

## RAILROADS.

## INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after Monday, Oct. 16th, 1899 trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:—

## LEAVE KENT JUNCTION.

Accommodation for Moncton and St. John.....12.17  
Accommodation for Newcastle and Campbellton.....13.04

Vestibule Sleeping and Dining Cars on the Maritime Express between Moncton and Halifax.

All trains are run by Eastern Standard Time. Twenty-four Hour Notation.

D. POTTINGER,  
General Manager.

Railway Office, Moncton, N. B. 12th Oct. 1899.

## MONCTON AND BUCTOUCHE RAILWAY.

1899. WINTER TIME TABLE. 1900.

In effect Thursday, October 19th, 1899.

No. 1	STATIONS	No. 2
Miles from Moncton		Miles from Buctouche
10.00	Arr. Moncton.....Dep.	15.30
9.57	.....Lewisville.....	15.33
9.53	.....Humphrey.....	15.35
9.52	.....Irishtown.....	15.35
9.50	.....Cape Breton.....	16.06
9.49	.....Scott Settlement.....	16.16
9.48	.....McDougall's.....	16.27
9.47	.....St. Anthony.....	16.43
9.46	.....Cocaine.....	16.47
9.45	.....St. John.....	17.33
9.44	.....Little River.....	17.17
9.43	.....Dep. Buctouche.....Arr.	17.30

## EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAIN FROM BUCTOUCHE connects at Humphrey's with I. C. R. for Halifax, and at Moncton with C. P. R. train for St. John, Montreal and United States points leaving at 12.05, and I. C. R. train for Campbellton leaving at 10.35.

TRAIN FOR BUCTOUCHE connects at Humphrey's with I. C. R. day express from Halifax, and at Moncton with C. P. R. train leaving St. John at 12.05, and I. C. R. accommodation train leaving Campbellton at 6.00.

Trains run daily, Sunday excepted.

E. G. EVANS, Superintendent.  
Moncton, N. B., Oct. 17th, 1899.

## KENT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

## TIME TABLE.

10.00	Dept. Richibucto, Arr.	15.00
10.15	Kingston,	14.45
10.28	Mill Creek,	14.25
10.45	Grumble Road,	13.55
10.51	Molus River,	13.50
11.15	McMinn's Mills,	13.35
11.30	Arr. Kent Junction, Dept.	13.20

Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

Trains run daily, Sunday excepted. Connect with I. C. R. accommodation trains north and south.

WILMOT BROWN.

General Manager and Lessee.  
Richibucto, Oct. 15th, 1899

MORTGAGES,

DEEDS,

BILLS OF SALE (with affidavit),

LEASES,

COUNTY COURT SUBPŒNAES,

COUNTY COURT WRITS,

COUNTY COURT EXECUTIONS,

SUPREME COURT SUBPŒNAES,

ILLS OF LADING,

MAGISTRATE'S FORMS.

and other forms, for sale at

THE REVIEW Office.

Thousands now use

# TIGER TEA.

## WHY?

Because it is the best value on the market.

Sold in lead packages only.

Price 30, 40, 50 and 60c., and \$1.00 per lb.

## W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

"And let us not be weary in well-doing for in due season we shall reap if we faint not."—Galatians 6: 9.

## BATTLE FOR SALOON SUPPRESSION.

## ONE DOZEN FACTS.

IT IS A FACT

That the saloon makes drunkards. "Since 1890 the number of murders has doubled twice, and last year there were 10,600 in the United States, nearly every one of these committed by a rum maniac." Every saloon is a standing declaration of intention to inflict pain, injury, death, upon the community.

IT IS A FACT

That no business but that of drunkard-making ever suffered by the banishing of the saloon from a town.

IT IS A FACT

That the liquor business would go into bankruptcy if compelled to pay for all the damage it brings upon society.

IT IS A FACT

That if this business cannot afford to pay its own damages out of its enormous profits, no town can hope to pay them out of that small share in the profits called license or "blood money."

IT IS A FACT

That they who plead that the traffic must be licensed lest the commonwealth be deprived of the "immense revenue," are really urging that men be solicited to squander \$10 for drink in order to put \$1 into the public treasury.

IT IS A FACT

That the saloon only pays the tax by robbing the public. Hence they who cry, "We must have the license money to help us run our schools," are either guilty of cruel rapacity or convicted of mental incapacity.

IT IS A FACT

That prohibition prohibits! "Good temperance men" are sometimes deluded and ready to repeal prohibition because it is "ineffective" and "inferior to a good license law." That would be a good reason for liquor papers and liquor dealers to work hard for the establishment of prohibition. But they never do!

IT IS A FACT

That license doesn't prohibit! It is notorious that the license laws of the country are not enforced. This is "read and known of all men," save the officials. License cannot prohibit and does not restrain, and is a failure as a temperance measure.

IT IS A FACT

That the increasing use of fermented and malt liquors does not lessen the use of ardent spirits. This is shown by the official reports issued by governments of the great wine and beer drinking nations—France, Spain, Italy, Germany, Great Britain, Belgium, Bavaria.

IT IS A FACT

That the saloon is the bitterest and most pitiless enemy of homes and church. The Christian can never be satisfied short of the extirpation of a traffic so antagonistic to every interest of the church of God.

IT IS A FACT

That the liquor traffic can never be legalized without sin. "We condemn the license features of all statutes by which money is accepted by the legal protection of an immortal traffic." "In accepting money for such a purpose the government... becomes a partner in a business justly declared to be an enemy of God and man."

IT IS A FACT

That where the people rule, votes are the weapons which must destroy Satan's most powerful engine, the saloon. Bishop Fitzgerald says: "With the most deadly weapon at his command—the ballot—the Christian man should slay the fiendish foe and slay it quickly."—Zion's Herald.

## Children Cry for CASTORIA.

The manager—What was all that trouble among the freaks this morning.

Why, the two headed man got into a quarrel with himself as to which of him should get shaved first.—Tit-Bits.

## GRIPPE'S LEGACY.

## Shattered Nerves AND Weakened System.

## A Montreal Gentleman Tells About It.

Mr. F. J. Brophy, a well-known employee in the money-order department at the general post office in Montreal, tells about his case as follows:

"I had a very severe attack of La Grippe, which left me all run down, very nervous, without appetite, and extremely weak. Very often I could not sleep at night, and I was much troubled with profuse perspiration, which naturally caused me much annoyance. Learning of the good effects of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, I began taking them, and much to my gratification they have braced me up, invigorated my entire system, and made me feel like a new man. I am now all O.K., and highly recommend these pills to anyone suffering as I did."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure palpitation, nervousness, sleeplessness, weakness, anemia and general debility.

What does better half mean? asked the inquisitive boy.

Better half, explained the father, is usually the smaller part as to size and the larger part as to influence. It thus even up and takes a half.

Oh! said the boy.

John William, you ought to be ashamed of yourself! said the boy's father's better half.

## A FRANK LETTER.

Mrs. Elizabeth Berry Confesses that she had to come back to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

First Trial Not a Fair One—One Box Didn't cure her—But Three Years Afterwards she Took Twelve, and Succeeded.

BEAR RIVER, N. S., April 16.—One of the most useful testimonials ever given to the great remedy, Dodd's Kidney Pills, is that of Mrs. Elizabeth Berry of this place. In her letter she lays her pen right upon the very point that has caused more failure than any other that ever existed—the lack of perseverance. She had been troubled with kidney disease for eight years. She tried but one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills. They failed to cure her. She stopped taking them. The story of her cure finally will be found a most useful object lesson, and her letter which follows should be taken to heart by every person with kidney disease in the Maritime Provinces.

January 18, 1900.

"I have been troubled with kidney trouble for eight years, until it became a chronic case. I tried different remedies but with little success. A friend advised me to take Dodd's Kidney Pills. I took one box, and that not helping me, I left off taking any more for three years.

"I at last got so I could not dress or undress myself, and could scarcely sleep more than five minutes at a time all through the night. About a year ago I purchased five boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and they proved such a success that I got seven more boxes and took them. Now I can sleep, and am completely cured of kidney trouble, thanks to Dodd's Kidney Pills. You can publish this in the Family Herald and Weekly Star, if you wish, and I hope it will help others who have kidney trouble.

"Yours truly,

"MRS. ELIZABETH BERRY,  
Digby Co., N. S."



## TILE DRAINAGE.

Some farmers appear to think the only gain from underdraining is that the soil is dry enough to work sooner after hard rains and will yield better crops when the season is wet. But this is by no means all the benefit, according to an Ohio Farmer correspondent who is an enthusiastic advocate of tile drainage. He names and comments upon the following additional reasons for his faith:

First, a better yield in dry seasons; second it is easier to keep the ground clear of weeds; third, vegetables, grass, etc., are made more palatable; fourth, wheat and clover do not heave out so much by freezing and thawing; fifth, the soil does not wash so much; sixth, it makes the soil more fertile.

To say that ditching prevents damage by drought may seem strange to those who have never tried underdraining their land, but those who have tried it know that the crops over and near a tile ditch are better in a dry season than where no tiles are used. The droughts that do the most damage are those where a dry summer and fall follow an open winter and a wet spring. This is caused by the wet weather in the spring making the soil run together and become compact. When dry weather follows, it is more injurious than if the soil is loose, as it generally is over and near a tile ditch.

As to the second reason—it is easier to get rid of weeds—a little observation will prove it to be correct. It is in the wet spots in the wheatfield where the wheat is killed by the water that the dock, ragweed, cress and other pests are the worst. It is the same way in the cornfield and potato patch. The low, wet places are generally the most difficult to keep clean.

The third advantage is that the products of well drained land are more palatable than those grown on wet land. The same varieties of potatoes planted in different soils will produce potatoes of dissimilar qualities. Those grown on well drained land will cook dry and mealy, while those grown in a wet, heavy, clay soil will be of an inferior quality and will be soggy when cooked.

The fourth advantage claimed—that wheat and clover are not injured so much by the ground freezing and thawing—does not need explaining.

As to the fifth claim—that the soil does not wash so much—I am not quite so positive as I am about the others. The loose soil over a tile ditch will wash easily if the tile does not have the capacity to carry all the water that runs to it.

As to the last claim—that it makes the soil more fertile. I mean by this that it not only makes the land more productive but that it adds fertilizing elements to the soil the same as we do when we cover the ground with manure or fertilizers. Some may inquire when these elements are applied. The answer is, every day in the year and by the water and air that pass through the soil.

While a heavy coat of stable manure may make better crops for six, eight or ten years and an application of commercial fertilizer will show for several years, if they are not renewed the soil will not show any gain from them after a time, but the tile ditch, like "a thing of beauty" is "a joy forever."

DEEP PLOUGHING QUESTIONED.

It is a disputed point in tillage as to whether or not deep ploughing is the best method of keeping the soil in proper con-

dition. Many farmers are of the opinion that deep ploughing is detrimental to the land, while, on the other hand, there are those who keep ploughing a little deeper every year, thinking that by so doing they improve the producing capacity of the land. To decide the matter intelligently, the texture of the soil must be taken into consideration in each case. With the lighter, loamy or sandy lands the winter frost will accomplish all that is necessary in the way of loosening the soil. Heavy clays require cultivation, and in many cases deep cultivation, as well as green manuring, in order to improve the texture. Another consideration is the retention of humus in the place where it is most needed—in the three or four inches of the surface soil. Deep ploughing that would turn this under is not advisable.

## TO GET PROFIT FROM THE COW.

It is extremely difficult to get a great many men to see that the reason why they are not financially successful with cows is because they treat them in so heartless a manner, said Hoard's Dairyman. They tie them up in rigid stanchions and force them to bear their young in such cruel confinement; they compel them to lie in their own filth until their sides are plastered with it; they shut them up in dark, damp underground stables, forcing them to breathe in air reeking with poisoned fumes; they half starve them in winter's cold and midsummer droughts; they dog them and abuse them with blows and curses. All these things are of common practice, and then such men wonder that this wonderful mother denies to them a profit from her motherhood.

Do you know the value of the Granger Condition Powders? a genuine tonic for horses or cattle that are "run down," or out of condition. They remove all fevers and are the only condition powders that have held their own, besides having had a steadily increasing demand. A few doses given occasionally will keep a horse in condition and prevent and cure stoppage, colic, worms, swelled legs, horse ail, cough and keep the blood pure.

## A PRACTICAL JOKE.

An Irishman took a contract to dig a public well. When he had dug about 25 feet down, he came one morning and found it caved in—filled nearly to the top.

Pat looked cautiously round and saw that no one was near, then took off his hat and coat and hung them on the windlass, crawled into some bushes and waited events. In a short time the citizens discovered that the well had caved in, and, seeing Pat's hat and coat on the windlass, they supposed he was at the bottom of the excavation.

Only a few hours of brisk digging cleared the loose earth from the well. Just as they had reached the bottom and were wondering where the body was when Pat came walking out and good naturedly thanked them for relieving him of a sorry job.

Some of the tired diggers were disgusted, but the joke was too good to allow of anything more than a hearty laugh.

## COOK'S NEW BLOOD PILLS.

Canvasser—I have here a work—Master of the House—I can't read. Canvasser—But your children—Master of the House—I have no children (triumphantly) nothing but a cat. Canvasser—Well, you want something to throw at the cat. He took the book.

## STAGGERING UNDER BURDENS.

Paine's Celery Compound Is the Power That Removes Every Load of Disease In Spring-time.

It is the World's Most Noted Remedy For Blood Cleansing, Nerve Bracing and Flesh Building.

Now the Spring is at hand, the body is ready to cast off unhealthy tissues if it is only given a chance.

The great work of renewing and building up health and strength is surely and quickly done by Paine's Celery Compound.

Paine's Celery Compound cleanses and purifies every drop of blood in the body; the excretory organs, kidneys, skin and bowels are made to work actively and the nerves are able to furnish sufficient energy to the digestive organs.

Paine's Celery Compound is the best spring medicine in the world, because it is far more than a mere spring remedy. It brings a healthy appetite, perfect digestion and regularity of the bowels. As the greatest of spring remedies it banishes morbid humors and poisons that cause rheumatism, neuralgia, heart trouble and other dangerous ailments.

For long years physicians have recognized Paine's Celery Compound as the one scientific spring medicine, and it is universally prescribed by them whenever there is urgent need of a vigorous and prompt restoring of health and strength to the worn-out system.

Thousands of men and women have found from personal experience that Paine's Celery Compound makes sick people well, and keeps all from sickness who use it in springtime.

## NEW INVENTIONS.

Below will be found a list of patents recently granted by the Canadian and United States governments, through the agency of Messrs. Marion & Marion, New York Life Building, Montreal. The "Inventor's Help" will be sent to any address upon receipt of 10 cents.

## CANADA.

66,685—Joseph G. Dallaire, St. Laurent, Ile d'Orleans, P. Q., Telephone Transmitters.

66,684—Candide Kingsley, Montreal, P. Q., Ratchet Wrench.

66,893—James McCulloch, Perth, Ont., Improvements in steam actuated valves for pumps.

66,894—Joseph G. Dallaire, St. Laurent, Ile d'Orleans, P. Q., Corset clasp.

66,892—Amedee Proulx, St. Aime, P. Q., Barrels support.

## UNITED STATES.

646,781—H. J. A. and N. A. Giroux, Charlesbourg, P. Q., Acetylene Gas generator.

646,932—Amedee Tetrault, Montreal, P. Q., Athletic shoe.

646,437—Jean L. Guay, Plessisville, P. Q., Acetylene gas generator.

646,583—Edwin E. Bell, Orangeville, Ont., Game apparatus.

## COOK'S SURE COUGH CURE.

McGory—O'il buy yez no new hat d' yez moind that! Ye are vain enough ahridly.

Mrs. McGory—Me vain! O'i'm not! Shure, O'i don't tink meself half as good looking as O'i am.

## What Men in High Places Say.

DOCTORS, LAWYERS, MINISTERS, EDUCATIONALISTS, AND POLITICIANS JOIN FORCES AS ONE MAN,

And Put the Great Seal of Their Approval on Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder as the Greatest of Healers.

Personal Experience Is the best evidence, and a man's Own Signature Seals His Faith. Hundreds of Canada's Most

Illustrious Sons Are Its Heartiest Endorsers.

Perhaps no ailment to which flesh is heir brings men down to a more common level than catarrh and catarrhal affections. When it is rated that ninety in every hundred are subject in a lesser or

greater degree to the ravages of this universal disease, the high, the low, the rich, the poor, must naturally come within its grasp. And it is not to be wondered at that such a galaxy of Canada's best men as have done so are willing, having themselves been sufferers, to "let their light shine" that others may be warned of the malady, and herald to the world the efficacy, the quick relief, the absolute cure they have proven to be in so splendid a compound as Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

Thus it is considered no breach of etiquette on the part of the professional

men, no indignity on the "bench," nothing unparliamentary on the part of the lawmaker, and no discredit on the pulpit, to say the good honest things that many of these men in high places have attested to over their own signatures.

Here are a few names of prominent Canadians who have used and are believers in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder:—The Right Reverend Dr. Sweatman, Lord Bishop of Toronto; Rev. Dr. Lantry, of the Anglican Church; Rev. Dr. Withrow, editor of The Canadian Methodist Magazine; Rev. A. R. Chambers, Toronto; Rev. William Galbraith, Toronto; Hon. George Taylor, George H. McDonnell, M. P., Dr. Godbout, M. P., Robert Beith, M. P., Hon. David Mills, M. P., H. Cargill, M. P., James H. Metcalfe, M. P., and a hundred more as prominent public-spirited men.

Too many people have dallied with this dreaded disease, experimenting with

worthless, untried and irritating so-called cures, only to find disappointment and a deep seating of the malady which means years of misery if not checked. Why not trust the man's testimony whom you think worthy to represent you in the House of Parliament—the man you would trust as your spiritual adviser—the man you would trust the education of your son to—to be your adviser in the matter of your health. Take warning, and if there is a hint of the catarrh taint apply Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder without delay. It will save you suffering, heal you surely, absolutely and permanently, whether you have been a slave one month or fifty years. It relieves cold in the head in ten minutes.

DR. AGNEW'S CURE FOR THE HEART gives relief inside of 30 minutes, and no heart trouble so hopeless it will not cure.

DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT heals "pimples" faces and other skin affections. Cures piles in from 3 to 5 nights.

DR. AGNEW'S LIVE PILLS, smallest and cheapest pill made—20 cents for 40 doses.