Publishing Co., of Toronto, Limited, 33 Richmond St. West, Toronto, Ontario.

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HAWAII'S SOCIAL LIFE.

I do not know that anywhere there is a civilized community whose social life is more natural and unconventional, without loss of refinement, than that existing in the Hawaiian Islands. There is no social color-line, and no definite social of envelopes. any nature. There may be said to be

loosely defined social sets, but there are no lines between them; they merge into each other. Education, refinement, polish -these have more to do with social posi- doctor. tion than any other circumstances. Wealth has its weight, but has hardly come to be regarded as a social circumstance, although

There is no color prejudice affecting the Hawaiian, the Chinese, or the Japanese; or if there is, it is discoverable only in marital considerations. None of these races, if otherwise socially acceptable, are barred by color. The Hawaiians, and

part Hawaiins in particular, are specially

portent consideration.

in demand socially. A charm of Hawaiian society is its cosmopolitan quality. Every large social gathering has representatives from the great world races-Polynesian. Anglo-Saxon, Celt, Scandinavian, Frank, Mon-

golian A large part of the opposition to annexation among Hawaiins was due to anxiety lest they would be socially prejudiced by its consummation. Conscious that both their social advancement, they were afraid that, as a part of the great eager American nation, they would be gradually ignored until their position should have become intolerable. - Ex-President Sanford B Dole, in Harper's Weekly.

CURE THOSE UGLY PI PLES By Using Dr. Agnew's Olutmont-Any Form of Eczema Helped at once and Cured Eventually by its Use-

Not a skin blemish caused by eczema. tetter, ringworm, salt rheum, and other the unersigned and marked on the outside ty minutes. Coroner W. A. West was skin diseases that will not vanish as by magic on the application of Dr Agnew's | for Warehouse" as the case may be, will Ointment. One application will give be received at this office until 5 o'clock, p. quick comfort and relief, and in a few m., eastern standard time on MONDAY. days the skin heals up and is as soft as APRIL 10th, 1899, for the election of a baby's. It will care piles in from three Grain Elevator at St. John, New Brunsto five nights-no matter what nature or | wick, and for the erection of a freight how long standing. 35 cents.

encourage the establishment of blast fur- at the Office of the Chief Engineer of the naces which use charcoal made within the province as the sole fuel in smelting ore, P payment to be made out of the mining fund at 50 cents per ton on the propor- bear the actual signature of the full name tion of pig metal. Smelters are allowed the occupation and residence of each cle of relatives and friends in this dark to use ores mined outside of Ontario, but in order to secure the grant during the including those requiring a recurity denext two years twenty per ceut. Ontario posit with each Tender, must be complied ore must be included, after two years with forty per cent , after four years sixty per Form supplied. cent., after six years eighty per cent., and in eight years all ore smelted and used accept the lowest or any Tender. must be Ontario ore. If one hundred per cent. Ontario ore is used the bonus is one | Railway Office, dollar per ton pig metal.

THE BEST SEEDS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY.

We cannot too strongly nor too often urge the supreme importance of planting seeds that are perfectly pure and fresh. Seeds that are offered at cheap prices are almost invariably of doubtful origin and uncertain age, sure to cause the planter disappointment and loss. The thoughtful planter's only surety lies in buying seeds sent out by a conscientions and trustworthy house. A vast number of gardeners have (and have had for years) the utmost confidence in seeds that bear the name D. M. Ferry & Co., Windsor, Ont. The present generation of planters, can hardly remember the time when Ferry's Seeds were not on sale everywhere each year and as regularly planted by thousands, -with the greatest faith in the unvarying quality of the seeds and in the integrity of the firm that grew them. Every planter, whether already a buyer of Ferry's Seeds or not, should send for Ferry's Seed Annual for 1899. It is mailed free to any one who writes for it

CHRONIC ECZEMA CURED

One of the chronic cases of Eczema ever cured is the case of Miss Gracie Ella Aiton, of Hartland, N. B. On a sworn group of household suljects is embraced statement Mr. Aiton says: I hereby certify that my daughter Gracie Ella was cured of Eczema of long standing by using four boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment. William Thistle, druggist, of Hartland, also certifies that he sold four boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment which cured Gracie

Lloyds has decided to bestow the silver medal upon the captain and chief engitutions; Club Women and Club Life, by neer of the Cunard Line steamship Lord Salisbury, a good deal of French Helen M. Winslow, editor of The Club Pavonia,' in recognition of their skilful Women, a resume of the development of and heroic services in saving the ship Club Journalism; Girls' interests and oc- white she was disabled at ses, and bringing

A New Departure.

Dr. Marschand, the celebrated French physician, has at last opened his magnificently equipped laboratory in Windsor, the whole Nile region is now unquestiondevoted to Millinery, Lace-making, Cro- Ont. There is a large staff of chemists and physicians at his command, and the men and women of Canada may now procure the advice of this famous specialist free of charge.

Dr. Marschand has a world-wide reputation for successfully treating all nervous diseases of men and women, and you have but to write the doctor to be convinced that your answer, when received, them. On the whole, the British seem to is from a man who is entitled to the high position he holds in the medical frater-

Why suffer in silence when you can secure the advice of this eminent physician free of charge.

All correspondence is strictly confiden tial and names are held as sacred. Answers to correspondents are mailed in plain You are not asked to pay any exorbit-

ant price for medicines, in fact it rarely happens that a patient has expended over 50 cents to one dollar before he or she becomes a firm friend and admirer of the A special staff of lady physicians assist

Dr. Marschand in his treatment of female cases. Always inclose a three-cent stamp when you write and address The Dr. it is a strong ally where the more import- Marschand Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich., ant qualifications exist. Family is an im- | U. S. A.

When you write mention THE REVIEW. tiated, and only details and the formula

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Cometery work of every description neatly exected. Orders promptly filled. MONCTON, N. B. (aug3lui)

Mouth of Kouchibouguac

I hold for sale the Knowland or Mcthe monarchy and the republic fostered Ginnis lot-No. 4-adjoining the Lawrence Kelly lot, at the mouth of the rifle in their bedroom on Sunday morn-Konchibouguac. Apply immediately to ing, Kenneth said: "See how quick I J. D. PHINNEY.

August 13, 1898.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Tenders for Grain Elevator and Warehouse.

Separate Sealed Tenders addressed to "Tender for Grain Elevator" or "Tender notified and proceeded to the scene of the Warehouse on the new Terminal Wharf

now under contract at that place. The Ontario government Saturday in- Forms of Tender may be obtained on and troduced in the legislature a resolution to after the 28th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1899. Intercolonial Railway at Moneton, N. B., and at the Engineer's Office, St. John N.

> In the case of Firms, the Tender must member of the firm.

All the conditious of the Specifications,

Tenders must be made on the Printed The Department does not bind itself to

> M. Pottinger. General Manager.

Moncton, N. B., Feb. 27th, 1899.

Tonight

If your liver is out of order, causing Biliousness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, or Constipation, take a dose of

On retiring, and tomorrow your digestive organs will be regulated and you will be bright, active and ready for any kind of work. This has been the experience of others;" it will be yours. HOOD'S PILLS are sold by all medicine dealers. 25 cts.

SALISBURY'S TRIUMPHS. NEW YORK, March 26 .- Referring to the agreement reached by Great Britain and France regarding the Nile valley the London correspondent of the Tribune says: "The general opinion of those best qualified to judge is that the new Anglo-French agreement is another very satisfactory result of Lord Salisbury's moderate and farseeing diplomacy. Roughly speaking, the effect of the agreement is to draw a vertical line down the centre of Northern Africa almost from the Mediterraneau to the Congo. East of this line will be the British sphere, west of it till they come to British territories on the Atlantic coast and lower Niger, the French may annex as much as they please. A few extreme English jingoes are displeased at the enormous area of territory which is thus laid open to French colonization. for the arrangement makes France the largest African power on the map, but the experts of the British foreign office know well what they are about. They recognize that to quote the famous epigram of territory consists of "rather light soil," for it includes the great desert of Sahara. much of which is absolutely uninhabitable. On the other hand there is quite enough populous and fertile country in French Africa to occupy years in exploration and development. Meanwhile, the British title to the Egyptian Soudan and ed. There is this difference between the

areas appropriated to France and England under the new convention : the English are in practical and effective occupation of the greater part of their sphere, whereas the French have yet to make good their foothold in the vast regions left have secured a larger portion of what is best worth having on the African continent both in north and south."

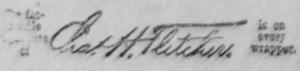
Cabling to the Times on the same subject, Mr. Henry Norman says: "This convention, which has been received with satisfaction both in England and France, and which will undoubtedly be voted in the French Chamber of Deputies by a large majority on Monday, is a success for Lord Salisbury's diplomacy. But a great er success at any rate on the surface will be shortly announced. This is an agreement with Russia concerning the respective claims of the two countries in North China, especially with record to their commercial development. The principal points in this agreement are already nego of words remain to be put on paper. In it England will recognize the Russian position in Manchuria. Russia in return will make promises concerning the trade of other nations in her sphere. There is ground also to hope that the agreement may lead the two countries to a common action regarding commerce in China apart from their particular sphere's.

KILLED HIS BROTHER.

ANOTHER FATAL RESULT OF TWO BOYS PLAYING WITH A GUN.

ALBERT, Mar. 28 .- While Kenneth, aged 16 years, and Arthur, aged 13 years, sons of Uriah Fullerton, of Brookville, parish of Harvey, were playing with a could load this rifle if a bear was upon tridge, and in attempting to ease the hammer down it slipped from his thumb and struck with such a force as caused the cartridge to explode, the bullet entering Arthur's mouth, while the latter was standing a few feet away. From the effects of the wound he died in about twentragedy, and after empanelling a jury and taking evidence, the following verdict was rendered: "We, the coroner jury summoned to enquire into the circumstances connected with the death of Arthur Fullerton, do find that the deceas-Plans and specifications may be seen and | ed came to death by a bullet accidentally discharged from a rifle in the hands of his connection, for the only mention of it brother, Kenneth Fullerton, this twentysixth day of March, A. D. 1899." The parents are well nigh heart-broken over this very sad occurence, and have the deepest Christian sympathy of a large cirhour of sorrow and sadness.

For Infants and Children.



THE GAME OF QUOITS

CAN BE PLAYED ANY PLACE AND IS SPLENDID EXERCISE.

It Is a Very Ancient English Pas time, and Its Beginnings Are Los In the Mist of Ages-Fine Training For the Eye and Arm.

There are some games which hav never had their boom, and quoits is on of them. Still, as nothing happens but the unexpected, it may be that the time is nearly ripe for quoits to be taken out of its undeserved obscurity, to be exalted to the status of a national game, to have weekly papers named after it and to have columns in the sporting pres devoted to the doings of its champions Stranger things have happened. Who, for instance, would have said when at the end of the sixties a few energetic sportsmen went wobbling about on bone shaking bicycles which it would have been far easier to push than to ride that at the end of the century considerably more than 100,000 bicycles would be manufactured annually in Great Britain alone and that a great part of the population would adopt this means of locomotion? One cannot imagine that quoits will ever attain such popularity as the bicycle, but the unprejudiced person can see no reason why it should not become as favorite a pastime as golf, which a very few years ago was almost unheard of south of the

Quoits is a very fine game, especially in the winter time. It is splendid exercise and trains the eye and the hand to act together in a way that few other sports can do, for the very essence of it is accuracy of aim at a mark placed below the level of the hand. It has been objected that throwing quoits makes is easily remedied, for there is nothing | who sha!l fall into their hands. to prevent the player throwing the quoit with his left hand if he so pleases, and such a change would make a variation in the game and also afford an excellent method of handicapping the men of unequal skill. Quoits strengthens the arms and shoulders, but it is not a pastime which primarily demands strength.

A great advantage of the game is that it can be played in any small space and that the ground need not be particularly level. Any rough field or waste bit of ground is good enough for a queits pitch, and no rolling or cutting is required to satisfy the demands of the most exigent. For cricket you need a carefully prepared wicket, for lawn tennis and croquet a piece of turf like a billiard table and for golf the best part of a country all to yourself, but for quoits you only need a few yards of rough ground, and you have as good a place for throwing as any one can possibly require.

People certainly might play quoits more than they do, but the taking up of a game is usually a matter of fancy, and perhaps two things stand in the way of quoits. First, there is an idea that it is a "rustic" sport and can only be played by the rough country lads, and, second, there is the legend that the game is derived from the classical discus throwing, a suspicion which it must be confessed is enough to throw a slur on any well regulated game.

No treatise on quoits can begin without the time honored pedigree of the quoit from the discus. Strutt, who lived at the end of the last century, of course dealt with it, and equally of course he dragged in the discus even if he did not invent the descent of quoits from the sports of ancient Greece. The thing, of course, is absurd. To make a discus, the artisan did not, in the words of the immortal Irishman, take a hole and put some iron around it. The discus was more like a flattened Dutch cheese and was a solid missile. Moreover, it was not held in the same manner as a quoit, but was bowled underhand, in which indeed it alone differs from putting the weight. That quoits is now played chiefly in the country is the fault of those who do not play it and bring it

It is no doubt a very ancient English game, and its beginnings are lost in the his book of "Voyages," so it was well known in Queen Elizabeth's time, when it probably was one of the favorite sports of Merrie England. In some parts of the country the rustics used to employ horseshoes for want of properly made quoits, and there are districts in the most probable origin of the sport and hints that the first game . quoits was started by throwing old horseshoes at the hob or mark, and from this gradually grew up the practice of having quoits specially made for throwing. So much for the discus legend. As for the word "quoit" itself, its etymology is more than doubtful, and it gives us no clew whatever to the origin of the

Shakespeare, who mentions everything except tobacco, of course has a reference to the sport, and as Hakluyt was a contemporary of his it may be held to show that the spacious times of Great Elizabeth were the palmy period of quoits. It is true that he does not speak of the sport in very reputable occurs in the scene in which Prince Henry, Falstaff. Poins and the rest were in the Boar's Head tavern, in Eastchepe. Falstaff, in giving a character sketch of the young prince, observes that he plays quoits well, but the context very clearly shows that in Queen Elizabeth's time at any rate quoit playing was looked down upon as the idle man's recreation, much as skittles is with us. That fat Jack Falstaff, disreputable old fellow as he was, meant to imply no good of the prince by his reference to quoits is very evident. This is the only reference to quoits in Shakespeare, and it is a libel. though the sting is taken out of it by the fact that it is put into the mouth of Falstaff. -Physical Culture.

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turn the money, and we will at once send your watch free of all charge. Hundreds have earned fine watches working for us, why not you? In writing, mention this paper HITELICHT WICK CO., TORONTO, CAN.

TORTURED BY SAVAGES.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 25 -A letter from Captaiu McQueston, surgeon of the 28th regulars, tells of the release of A. B. Perers, a photographer who was captured and tortured by the Philippinos. Peters was made prisoner while taking pictures outside the lines.

He was thrust into a filthy jail, where he was visited by a native aptain, who tested his sword on his body and threatened to kill him. The rebel chief then called in a number of naked savages, all armed, executed a war dance and made passes at Peters, one of them wounding him in the arm.

The next morning be was taken to Talosos, where he found eight Americans, two Englishmen and a Spaniard. From here he finally secured his release through the intervention of American officials.

"The savages who attacked Peters," continued Capt. McQueston, "were of the tribe known as head hunters and cannibals. They live in the interior of the islands and will not show any mercy afthe player lopsided, but, after all, that | ter this to any unfortunate white man

TARS FALL OUT.

NICE, March 24. - Several sailors belonging to the British cruiser 'Venus,' which is acting as a guardship during Queen Victoria's stav in Cimiez, quarrelled yest rday on the Ville Franche quay with a number of French sailors. A desperate fight resulted in which many of the combatants were injured. Some of the British sailors were compelled to rejoin their ship by swimming.



CHASE LECTURING AT ANN

Recommend Dr. A. W. Chase's

Ointment. Dr. C. M. Harlan, writing in the American Journal of Health, of Feburary

Among the proprietary medicines deserving recognition is 'Dr. Chase's Ointment,' compounded by THE DR. A. W. CHASE MEDICINE CO., Buffalo. N. Y., and Edmanson, Bates Co., Toronto, Ont., as a remedy for sores, eruptions, and skin diseases of all kinds, for which it has been used with marked success, and has effected remarkable cures in many obstinate cases which seemed to baffie the skilful medical attendant. mist of ages. Hakluyt mentions it in The results were most favourable, proving the value of 'Dr. Chase's Dintment' as a curative agent in the diseases named. The manufacturers of the remedy are well-known as experienced pharmacists, careful and reliable. In addition to which we have made full examination, and find the "It is not the practice of the which the quoit is called a "shoe" even | medical profession to indorse indisus." He then proceeded to insert a car- to this day. This gives us the clew to criminately the use of proprietary bad and worthless, we are still more ready to indorse and recommend the remedy deserving the recognition.

"Neither the physician nor the responsible Journal of Health now refuses to acknowledge the claims of such proprietary remedies as 'Dr. Chase's Ointment,' which prove their virtues by curing where other agencies have failed

"We know that 'Dr. Chase's Ointment' meets all requisitions of the highest standard of worth, that it will be held in high esteem wherever it is used, and consequently we indorse it to every reader."

C. M. HARLAN, M. D.

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GRAND ANSE GLOUCESTER CO., N. B.

This house is but a short distance from Grand Anse Station on the Caraquet Railway, and possesses unsur assed advantages as a watering place. Bathing, Boatng, Fishing, Beautiful Drives, etc., etc. Sample Rooms and Livery Stable in Charges moderate.

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