

THE REVIEW

VOL. 11. NO. 37.

RICHIBUCTO, NEW BUNSWICK, THURSDAY MAY 3, 1900.

\$1.00 A YEAR

THE GREAT NORTH SHORE ROUTE!

The Best, Surest, Safest, Quickest Route by which to reach purchasers in the North Shore Counties of New Brunswick, is via

THE REVIEW.

The regular news express to the homes of all the people, and most direct line to the pocketbooks of buyers everywhere.

See that your advertisement is ticketed via THE REVIEW.

A KENT COUNTY MAN

FOULLY MURDERED AT WINFIELD, KANSAS.

(Moncton Times.)

Information has been received here of the murder at Winfield, Kansas, (a station on the Santa Fe Route), of Douglas C. Coates, a native of Kent County, N. B. He was a son of Henry R. Coates and one brother, Henry Coates, of the I. C. R. blacksmith shop, lives in Moncton. Other brothers of the murdered man are George, a farmer at Corn Hill, Kings County, and William in Manitoba. Deceased learned telegraphy with Mr. L. W. McAnn of Moncton. He went West some fifteen years ago, his last station on the I. C. R. being Eel River. The foul deed was committed on the night of Monday Apr. 2nd. In a letter to Mr. John W. Coates of Coatesville, Kent Co., a Mr. Hall, of Winfield says the motive of the murder is unknown though it is supposed to have been robbery. The murdered man leaves an estimable wife of a year in a delicate condition and they had many friends during their brief residence in Winfield. The State and County have offered liberal rewards for the detection of the murderers and every effort is being made to bring them to justice. The Winfield Daily Courier of April 3rd contains the following account of the tragedy:

Douglas C. Coates, night operator at South Winfield, was shot and killed last night by burglars while bravely defending the property in his charge. He was shot twice, once through the breast a little to the right of the heart and once through the head, the bullet entering near the left corner of his mouth, ranging upward diagonally, coming out at the back of his head on the right side. Either shot would probably have proven fatal.

That it was the work of cold blooded ruffians bent on robbery there is no doubt. There is every evidence of attempted robbery but the robbers secured only a few pennies in the money drawer. The safe was locked and Mr. Coates could not open it. The money drawer with Mr. Coates' keys in the lock was setting on the desk and a bullet of 32 calibre had penetrated one of the partitions and lodged in the drawer. The other bullet could not be found.

The killing was done about midnight. The switch crew left the office at 11:20 and the body was discovered at 12:40. Conductor Minturn of the local freight was the first man at the office after the tragedy. On the arrival of his train he went to the office and found the door locked and got no response to his knock. He then went to the window and saw the body of Mr. Coates doubled up under the operator's desk on the west side near the south window. Supposing he had fallen in a fit or some other accident had befallen Mr. Minturn managed to reach the telephone through the window and notified the north depot that something was wrong. The switch engine then hurried around and on the arrival of the crew

WHEN BUYING FLOUR OR TEA, Be Sure and ask for Fishermen's Pride.

We have a number of other kinds of both FLOUR and TEA but we particularly recommend the above brands, and guarantee them to give satisfaction.

CANNED GOODS.

We have a good stock of CANNED GOODS on hand including Peaches, Pears, Apples, Blueberries, Corn, Peas, Beans, Tomatoes, Clams, Salmon and Beef.

Good HERRING, CODFISH and LING also on hand.

A. & R. LOGGIE.

The door was broken in to gain admittance. The men were horrified when they took hold of the body to find it covered with blood and lifeless.

The body was quite warm when found with the blood just beginning to congeal which indicated that life had been extinct but a few minutes. The sheriff's office was notified by phone and Lee McClelland hurried to the depot and after arrival of Coroner Pickens he and Ed Coates with the assistance of some outsiders made a thorough search of the yards from the hill across the bridge south of town to above the junction. Near the elevator two men were found sleeping in a cob pile and they were arrested and brought to jail. They gave their names as W. C. Rippee and W. C. Mingus, claiming to live in Colorado and being on their way home from a visit in Missouri. They had some money which they said they were saving by beating their way on the railroads. Later Charles L. George of Purcell, I. T., F. A. George of Wellington and Claude Hardy of Bentonville, Ark., was arrested, but later they were turned loose. F. A. George created some suspicion by dropping a revolver by a tree near the Bon Ton hotel on his way to jail but the gun had not been discharged for some time. This morning George Nichols arrested two men who gave their names as Ben Franklin and Avul Collier, claiming they lived in Arkansas. These and the two first arrested are held to await developments.

The sympathy of the entire community goes out to the grief stricken young wife. She was in a very delicate condition and sympathizing friends pondered long how best to break the news to her. Mrs. P. E. Hall hurried to her when the news first came but Dr. Pickens was selected to tell her she was a widow. He first told her that her husband had been hurt, it was feared seriously, and after an interval told her the truth. She bore the shock bravely and so far there has been no evil results. She was taken to Mrs. Hall's home where all is being done that human friendship can do to allay her terrible grief. She was a wife about one year, and those acquainted with the family say husband and wife were never more devoted.

Mr. and Mrs. Coates came to Winfield last fall from Moore, I. T., and occupied a house on West Eleventh near the depot. They were both of a disposition to make friends of society and they commanded the universal respect of all the people with whom they have become acquainted. Among the railroad men none stood higher than Mr. Coates. He was thoroughly

reliable and conscientious in all his work and accommodating to an unusual degree. A railroad man is compelled to answer so many foolish questions that it is no wonder they sometimes appear bored, but Mr. Coates was never known to return a short answer or refuse to accommodate when in his power.

The scene which transpired inside the office can only be imagined, but those acquainted with Mr. Coates' disposition can readily imagine how he would, as he did, give up his life where duty demanded it. From the condition of the furniture in the room there must have been a fierce struggle. The heavy desk in the centre of the office was moved several inches and there are marks of shoe heels on the side. There were splashes of blood on top of the safe which might indicate that he was shot first while he was standing near it. From the marks of the bullet in the money drawers in all probability he used it as a shield and warded off the first shot, the villains afterwards overpowering him and shooting at close range.

The officers refuse to believe it was the work of professionals for they seldom kill except in self defence and Mr. Coates was not armed. They are further inclined to the idea that Mr. Coates recognized the thieves and that they killed him on the theory that dead men tell no tales. It has been a long time since the people of Winfield were so incensed at cold blooded crime and when caught, if ever, the murderers may receive rough handling.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE
Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blow-Head the ulcers, clears the passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Price 25c. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase, Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

A MEMBER OF THE STRATHCONA HORSE DEAD.

OTTAWA, April 25.—A cable has been received from Col. Steele announcing the death from blood poisoning of Simmill, of the Strathcona Horse. He died at Capetown yesterday. His is the first death among the Strathcona Horse. His mother lives in Newport, Eng.

For 25c. a bottle of Higgins' British Liniment will bring you ease and comfort.

A transport with remnants for the British army will sail from Montreal May 15th.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24, 1900.—Was the attempt to wreck the Welland Canal the work of men affiliated with the Irish secret associations? This is the question asked and answered at least partially in the affirmative by United States Consular Agent Brush, in a special telegraphic report to the State Department from Clifton, Ont. The report completely exonerates the Buffalo grain handlers of all complicity in the crime. It does not appear that the State Department can do anything at present, but if the Canadian authorities manage to secure the necessary evidence upon which to base a criminal prosecution of the perpetrators, the department will secure the extradition of the men to Canada for punishment, if they shall be found within the United States. Under the existing British extradition treaty, it is an extraditable offense to conspire in the United States to commit a crime against property in Canada.

Unless something unexpected happens, the Nicaragua canal bill will be adopted by the House of Representatives within the next two weeks, without waiting for the action of the Senate on the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. The bill as adopted, however, will not be the measure that has been urged for some time past. The powerful committee on Rules of the House, which decides what legislation shall be considered and what allowed to go over, refused to permit the canal bill to be taken up without certain modifications which would bring it practically within the lines of the Hay-Pauncefote convention. It insisted on this at the direct request of President McKinley, who seriously objected to having his Secretary of State receive the slap in the face that the passage of the bill as it stood would have inflicted.

Accordingly, the Committee on Commerce, which has control of the bill, agreed to amend it as asked. The provision in the bill which directed the President to construct and defend the canal was modified so as to read "construct and protect," and the feature of the measure which directed the Secretary of War "to construct such fortifications for the defence of the canal as will be required, for the safety and protection of the canal and harbors" is changed so as to direct the Secretary of War "to make such provisions for the defense of the canal as may be necessary for its safety and protection."

It must not be imagined, however, that the passage of the bill by the House means that it will also be passed by the Senate. There is a question of both domestic and foreign politics involved. The advocates of the shipping bill, which grants heavy subsidies to ships plying under the United States flag, insist that their bill must be passed by the Senate first, and refuse to allow action on the Nicaraguan bill until after this has been done. The Democratic Senators will surely strain every nerve to defeat the shipping bill and will thereby hold back the Nicaraguan bill from action. The foreign question of course, involves Great Britain. The new treaty has been laid aside until next session and it is highly probable that even then it will not be ratified. To pass the bill while ignoring the treaty would probably be considered insulting to Great Britain and the Senate will therefore prefer to go slow about it.

Great interest is again being taken in the Boer war, though no one any longer doubts the result or looks for any intervention by other powers. "There is reason for believing that one of the things for which General Roberts has been waiting is assistance from the Basutos," says Mr. Henry Lane, of London, England, who is in this city. "If these terrible savage fighters should descend upon the Boer commandoes it would probably quickly rid Roberts of them. The British have been restraining these savages for months. If they break loose England will unquestionably say that she did all she could to hold them. There are several reasons why England dreads to invoke this mighty power. One is that all white men are alike to the Basutos, and they will slay British as well as Boers

if they can reach them. The Basutos murder their wounded and their prisoners. After killing their wounded they drive the death assegai into the hearts and stomachs of the dead bodies. They shrivel and the drying bodies are eaten by the ants. On the Basuto battlefield none of the swollen bodies which Webster Davis has been describing would be seen. The children are killed by the Basutos and the women would be subjected to the most horrible treatment before being killed. There will be a cry of horror arising from all civilized countries if these warriors begin their awful butcheries."

Commercial Agent Johnson writes from Stanbridge, March 17, 1900:

"The establishment of a \$500,000 factory for the manufacture of beet root sugar in Canada will, it is said, be shortly undertaken by American capitalists, who are working with Messrs. J. E. Askwith and James Fowler, of Ottawa, in the interest of the enterprise. The factory will be located in Ontario and will be capable of handling 500 tons of beets daily. The Canadian Government is to be asked to place a bounty on the production of beet sugar in Canada, and this, the promoters of the company claim, will insure the establishment in Canada of a great many other factories for making beet sugar."

Consul-General Turner, of Ottawa, on March 28, 1900, writes: "Hon. Sidney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, gave notice yesterday in the House of Commons that the Department of Agriculture was to amend the act relating to the San Jose scale and allow the importation of shrubs, etc., now prohibited, under certain conditions of fumigation, and that fumigating stations would be established in several points in Canada."

"Opportunity is the Cream of time."

Now is your opportunity. There is no time when the system is so much in need of a good medicine, like Hood's Sarsaparilla, and no time when it is so susceptible to the benefits to be derived from such a medicine. By purifying, enriching and vitalizing the blood and toning up the system Hood's Sarsaparilla starts you right for a whole year of health.

Constipation is cured by Hood's Pills.

Upward of fifty writers and artists contribute to the May Ladies' Home Journal, consequently variety is combined with excellence throughout its pages. Rudyard Kipling drolly tells of "The Beginning of the Armadillos." Mary B. Mullett writes of "The Real Thrums of Barrie," Clifford Howard, of "The Flower that Set a Nation Mad," Mabel Percy Haskell, of "A Famous Boston Belle," and the Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady continues his experiences as "A Missionary in the Great West." Ian Maclaren's article answers the query "Is the Minister an Idler?" and Edward Bok writes of early marriage and of domestic science in the schools. Two pages of pictures, "Through Picturesque America"—the second of a series—reveal the beauties of our country's scenery. The drawings, "The American Girl on the Farm," by H. C. Christy, and "The Minister at Tea," by A. B. Frost, worthily fill a page each. Fashions for women and for girl graduates, cooking, and in fact every phase of home making, from the "Etiquette of Dances and Balls" to "How to Treat and Keep a Servant," are included in the May Journal. By The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia. One dollar a year; ten cents a copy.

WANTED RELIABLE MEN
Good honest men in every locality, local or traveling, to introduce and advertise our goods lacking up show-cards on fences, along public roads and all conspicuous places. No experience needed. Salary or commission \$60 per month and expenses \$2.50 per day. Write at once for full particulars. THE EMPIRE MEDICINE CO., London, Ont.

The total amount of premiums received for fire insurance in Canada in 1899 was \$7,925,612 as compared with \$7,350,831 in 1898 and \$7,157,661 in 1897. The amount paid to Canadian companies was \$1,203,861 as compared with \$1,121,927 in 1898; to British companies \$5,653,652 as compared with \$5,223,345 in 1898; and to American companies \$1,068,099 as compared with \$1,004,819.

BRITISH BRIGADE AT SPRINGFIELD RELIEVED.

MONTREAL, April 26.—Richmond Smith cables from Bloemfontein on Tuesday:—"The nineteenth brigade on Saturday went to Springfield, six miles east of Bloemfontein to relieve eighteenth brigade which on Sunday engaged the enemy at Teeaw Kop, together with the Guards brigade under Pole-Carew, Squad B. of the Canadian Mounted Rifles accompanied the column. The eighteenth brigade with two-thirds of the Mounted Infantry advanced on Springfield towards the waterworks. The Cornwall regiment left under the pretext of escorting a convoy to Bushman Kop. The remainder of the Brigade including the Canadians, Gordons and Shropshires, advanced and occupied the waterworks Tuesday morning. The enemy were fortified in Kops on the north bank of the Modder river. Three regiments crossed the drifts at the waterworks and then the Gordons advanced to the kopjes on the left which were held by the enemy. The Canadians supported the Gordons and the kopje was taken without any casualties to either regiment. The Gordons then advanced upon the kopje on the right which was held by the enemy. The Boers fled precipitately at the appearance of the mounted infantry. The surrounding positions were cleared out in succession. The brigade was now in possession of the waterworks and kopjes and in command of North Bank, Coiville, with the Highland brigade and naval guns arrived at Bloemfontein Tuesday afternoon and are now supporting the nineteenth brigade which is holding all positions that have been taken."

SAFE, PLEASANT AND EFFECTUAL is that well tried remedy for children. Do not be deceived, get the genuine McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup.

Many families do, and every family should have Kendrick's Liniment in the house.

For Cough, Horse Ail, Stoppage and Fever, Use the Granger Condition Powders.

Always use KENDRICK'S LINIMENT.

SOUTH BRANCH NOTES.

APRIL 24.—Not seeing any notes from this section for the past few weeks, I concluded to write a few.

We are pleased to hear that Mrs. William Shortall is recovering from her illness.

R. N. Doherty came very near losing one of his valuable oxen last week, by breaking through the ice on the pond, but by the aid of Charles McDonald it was rescued.

Miss Emma Hudson, of Richibucto, was visiting friends here.

D. and R. have been doing a great stroke of business catching fur. They caught a valuable otter last week.

Our school is progressing rapidly under the care of Miss Hudson.

South Branch has lost two of her fair young ladies. Boston was the winner.

I will bring my notes to a close hoping to hear from other parts soon.

DAISY BELL.

MAIN RIVER NOTES.

Messrs. Joseph McEachern, Ernest Farrar and David Young have returned home.

A dance was held at Mr. Peter McEachern's last week in which a very enjoyable evening was spent.

Mr. Sherwood Shirles has returned to his home.

Mr. W. W. Graham expects soon to start on his agency business again.

A number of our men are going away stream driving.

We were disappointed that Rev. Wm. Lawson was prevented lecturing on the Boers, Blacks and British, but trust he will do so before long.

JUMBO.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Small pox has broken out in the general hospital, Winnipeg.

HIGGINS' British Liniment.

This famous Liniment is a sure cure for RHEUMATISM, DYPHTHERIA, NEURALGIA, etc., etc.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

THE CANADIAN DRUG CO., Limited,

Sole Manufacturers and Proprietors.

The Household Friend.