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RICHIBUCTO, N. B. MARCH 29, 1900

THE PREFERENTIAL TAR IFF.

The Conservative party has never forgiven Sir Wilfred Laurier for making their 18 years of flag waving ridiculous in the eyes of the people of both the old and the new land. After beating time to the tune of "God save the Queen" and forgetting that patriotism is best expressed in deeds, it was a startling thing to the Conservative leaders to witness the audacity contained in the offer made by Canada under a Liberal administration to the mother country Sir Charles Tupper had used his position of High Commissioner at London chiefly for the purpose of imbuing public opinion in Great Britain with the notion that al the genius for government, all the business ability and all the love for Queen and country which was contained in Canada lay in the confines of the Conservative party. "After us the deluge," was the positive opinion of that politician, who being unable to use adjectives except in the superlative degree, no doubt impressed the rulers of the home land with his sincerity.

When Sir Wilfred Laurier appeared in London, after the "deluge" had come in 1896, there must have been a widespread curiosity to see the Empire wrecker with their own eyes, and hear with their own ears the announcement of treason and disunion. To their surprise perhaps the people of Great Britain beheld a gentleman and a statesman, a man of French-Canadian heritage bringing to them not mere empty words of Canada's devotion but the proof of its reality in the free will offering of a preference to British goods on the Canadian markets. Since that date Sir Charles Tupper has been discredited in the eyes of British statesmen. Hence the blind fury and consuming passion with which the ex-High Commissioner to London approaches the discussion of public questions in general, and Imperial trade preference in particula r. The reason for the failure of the Conservative attempt to discredit this policy lies in the simple fact that their lead ers contradict themselves and each contradicts the other In a word they are engaged in a hopeless struggle with the facts.

Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Geo. E. Foster declare there has been no reduction in the general tariff of Canada and that this preference is a sham. The facts are that there has been a general reduction in the Canadian tariff amounting to about \$3,000 000 last year and that the Imperial preference is not a sham but a wholesome preference in favour of British manufacturers of 25 per cent. Last year British goods were imported into Canada to the value of \$37,000,000 as compared with an tive leaders to stampede public importation of only \$29,412,000 in opinion by their anti-French Can-1896 shewing an increase of seven adian crusade, has called forth

and a half million dollars in our strong protests from the intelligent preference has been effective.

one year of \$2,000,000 due to the operation of the preferential tariff. This reduction would seem to be a real preference as well as a real tariff reform.

belittle these facts, declares that the reduction in duty on American imports was "tenfold" the reduction on British imports. If this statement were exact it would ance of her mother. mean a reduction of \$22,000,000 in the tariff or more than the en- retorted that if the National Policy tire tariff collections of 1896. So was a barrier to our trade relations that either Sir Charles is mistaken with Britain "then so much the when he denies tariff reduction or worse for British connection," so when he denies the reality of the the tory leaders to-day assure us British preference. As a matter there can be no patriotism where great work of the past four years of fact he is exaggerating always. our business interests are con-The truth is that no preference cerned. Listen to the brummagen Ruin" policy of Sir Charles Tup-Canada could give Britain would type of Imperialism voiced by per in other respects. The latest enable the latter to supply us with one of the tory leaders, Dr. Mon- feature of this policy as expounded our raw material, the bulk of tague, "When it comes to a mat- in the Montreal Star is founded on which naturally comes from or ter of trade," he said, "we have the now accepted axiom of the through the United States, yet it "as much right to ask a quid pro Conservative party, "that patriotwould be a monstrosity, if for that "quo from John Bull as from any "ism must be made the plaything reason our raw cotton, anthracite "other party on earth." This "for politicians, the good by which coal, iron, hides, corn, &c., were to must mean either one of two "the people of Canada may be be taxed. On the other hand in things. It may mean that all the "driven to forget the past and many lines of manufactured goods talk Canada is making of its wila preference of 1 of the duty all lingness to suffer for the Empire lows the British manufacturer to is in Conservative eyes merely lip sell his goods in Canada in com- loyalty, or it may mean that the "people." The Tupper policy of petition with the U S. producer, tory form of patriotism only shews 1900 is but a new edition of an and at the same time this prefer- itself when blood is to be spilt, i. e. ence is a benefit to the people of of course some other fellows blood.

Imperial trade story, namely the come before it proffers assistance, effect of Canada's generosity on which is willing to bear its share her own export trade with Britain. of sacrifice for the general good, In 1873 the aggregate trade, im- which is more intent on shewing ports and exports, between Can- its generous impulses than of grabada and the mother land was bing more than of right belongs \$107,266,624. In 1896 this ag- to it, that form of Imperialism is gregate Imperial trade had fallen absolutely incomprehensible to the to \$99,670,030, and in 1895 was flag wavers and the loyalty howl-\$7,000,000 less. In 1898 this Im- ers of a defunct toryism. Yet perial trade had increased to that is the form of Imperialism \$137,499,735, shewing an immed- that the government of Canada iate and enormous increase follow- has, with the almost unanimous ing the introduction of the Field- support of the electorate, been exing tariff of 1897. It's little won- hibiting since 1896. As the Tor der with such a brilliant array of onto Globe admirably expresses it: facts against them the Conservative leaders make such a tearful muddle of this tariff discussion and are driven from corner to corner in an attempt to find excuses for the era of commercial prosperity which has reigned in Canada during the past four years

POLITICAL HUMBUG.

The attempt of the Conserva-

purchases from Great Britain. It men of both parties who prefer the is quite true that in the same good of the country to the temporperiod our purchases from the ary uses of a party. Moreover United States were much greater, the determined opposition of the but that was not on account of the Conservative members of the preferential tariff but in spite of House of Commons to the strong it. When we remember that Bri- Imperial policy of the Laurier Adtish imports into Canada had ministration is so thoroughly insteadily falien year by year from consistent with their blatant pro-\$£0,000,000 in 1878 to \$29,000,000 fession of patriotic Imperialism as in 1896 one must admire the "un- to make them ridiculous in the "paralleled audacity" (to copy one eyes of the electorate. Never has of the Tupperian phrases) of the this been better shown than in the men who deny that the British debate in the House of Commons last week on the Preferential Tar-But the people of this Dominion iff Resolution introduced by Dr. did not undertake, when they of Russell, the Liberal M. P. for fered the generous preference to Halifax, N. S., and opposed by British goods, to insure the British | the Conservative leaders. To exporter against the slaughter judge from the remarks of these prices of the American manufac- Conservative orators from Sir turer any more than they under. Charles Tupper and Mr. Geo. E took to buy raw material in any Foster down to Dr. Montague but the cheapest market. They there is no loyalty but lip loyalty. simply undertook to give the Bri- Their loyalty fades from view tish exporter to Canada and prim. when it commences to be practical arily the people of Canada itself, or takes a form to touch the pockthe benefit of bringing their wares ets of the people for whom they into Canada at three-fourths the dare to speak. The Laurier Adduty paid on foreign or American ministration is attacked most bitwares. To understand whether terly for having granted the valuthis was a real benefit let us ex- able concession of 25 per cent, taramine the facts. In 1898-9 Bri- iff reduction on British imports tish goods imported under the without having Shylock-like first preferential tariff were valued at demanded from Britain the pound \$26,597,442 and the duty paid of flesh in the shape of a return amounted to \$5,885,292 or about preference to Canadian goods 22 per cent. If the preferential entering the British markets. It clause had not been in operation is idle to point out to these monthe duty would have been nearly opolists of patriotic Imperialism \$8,000,000 shewing a reduction in that such a traffic would reduce our patriotism to the barter of the market place. That in return for past favours, and to prove to the world our love for the flag was something more than a mere de-Sir Charles Tupper in order to sire to feed more deeply on the bounty of the mother land, Canada had for the first time in her history brought a free-will offering of generous esteem for the accept-

As the Mail and Empire in 1878 Canada as a real tariff reduction. The deep, strong idea of Imperial-There is another side to this ism which waits not for ruin to

to fight there will never be any lack in an Anglo-Saxon or British community. But patriotism is a fighting; and it is a mistake to create the impression that the every-day work, whether of a legislator or of a carpenter, is not pat riotic if honestly done, or that patriotism is something to be disworks and in time of war."

confined to the brave soldiers who "revenues copious and surpluses fight Britain's wars, but include "prevail. Such was the happy

In constant pain when on your feet? Is that dragging, pulling sensation with you from morn

till night? Why not put the medicine exactly on the disease? Why not apply the cure right to the spot itself? You can do it with

Immediately after the Plaster is applied, you feel its warming, soothing influence. Its healing remedies quickly penetrate down deep into the inflamed tissues. Pain is quieted, soreness is relieved and strength imparted.

No plaster was ever made like it. No plaster ever acted so quickly and thoroughly. No plaster ever had such complete control over all kinds of pain.

Placed over the chest it is a powerful aid to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; relieving congestion and drawing out all inflammation.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, M.

on the illustrious roll the names of dad, except spirits and tobacco, statesmen like Sir Wilfred Laurier when such products are imported who have solidified the various members of the confederacy, removed to some extent at least the distrust, suspicion and race hatreds which have been our heritage in Canada from bygone days and have instilled into our people a belief in themselves and strengthened their sympathy with the noble ideal of a united Empire.

The attempts to belittle the are on a par with the "Rule or "place in power the arch conspir-"ator who has dared to play with "the passions of a patriotic old time political humbug.

THE SURPLUS.

The Budget speech of Hon. W. S. Fielding last week contained many pleasant announcements to the Canadian people. The predictions in regard to the expected surplus of last year were definitely announced as accomplished facts and the \$5,000,000 surplus is no issues:longer a dream of Liberal imagin- FOR THE ENGLISH FOR MONTREAL ation but the realization of Liberal administration. Better things are promised us for the current year, for the Finance Minister is bold enough to predict that he can beat his own record for surpluses and announces that with another re-"Of the patriotism that is ready duction in taxation of a million dollars or more he can produce a surplus of seven and a halt milmatter of building as well as of lions for the year ending June 30th, 1900. The St. John Sun is so staggered at the splendid shewing that it almost reads like a good Grit Journal as the following excerpts will show: "The exposiplayed merely in flags and fire- tion of the Canadian Budget," begins the Sun's editorial, "is a pleas-The Empire builders are not "ant duty when trade is buoyant,

"position of Mr. Fielding yester- ence on British goods 331 per evidently or it never would be "The predicted surplus of this "while that of last year, amount-"ing to nearly five millions, is a

In addition to the magnificent shewing of Canada's finances, Mr. Fielding was privileged to be in the position to announce that the Imperial Government has agreed to secure legislation placing Canadian government securities on a par with Imperial securities as investments for trust funds. This means not only the ability of Canada to loan money in the future at cheaper rates, but it must also have the tendency to direct British capital more and more towards ordinary business investments in this country.

The tariff changes proposed are few, simple and, besides being all directed to tariff reduction, are such as to commend themselves to every loyal Canadian. The placing on the free list for example of machinery such as is not made in Canada for the manufacture of an important industry without any cost to the people of Canada except the remission of a duty which they never had, and were never likely to have under old conditions. The proposal to admit free it. of duty all the products of Trinidirect, is a sensible move towards capturing the important trade of that island which is now practically controlled in the United States. In return for their sugar, cocoa and asphalt which Canada admits free, Trinidad will admit all Canadian goods free or under a minimum rate of duty.

Of all the proposals decidedly the most important is the one to make the Canadian tariff prefer-

"day." So the Sun has at last cent. instead of 25 per cent. as it discovered the trade of Canada is is at present. As we show in anbuoyant, its revenues copious and other article in this issue, the Brisurpluses prevalent and all under tish preference has been a real Liberal rule. The Sun for the mo- thing under the 25 per cent. rement has lost its combativeness duction, and the additional advantage which it is proposed to give guilty of the following admission, the Imperial products must of necessity mean a very great deal "year may or may not appear, in these days of close competition to the British manufacturer. It is at the same time a dignified reply by facts to the sensational denunciations of the Government of Canada as traitorous and disloyal The Star and its anti-Liberal sensations was laid out for political burial on Saturday last when the country learned of the proposed action of the Laurier Administration. Facts talk louder than words and our people have dicovered who the loyalists of Ch.

JOTTINGS.

The budget speech must have made poor old man Tupper wonder if the Conservatives were really entitled to the divine right of government in Canada.

The country prefers Fielding and annual surpluses to Foster and annual deficits.

Patriotism is a fine thing to talk about but it means ever so much more when it is concentrate ed into action.

Oh yes! Sir Charles intends to beet sugar means the bonusing of introduce a British preference in the sweet by and by. But the people of Canada would rather have it done here than hereafter.

And now the tories will agee that "business is business" and patriotism ought to be kept out of

Clarge Wallace's definition of patriotism apparently is that it is a political pea and shell game over the operation of which the Conservative party holds a monoply. Now you see it and now you don't.

\$5,000,000 surplus for 1899. No wonder Mr. Tarte in 1898 said "just watch us next year." We are all watching for the \$7,000,000 surplus for 1900 and it will mater-

That's the best of Liberal surpluses, they are real. Not mere igments of the imagination as many of these between 1878 and

A few days ago we showed that the genesis of the much to-be-regretted street rows in this city was to be found in the inflammatory articles appearing in certain Conservative papers, notably the Montrral Star. These articles were clearly written and published with the intent of exciting the sentiment of the English-speaking peoples of the Dominion against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his Government. In other words, we held that the despicable crime of creating race hatred was being perpetrated for the sake of partizan advantage-a crime that, in a country like Canada, composed of two distinct races, falls nothing short of high treason.

Proof of the truth of our surmises as to the motive actuating the publishers of at least one of these Conservative papers has come with surprising quickness. We have in our possession copies of the Montreal Star containing two different versions of the recent troubles in this city. One of these versions was distributed in Monttreal; the other was sent broadcast over the English Provinces. Referring to the procession of Laval students, the following statements appeared in these two

READER S PROVINCES.

"At the head of the "At the head of procession there is the procession there ant for a senatorship, Hugh Graham, in honor the tricolor of men had no right to he s hould pay for sending his papers

British flag.' Both statements are false. The flag really carried was the flag of the University of Laval, and the Union Jack was carried in the centre of the procession, in what was considered the place of honor. The one statement that the flag was one the men had no right to use, was meant to convey, by inuendo, a false impression. The other statement was a direct falsehood, calculated to arouse, in English minds, suspicion and hatred of the French Canadian people. No explanation of this extraordinary perversion of the facts has been vouchsafed. On the contrary, measures have been taken to give it circulation far beyond the bounds of the paper's regular readers. The following, from the columns of the Sarnia Observer, a journal edited by a gentleman long and

prominently connected with the Canadian militia service, explains in some degree what these measures are, by whom they are being operated, and in whose in-

"The Montreat Star is again at its dastardly work of fomenting hatred between the English-speaking and French Canadian sections of the community, with no other object than causing trouble with the Government and endeavoring to arouse opposition to Sir Wilfrid Laurier on account of his nationality. It is sending out through the mails copies of an issue of the Star filled with inflammatory illustrations and incendiary articles concerning the recent riots in which the students of McGill College and Laval University disgraced themselves by rowdy exhibitions of partizanship in which those of McGill were the aggressors and originators. These infamously distorted accounts of the troubles caused by the students refer only to the acts committed by Laval, ignoring those of McGill, which brought on the riots. Copies of these papers have been mailed to officers of the militia (other than French-Canadian we presume) throughout the Dominion. The political purpose and significance of this shameful effort to poison the public mind by falsely colored statements is plainly established by the fact that the papers so mailed are being sent out under wrappers stamped with the House of Commons postmar's and franked by the senior Tory whip, Mr. Taylor, M P, who thus prostitutes his privileges by sending partisan newspapers through the mails free, and abets the millionaire aspirseen in the place of is seen a flag those defrauding the revenue out of the postage use it to replace the broadcast over the Dominion."

But more than this. Under the frank of the same Mr. Taylor, so The Herald is advised, copies of the Montreal Witness are being mailed throughout the country, with the reference therein to the Laval students blue-pencilled, while the reports of the McGill students' doings are ignored. We are informed that an order for a special edition of forty-five thousand of these papers were placed by a local news dealer.

the Conservative party in Parliament, through its constituted officials, is utilizing the mis-statements emanating from Montreal for the purpose of creating racial antagonisms, and that instead of repudiating the nefarious work of men who would tear the races asunder with a wedge of falsehoed, it is actually hammering out

What does all this go to show? That