

LIFE ON A FARM.

AS TOLD BY ONE WHO HAS UNDERGONE ITS HARDSHIPS.

Hard Work and Exposure to all kinds of Weather Plays havoc with the strongest Constitution - How Health may be obtained.

While life as a farmer is one of considerable independence, it is very far from being one of ease. The very nature of the calling is one that exposes its followers to all sorts of weather, and it is perhaps not surprising that so many farmers suffer from chronic ailments. Mr. Thomas McAdam, of Donagh, P. E. I., is a fair example of this class. Mr. McAdam himself says: "I was always looked upon as one having a rugged constitution; but the hard work, coupled with the exposure incident to life on the farm, ultimately proved too much for me. About eighteen months ago I was attacked with pains in the small of the back and thighs. At first they were of an intermittent nature, and while they were extremely painful, would pass away after a day or two, and might not bother me again for weeks. As the attacks, after each interval, grew more and more severe, I became alarmed and consulted a doctor who said the trouble was lumbago. His treatment would give temporary relief but nothing more, and ultimately I was almost a cripple. To walk, or even to move about in a chair, or turned in bed caused intense agony, and in going about I had to depend upon a cane. If I attempted to stoop or pick anything up the pain would be almost unbearable. This condition of affairs had its effect upon my whole system and for a man in the prime of life, my condition was deplorable. I think I had tried at least half a dozen remedies before I found relief and a cure, and this came to me through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which a friend urged me to try. I felt some relief before the first box was all gone and by the time I had taken five boxes, I was as well and smart as ever, and although months have now passed I have not had any return of the trouble. My cure is entirely due to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and the only regret I have is that I did not try them at the outset. Had I done so I would not only have been saved much suffering, but considerable money as well."

Cynic—Now that Annie has broken her engagement, do you still consider her such a saint. Dejected—Yes, too good to be true. Types. "Exorbitant prices never scare me." "Why not?" "When prices get too high, I quit needing things."—Chicago Record. "Laugh and grow fat." "Pooh! You mean, 'grow fat and get laughed at.'"—Collier's Weekly.

DO YOU FEAR HEART FAILURE? No death comes so suddenly and unexpectedly as that caused by heart failure, but the trouble has its beginning; months or perhaps years before when the blood became thin and watery and the nerves exhausted. Gradually the waste becomes more rapid than the process of repair, the tissues of the heart has become diseased and finally some over exertion or nerve shock has caused the beating to cease and life to depart. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food prevents heart failure and all similar diseases by creating new, rich blood and nerve forces, and building up the system.

"Do you enjoy sleigh riding, Miss Bertha?" "Ever so much. It's such rare fun stopping at the farm houses once in a while to get thawed out."—Chicago Tribune.

CRAMPS AND COLIC. Nothing gives such quick and effectual relief from these distressing complaints as Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

Anarchists are said to be in Victoria, B. C., and the local militia is being strengthened.

Advertisement for Kendall's Spavin Cure featuring an image of a horse and text: "Don't Guess At Results. KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE. This man knows what he did and how he did it. Such endorsements as the following are a sufficient proof of its merits." Includes a testimonial from Oshawa, Minn., dated Feb. 22, 1898.

OTTAWA LETTER.

OTTAWA, 18th May, 1900.—This has been another unprofitable week, so far as the practical business of the House is concerned, and the dreary drudgery of the budget debate has been particularly oppressive. It has taken up most of the time, without a single element of novelty being introduced. This will read very much like what I wrote last week, and the week before, and the week before that; but it is the simple truth and must be told. Meanwhile, the fiscal year is within six weeks of its close and the Opposition seem oblivious to the need for supplies. Of course, the responsibility is not theirs; but the blame rests upon them. If any inconvenience should result from these tactics it is quite certain they will not come forward with an excuse for the Government. They will be the first to complain.

A little variety was thrown into the proceedings during the week by the introduction of the West Huros and Brockville election cases. A man by the name of Pritchett has come to the help of the Conservatives with an affidavit setting forth what was done during the bye elections in the constituencies referred to. He alleges there was tampering with the ballots, and admits his own complicity in order to induce the relief of his story. What he says may be true, or it may not. That there are unprincipled Liberals in the country, or men who ally themselves with the dominant party for the sake of gain, need not be denied. It is not true, however, that any crooked work was done with the cognizance or connivance of the Government or the Liberal candidate.

The West Huros case gives point to what has just been said. The irregularities in that riding seem to have been confined to one polling booth, and the number of votes alleged to have been tampered with did not exceed fifteen. The Liberal candidate had a majority of several hundred. The Deputy Returning Officer was brought before a Committee of the House last year, and not one of the fifty witnesses who were examined so much as implied the suspicion of his complicity in what had been done. He was admitted to be a man of principal and of irreproachable character. Yet it is probably true that the substitution of 8 or 10 bogus ballots for that number of genuine ones was effected at his polling booth. If betting men, or unscrupulous partisans, can be found who will carry on their illegal work under such circumstances, how is it possible to blame either the candidate or the officials who have been appointed to conduct the election?

What the Tories have been asking for in Parliament is a Committee to try these cases, and the Government has resisted this demand. This has not been done with any desire to prevent exposure nor to protect political friends; but in pursuance of a line of policy which was adopted by the House in Sir John Thompson's time and has been consistently followed ever since. The Conservatives ought to be as deeply interested in observing the established procedure as the Liberals; but this is not the only instance in which they have shown a disposition to utterly disregard the principles which they avowed when in power. The exigencies of party warfare seem to be more than they can resist, and it is one of the reproaches of our Parliament that this lack of consistency should be so conspicuous in one of the great political parties.

The rule to which reference has just been made, is that all election cases should be referred to the courts. Up to 1886 the Privileges and Election Committee of the House of Commons undertook to try a great many cases arising under the Elections Act; but in that year Sir John Thompson changed the practice, making it practically obligatory to try all such cases before the courts. This change was accepted by both parties. It will be conceded that a Committee of Parliament is hardly a proper tribunal for the trial of cases in which party interests are involved. No matter how impartial or judicial the majority may be it is quite certain that their judgment will not be acceptable to the minority. Parliament has neither the machinery nor the status for such trials, and any effort to return to the old procedure is a step in the wrong direction.

The recent demand of the Opposition has its foundation in a desire to create political capital for the approaching elections, and to accomplish this they seem willing to do almost anything. When they made the demand they knew very well that it would be resisted, and properly so. What they wanted was to create an impression in the public mind that grave irregularities had been committed in the elections referred to, and that the Government was disposed to prevent investigation. The time was inopportune and the place unsuitable; yet these considerations have not weighed with the Opposition. Their object is to besmirch the cleanest Government which Canada has ever had.

Bearing directly on the matter just referred to is the campaign of defamation which is now being carried on by Opposition journals—not all of them, but the "Star," of Montreal, and the "Mail and Empire" in particular. In almost every issue they imply in the coarsest way possible that the Ministers now holding office at Ottawa are a set of unprincipled men,

McLEAN'S VEGETABLE WORM SYRUP. Safe Pleasant Effectual.

conniving at jobbery, promoting swindles, lying and stealing generally. These attacks are made simply because they desire to divert public attention from the marvellous progress which Canada is making and the prosperity which her people are enjoying under Liberal rule. Their mouths are closed on all the issues which chiefly concern the people, and it is perhaps natural that they should wish to awaken a prejudice against the men who are in office. They will hardly succeed. The electors will not be apt to condemn with proof, and of this there is none. What is to be most deplored, however, in connection with this matter is the impression which may be created abroad of the degrading nature of our political contests in Canada, and possibly the suspicion that some ground exists for the charges made.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper returned to Ottawa during the week, after a prolonged absence, and started out with a two hours speech on the Yukon charges which occupied so much time last session. One cannot help but admire the bulldog tenacity of this young man, although any credit which might attach to him in that regard is offset by the fact that the matter which he desired to have investigated is the subject of a law suit now before the courts, and that he is acting for one of the parties therein. The functions of Parliament would be very much widened, if every lawyer in the House could have a committee of inquiry on every case pending before the courts in which he was interested. Sir Charles Hibbert's object was so apparent that he failed to interest a single member on his own side of the House in what he was saying.

Some of the Opposition members, as well as their press, are having a hard time these days in reconciling the reduced cost of British goods with the contention that the preferential tariff is not a help both to Canadians and English manufacturers. The facts are against them. The world wide activity in business which prevails has caused an advance in the price of nearly all lines of manufactures; but this condition will be relieved ere long, and then the full effect of the new tariff will be more apparent. It remains true all the time, however, that consumers in Canada are getting the full benefit of the reduced cost of English goods to the importer. If the preference did not exist the cost of these goods would be just so much more.

Mr. Sifton and Mr. Tarte have been much benefited by their treatment abroad. Mr. Sifton's hearing is said to be very much improved, while a despatch from London announces that the Minister of Public Works has been fully restored to health. The latter is one of the best abused men in Canada, which is saying a good deal in these days of Tory desperation. The prospect of his early return has drawn forth a torrent of vituperation from the Conservative press, as well as a revival of the slander respecting his relations with Doctor Leyds. Their was a time when the Conservatives complained very bitterly against personalities; but that was when they were the victims. They are now paying back the debt with interest.

Goldwin Smith has now started on a new course of mischief. The first thing he did on returning to Italy three weeks ago was to publish a violent pro-Boer article in an American paper, and now he has commenced a crusade against the French Canadians, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier in particular. He blames the Premier for the part Canada has taken in the war, and sneeringly remarks: "To this we have been brought by a French Canadian, the history of whose race in Canada will cry shame upon him from every page." It is in this way that Goldwin Smith hopes to help the Tory cause in Ontario, and it accords with the miserable tactics of the "Mail and Empire" and the "Montreal Star." The real shame lies in the fact that men can be found in Canada who are willing to fan the flame of racial hatred.

Trouble in The Stomach

Which Doctors Failed to Remove, Cured by Less Than Two Boxes of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. The experience of Mr. Blackwell is similar to that of many sufferers with chronic indigestion. Stomach medicines will seldom really cure indigestion. The kidneys and liver must be set right, and the bowels made regular and active. Mr. Joseph Blackwell, Holmesville, Ont., says:—"I derived more benefit from the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills than from any other medicine I ever took, and can highly recommend them for stomach troubles. I was in a terrible state and could hardly work at my trade. I tried most every kind of medicine and doctors, until I was tired doctoring, and before I used one box of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills I could see that they were helping me, and after taking a box and a half, found that I was cured." Nearly every family on the continent has used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills or heard of the remarkable cures they have effected. One pill a dose, 25c a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates and Co., Toronto.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court house in Richibucto, in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, on SATURDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF JUNE next, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, use, possession, interest, property, claim and demand, whatsoever either at law or equity of Jerome LeBlanc, of, in, to, out of or upon the following land and premises:—

All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises, lying and being in the Caie settlement (so called) in the Parish of Acadieville, in the said County of Kent, and bounded as follows:— Southerly by the road leading to the Intercolonial Railway, westerly by lot No. 71, granted to Peter Richard, northerly by the Kouchibouguac River, easterly by Lot No. 67, containing one hundred acres, more or less, and known as lot No. 70. Together with buildings and improvements thereon and appurtenances to the same belonging. The same having been seized and taken under and by virtue of a warrant issued by the Secretary of the municipality of Kent County, at the instance of the Collector of rates and taxes for the said Parish of Acadieville, against the said Jerome LeBlanc for non-resident County taxes for the years 1898 and 1899.

AUGUSTE LEGER, Sheriff of Kent County. Sheriff's Office, Richibucto, February 27th, A. D., 1900.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House in Richibucto, in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, on MONDAY, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF JULY, next, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, use, possession, interest, property, claim and demand, whatsoever either at law or in equity of William Collins, James Collins, Frederick Collins, Martin Collins, of, in, to, out of or upon the following land and premises:—

All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises lying and being in the Parish of Carleton, in the said County of Kent, and bounded as follows:— On the North by the Kouchibouguac River, on the South by land occupied by Frank Fontaine, on the East by land occupied by Honoré Landry and others, and on the West by land occupied by William Collins, Jr., being the Eastern half of the lot of land conveyed by will by the late William Collins to Mary Collins, his wife, for her life, and at her death to Cornelius Collins, father of said William Collins, James Collins, Frederick Collins, Martin Collins since deceased, containing fifty acres more or less, together with buildings and improvements thereon and appurtenances to the same belonging. The same having been seized and taken under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Kent County Court against the said William Collins, James Collins, Frederick Collins, Martin Collins by their next friend Bridget Collins.

AUGUSTE LEGER, Sheriff of Kent County. Sheriff's Office, Richibucto, April 23rd, A. D. 1900.

NOTICE!

The undermentioned non-resident ratepayer of school district No. 1, Parish of Carleton, County of Kent, is hereby notified to pay his respective rates as set opposite his name, together with the cost of advertising—\$2.00—to the Secretary of School District No. 1, within two months from this date, otherwise the real estate of said ratepayer will be sold to pay the amount of Taxes, Advertising, &c. 1899. George K. McLeod, \$10.80 JOHN BEATTIE, Jr., Secretary to Trustees. Kouchibouguac, N. B., May 1st, 1900.

Placer Mining Claims In The Yukon Territory.

NOTICE is hereby given that all of the placer mining claims, whole and fractional the property of the Crown in the Yukon Territory, will be offered for sale at public auction at Dawson, by the Gold Commissioners, on the second day of July, 1900. Twenty per cent. of the purchase money shall be paid to the Gold Commissioner at Dawson on the day of sale, and the remainder within thirty days of that date. There will be no restriction as to the number of claims which may be sold to any person or company holding a Free Miner's Certificate, but no hydraulic claims will be included in the sale. So soon as the purchase money has been paid in full, entries for the claims will be granted in accordance with the provisions of the placer mining regulations then in force with the exception of the provision as to the staking out of claims, and the claims sold shall thereafter be subject to the placer mining regulations.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House in Richibucto, in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, on SATURDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF JUNE, next, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, use, possession, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever, either at law or in equity, of Calixte Leger, of, in, to, out of or upon the following land and premises:— All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises lying and being in the Parish of Acadieville, in the said County of Kent and bounded as follows:— Southerly by the road leading to Acadieville siding, westerly by Lot No. 11, northerly by Crown Land, easterly by lot No. 13, granted to Andrew Diron, containing one hundred acres, more or less, and known as Lot No. 12, together with improvements thereon and appurtenances to the same belonging. The same having been seized and taken under and by virtue of a warrant issued by the Secretary of the municipality of Kent County at the instance of the Collector of rates and taxes for said Parish of Acadieville, against the said Calixte Leger for non-resident County taxes for the years 1897, 1898 and 1899.

EQUITY SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on SATURDAY, the TWENTY EIGHTH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1900, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at or near Dymart's hotel at Cocagne, in the Parish of Dundas, in the County of Kent, there will be sold at Public Auction, under the provisions and directions contained in a decree of the Supreme Court in Equity, bearing date the Seventeenth day of April A. D. 1900, and made in a certain suit therein pending, wherein Adelaide T. Scovil, wife of the defendant Henry A. Scovil, by Edward J. Smith, her next friend is plaintiff and Maggie Goguen, Placide Goguen, Louis Goguen, Zellica Goguen, Meline Goguen, Francis Goguen, Mary Jane Goguen, George Thomas Goguen, Levi Goguen, Lucie Goguen and Henry A. Scovil are defendants, with the approbation of the undersigned Referee in Equity, the mortgaged lands and premises mentioned and described in the said decree as follows:—

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Dundas, in the County of Kent, and bounded and described as follows:—On the south by the Cocagne river, on the west by land occupied by Fidele Babin, on the north by the rear line, and on the east by land occupied by Sirlil Goguen and containing one hundred and ten acres more or less, being the same lot, piece or parcel of land conveyed to one Ephrem Goguen by deed from Louis Goguen, bearing date the Tenth day of January A. D. 1889. Also all other lands of the said Ephraim Goguen and Lucie his wife, wheresoever situate and howsoever described in the said County of Kent.

Together with all appurtenances thereunto, and all interest, dower and right of dower therein of the said defendants. For Terms of Sale and other particulars, apply to the undersigned Solicitor. Dated this Seventh day of May A. D. 1900. JAMES McQUEEN, CALEB RICHARDSON, Plaintiff's Solicitor. Referee in Equity.

I will sell at Low Rates:

CANDY in great Variety: Imitation Fruit and Animals, choice mixtures, Chocolates, Caramels and penny goods. I have Toys, Books and Games. You can here obtain servicable gifts, as Cups and Saucers, Match Safes, Mustard Dishes, and various other articles. Remember the Shop.

THE CHEAP STORE ARTHUR SMITH, Buctouche.

FARM FOR SALE.

That well-known farm with comfortable dwelling house and barn situate on the Buctouche Road, formerly owned and occupied by John Stevenson, and more recently by Thomas Vanston, Jr. Possession given immediately. Apply to J. D. PHINNEY.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House in Richibucto, in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, on SATURDAY, THE TWELFTH DAY OF MAY, next, at the hour of 1 o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, use, possession, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever, either at law or in equity, of Urbain Babin, of, in, to, out of or upon the following land and premises:— All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises lying and being on the south side of the Post Road leading to Chatham, in the parish of St. Louis, in the said County of Kent and bounded as follows:— Easterly by said Post Road, southerly by land owned by Adolphe E. Laundry and strip extending to the road leading up said river, westerly and northerly by land owned by Simon Daigle, containing one quarter of an acre more or less, and known as the Urban Babinneau store lot, together with all the buildings, improvements thereon and appurtenances to the same belonging. And also all other lands and tenements belonging to the said Urban Babinneau situated, lying and being within my bailiwick. The same having been levied and seized under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court against the said Urban Babinneau. The above sale is postponed until MONDAY, the THIRTEENTH DAY OF AUGUST next, at the hour and place stated in the above notice.

AUGUSTE LEGER, Sheriff of Kent County. Sheriff's office, Richibucto, May 12th, A. D. 1900.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House in Richibucto, in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, on SATURDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF JUNE, next, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, use, possession, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever, either at law or in equity, of Calixte Leger, of, in, to, out of or upon the following land and premises:— All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises lying and being in the Parish of Acadieville, in the said County of Kent and bounded as follows:— Southerly by the road leading to Acadieville siding, westerly by Lot No. 11, northerly by Crown Land, easterly by lot No. 13, granted to Andrew Diron, containing one hundred acres, more or less, and known as Lot No. 12, together with improvements thereon and appurtenances to the same belonging. The same having been seized and taken under and by virtue of a warrant issued by the Secretary of the municipality of Kent County at the instance of the Collector of rates and taxes for said Parish of Acadieville, against the said Calixte Leger for non-resident County taxes for the years 1897, 1898 and 1899.

ADAMS HOUSE, CHATHAM, N. B.

Sample Rooms and Livery Stable in connection. T. IOS. FLANAGAN, Proprietor.

VICTORIA HOTEL

King Street, ST. JOHN, N. B. O. W. McCORMICK, PROPRIETOR.

KENT HOTEL

Richibucto, N. B. GEO. A. IRVING, Proprietor. CENTRALLY SITUATED. Good Sample Rooms. Newly Furnished. Free hack attends all trains.

Waverly Hotel!

NEWCASTLE, N. B. The Subscriber has thoroughly fitted up and newly furnished the rooms of the well known McKean house, Newcastle, and is prepared to receive and accommodate transient guests. A good table and pleasant rooms provided. Sample rooms if required. R. H. Gremley's teams will attend all trains and boats in connection with this house. JOHN McKEEN.

UNION HOTEL,

R. P. DUPRAY, Proprietor, RICHIBUCTO, N. B. This well known Hotel has been thoroughly renovated, repaired and furnished for the accommodation of transient and permanent guests. Good Sample Room and Livery Stable in connection. BARBER SHOP ON THE PREMISES.

NEW KENT HOTEL,

QUEEN ST., RICHIBUCTO, NB. FURNISHED SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMERCIAL MEN. Livery Stable in Connection S. O'DONNELL, Proprietor.

TERRACE HOTEL,

AMHERST, N. S. Large and well Lighted Sample Rooms in centre of Town formerly occupied by Lamy Hotel. FREE COACH TO AND FROM ALL TRAINS W. and W. CALHOUN, Proprietors.

QUEEN HOTEL,

FREDERICTON, N. B. First-class Livery Stables in connection. J. A. EDWARDS, Proprietor.

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T. F. SHERARD & SON, Dealers in Monuments, Tablets, Headstones. Cemetery work of every description neatly executed. Orders promptly filled. MONCTON, N. B. (aug 31st)

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We want a number of families to do work for us at home, whole or spare time. The work we send our workers is quickly and easily done, and returned by parcel post as finished. Good money made at home. For particulars ready to commence send name and address. THE STANDARD SUPPLY Co., Dept. B., LONDON, ONT.

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