

Round Works Office

THE REVIEW

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\$1.00 A YEAR

THE GREAT NORTH SHORE ROUTE!

The Best, Surest, Safest, Quickest Route by which to reach purchasers in the North Shore Counties of New Brunswick, is via

THE REVIEW.

The regular news express to the homes of all the people, and most direct line to the pocketbooks of buyers everywhere.

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AT LAST.

Whittier's latest poem.

When on my day of life the night is falling,
And in the wind from unusual spaces blown,
I hear far voices out of darkness calling
My feet to paths unknown.

Thou hast made my home of life so pleasant,
Leave not its tenant when its walls decay;

O, love Divine, O Helper ever present
Be thou my strength and stay!

Be near me when all else is from me drifting,
Earth, sky, home picture, days of shade and shine,
And kindly faces to my own uplifting
The love which answers mine

I have but Thee, O Father! Let Thy spirit
Be with me then to comfort and uphold;

No gate of pearl, no branch of palm, I merit,
Nor street of shining gold.

Suffice it if my good and ill unrecked,
And both forgiven through Thy a-bounding grace,
Find myself by hand familiar reckoned
Unto my fitting place.

Some humble door among Thy many mansions,
Some sheltering shade where sin and striving cease,
And flows forever through heaven's green expansions
The river of Thy peace.

There from the music round me stealing,
I fain would learn the new and holy song,
And find at last, beneath Thy trees of healing
The life for which I belong.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA, JUNE 7.—Mr. Ganong introduced a bill to amend the weights and measures act in respect to the sale of fish. The bill makes the unit of measure as regards herring and sardines the unit of sale. These fish are now sold by the hoghead, but there is no specific provision as to the contents of the hoghead. Mr. Ganong proposes to make the contents five barrels of 25 gallons each.

Mr. Bennett asked what judges the solicitor general referred to when he recently said he proposed calling the attention of the House to a statement that judges had entered into bargains to return to the political arena when asked.

The solicitor general in reply read an editorial from the Montreal Star, which said judges and other well-placed citizens had promised to join the Tupper government if it was returned to power, and added that this was the case he had in mind when he made the reference he did.

Sir Charles Tupper said that he had not been in communication with any judges in connection with his government and that no such proposition had been in contemplation.

Mr. McLean, of East York, brought up the question of the Grand Trunk strike. He read a statement by the striking trackmen, in which it was claimed the G. T. R. had broken faith with them in regard to an agreement by which the strike was ended and calling upon the men to resume the strike. Mr. McLean said public safety was endangered by the resumption of the strike.

The premier said that he had been in communication with the G. T. R. for some time, endeavoring to bring about a settlement. He had also received a deputation from the trackmen and had forwarded a statement of their claims to General Manager Hays, with a personal appeal in favor of the men. Then there was an announcement that the G. T. R.

A. & R. Loggie.

—DEALERS IN—

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Crockeryware, Groceries and Provisions.

If you are in need of any of the undermentioned articles, we have them at prices that are sure to suit.

Dry Goods.

Dress Goods, Organdies, Prints, Gingham, Flannelettes, checked and plain Muslin, Table Linen, Towels and Toweling, Dress Lining and Canvas, Ladies' Undervests, Cotton and Cashmere Hose, Lisle Thread and Tafetta Gloves, Men's Ready-Made Suits, Trousers, Overalls, Linders, Drawers, White and Colored Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Neckties, Suspenders, Hats, Caps, Men's Cotton and Cashmere Hose, Spring Roller Window Shades, etc., etc.

Hardware.

We carry an assortment of the ordin-

ary lines of Shelf Hardware, also Shovels, Manure Forks, Hoes, Wire Netting for Window Screens, etc.

Crockeryware.

We have a good line of Crockeryware including Cups and Saucers, Plates, Vegetable Dishes, Gravy Boats, Side Dishes, Teapots, Butter Crocks, Molasses Jugs, etc., etc.

Harness.

We have some exceptionally good values in Driving Harness, Double Work Harness, Pails and Breaching, Express Pads and Breaching, Collars, Hames, Brides, Reins, etc., etc.

Boots and Shoes.

We have a very nice assortment of Boots and Shoes which we are selling at prices really the lowest.

Ladies' Dongola and India Slippers in black and tan.

" " " " Laced Boots.

" " " " and buttoned Boots.

Men's " " " " Laced Boots from the coarsest to the finest.

" " " " Dongola and India Laced and Congress Boots

" " " " Shoes.

Boy's, Youth's, Misses', Children's and Infant's Boots all very cheap.

Also a complete line of GROCERIES and PROVISIONS.

You will make no mistake if you buy from us as you are sure to get everything at the lowest price. If you are looking for bargains, give us a call.

A. & R. LOGGIE.

was negotiating with the strikers and he presumed his interference was no longer required. A newspaper report followed that the strike was settled and that two members of parliament had in a manner taken the matter from his hands. He then ceased dealing with the subject. If asked to resume in the interests of the men he would be happy to do so.

The minister of railways dealt with the question of public safety in connection with the strike. He received a number of communications from different points stating that the running of trains on the G. T. R. was unsafe and on Saturday notified the Grand Trunk authorities that he must have the tracks examined. All arrangements were made for the starting out of the engineers on Monday to make the examination, but the announcement of the close of the strike put an end to this. Mr. Blair pointed out that the company was as much interested as anybody in avoiding accidents. He said he would not neglect his duty.

Mr. Powell, of Westmorland, who, with Mr. Taylor, Conservative whip, rushed in to settle the strike and take it out of the premier's hands, explained his connection with it. Three-quarters of his speech was taken up in the reading of telegrams and letters he had written and received during his negotiations with Mr. Hays. The transmission of these telegrams and letters took place after Messrs. Powell and Taylor got the trackmen in the position in which they are placed to-day. General Manager Hays refused to listen to anyone on behalf of the men until the strikers resumed work. Messrs. Powell and Taylor told them to go back to work and they would have the matter negotiated. Messrs. Powell and Taylor say that there was an understanding between them and Mr. Hays that all strikers should return. They have nothing to show this and Mr. Hays states otherwise.

Mr. Bell, of Prince Edward Island, suggested that the matter should be left in the hands of the premier.

Premier Laurier replying to Mr. Wallace said that the government had no information about the report that the West Indies were negotiating for reciprocity with the United States.

Replying to Mr. Gauvreau, of Temiscouata, Mr. Blair stated that the summer time-table of the Intercolonial Railway will go into operation June 19.

Sir Louis Davies informed Mr. Ganong that no one had been appointed special fishery guardian in place of the late C. E. Boardman, of Milltown, N. B.

Mr. Blair informed Mr. Bell of Picton that W. H. Trueman, barrister, of St. John, has not been appointed to any position in the department of railways and canals.

It was 10.25 when the orders of the day were reached. The House then went into committee on the Grand Trunk agreement.

The House sat all night.

OTTAWA, JUNE 8.—There was a discussion at the banking and commerce committee yesterday on Dr. Sproule's anti-combine bill. The bill comprises one

clause which is merely to strike the words "unduly" and "unreasonably" out of section 520 of the criminal code dealing with combinations. It has been found impossible to get a conviction with these words in the section; that a party is "unduly" and "unreasonably" restraining and restricting trade. The words were put in by the Senate. Sir John Thompson was Minister of Justice when the code was amended in the direction as proposed by Dr. Sproule, but the Senate destroyed its usefulness by inserting the words mentioned. Dr. Sproule gave the leather combination as a good reason why his bill should become law. He did so in reply to Mr. Osler, who retorted that if things were as reported by Dr. Sproule the leather combination both unreasonably and unduly affected trade.

Mr. Bertram maintained that the proper way to deal with combinations was under the section of the tariff which provided that when a combination existed in any trade the goods affected should be put upon the free list. That was in his opinion the only cure. He had no sympathy with combinations or anything that destroyed competition. He pointed to the growth of combines in the United States and said that Canada should avoid this.

Mr. Ganong—Would Mr. Bertram place leather on the free list.

Several voices—And crush out the small manufacturers!

Mr. Bertram said that where a combine was discovered he would deal with it under the tariff.

Mr. McCarthy did not think that condition would be secured if words were struck out.

Dr. Russel (Halifax) said that Sir John Thompson knew what he was doing when he left these words out.

Mr. Clark Wallace strongly supported the bill, and Mr. McMullen endorsed what Wallace had said.

Dr. Rutherford spoke in favor of the bill, as did Mr. Hughes.

The bill was reported.

THAT WEAK BACK

Can be strengthened and the chronic pain removed by prompt application of one of those old English Remedies, Dr. Cook's Penetrating Porous Plasters. Hundreds of testimonials as to their curative qualities have been forwarded unsolicited to the company by persons who have been wonderfully relieved by their use. 25 cents each. Sold by all druggists, or sent post paid for same price by the Cook Chemical Co., Fredericton, N. B.

LOGICAL.

When the family of a very orthodox divine were gravely discussing why the baby was so naughty, a boy of twelve, who had just commenced to study the steam engine, as well as the Catechism, asked:

"Papa, as we all inherit the sin of Adam, and the baby is such a little fellow, isn't there a greater pressure of sin to the square inch in the baby than there is in any of the rest of us?"

COST THREE LIVES.

KILLED HERSELF AND TWO DAUGHTERS.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Mrs. Johnna Schilling, thirty three years old, killed herself and her two little daughters, Gertrude ten years old, and Edna, six. Saturday night at her home on the top floor of No 305 East Eighty-four street.

She had attached a rubber tube to the gas fixture and, turning on the cock asphyxiated herself and the children.

Neighbors noticed a strong smell of gas yesterday afternoon and traced it to the four rooms in which the Schillings lived. Robert Kauffmann and Anton Schmidt broke down the door, which had been locked, and then were forced to smash the door to the front bedroom.

Mrs. Schilling was lying dead on the bed and by her side was the elder child. The younger girl was on the floor with her feet tangled in the iron legs of a sewing machine. Blood had poured from her mouth, and there was every evidence that she had made a desperate struggle to get to the window. An ambulance was summoned from the Presbyterian Hospital, but there was no work for the surgeon. Death had beaten him by several hours.

On the sewing-machine there was a German Bible, a bouquet of wax flowers and a letter from the wife to her husband, which was written in German. Translated, it reads as follows:

"Dear Otto: You drove me to death I hope the children will also die. Before ending all I forgive you. When in my grave you will regret that you called me that ugly name you have so often used.

"I love you as much as ever. You always called me bad names, but I was never what you said, and you know it. I love you more than I could all the money in the world.

"Please see that I am buried on my birthday. My children die with me. You may keep everything found about the house. Nothing can now make me happy.

"I thank all who ever helped me; all who have done anything for me; I hope my parents will not worry over my death.

"It is with sad and bitter memories that I recall the day when we came to this country but death will end it all. A thousand kisses from me and the children.

"I know you have had to suffer on my account, but the end is now. We have been happy, and it was so lonesome here. I take all the blame."

With this letter there were three notes written on envelopes, one of them seeming to show that the mother had not at first intended to kill her children, another to notify her brother-in-law, and the third showing her thoughtfulness for her sister's children.

The first asked the husband to see that her daughters were kept from the contaminating influence of strangers. The second gave the address of her sister's husband, "Will Rourke, No 563 East street, New Haven, Conn." The last asked that the children's toys be given to "Hilda and Paula," her nieces. The toys were neatly gathered together on a shelf.

The four rooms were as clean and neat as a careful housekeeper could make them.

Mrs. Schilling had quarreled with her husband, Otto, who is a taylor working at Amsterdam avenue and One hundredth street. Their troubles began on Christmas Day when Mrs. Schilling refused to have beer in the house. Last week there was an unusual outbreak, and Otto left home saying he would never return. His wife secured a warrant for his arrest, but he kept out of the way.

Schilling longed for the wife and little ones, and yesterday afternoon, dressing himself in his best, he started for his home to make peace and ask forgiveness. At the entrance of the house he found a policeman. Otto thought of the warrant, and was explaining to the officer that he had come to be forgiven when the policeman broke the news to him in the best way he knew how.

Schilling groaned and staggered and then rushed up the steps to his dead wife and children.

Drooping on his knees by the bedside, he sobbed and prayed for his loved ones to come back, and kissing each cold face cried out over and over again:

"Oh! mama, mama, mama! How could you do it? Why did I leave you!"

"Oh, God! My good wife, my sweet heart, my babies!"

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE... is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

BONE REMOVED TO CHECK DIS-EASE.

THREE UNUSUAL OPERATIONS UPON AS MANY PATIENTS PERFORMED IN BELLEVEAU HOSPITAL, NEW YORK.

(New York Herald.)

Three unusual operations were performed in Bellevue Hospital Thursday afternoon. In two cases portions of ribs were removed and in the third a triangular section of bone, two inches and a half long on each side, was taken from the head of an infant threatened with idiocy.

Edward Lee, twenty four years old, of No. 48 Prince street, a "helper" at race tracks, and John Frederick, colored, of No. 8 Bowery, were both suffering from abscess of the lungs, which had developed from pneumonia and which is known to the medical fraternity as empyema. The abscesses had begun to affect the ribs, and it was decided that the removal of the bone threatened was imperative.

HOW THE RIBS WERE REMOVED.

The method in both cases was essentially the same. An incision seven inches long was made on the left side of the breast bone by Dr. Pierce, and, after the periosteum, or covering of the bones, and the costal arteries, which lie close to the interior side of the ribs, had been removed the two ribs selected were cut with a pair of surgical tweezers. Each rib was then held tightly at the point where the bone curves sharply at the side of the body toward the spinal column. The tweezers, grasping the free end of the bone, forced the rib outward until it cracked in two at the curve. It was then drawn out of its socket by the tweezers, the section, cut at one end and broken at the other, measuring about six inches.

It had been intended to remove in each case similar sections from nine out of the twelve ribs, beginning at the top, but the physical condition of the two men rendered the removal of more than two ribs at one time a dangerous risk. It is intended, if the men's condition continues favorable, to remove the other seven ribs at some future time.

The last previous operation of this character at Bellevue, took place last year, when parts of nine ribs were successfully removed from a man, who then completely recovered and was discharged.

OPERATION OF CRANIECTOMY.

The operation performed on the child, who was two and a half years old, was craniectomy. Dr. Nutt conducted it. The hollows, or fontanelles, in the child's head had become permanently ossified, preventing the head from growing and threatening idiocy from pressure on the still growing brain. Three round holes, or buttons, forming the points of a triangle, were cut by the trephining saw. The bone between the points was then cut through with a delicate and narrow saw, and the triangle shaped bone was lifted out and the aperture dressed. By this means, it is hoped, the pressure on the brain will be entirely removed, and the child be enabled to preserve its sanity.

"You May Bend the Sapling, but Not the Tree."

When disease has become chronic and deep seated it is often difficult to cure it. That is the reason why it is best to take Hood's Sarsaparilla when disease first shows itself—in pimples, headaches, indigestion, or other troubles which tell of poor blood, weak stomach or disordered liver or kidneys. This great medicine regulates the whole system. It never disappoints.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic.

LOOKS LIKE WAR.

LONDON, June 8.—Lord Selbourne, the under colonial secretary, announces that the Kruger-Milner conference at Bloemfontein broke down and was entirely without result.

A telegram was received at one o'clock yesterday afternoon from Sir Alfred Milner stating that Kruger obstinately refused all concessions tending to a settlement of the Transvaal difficulty.

Upon receiving the despatch, Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, Lord Selbourne and others held a long conference concerning the failure of the negotiation, which creates a serious situation.

BLOEMFONTEIN, June 8.—It is known positively that the Kruger-Milner conference was broken off summarily by Sir Alfred Milner on account of the stubborn attitude of Kruger. It is believed that force is the only argument that appeals to the Transvaal president.

TAR AND FEATHERS.

HOW EVANGELISTS ARE TREATED JUST ACROSS THE BORDER.

Evangelist Geo. W. Higgins, who since March last has been preaching at Levant, Maine, a crusade of self-denial, fasting, humiliation, and utter dependence on faith for salvation, has been warned several times to leave the place. It was charged against him that he had induly influenced a family named Clement, whose members became converts, and got them to divert their fine property to the church, with Higgins as manager. Both he and the Clements deny this, but Mr. Higgins admits his ability to cast out devils, and the character of some of the meetings held by him and his few adherents has led the other people of Levant to declare that his converts are fit subjects for the lunatic asylum. So they warned him to leave the place. He assured them that he would not go until God told him. To hasten matters a mob of about two hundred went to the Clement house, took Mr. Higgins away, tarred and feathered him, and gave him a long ride on a fence rail. After they left him, he went back and the Clement household spent the night picking off the feathers and removing the tar. Mr. Higgins says he will stay.

Another evangelist who served 18 months for horse stealing, but is now seeking to reform the world, told the Levanters that the fire in the Bangor Daily News office some time ago was sent by God as a punishment to the paper for having printed, articles derogatory of Higgins and the Holy Ghost party who, that paper states, numbered 12 to 15, in more or less good standing. This gentleman has also been told to go.

Higgins is said to be a native of Calais and to have worked in a mill before he donned the sacerdotal robes.

There is great excitement over the affair in Levant.

A Query Answered.

Anxious questioners ask, "Is there no sure cure for corns?" We are glad to be able to tell these sufferers that Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor will relieve them in a day, and extract corns without pain. It never fails.

GRAND ANSE.

JUNE 9th—William Theriault, proprietor of the Grand Anse hotel, is making general and extensive repairs on his house this spring. He expects there will be a pretty large number of tourists—sports visit this village this summer and he wishes to be in a position to entertain them in first-class style.

There were some parties here trouting this week, and they report excellent sport. There is no better place to visit for sport of that kind, and excellent treatment is given all visitors to our village.

Weather continues cold and dry in this section. Rain and heat are much needed as crops are looking very backward.

Lobster packers report lobsters very scarce at present. Salmon also are scarce. Codfishing is only commenced and there is a good appearance so far.

Francis Merony, who had his house with all its contents burned last fall, is already well under way with a new one. Frank is a hustler. John J. Sullivan is finishing the interior of his new residence. It is expected an interesting event will take place as soon as the work is completed. John Salter is also building a dwelling house this summer.

Miss Maggie Salter, Waterloo, is the guest of relatives in Pokesaw this week.

Mrs. Charlie Landry, of Bathurst, is visiting her sister, Miss Lizzie Sullivan, this week.

D. J. Sisk spent Sunday with friends in Waterloo.

Pimples on the Face

Can all be permanently removed by Burdock Blood Bitters. Mr. E. P. Barnaby, Merchant Tailor, Shelburn, N. S., says: "After paying out money to doctors and not getting cured, I tried B. B. B. After using it for a time the pimples all vanished and have never troubled me since."

NOT TOO DRUNK TO TELL THE TRUTH.

It happened on a crowded car. A seedy looking man, very much the worse for liquor, rose to give his seat to a lady, when a robust man slipped into the vacant seat, leaving the lady standing.

"S-a-y, you—you follow you," said the boozey but chivalrous individual, as he swayed to and fro hanging to a strap. "I—I'm drunk, I know, but I—I'll get over it, I will; but you—you're a hog and you'll never get over it in—in this world—no, sir, never!" And the other passengers agreed with him.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.