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THE REVIEW

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We carry an assortment of the ordinary lines of Shelf Hardware, also Shovels, Manure Forks, Hoes, Wire Netting for Window Screnes, etc.

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We have a good line of Crockeryware including Cups and Saucers, Plates, Vegetable Dishes, Gravy Boats, Side dishes, Teapots, Butter Crocks, Molasses Jugs, etc , etc.

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We have some exceptionally good values in Driving Harness, Double Work Harness, Pads and Breeching, Express Pads and Breeching, Collars, Hames, Bridles, Reins, etc., etc.

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We have a very nice assortment of Boots and Shoes which we are selling at prices really the lowest.

Ladies' Dongola and India Slippers in black and tan.
" " " " Laced Boots.
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" Laced Boots from the coarsest to the finest.
Men's " " " " " " " "
" Dongola and India Laced and Congress Boots
" " Shoes.
Boy's, Youth's, Misses', Children's and Infant's Boots all very cheap.

☞ Also a complete line of GROCERIES and PROVISIONS.

You will make no mistake if you buy from us as you are sure to get everythin at the lowest price. If you are looking for bargains, give us a call.

A. & R. LOGGIE.

THE EDITOR'S DREAM.

I dreamed the other night that I died and
went on high.
To the heavenly mansions far above the
deep ethereal sky;
Old Peter, standing at the gate inquired
what I had been,
"An editor," was my reply; said he "come
right straight in."

And then, it seemed, I started—having
nothing else to do
A bright and spicy paper, called "The
Heavenly What is New."
I ran across reporters by the dozen, even
more;
As for printers, they applied for work by
the everlasting score.

The personals were plenty, got 'em early
got 'em late—
Just kept a short-hand angel interviewing at the gate.
"Society notes" were easy, too, the
simplest sort of things,
When costumes just consisted of the
"newest fad in wings.

By Marsden.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA, June 27.—Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper to-day carried out the promise that he would renew and establish his charges against the Yukon government. He began by citing a number of precedents from Canadian and imperial sources for the course he was taking. He compared the unwillingness of the government to institute a Yukon enquiry with the zeal displayed in investigating all sorts of trumped-up charges against officiers appointed by the late government. In the Yukon case Mr. Sifton could be got to do no more than appoint his relative to try charges against Sifton's department. The evidence showed that Ogilvie had no idea of the duty of a judge. Sir Hibbert claimed that insuperable difficulties were thrown in the way of miners proving their case, and he went into an examination of the evidence, claiming that bribery was employed to get preferences in the gold commissioner's office and how relatives, friends, Indian employes, domestics and servants of Major Walsh were to get all the advantage in obtaining mining rights. After further reviewing the evidence Sir Hibbert read a series of resolutions reciting the course of the Laurier government in the Manitoba alleged election frauds, and stating that Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper believes that if given some assistance by the government he can prove that the Minister of the Interior was guilty of scandalous delay and neglect in dealing with the conditions reported to him from the Yukon in 1897; that the commission to Walsh was illegally used; that Walsh was permitted to unduly delay his departure for the Yukon; that he was not a fit man for the position of commissioner; that McGregor and Norwood, appointed mining inspectors, were incompetent men, and Norwood an American citizen; that Sifton showed favoriteism in giving dredging licenses and liquor permits to men who had been partners of his, some of whom hailed from fictitious residences; that Sifton wrongfully gave Wade permission to traffic in mining licenses; that Mulock was guilty of gross neglect in making postal arrangements; that the neglect of the government has created insanitary conditions in the Yukon; that Commissioner Walsh was guilty of misbehaviour in office, of favori'tism, liasions with Lucille Elliott and that this Lucille Elliott was given special advantage in locating claims and allowed to keep her saloon open Sunday; that Walsh illegally and vindictively interfered with legal permits issued by the Northwest government; that various officials of the government in the Yukon were guilty of blackmail, selling information, "sidedoor influences," fraud and concealment of facts; that Wade, while legal advisor of the commissioners, was personally interested in privileges and concessions given by the commissioner; that timber inspectors were interested in timber leases; that a timber lease granted and paid for was taken away from the lessee on the excuse that it was needed for the people of Dawson, after which the timber was sold to a private party, who made a net profit of five thousand dollars out of it, with various other charges.

Therefore resolved, that His Excellency be advised to instruct the Attorney General to take proper action to have these charges heard, and that a royal commission of two judges be appointed to inquire into the facts, parliament clothing them with the requisite powers.

Before moving the adjournment of the debate, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper said he made these charges with a full sense of responsibility. He could have done it all under protection of parliament, but he realized that he was making charges against persons, some of whom were not here to speak for themselves. If the tribunal were granted he would undertake to make good his accusations whether he were asked to do so in British Columbia, or in the Yukon, or at Ottawa. If he failed to make them good he would consent to the verdict that he should no longer represent the people in this House, and would retire from the parliament of his country and from public life. He was therefore, in taking this stand, risking whatever position he had attained and whatever advancement he might be ambitious to attain in future.

At 11.45 Sir Charles Hibbert moved the adjournment of the debate, having been speaking six hours.

SENATE.

The bill to confirm the Drummond railway purchase came up for its second reading.

Mr. Scott, in making the motion, gave the same statement in effect as that of Mr. Blair, but promised that fuller returns would be procured from the Grand Trunk. He did not think the experiment had been carried on far enough to afford a complete test, but thought it ought to be continued.

The secretary of state was closely questioned about his traffic arrangements with the Grand Trunk, and as to whether they were so far apart of the agreement as to be binding on the Intercolonial for ninety-nine years.

Pending the receipt of information on this and other subjects, Sir Mackenzie Bowell, moved the adjournment of the debate, which was adopted.

OTTAWA, June 29.—In reply to Mr. Fraser, of Lambton, the solicitor general, said an action had been entered in the exchequer court against the British American Bank Note Company. The contract with the company required that stamps should be printed from steel plates, but instead some of them were printed from lithographic stone. Such were 70 per cent. less valuable than those from steel plates and were more easily counterfeited. The government claimed damages to the extent to $300,000. The defence of the company in brief was that the minister of the inland revenue had accepted the stamps as being up to the terms of the contract.

Mr. Rosamond asked if the minister of the interior had yet formulated a plan for giving the young men from Ontario free land in the Northwest as was done in the case of the Doukhobors.

Hon. Mr. Sifton replied that though the question was being considered no plans had been formulated.

On resuming his Yukon speech Sir Hibbert Tupper agreed that there was delay in providing for the rush to the Yukon. He criticized advisedly the appointment of Major Walsh whom he said had retired from the Northwest mounted police under a cloud. With the premier's permission he wanted to search the departmental files to get at the fact concerning an alleged shortage of police supplies under Major Walsh's control, and found that the paper had been burned. (Sir Herbert Tupper did not say that this was in the fire in the western block.)

Sir Hibbert Tupper concluded his speech by charging gross neglect and incapacity in connection with the administration of the Yukon, followed by a carnival of corruption, and said it would be a national scandal and a national shame to refuse the motion for an enquiry which he had placed in the hands of the speaker, and for which he wished to be considered responsible.

The senate today will take up the G. T. R. agreement bill. Nothing is known here of a report in Montreal newspapers that the high joint commission has adjourned until October.

FOUR OF A KIND, ALL GIRLS.

LAPORTE, Ind., June 28.—Mrs. James Platt, aged sixteen years, of Union Mills, gave birth to a quartette of girls last night. Three of the quartette subsequently died, but the fourth bids fair to live. The attending physicians believe that the case is without precedent in medical history. Births have been recorded of quartettes, with a division of males and females, but no case has been recorded, they say, where the babes have been of one sex.

"Circumstances Alter cases."

In cases of dyspepsia, nervousness, catarrh, rheumatism, eruptions, etc., the circumstances may be altered by purifying and enriching the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Good appetite and good digestion, strong nerves and perfect health take the place of these diseases. Hood's Sarsaparilla is America's Greatest Medicine and the best that money can buy.

Hood's Pills cure biliousness, sick headache.

James S. Hickman, Cumberland's lumber king, lies very seriously ill at his residence in Amherst. On Sunday last he was seized with a stroke of apoplexy, which deprived him of his speech. Later on in the day he somewhat recovered his speech, but during the night it again left him. His right arm, hand and leg are also paralyzed.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

"And let us not be weary in well-doing for in due season we shall reap if we faint not."—Galatians 6: 9.

THE W. C. T. U.

BY P. L. GRANT.

Welcome sisters who are toiling
For the sacred rights of home
To emancipate our country
From the scathing curse of rum.
Come, and welcome to our firesides,
To our homes where temperance reigns,
To our tables spread with bounties,
Where no lip the wine-cup drains.

Where the vows of total abstinence
Weave a safeguard 'round each home,
Proving that the nation likewise,
Might be blest in days to come.
Prohibition in our homesteads
Is the safe and only course
For our boys and girls in training
To detest the rampant curse.

You are toiling for the welfare
Of descendants yet unborn,
To destroy the works of darkness,
Hoping, praying for the morn,
When the laws of prohibition—
Ruling our Dominion fair,
Will have crushed the slavish traffic—
Sending freedom everywhere

Banishing a thousand evils,
That beset on every hand,
Countless troubles wide extending,
Over all our favoured land,
Sorrow's wail will hush in gladness,
When the curse has been removed,
And the hearts that bled with anguish
Will rejoice for their beloved.

Though a host of Satan's agents
All conspire to thwart your plans,
In Jehovah's strength give battle,
Till your forces lead the van.
Ever keep the chariot rolling;
Though assailed still march along;
Now the traffic's knell is tolling,
Soon you'll shout triumphant song.

Richmond Hill, Ont.

MR. W. BAER ON THE SALOON.

Passing a saloon door near my own home one day, not so very long since, you might have viewed a scene that in itself was an object lesson, and would send you home, father or mother, wrapped in thought. A child's hearse was standing in front of the door, empty. The driver, a non-resident, was taking a "wee drop" inside. Empty was this glass-paneled and white piece of funeral livery. Empty! More than one fond parent has heard the click of a similar glass door, as it has snapped upon a little white casket in front of his own door.

God knows, I know what it means. Two years ago my oldest boy, at the age of five, was carried by good neighbours in a little white casket through my front door, and all that is mortal of that boy now lies in Medford's cemetery. There are two more boys snugly tucked in bed in my home, one four, the other two. God knows I love them as I love my life. Bright, happy faces, I see them now in their innocence, sleeping unmindful of what the battle of life is to be. God keep them from all harm, is my prayer, and give them a long and useful life. But I had rather that neither awake in this world, and I would sooner place them in one casket and let the glass door click with its sickening snap, and place their little bodies in the cold ground besides their little brother, knowing that we would all meet again in heaven, than to have them grow up and become regular patrons of the saloon, or to know tonight that they would walk the path and lead the life their father did for nearly five years. Yes, I had rather fill that empty child's hearse standing in front of the saloon with my innocent children in their innocency than to have that saloon or any other saloon fill a larger sized hearse with my grown-up boys later.

Saloons are run for revenue only—theirs is a selfish and personal wish. I, too, am selfish in my demand that they be blotted out of existence; I want my boys to live and grow up in a community that will not tolerate a saloon. Come, men, fathers, I appeal to you; vote to protect my boys. Will you? I'll vote to protect yours. Come, mothers, throw your influence, as always, upon the right side and protect my home. I'll protect yours. Come, young men, I appeal to you to-night in my selfishness, vote to protect my home and your father's roof-tree. Young women, I appeal to you: tell that young man who sees in you all that true manhood sees in true womanhood that if he values your respect and affection you expect him to cast his vote to protect you, and that it is as much of a crime before God for him to sell his vote as it would be for you to sell your virtue. Up, everybody! Young men and maidens, old men and women—up, and to arms! Strike palms in this battle for home and humanity! I appeal to you, white and black, foreign born and American-born, Protestant and Catholic, believer and non-believer. Yes, I appeal to loyal American citizens of Massachusetts, whether you espouse my religion or whether you do not. Catholic let me remind you of the stand against the saloon that many of your leaders in high authority have taken. Fellow Protestant, let me remind you that this is a time for awhile to forget whether we be Episcopalian, Baptist or Presbyterian; Methodist or Congregationalist; Universalist or Unitarian; but shoulder to shoulder let us present a united front to the enemy, that shall even now, before the day of battle, be prophetic of success for ourselves and a portent of disaster to the saloon business, not only for next year, but for every succeeding year. I have enlisted for the whole war and shall continue in it without fear or favour, please God.

God curse the saloon business and put it to confusion! God save the saloon-keeper and give him a clean heart and a prosperous life!—Union Signal.

WORTH A SOVEREIGN A BOX.

That is what a young lady remarked regarding Dr. Cook's old English remedy, Cook's new Blood Pills. They are the sure and reliable remedy for all Bilious and nervous Disorders, such as Headaches, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Liver Complaint and Female Ailments. Always kept in the house, after once using. Not a purgative pill, but a blood builder and purifier. 50 cents per box. Sold by all dealers.

KOUCHIBOUGUAC NOTES.

JULY 1st.—Notwithstanding the backward spring, the crops in this section are looking fairly well.

The "Adogwasook Fishing Club" has opened for the season. Among the arrivals we notice Colonel Stevens of Dorchester, McSweeney and Gorham of Moncton, J. W. Y. Smith, R. A. Borden and Messrs. Whitney and Binney.

Inspector Smith visited the schools here last week.

Quite a number from this place drove to St. Louis on Tuesday the 20th to attend the annual concert given by the pupils of Notre Dame.

Rev. Mr. Glover has organized a Christian Endeavour Society in connection with the Presbyterian Church. There is already an enrollment of upwards of wenty members.

The heavy easterly gales of late have done considerable damage along the coast, many of the fishing vessels being wrecked and a numoer of the nets washed ashore and lost, also, several lumber rafts belonging to Messrs. O'Leary and Roach were broken up in Kouchibouguac Narrows.

The recent rains have raised the water in the streams, and Messrs. Flanagan and Wood expect to get their lumber to its destination in the course of a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Beattie drove to Black River last week, to visit their daughter, and other friends.

Miss M. Beattie and Miss E. Flanagan drove to St. Margarets on Saturday and returned Sunday.

Mr. J. F. Atkinson of McLeod's Mills, passed through here this week en route to Chatham to get some necessary repairs for his mill.

Messrs. Black and Lynch paid Kouchibouguac a flying visit this week.

Mr. Robert Patterson is making preparations for the erection of a new house and Mr. James Callendar has made extensive repairs on his residence.

The sale held at the residence of Mrs. C. Collins on the 17th was well attended. All of the articles offered for sale, were sold at a satisfactory figure.

Miss Lizzie Potter is visiting friends in Chatham.

Misses Georgie and Carrie Jardine returned home for vacation from Convent of St. Louis, where they have been attending school.

Mr. Richard Coulter, of Douglastown, was here a few days last week the guest of Mr. J. Potter.

In consequence of late repairs the roads are at present in a bad condition for cycling, but promise to be better in a short time.

Mr. A. McKay passed through here last Saturday en route to Richibucto, and returned the same evening.

Mr. Michael Young of Richibucto River, spent Sunday with friends in this vicinity.

JOE.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE ... 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanantly cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

THE GOVER TRIAL.

CLOSING INCIDENTS IN A SOMEWHAT UNUSUAL CASE.

FREDERICTON, June 27.—On being asked if he had any objection why sentence should not be passed, Mr. Gregory briefly addressed the court in the prisoner's behalf. He said he had visited the prisoner's wife shortly after the tragedy and had found her in a depressed state of mind. She looked upon herself as having been the chief means of placing her husband in the position he now occupied, and said that she had sent many messages expressing the hope that her husband would forgive her, and hope he would soon be restored to his family. As a tangible result of her good will the homestead, which was hers was mortgaged, and thus was secured the funds to prosecute the defence. In a touching and feeling manner, in view of the above facts, Mr. Gregory asked his honor to go his utmost limit in dwelling leniently with his client.

At the close of this address Judge Vanwart had the prisoner moved to within a few feet of him. Addressing Gover he pointed out the enormity of his crime, but at the same time he told him he occupied his present position chiefly through his unfortunate life. From the finding of the jury he concluded they had believed his evidence as to the finding of McLean in bed with his wife. Such being the case and in view of the facts stated by Mr. Gregory, he would impose a light sentence and hoped that a turning point had been reached in the lives of both the prisoner and his wife and that in the future rum would be banished forever from the home. The sentence of the court was then delivered that the prisoner be committed to the common jail for the space of 10 days.

A burst of spontaneous appause from the hundreds of spectators, in which many of the jury joined, greeted the closing of the Judge's remarks, showing plainly that public opinion was satisfied and that the belief was Gover had been "more sinned against than sinning." Thus closed in a dramatic manner one of the most sensational trials that has taken place in New Brunswick for years.

On the streets little else is being discussed but the sentence, and while some are of the opinion that it was too light, the vast majority of public opinion upholds it.

Soldier's Good Fortune.

Gunner Napoleon Comtais of the R. C. A. cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Quebec, July 3.—Napoleon Comtais, gunner, No. 2 Company of the Royal Canadian Artillery stationed at the Citadel here, considers himself a lucky man. He will wear the queen's uniform for years yet. He expected at one time that kidney disease would necessitate his quitting the service. But he heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Gunner Comtais received a letter recently asking about his cure. He replied as follows:—

Royal Canadian Artillery Library:
Quebec, June 1st, 1899.

Dear Sir—I received your letter and hereby certify that I was cured of Kidney Disease by Dodd's Kidney Pills. By them I can be a soldier a few years yet.

Gunner N. Comtais.
No. 2 Co. R. C. A., Quebec.

A WICKED PARROT.

A patrot that had grown old and gray and wicked was the property of a man who was delighted by the bird's uncanny speeches and yet was often annoyed by their rudeness. One day the rector of the parish came to call on the owner, and the bird happened to be in the room. The pastor was a short, fat man, with a smooth face, a clerical coat and a white tie.

For a time the bird was quiet, but suddenly, after some personal experience, related by the clergyman, the wretched creature squawked out, "Oh, what a lie!"

Of course Polly was punished, and severely, too, and for a time seemed to mend her wicked ways.

One day a friend of the family from out of town came to make a visit. As soon as he caught sight of Polly he at once tried to make friends with her. He was a short, fat man, with a smooth face, and Polly looked at him with her head cocked on one side in a decidedly wicked fashion.

But she didn't say a word.

Finally he turned away, and then that naughty parrot shrieked after him:

"You can't catch me, you old fool! Where's your white necktie!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

COOK'S SURE COUGH CURE