

The Review.

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LEGAL NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office—whether directed to his address or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay. 2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

RICHIBUCTO, N. B. JAN. 10, 1901

THE BOER RAIDS.

The recent raid of the Boers into Cape Colony are causing the British public considerable anxiety and not a few persons are becoming impatient over the slow progress which Lord Kitchener is making towards terminating the war.

Few appear to realize the very difficult task which has been allotted the new British commander to complete.

It is quite true he has a large number of troops under his order but they are more or less scattered over a territory exceeding in area half a million square miles, chiefly in small garrisons, some of which are more or less isolated and communication with them is a source of difficulty.

In addition to these disadvantages he has the difficulties involved in proper transportation facilities and the keeping open of his lines of communication by patrolling as not only are the apparently active Boers destroying the railway and telegraphic communication, but the Boers who are not in active service against the British are aiding in this work. It is not necessary for us to mention the splendid opportunities afforded by the nature of the country for guerilla warfare. There is none better in the world, and an enemy having an excellent knowledge of the country, better mounted, among friends who are prepared to give them every assistance in information, and supplies, and at the same time to deceive the British by lying, the Boers although far inferior in number have thus had wonderful advantages over their opponents.

This style of guerilla warfare can easily be compared with the condition of affairs which existed during the American civil war. Most of our readers will remember the continual urging on the part of the Northern press for an immediate advance on the southern capital, Richmond. After several years of repeated attempts, the federal forces were finally successful. Here we have a parallel with the South Africa war, only on a very miniature scale to the latter. Whenever the Northern troops advanced or pressed on toward Richmond, the Southern dispatched an army up the Shenandoah valley, crossed the Potomac and threatened Washington, Philadelphia and Baltimore in the rear of the Northern army.

As the Northern cities were of more consequence than the Southern capital, the Northern army would have to retire and protect their cities. Until Sheridan completely destroyed the Shenandoah valley, this style of warfare continued. Now the area over which these two grand armies operated was not one tenth that which Lord Kitchener has to attend to to-day, so when our Yankee coun-

ters sneer at our progress we can refer them for a parallel not only to the Philippines, but also to their own civil war. The recent raid into the Cape Colony was undoubtedly made for several reasons:—

The Boers were desirous of obtaining recruits and supplies, as they had been led to believe from the very violent language employed at the recent meeting at Worcester of the Cape Dutch, that they would receive assistance in men, arms and supplies. As far as can be learned few of the Colonists have joined but they have undoubtedly received some arms and supplies not only from their friends but also captured from the British. Again they would be able by this movement to cut the British line of communication and impede the transportation of supplies for the army in the Orange Colony and the Transvaal, and finally to assist Dewet out of his difficulties by necessitating the dispatch of troops from the Orange Colony and thus destroy the Cordon which Kitchener has completed around the wily Boer general. It is impossible to say to what extent the latter scheme has been successful, but we are inclined to the opinion that Kitchener would keep his hand if possible on Dewet as undoubtedly one of the first strokes towards terminating the guerilla war is the capture of Dewet.

From the dispatches from South Africa, little can be gleaned of the actual movements of the British army, as the Commander sends home as little news as possible. Kitchener has a great task before him which involve many ups and downs before he has accomplished the subjugation of the guerilla bands, but we have every confidence in him and if the general public will but be patient they will see the same result as transpired in the Soudan.

People are asking who is to be the candidate in Kent to fill the vacancy in the legislature caused by the death of the late Peter H. Leger. In due time no doubt there will be a convention called to choose the government candidate. There is no lack of suitable material for a worthy member and we presume that any who might have aspirations will accept the decision of the convention.

One of the events of last century was the defeat of Geo. V. McInerney. Will he bob up serenely in this century?

Everybody is too busy to talk politics just now. The hum of prosperity drowns any sound that the tory fault finders make.

What consolation the tories take out of the fact that they are in power in the provincial legislature of Manitoba. If it were not for this source of comfort the tory organs could never make a political announcement.

Toronto had five candidates for mayoralty and Ottawa six. There were only nine disappointed people in this list on election night, but that is a mere trifle.

The Sun is still silent on the questions of misrepresentation and deceit which it has been practising for some time. Why this silence? It probably finds that "it is up against the game."

The St. John morning tory organ has left us severely alone of late, and has now started complaining of not having good enough times in St. John. A loss of about \$12,000 per annum for government printing does make a little difference round a printing office. Where would the Sun have been if it had had eighteen years of opposition?

NEW BRUNSWICK BRIDGES.

The Moncton Times is quite aggrieved at the idea of the New Brunswick government allowing bridge building concerns outside the Province to tender for four steel bridges which it is intended to erect in various portions of the Province. If we remember correctly the Times and its friends last year were even more aggrieved at the government for confining this work to New Brunswick bridge builders. There is no pleasing some people.

The Campbellton Telephone takes the more consistent view that as it had formerly opposed the local government on the policy of giving the bridge contracts without public tender open to tenderers in any part of America, so now it commends it for its wiser action. The Telephone compliments the Hon. C. H. Labillois, Commissioner of Public Works, for his wisdom and courage.

As a matter of fact, the Local Government's policy in respect to the erection of the permanent bridges has been thoroughly consistent. Finding that the outside contractors who received the contracts for the erection of the first steel bridges, were determined to slight the work, and perceiving that a thorough inspection at the shops as well as at the site of erection was necessary to prevent this dishonesty, the Government wisely decided to have the work done within the limits of the Province. By such a course the Commissioner of Public Works felt it was possible to have the plans of the Engineer of his Department carried out to the letter, and that the bridges when completed would be permanent in more than mere name.

There was another thought moreover which prompted this local bridge building policy. The members of the Executive felt that as the House of Assembly had decided to expend a very considerable sum of money—\$400,000 in one vote—it was a matter of some concern that this money should be spent in the way which would most directly benefit the people of the Province. It was thought by paying this money to New Brunswick bridge builders, not only would foreign cheap labour be kept out of the New Brunswick market and the work be done by our own artisans, but that it would stimulate capital to invest in the plant requisite for the work, and new industries result. For it must not be forgotten that in the erection of the earlier bridges by the Upper Canadian concerns, cheap labour had been brought into the Province to do this work which our people were paying for.

At the time that policy was initiated it was a wise policy, but as time passed by and steel highway bridges passed the experimental point in New Brunswick, it became equally the part of wisdom to open the limits of the tenders. Sufficient has been done to foster the local industries to enable them to properly compete with outside contractors.

The old policy was in many ways successful, as there is no doubt we have to-day better bridges than we should have had if outside concerns had been permitted to dump their dishonest work on this market. We have had honest work at an honest price. But in one respect the policy has been disappointing, in that it has not induced the industrial movement in this Province that was reasonably to be expected in the direction of bridge and other heavy iron and steel foundries. Perhaps that is soon to come, for the Nova Scotia iron

and steel concerns must make a development of this kind possible sooner or later.

Whether the contracts go to concerns inside or outside the Province, the Public Works Department is now in a position to know what kind of work it can insist upon. The shoddy work of dishonest bridge concerns will not be accepted by the New Brunswick government.

The prospective husband of the young Queen of Holland left the Hague in a huff. The "Dot" of \$5,000,000 was not large enough to suit his taste. We would be quite satisfied with less and it goes without saying that we have that amount already.

The Chatham World is not pleased with the change of management of the Telegraph as it is afraid that it will become too powerful an organ. The World probably is aware of the fact that the Telegraph goes all around the world. The letter of Sir Hibbert Tupper to his constituents was a rather unexpected Xmas gift and one which that politician will regret having penned. It reminds one of his strong anti-British speeches of a few years ago.

The St. John tory organ is after the "Le Soleil" on military matters. Wait until our Quebec contemporary starts, and even a Colonel will not ward off the blows, for they come fast and hard from the pugnacious Pacaud.

GRIPPE HEADACHE.

Mrs. C. Appleton, Whitewood, N. W. T., writes: "Miburn's Sterling Headache Powders have given me great relief from the terrible pains of La Grippe in my head and through my back." Price 10c. and 25c. all dealers.

SOUTH BRANCH ITEMS.

Christmas is past and gone, and good cheer reigns again.

Mr. James F. Burns and his daughter, Teresa, spent a few days visiting friends in Coal Branch, Harcourt and Adamsville.

Mr. Jos. Mitchell spent Christmas with his son in Amherst.

Miss Lizzie Warren, of Boston, is visiting her parents.

Mr. Thomas Murray has purchased the trotting stallion from Mr. Joe Murphy. Clear the road boys.

Lumbering is the order of the day. Messrs. Stewart McDonald and Thomas Murphy, of West Branch, are doing an extensive business; also Thomas Murphy and his sons and Philip Murphy's sons are getting out hemlock. Mr. James F. Burns is doing considerable lumbering in Spring Brook.

Mr. Geo. Mitchell's horse took fright on Christmas day and caused a serious smash up.

Mr. Will McNairn, of Buctouche, paid some of his friends in S. B. a flying visit on New Year's Eve.

Miss Mary Chrysal spent a few days with her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. John Grady, of Notre Dame, were visiting friends in South Branch and Spring Brook.

TEDDY.

THE D. & L. MENTHOL PLASTER is the most largely sold in Canada. For backache and all muscular pains there's nothing equal to it. Each plaster in an airtight tin, 25c. Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., makers.

Mrs. Tom Thumb is now 60 years of age, but is still bright and active. She is however, Mrs. Tom Thumb no longer, having married again. Her present husband is Count Magri, who, it is said, was her first lover and was thrown over by her for the sake of General Tom Thumb, whom she married in 1863. She was known on the stage as Lavinia Warren, but her real name was Miss Bump and she was born in Middleborough in Massachusetts.

FOR SCIATICA PLEURISY STITCHES CRICKS NEURALGIA RHEUMATISM LAME BACK

MENTHOL THE D & L PLASTER

THE BEST ANTI-RHEUMATIC PLASTER MADE

EACH PLASTER IN ENAMELED TIN BOX PRICE 25¢ ALSO 50¢ PER DOZEN

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO. LTD. MONTREAL MANUFACTURERS

EAST GALLOWAY NOTES.

JAN. 6, 1901.—As there has been no notes from Galloway for a long while I will try and write a few. I am only a green hand.

Miss Martha Girvan left for Moncton Tuesday, where she will visit friends for a few weeks.

Miss Maggie Girvan, of Coal Branch, spent a few days with her cousins, the Misses Girvan.

Miss Edna Smith spent a few days with her cousin Phemia last week.

R. Smith and his sister Phemia and cousin Mamie drove to Black River Sunday morning, returning in the moon light.

Miss Viola Murray has returned to her school after two weeks vacation.

Mr. W. Girvan, of Pine Ridge, spent a few days with his sister, Mrs. S. Girvan, returning home on Sunday.

Miss Nina Girvan is visiting friends in Jardineville.

Robinson Stohart, of Jardineville, is teaching music lessons at S. Girvan's.

Mr. Thomas Scott, of Mill Creek, Buctouche, was visiting friends in Galloway and Jardineville last week.

We are sorrow to say Galloway is going to lose one of its fair ladies. Pine Ridge is the winner.

Charles Smith spent a few days with his uncle Edward last week.

I will bring my notes to a close hoping to hear from other parts sooner or later. And I may also say, I hope I have not taken too much room in your valuable paper.

SOMEBODY'S DARLING.

MOTHERS DO NOT FAIL TO SEE that you obtain the original and genuine McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup—safe, pleasant and effectual at all times.

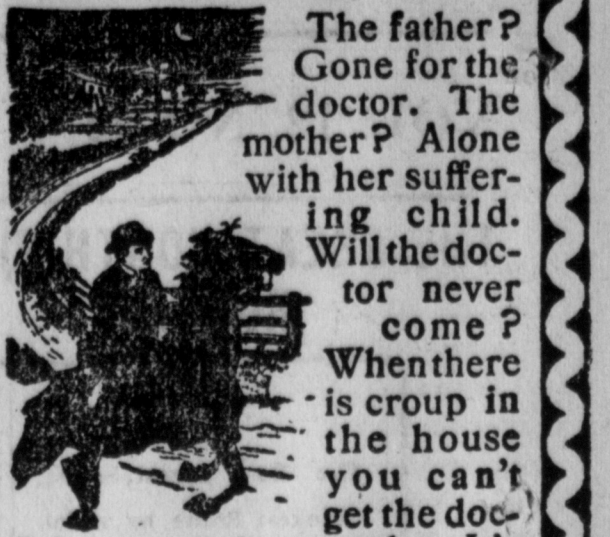
Use the Granger Condition Powder for a genuine tonic and blood cleanser for Horses and cattle.

Kendrick's Liniment is always satisfactory, never disappointing.

Use KENDRICK'S LINIMENT.

The St. John Telegraph says:—"There was received at a post office between St. John and Moncton by the C. P. R. east, a small square box containing a Christmas present. There was no address on the package but inside was a plain card with "From Hazel to Hazel, Christmas, 1900" written on it. If the senders should see this notice they can learn the present locality of the parcel by inquiring at this office.

TIME IS LIFE



The father? Gone for the doctor. The mother? Alone with her suffering child. Will the doctor never come? When there is croup in the house you can't get the doctor quick enough. It's too dangerous to wait. Don't make such a mistake again; it may cost a life. Always keep on hand a dollar bottle of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

It cures the croup at once. Then when any one in the family comes down with a hard cold or cough a few doses of the Pectoral will cut short the attack at once. A 25 cent bottle will cure a miserable cold; the 50c. size is better for a cold that has been hanging on.

Keep the dollar size on hand. "About 25 years ago I came near dying with consumption, but was cured with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, since which time I have kept Ayer's medicines in the house and recommend them to all my friends." C. D. MATHEWSON, Bristol, Vt. Jan. 16, 1899.

Write the Doctor. If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice, write the doctor freely. Address Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

BRIGHTON, Ont., Jan. 5.—The farmhouse of John McLean, five miles from here, was burned yesterday morning. Wm. Lawson, 91 years of age, McLean's father-in-law, perished in the flames. McLean was badly burned in an attempt to get Mr. Lawson out. There was no insurance on the building or contents.

BARGAINS For one Month AT THE White Store, KINGSTON.

- Men's Grain Top Boots, \$8.50 per pair.
- Women's Boots, \$1.50 now \$1.15
- Women's Fine Boots, \$2.00 now \$1.40.
- Women's Coarse Boots, \$1.35 now \$1.10.
- Boys' Coarse Boots, \$1.25 now 90cts.
- Boys' Fine Boots, \$1.75 now \$1.50.
- Reefers, \$4.50 now \$3.00.
- Men's Underwear, \$2.00 now \$1.20 per set.
- Men's Sateen Shirts, \$1.00 now 50cts.
- Men's Woolen Shirts, \$1.50 now \$1.10.
- Blankets, \$4.50 now \$3.00.
- Table Cloths, \$1.25 now 75cts.
- Factory Cotton, 3 1/2 cents per yard.
- Bleached Cotton from 5 to 7 cents per yard.
- Plaid, 6 cts. per yard and upwards.
- Print, 5 and 9 cts. per yard.
- Horse Rugs, \$1.60 now \$1.15.
- Men's Pants, \$1.75 now \$1.25.
- Men's Suits, \$8.00 now \$5.00.
- Sleigh Robes, \$1.75 now \$1.25.
- Women's sacks, \$1.75 and upwards.
- Men's Gloves, 90cts. now 65cts per pair.
- Caps, 60cts. now 35cts.
- Good Family Flour, \$4.25 now \$3.50 per bbl.
- Gran. Sugar, 20 lbs. for \$1.00.
- Brown Sugar, 22 lbs. for \$1.00.
- Barley, 10 lbs. for 25cts.
- Oatmeal, 10 lbs. for 25cts.
- Baking Soda, 10 lbs. for 25cts
- Soap, 10 lbs. for 25cts.
- Porto Rico Molasses, 42cts. per gal.
- Pickles 10cts per bottle.
- Tea, 15, 20, 25, and 30cts. per lb.
- Butter, 20cts. per lb.
- Flannelette, from 6cts. upwards.
- Ker. Oil, 22cts. per gal.

A large quantity of Crockeryware and Graniteware at wholesale prices. Dress Goods of all kinds at a Bargain. Call and examine our goods and secure bargains.

THE WHITE STORE, SOUTH END KINGSTON BRIDGE.