

THE REVIEW

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THE SERVANT GIRL.

Wise Chicagoans are pointing With the proudest of kind pride To solution of a problem. Long in vain by others tried. They are hiring men as servants. To do all the household chores, While the former maids are seeking Jobs in offices and stores.

And the men are broadly smiling O'er the easy work and pay, And each one of them is hoping That the girls will stay away, For the tasks to them are trifling. And their rooms and meals are free, And it's just like finding money When their salaries they see.

That they're giving satisfaction Is a fact that's very plain, For they're up in all the business That made old time servants vain. Clouds of dust they're promptly raising When they give the broom a whirl, And the men can smash the dishes Just as well as any girl.

There's no fear that madam's bonnet Will be spotted by the cook, And the gown she highly prizes Will be found upon the hook. There are now no lunches waiting For the hungry beaux to eat, And no smiling from the window At the copper on that beat.

There are many other reasons, But these surely should suffice, Showing that the servant problem In Chicago cuts no ice. There so well the scheme is working That it's pretty safe to guess Other cities will accept it And enjoy the same success.

Men will do the washing, baking And all other household chores, While the women hold positions In the offices and stores. And some hubbies now are trembling, Seeing in the plan this doom— That their wives will go out clerking While they wield the mop and broom. —Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph

THE WAR.

BRITISH LOSS TO DATE.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The British losses up to date in killed and wounded and captured according to General Buller's last list, total 8,216 men. The Boer loss was the other day estimated in the neighborhood of 6,200.

CHEERING NEWS FROM LADYSMITH.

LADYSMITH, Sunday, by runner via Fere Camp, Wednesday.—The garrison is watching General Buller's guns shelling the Boers. Their fire can be seen at this distance and appears effective. The movements of the Boers show that they are evidently determined to stubbornly oppose the advance of the relief column; and they show no signs of removing their guns and have mounted new ones, and are continually strengthening their fortifications. Our fortifications have been greatly strengthened since Jan. 6th, and Ladysmith is now practically impregnable. Owing to the dry weather the fever has diminished, and the number of convalescents returning from Intombie Camp outnumber the patients being sent there. The supplies are spinning out splendidly, all the troops having sufficient wholesome food. The heat is terrific, the thermometer registering 107 degrees in the shade.

SPION KOP CAPTURED BY WARREN.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The war office has issued the following despatch from Spearman's Camp dated Jan. 25, 12.10 morning: "General Warren's troops last night occupied Spion Kop, surprising the small garrison who fled. It has been held by us all day, though we have been heavily

It Costs Very Little

To buy one of those Heavy Ulsters, or in fact, it costs very little to buy anything in the shape of Winter Clothing at

A. & R. Loggies.

Below is a list of goods that we are selling at prices that will suit everybody:—

HEAVY ULSTERS, OVERCOATS, REEFERS, SMOCKS, MACKINAW JUMPERS, SWEATERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, GREY AND BLUE FLANNEL SHIRTS, HEAVY KNITTED SHIRTS, WOOLEN UNDERWEAR, FLEEC-LINED UNDERWEAR, HEAVY WEARING PANTS, MEN'S READY MADE SUITS.

WHITE WOOL BLANKETS, GREY FLANNELETTE, COMFORTABLES, LUMBERMEN'S SOX, MEN'S IMIT. LAMB CAPS, BOY'S MEN'S CLOTH OVER-SHOES, RUBBER RUBBER BOOTS, MOCCASINS.

You will find prices on the above very low, in fact, away below anything yet offered for the same class of goods.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

We have a full line of Groceries and Provisions including, FLOUR, OATMEAL, CORNMEAL, BEANS, BARLEY, SPLIT PEAS, PORK, HERRING, CODFISH, SAUSAGES, CANNED GOODS, ETC., ETC.

Another lot of Fishermen's Pride Flour and Fishermen's Pride Tea just received.

A. & R. LOGGIE.

attacked and practically by a very annoying shell fire. I fear our casualties are considerable and I have to inform you we regret that General Woodgate was dangerously wounded. General Warren is of opinion that he has rendered the enemy's position untenable. The men are splendid."

CANADIAN VOLUNTEER KILLED IN BATTLE

TORONTO, Jan. 25.—Word has been received that Private J. H. Jones of the British Columbia Company, 1st Contingent has been killed in action at Dovers Farm, Cape Colony.

STORMED SPION KOP AT NIGHT.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Spion Kop has been captured but at great British loss. The glad news of victory is ringing through the British Isles. Topography maps show that Spion Kop is the highest part of a rocky plateau. Eastward for eight miles are the Boer positions along the Tugela. Northwestward from Spion Kop the plateau runs gradually up to a great spur of the Drakensburg. General Buller's infantry, to reach the summit of Spion Kop, must cross a natural glacis three quarters of a mile wide and climb 500 feet up a steep slope.

MORE TROOPS ARRIVING.

In the hour of victory British troops are rapidly arriving in South Africa. Nobody here in London seems to know, not even the War office, what Lord Roberts has done with his large reinforcements. Six thousand troops awaited his arrival at Cape Town; since then 6,000 others have reached there. Military critics are all hoping that a good share of these 12,000 have gone to help General Buller, and they argue that a few days' wait may make him strong enough to overcome the deadlock. There are 19,000 troops at sea and this heavy weight on the British side is expected to destroy the equilibrium now existing on every field of operations.

PRELIMINARY FIGHTING.

The story of the battle so far as learned is that on Monday, Sir Charles Warren's forces cannonaded and fusilled the Boer positions west of Spion Kop, near the Acton House road. A lyddite battery cooperated with the other batteries and Maxims.

Certainly the fire was effective, causing the enemy serious losses. The Boers however, clung desperately to their works, from which they are only being very slowly driven. On Tuesday the enemy fired their guns oftener, using also the captured 15-pounders with shrapnel. Our casualties were less even than those of Monday.

Fighting began about 6 in the morning and continued until dark, but there has been nothing like a general engagement. The naval big guns assisted from Potgieter's Drift in shelling the Boer positions.

NO ADVANCE TUESDAY.

The Boers had more guns and were prepared to fight almost interminably, having entrenched their ridge, which stretches in almost unbroken line from the Drakensburg many miles eastward.

Firing continued throughout the day. We have not advanced any further but we threw up entrenchments during the night from which the musketry duel continued from exactly the same position as yesterday.

THE RIDGE CARRIED.

The British field artillery and howitzers shelled the enemy's position on the crest of the ridge on Tuesday morning. The infantry under excellent cover kept up an effective rifle fire. The Boers resigned a kopje, of which the British infantry took possession. When returning the enemy sheltered behind a stone wall on the slope of the kopje which they held for hours. In the afternoon they ran across the ravine. The British artillery poured shrapnel and lyddite into them and the infantry took the stone wall. The British casualty list was small.

SUCCESSFUL RECONNAISSANCE BY GENERAL FRENCH.

RENSBERG, Jan. 25.—General French has made a successful reconnaissance driving away several parties of the enemy who were harassing his outposts. The British lost two killed and five wounded.

BRITISH ADVANTAGE HAD TO BE ABANDONED.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—The war office posted the following at 11 o'clock this morning: "Spearman's Camp, Jan. 25, 12 p. m.: The Warren garrison, I regret to say, I find this morning had in the night to abandon Spion Kop." (Signed) BULLER.

TWENTY-FOUR KILLED AND 153 WOUNDED.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—The losses in detail on Jan. 24th were: Kings Royal Rifles—three officers killed and four wounded; ten men killed and sixty-five wounded; eleven missing. Second Cameronians—three officers killed, six wounded; eight men killed, seventy-seven wounded; twenty missing. Indian staff, one officer wounded. Among the officers killed are Lieut. Colonel Buchanan of Riddel Rifles, and three majors.

Crowds continue to throng the war office and keen anxiety prevails for details of the fighting. Buller's despatches were forwarded to the Queen who is considerably affected over the bad news. Public opinion is that Buller's check makes the outlook for the relief of Ladysmith dark. The casualty list of Methuen's horse is an officer wounded.

THE BRITISH MUST ATTACK THE BOERS AGAIN.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The Morning Post critic says: "The British must either attack again until they have again driven off the Boers and can keep protected against an attack or they must find another means or bringing about the Boer retreat. The explanation of the success of the Boers on Wednesday is probably that they were reinforced. On Wednesday two battalions of

Lyttleton's brigade suffered losses which indicate serious fighting. Could it be that it was these battalions which were all day on Spion Kop.

"If so Lyttleton's brigade is counted as a part of Warren's force. If not then the fighting on Wednesday was serious, not only at Spion Kop but in front of Potgieter's Drift also.

"The Boers appear to have no lack of men, for it turns out that the affair of Tuesday at Chievely was not a British but a Boer reconnaissance. The Boer efforts against Ladysmith have also increased.

The difficulty in the situation is the fact that the Boers in front of Warren are as near the British line of retreat, either at Chievely or Estcourt, as the British troops opposing them, and the Boers can move faster. That is why Buller must win the battle."

LIFE'S A BLANK

Without Hearing-Catarrh Induces Deafness—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Gives Quick Relief.

W. Ernest Louis, of West Flamboro, was so bad with chronic catarrh that his hearing seemed permanently impaired. Doctors treated, specialists tortured for five months, but his hearing grew worse. He was recommended to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. One application gave him great relief and a couple of bottles cured him permanently. Sold at Est. W. W. Short.

TWO LIBERALS ELECTED—AND ONE TORY.

OTTAWA, Jan. 26.—The returns from the Dominion bye-election in Sherbrooke give McIntosh, Tory, 90 majority, which will be reduced when complete figures are received. This is a great cut down from the large majority of the last general election, LeBaron made a good fight but had the disadvantage of not being able to speak French, while McIntosh speaks it as well as English.

In Winnipeg, Martin, Liberal, was elected by 26 over Puttee.

Two Liberals were running in Lotbiniere and Fortier has been elected by 126 over Boisvert. This was a family contest the Conservatives not being able to put up a candidate, as was the case also at Winnipeg.

The result is very satisfactory to the government, for out of seven vacant seats, six have returned supporters of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and the seventh, a Tory stronghold was held by a largely reduced majority.

THE SHERBROOKE CONTEST.

MONTREAL, Jan. 26.—The keenly contested bye-election in Sherbrooke to-day resulted in cutting down the Conservative majority in the general election by nearly two hundred votes, but the opposition succeeded in holding the seat by a desperate effort.

John MacIntosh, who was elected by 98 majority, was an exceedingly strong local man, but the strength of the government candidate, Mr. LeBaron, is shown by his success in reducing the majority of 257 given the late Hon. Mr. Ives over Mr. Aylmer.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE... 25c. Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blow. Heals the ulcers, clears the passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blow free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase, Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

WHAT ONE BOER KNEW.

A few interesting stories come in from time to time from the hospitals. One correspondent writes from Orange River: "The Boer prisoners in hospital still continue to prosper and wax fat. I was speaking to one of them the other day. He was an exceedingly interesting man, and the half hour's conversation was most instructive to me. He was educated at Stellenbosch, the Cape Dutch university centre, and who was one of the last men one would imagine to have any mistaken notion as to Britain's resources, and yet, he informed me, he had been under the impression that the English army consisted of six thousand soldiers.

"But surely," I argued, "you must know that the British army consists of more than six thousand! You read the papers, you have a knowledge of the world."

"My friend, the Boer prisoner, shook his head with a wise smile.

"I have seen only accounts of a big English army in the English papers. What would be easier than for your command-in-chief to put down an extra hundred thousand troops on paper? If you have so many troops, why are you sending to India, Canada, Australia and China for assistance? I did not attempt to explain."

MCAIRN, KENT CO

JAN. 22, 1900.—As the Xmas and New Year holiday festivities are ended until the echo of "Peace on earth, good will to wards men" shall be heard above the storms and tumults of another year, and as we have not seen anything in THE REVIEW from this place to tell that we are living in a highly civilized land to many which instead of bidding the Gospel God speed to all His earthly children are bewailing, sadness and devastation and death which have been dealt by the hand of one man to another or one nation to another, may the day soon come when "men will beat their swords into plowshares and study war no more," although it would seem as though that day will never be seen around here, as I understand one of our magistrates who have sworn Loyalty to the Queen is denouncing British law and order and has become radical in his belief and if youth were in his favour would place his knapsack on his back and rifle on his shoulder and "his awa" to help the Boers. "Such is life."

Numbers of our young men and fair maidens have gone to other parts for the winter, while with the return of the hot sultry month of July the dear lassies will return, and it will be "We'll tie the flags together boys."

During holidays we received some very congratulatory letter, among them is one which is so crisp, that we will give some extracts for the benefit of the public. "Yes; I am going to support Mr. Barnes if he is a candidate in the next Federal election. Not only has he shown good judgment and much ability in the conduct of the country business during his term at Fredericton, but he is, in intelligent sympathy with Hon. A. G. Blair, he knows something of Railway matters in all respects."

Now we may as well admit for the facts are undeniable, that Blair is the best minister of Railways this country has ever had. He is doing more to develop the business interests of the Lower Provinces than all those who preceded him. He shows a disposition to make the people's Railway the people's friend. He has not feared to grapple with the giant Octopus the C. P. R., and still more he made the Octopus at first growl and then it squealed. We certainly have a different state of affairs on the I. C. R. than we had before. It is quite true Mr. Blair is hampered by the officers under him, yet if continued in power, he will be able to get men who will not be planning to thwart his purposes for the improvement of the service. This does not mean that I am swallowing the Liberal party holus-bolus, but I do say, when we have a good man at the head of the I. C. R. it is more important for us to keep him than to concern ourselves with the Klondike or the social prejudices of Quebec. I do not think the French will put up a man, they will see their interests are safe with Laurier at the helm and to insist on returning a French member wherever they are in the majority will be the most telling canvas they could place in the hands of Clark Wallace and others who in Ontario will no doubt raise the cry of "No French."

If they, on the other hand, sink the race cry out of sight, they will give Laurier and his party a standing in Ontario that can be gotten by no other means. If our Buctouche Politician has done so much for other places we cannot let some of his beneficial influences here pass by without notice. We would specially mention the building of the Neol Creek Bridge. This was a precipitous ravine, and were we living in the days of Bonaparte, we think it would be quite a place for his Generals to kill soldiers and horses climbing, especially after a snow storm, through the instrumentality of Mr. Barnes there has been a very fine cedar Bridge built by Mr. J. D. Irving of Buctouche, and superintended by Mr. Wm. Ward, while both hills have been graded and is pronounced by all to be the finest piece of work performed in Kent Co. for the same money.

Wm. Johnson has refitted up his Grist Mill and is now busily attending to the wants of his customers. He has also moved into his own dwelling. By the kindness of the neighbours the Superintendent of Juvenile Temple with her Juveniles have been entertained on Wednesday evenings at each of the respective homes alternately, Mrs. Wm. Johnson, Miss S. McEachern and Mrs. Michaud, where very enjoyable evenings were spent. Dr. and Mrs. King of Buctouche, aided much in assisting a good cause along, while through the kindness of Mrs. W. Killam of Havlock, Albert Co., G. S. J. T. of the Grand Lodge of New Brunswick we received a very fine supply of stock to carry on the Juvenile Temple, and the little ones are improving their time and talent most wonderfully.

Mrs. Henry Murray of Buctouche, is visiting her sister Mrs. Jas. J. Huson.

Mrs. John McNeil is very ill, no hope is entertained for her recovery.

Mrs. Jas. Johnson accompanied by her daughter Thirza has gone to Moncton to undergo treatment for her eyes.

Mr. Anthony McNairn is in the locality surveying lumber for J. D. Irving of Buctouche.

M. M. J.

WORTH A SOVEREIGN A BOX.

That is what a young lady remarked regarding Dr. Cook's old English remedy Cook's New Blood Pills. They are the sure and reliable remedy for all Bilious and nervous Disorders, such as Headaches, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Liver Complaint and Female Ailments. Always kept in the house, after once using. Not a purgative pill, but a blood builder and purifier. 50 cents per box. Sold by all dealers.

THE BURIAL OF JAMES G. MILLER.

(Chatham World.)

There were 110 teams in the procession that followed the remains of the late James G. Miller to St. Paul's churchyard last Monday afternoon, besides a long line of pedestrians. The procession was headed by the Citizens' Band, with the members of the Masonic Order in regalia. Rev. Canon Forsyth held services at the church and Worshipful Master McIntosh conducted Masonic services at the grave. Mr. John McDonald was in charge of the funeral. The pallbearers were Messrs. W. C. Winslow, F. E. Neale, Byron Call, Walter Crocker, John McLennan and John Bullock. The casket bore a wreath of beautiful flowers. The deceased was one of the most lovable of men, and probably never exchanged an unkind word with anyone. He was quiet, studious, gentle. Music, of which he was fond, was his only recreation, and he had a natural gift for mastering the intricacies of machinery. He built engines before he was out of his teens, and gave promise of rising very high in his chosen profession. A cold, caught while recovering from a mild attack of fever, was the immediate cause of death. The bereaved parents and wife have the warm sympathy of the whole people of the Miramichi.

WANTED RELIABLE MEN Good honest men in every locality, local travelling, to introduce and advertise our goods taking up show-cards as fences, along public roads and all suspicious places. No experience needed. Salary of commission \$60 per month and expenses \$2.50 per day. Write at once for full particulars. THE EMPIRE MEDICINE CO., London, Eng.

DISTRIBUTION OF SAMPLES OF SEED GRAIN.

To the Editor of The Review.

Under instruction of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture another distribution of sample packages of the best and most productive sorts of cereals, &c., is now being made from the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. The distribution will consist, as heretofore, of samples of oats, spring wheat, barley, field peas, Indian corn and potatoes. Each sample will weigh three pounds. The quantity of the seed will be of the best, the varieties true to name and the packages will be sent free to applicants, through the mail. The object in view is the improvement of the character and quality of the grain, &c., grown in Canada, an effort widely appreciated, and the choice of varieties to be sent out will be confined to those which have been found to succeed well at the Experimental Farms.

These samples will be sent only to those who apply personally, lists of names from societies or individuals cannot be considered. Only one sample of one sort can be sent to each applicant, hence if an individual receives a sample of oats he cannot also receive one of wheat or barley. Applications should be addressed to the Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa, and may be sent any time before the 15th of March, after which date the lists will be closed, so that the samples asked for may all be sent out in good time for sowing. Parties writing will please mention the sort of grain they would prefer and should the available stock of the variety named be exhausted, some other good sort will be sent in its place. Letters may be sent to the Experimental Farm free of postage.

WM. SAUNDERS, Director Experimental Farms, OTTAWA, January 22nd, 1900.

Norah—"An' for why do you wear that band on your arum?" Policeman—"To show I'm on duty on the beat."

Norah—"Sure, an' I thought it was because y'd not be knowin' yer roight arum from yer left."