

The Review.

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Items of news from any place will be thankfully received.
We do not hold ourselves responsible for opinions expressed by our correspondents.
All communications must be accompanied by the writer's name in confidence to ensure insertion.

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1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office—whether directed to his address or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

RICHIBUCTO, N. B. JULY 19, 1900

A BRITISH OPINION.

"For seventeen years the Canadians have hammered at the Colonial Office doors. They have since 1880 demanded the denunciation of these treaties; but Mr. Chamberlain seemed as little inclined as any of his predecessors to listen until Canada took the bull by the horns. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues compelled the Imperial Government to move, and at his conference with the Premiers, Mr. Chamberlain soon became aware that no hope of closer Imperial unity, commercial or political, could be entertained whilst the Belgian and German treaties remained in force. With Canada rests the credit for the momentous step which has now been taken."
—Saturday Review, London.

THE EXPENDITURE.

The effort to prove the Laurier Government guilty of extravagance is based on a fallacy for taking service with service there has not been as much money spent since 1896 as in the years of Conservative rule which preceded. When the expenditure is compared during the different periods with the total trade of Canada it is found that at Confederation the expenditure was 10 per cent. of its total trade. It increased after a few years until in 1885 it was as high as 20 per cent. In the past three years the average expenditure was only 13 1/2 per cent of the total trade as compared with a 16 per cent. average expenditure during the three last years of Conservative rule. Moreover the present Government has not only expended every dollar on the public services honestly, but they have given the people of Canada a better service in each and every department than they have ever had. It has also limited its expenditure to its income which is a novel experience in the history of our national affairs.

A POSER.

The Montreal Herald in an able article points out the issues between the two political parties and closes with this pithy paragraph:—

"Why, then, should Sir Wilfrid appeal to the country in vain? What have his political opponents to give that is preferable to what he offers? Before making a change will it not be well to wait until the great Conservative party has washed its hands and face? As yet it has absolutely neither men, nor manners, nor policies to offer the electorate different from those it had when in 1896 it found defeat at the polls, found ignominious defeat, for its fate came by its own weakness, deceit and utter incapacity. Over against a strong, capable, progressive, do-something Government, not free from errors, but animated by public spirit, by a consciousness of the importance of conciliation and toleration, by an unbounded faith in the future of the country, stands a party

searching in its ranks for a leader; searching in the errors of its adversaries for a policy. Without a single guiding star of policy, its leading members suspicious of each other, the old element that led it to destruction in 1896 still in the ascendant, the Conservative party is in no shape to-day to ask that the destinies of the Dominion be placed in its hands. In the face of a contrast of men and policies so favorable to one party, so unfavorable to the other, it is not hard to tell what the answer of Canada will be when asked to decide between the two."

A WINNING RECORD.

"We shall appeal to the people with a record of which any government or country can be proud. We shall point to a record of four years of good government, four years of clean government, four years of government unstained by the blotches which mark the career of hon. gentlemen opposite, four years of splendid development of Canada, both in her material interests and in her national advancement, four years of remarkable success in the financial and commercial policy of this country, four years of a truly Imperial policy which has given Canada a position in the eyes of the Empire and of the world such as she never occupied before, four years of that kind of settled Government which commands the confidence of capital and industry, four years of unusual activity and industry among the workers of Canada, who have found themselves happier and more prosperous than ever before; four years of peace instead of the religious differences which once threatened Canada; four years of peace, four years of progress and four years of such prosperity as the country never before knew."
—Hon. W. S. Fielding, July 10, 1900.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

It is amusing to hear the tory economists advocating strenuously for an additional sessional indemnity to the members. They are quite willing to support the Government in that piece of extravagance, but Sir Wilfrid declines the honor of their support. The Government is worthy of support for this refusal, for the country has been nearly talked to death now by gaspige politicians of the stamp of Dr. Sproul, H. A. Powell and George E. Foster, and there would be no hope for the future if their windy efforts are to be encouraged by extra sessional indemnities.

"Puck" wisely remarks that Oom Paul is not the first man who has found throwing down the gauntlet merely a preliminary to throwing up the sponge.

Toronto Globe:—Members of the four leading wholesale houses of the city during the afternoon discussed the results of the tariff with a representative of the Globe, and their opinions agreed upon the two statements that the preference had greatly increased importation from Great Britain, and that an immediate effect of the change in the tariff had been to save the consumer from the necessity of meeting the sharp advance in the staple lines.

To which the Montreal Herald makes the following comment:—
When Conservative merchants are praising the preferential tariff it is time for some people we know to call in an expert in reading handwriting on the wall.

Two months ago the Mail and Empire declared that coal oil had advanced six cents per gallon as the result of the tanking privilege. One month ago it raised the figure to eight cents. Now it has got up to ten cents. At this rate, if the elections are delayed much longer, it will get up beyond the present retail price. Oil is

dear enough, but it would be dearer if it were not for the privilege of importing in tanks.—St. John Telegraph.

The New York Sun commenting on the wonderful growth of Canada's trade from 131,000,000 for the year of Confederation to 323,506,000 for the 11 months of 1900, the increase of 150 per cent. in the wheat acreage of Manitoba in ten years and the remarkable development of manufacturing industry, adds:—

"In New Brunswick and in Quebec the wealth that lies in the juxtaposition of abundant water-power and immense forests of spruce is at last being appreciated, and Canada is becoming one of the greatest paper-producing countries in the world. Meanwhile the development of mineral resources is proceeding rapidly in Ontario, in British Columbia and in the Maritime Provinces. So much increased is the home demand for labor created by manufacturing and mining enterprises that the exodus to the United States has been materially checked, and the time is not very far distant when the flow of population over the border will be northward rather than southward."

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The organization of a Young Men's Liberal Association in Restigonche is substantial evidence of the advance of Liberalism in that county.

After all the funny remarks of the Conservative press over the appointment of honorary Colonels, it turns out that in no instance are civilians to get such titles, but they are to be reserved for deserving militia officers who are debarred by the age limit from continuing in command of their regiments.

The attempt of Mr. H. A. Powell to prove that profits are now shown on the I. C. R. by a system of Bookkeeper's juggling was ably thwarted by the Minister of Railways in his statement that exactly the same method of book-keeping by the very same bookkeepers was employed on the I. C. R. now as had been the case prior to 1896.

"Hon. Geo. E. Foster denounces expenditure in the abstract, but does not mention the particular expenditures he would not make "if in office. Mr. Foster is a great statesman—in the abstract."
—Toronto Globe.

For two years every faithful Conservative has been taught to say that the National Policy was still in existence which accounted for the prevailing prosperity and that the Liberals had made no tariff reduction. They will have to relearn their lesson for their Leaders have decided to change the story to make it read that the vile Grits had torn down the National Policy and destroyed the Canadian manufacturers protection. The change is of course dictated by the necessity of filling the party war chest before the fray starts.

The Montreal Star, the chief tory organ in Canada, accuses the Hon. A. G. Blair of deceiving the people into thinking the Canals would be ready for use ere this. The Star must have been asleep for the past year or it would know that the Canals were opened for shipping at the 14 foot depth last year. Why even we poor Bluesoes knew that.

That reaction against Liberalism in P. E. I. that our tory friends have been telling us about reminds us of the back action of a Kentucky mule. Not only did the election in the West River district of Queens County, P. E. I., result in a Liberal majority of 311, but

FALLING



HAIR

Does this illustrate your experience? And are you worried for fear you are soon to be bald? Then cease worrying, for help is at hand. You need something that will put new life into the hair bulbs. You need a hair food, such as—



It brings health to the hair, and the falling ceases. It always restores color to gray hair. You need not look at thirty as if you were fifty, for your gray hair may have again all the dark, rich color of youth.

Write the Doctor. If you do not obtain all the benefits you expect from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor about it. Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

there was a Liberal gain in every single polling booth. Perhaps that is the kind of Liberal reaction Sir Charles Tupper is expecting when the Dominion elections are called on.

While the Liberal leaders are wisely administering the affairs of Canada, the Conservative leaders are acting as advertising agents for private employers. Sir Charles Tupper makes a specialty of Accident Insurance, while his youthful son and heir takes up Klondyke miners claims; Mr. Monk is the authority on Proteid and its uses, while Mr. Foster takes up the cause of the Montreal Star in its fight against newspaper postage.

It is said that many of George E. Foster's political friends have a very poor opinion of his financial ability when directed to mining stocks. The "Olive" Mine is a sore subject with his friends in these latter days.

The material progress of Canada under four years of Liberal Rule may well be termed A Revolution of Industry. And in no part of the Dominion has the progress been more healthy or more noticeable than in these Maritime Provinces.

AT BISLEY.

TORONTO, July 16.—The Telegram's special cable from Bisley Camp says: Pte. T. A. Langstroth, 74th Battalion, did excellent shooting in the Alexandra, which began to-day. At 500 yards he got his shots within the bullseye each time. In the Alexandra, at 600 yards Pte. Langstroth made another splendid score, tallying 34 points out of a possible 35. He has an excellent opportunity of winning the first prize, which is thirty pounds, and is awarded to the competitor making the best aggregate scores in the shooting at 500 and 600 yards. At 500 Pte. Langstroth's score was 35, and this added to his score at 600 makes an aggregate of 69 out of a possible 70. In the Martin's cup shooting, which took place to-day, Sergt. J. McVittie, 48th Highlanders, made a score of 31, getting 29th place and winning 56 shillings; Lieut. A. A. Smith, 59th Battalion, ninety-fourth place, winning 40 shillings. His score was 29 points. The match was at 200 yards with seven shots, a time limit of 2 minutes being fixed.

If your dealer has ever tried them himself he will certainly recommend Maguetic Dyes for home use.

CARRIED HIS SEVERED ARM.

MARVELLOUS COURAGE SHOWN BY A HERO OF SIXTEEN, MAIMED BY AN ENGINE.

New York, July 17.—Admiration and pity for the heroic courage of little Albert Dawson tempered the ministrations of Dr. Muller, of Harlem hospital last night with a tenderness almost incompatible with the stern duty of an ambulance surgeon.

The boy, who is but sixteen years old, slipped between the wheels of an engine, and his arm was cut off close to his shoulder. Without a murmur of pain, Albert raised the maimed arm and ran three blocks before he found succor. Then he waited for half an hour until an ambulance came to relieve him.

Albert, who lives at No. 301 West One Hundred and Forty sixth street, had been swimming with a companion, Albert Benedict in the East River, near One Hundred and Fortieth street. The boys started for home just before dark and were walking along the tracks of the Central Railroad when engine No 564 of the New Haven road came at high speed behind them.

Just as it drew opposite them Albert slipped and was thrown close to the rails. He threw out his left arm to save himself and thrust it under the engine wheels, which severed it close to the shoulder.

When Albert drew back and his companion saw the fearful injury he was helpless with fright. Not so with the victim. He quickly seized the maimed arm with his right hand, jumped up and ran to where the light was flashing in the distance. The accident happened at One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street and Southern Boulevard.

Albert ran to One Hundred and Forty-first street, where he met William Barker, a watchman. Barker telephoned for an ambulance, but the telephone wire was out of order, and it was half an hour later when Dr. Muller arrived from Harlem Hospital.

Barker says Albert uttered not a word of complaint, although his suffering must have been intense. When Dr. Muller hurried toward the boy Albert reached forth the dismembered arm and signified that he would have it replaced.

It was only when he reached the hospital and found that the surgeons could not replace the dismembered arm that he broke down and cried. Dr. Muller says Albert will recover.

KENDRICK'S LINIMENT Cures while you sleep. Bathe freely for Sore Throat and Lungs And all Swellings. Growing girls in ill health should use occasionally Wheeler's Botanic Bitters. When horses have Fever, the hair and hoofs are dry and the legs frequently swell, give Granger Condition Powder. Use KENDRICK'S LINIMENT.

CHURCH SERVICES.

St. Andrew's PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Rev. D. Fraser, Pastor. Kingston every Sunday, 11 o'clock a. m.; Richibucto every Sunday, 7 o'clock p. m. Christian Endeavor Society meets at Kingston every Monday at 7.30, and at Richibucto every Thursday at 7.30.

St. Mary's, (ANGELICAN).—REV. H. A. MEEK, Rector.—Sunday, July 22nd, 6th Sunday after Trinity, Divine Service, Buctouche, 10.30; Kingston, 3.15; Richibucto, 7; also Friday 20th, 7.30, Richibucto.

METHODIST SERVICES.—Rev. A. D. McLeod, Pastor. Preaching Sabbath:—Richibucto, Class 10, preaching 11 a. m.; Molus River, 3 p. m.; Kingston 7 p. m.; Mill Creek, Friday, 7.30 p. m.

W. H. Fenton, of Beeton, Ont., was standing in the office of the Globe Hotel, Collingwood, when suddenly he sank on his knees, and before medical aid could be secured he was dead. Heart failure is given as the cause.



DEPT. OF RAILWAYS & CANALS, CANADA.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Bridge over the Hillsboro River," will be received at this office until 16 o'clock (4 p. m.) on Friday the 10th day of August, 1900, for the construction of the Sub-structure of a combined Highway and Railway Bridge over the Hillsboro River at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.

Plans and specifications of the work can be seen on and after the 9th day of July 1900, at the office of the Superintendent of the Prince Edward Island Railway at Charlottetown, and the chief Engineer of the Intercolonial Railway at Moncton. Printed forms of Tenders can also be obtained at the places mentioned.

In the case of firms there must be attached to the tender the actual signatures of the full name, the nature of the occupation, and residence of each member of the firm, and further, an accepted bank cheque on a chartered bank of the Dominion of Canada for the sum of \$20,000 must accompany the tender.

The accepted bank cheque must be endorsed over to the Honorable the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering the contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The accepted bank cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, L. K. JONES, Secretary Dept. Rys. & Canals, Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 5th July, 1900.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Wilson's Beach Breakwater," will be received at this office until Friday, the 27th July, inclusive, for the reconstruction and extension of the Breakwater at Wilson's Beach, Charlotte County Province of New Brunswick, according to a plan and a specification to be seen at the offices of E. T. P. Shewen Esq., Resident Engineer, St. John, N. B., and C. E. W. Dodwell, Esq., Resident Engineer, Halifax, N. S., on application to the postmaster at Wilson's Beach N. B., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers. An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, for two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00), must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non acceptance of tender.

By order, JOS. R. ROY, Acting Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 3rd July, 1900.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

THE CANADA PERMANENT LOAN AND SAVINGS COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1855
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL \$5,000,000
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO
TOTAL ASSETS \$12,000,000

The above Company is the largest Loan Company in Canada and lends money on Mortgage on Agricultural land and on productive City, Town and Village property at current rates of interest. The principal sum may be repaid in one sum or by instalments.

For full particulars apply to undersigned.

HARVEY ATKINSON, Solicitor, Appraiser for Company at Moncton N. B.

Advertise in The Review

CHEAP READING.

THE REVIEW has arranged with the St. John Telegraph a combination offer to cover the subscription to this paper and the Semi-Weekly Telegraph.

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AND

The Richibucto Review

will be sent to subscribers for one year for \$1.00

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph is a 16-page paper published twice a week, containing all the news of this Province as well as the latest and most reliable news from the Transvaal war. To families in districts not supplied with a daily mail service the Semi Weekly Telegraph is preferable to either a St. John or Montreal Daily.

No family on the North Shore need be without good, up-to-date reading matter at the price quoted.

\$1.00 A YEAR FOR THE TWO PAPERS.