## Kills the Bugs Feeds the Plant



Pat in Canada Nov. 2, 1697, and Jan. 25, 1900.

MON-POISONOUS. PREVENTS BLIGHT. Bug Death Kills Potatoe, Squash and Cocumber bugs; Currant and Tomatoe Worms; and all bugs and worms that destroy the leaves

Bug Death keeps the plant green and growing. It produces a large crop and better quality.

Bug Death is in the form of a powder which can be sifted or shaken on to the plants, or it can be mixed with water and put on with a spray.

Bug Death is sold in one, three, five and twelve and one-half pound packages. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT.

BUG DEATH CHEMICAL CO. Sole Proprietors for Canada, St. Stephen, N. B., Canada.

CANADIAN LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., U. S. A., July 26. Secretary Hay had been in consultation communicated. As for what President McK day or the Senators may do, I have not the slightest idea." It was thought strange at the time that a trained diplomulike Lord Pauncefote should talk as reported, but as the accuracy of the interview was not denied at once it was Carpenter, Brantford, Octario, \$; D. thought that perhaps the British government bul decided to concede all that the United States had demanded regarding the canal qui snon and had chosen this method of acquainting the British people with its intention. The correction plays hob with these optimistic ideas, but at the same time the fact that absolutely no resentment seems to have been aroused in Great Britain by the interview, which it is said was universally credited -seems to snow, either that the British was so much absorbed in South Africa that they cannot think of anything else, or else that they really are indifferent concerning the question. If the latter is the case then there is some probability of an acquiescence in the wishes of the United States by the British government. Should this probability become a certainty the American people will be gratified at having been able to carry out their point. The United States intends to build the canal practically on the terms as laid down in the amended Senate treaty, and will undoubtedly abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty if it is necessary to do so, to attain

It is estimated that nearly \$2,000,0.0 worth of bank notes printed from the original plates of the State Bank of New Bruaswick, N. J., have been circulated along the Canadian frontier by sailors and others who claimed that the notes were those of a Canadian bank. The state bank of New Brunswick went out of existence some time in the '50s and it was supposed the steel plates from which its notes were printed were destroyd. It seems, however, that these plates have fallen into the hands of parties who have printed from them large quantities of notes. A very large percentage of the notes so far discovered are twos although some ones and fives are being sent in. Inasmuch as the notes are not counterfeits of any Uniand passers cannot be prosecuted under the United States law, but it is said they can be punished for fraud under the state laws. It appears that the notes readily pass along the Canadian Province of New Branswick, the word "New Jersey" being minted in small letters. The notes are printed on bond paper and are quite as good in every way as the originals

An absolutely idiotic story is being cir- body pains. culated in New York to the effect that the Conadians are advising the Duke and rheumatism, had severe pains in the Duchess of Cornwall and York not to visit the United States, particularly New York, while on their way East through Liver Pills, which have since completet . Dominion, the reason for this advice being that it is feared that the Duke will longer subject to biliousness, headache be suljected to humiliation and insult; that Mayor Van Wyck, or others in the City government might seize on the visit a larger sale by far than any similar as a opportunity to make political capital by showing discourtesy to the representative of the British royal family.

e wrocy of this idea needs only to be rentioned. It is suspected by some peoe on this side of the line that Canada vants to keep the duke exclusively for erself, not giving the United States even clook on. The Duke, it is said, is permally rather inchned to take a trip arough some of the United States. His ather, the present king, visited America hen he was a young man, and was the expient of many honors from national, ate, and city governments.

That it takes all sorts of cranks to make world is shown by the interview given out by G. T. Wyleigh, of Melbourne, Australia, who is here as evangel of a proposition that the United States shall voluntarily surrender its Republican form of government and accept the Royal British House as its Over-Lord. Mr. Wyleigh suggests that it would not be so hard on us to have a King. "He is merely a figure head in Great Britain," he said. "The colonies are not ruled in any way by the Crown, and do not contribute a cent of tribute to the King. He would be merely a figure head here, but his adoption as sovereign, and the constitutional monarch of America, would bring into one the two greatest nations the world has ever seen. it would be very much bester for this country. A republic was all very well while the nation was in leading strings, but it won't do, you know, for the future. One of the things it would mean for America would be, of course, that the monarch would have palaces in various parts of this country. It may take a generation for the American people to see | Mark Twain and the Serpent's Tooth that a constitutional monarchy is the best | Mark Twain's daughter. Miss Clare and the only government of the future | L. Clemens, in entering upon her career for them, and it will take longer if some as a concert singer, and a long conone does not first bring the advantages of the plan to their attention. I shall do details settled. Miss Clemens dictating what I can to make them understand it her own ideas. The young singer, who as I see it." Mr. Wyleigh counts a good had experienced considerable difficult deal on the support of our multi-million- in obtaining parental consent to a pub -Lord Pauncefote has disfavored the in- aires who, he says, would be created lic career, showed her earnestness by terview said to have been had with him Dukes, Earles, etc., when the union took looked into affeirs. in London and copied from the British place, but in this country the ballot de- When matters had been fully consid Press into the American. He has ex- cides everything, and the vote of a Carne- ered and the manager was about it plained that all he really said was what gie or a Vanderbilt is easily offset by one leave. Miss Clemens said, with the the press hal announced lon; ag - hat of their hired servants. Even the sug- large determination that small bodie gestion of a third term for a President and not infrequently possess: with crtain senator and had requested ways creates a storm of disapproval as has a squad his government of certain tending towards dictatorship. With how tioned at all in connection with the proposals. These proposals, said the Am- much more evidences of dislike would the singing in public." bassacer, "are still under consideration by great body of Americans look on a per- Mark Twain, who had been sitting my g vernment and no reply has been petual ruler? The fact is the American in the room during the interview, in people to-day, are more in love with their form of government than at any previous

> The following pensions have been less child."granted to residents of Canada: Original -W. H. Doel, Toronto, \$10; Egerton Green, Owen Sound, Ontario, \$10; E. D. Webb, Liscomb, Nova Scotia, \$8. Increase -J. T. Holmer, Toronto, Ontario, \$10; F. S. Atkinson, Sackville, N. B, \$10; N. Croto, Granby, Quebec, \$8.

time in their history.

E G. Siggers, Patent Lawyer, Washingon, D. C., reports the following patents granted to inventors in the Dominion of Canada, July 23, 1901. He will mail copy of specification and drawings of any patent for 10 cents in stamps.

George Breet, Toronto, Device for tightening hoops on round siles, water tanks, barrels, etc.; H. P. H. Brumell, Buckingham, Apparatus for separating or concentrating minerals or ores; F. W. Cox, Toronto, Reflector; G. W. Mallory, Gailds, Door check; M. J. Quinn, Toronto, Advertising device for doors; G. Sims, Little Metis, Starter for foot-power machines; H. Aylmer, Sherbrooke, Rook-

There is no form of kidney trouble, from a backache down to Bright's disease, that DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS will not re-

If you are troubled with any kind of kidney complaint, use Doan's Pills.

BUSINESS VIEWPOINT.

First Young Doctor-I don't believe mersles are catching. Second Young Doctor-Oh, but they

First young doctor-Well, why don't they catch? I've got only two cases so far.-Ohio State Journal.

#### Rhoumatic-warped Limbs, Pain and Suffering.

ted States note or obligation, the makers Not a Trace of Rheumatism Left After Using Dr. Chase's Kidney. Liver Pills,

> If you are a sufferer from rheumatism it is possible that you have tried Nero had water boiled and afterward many remedies without reaping much benefit. Judging from the number of cures that have been reported, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills must be about the best medicine obtainable for rheumatism. It cures thoroughly, by ridding the blood of uric acid poisons, the cause of rheumatism and severe

Mr. S. Mann, Stittsville, Carleton Co., Ont., writes: "I was afflicted with knees, hip joints and across the back. Rheumatism remedies did not help me and I began using Dr. Chase's Kidneyly cured me. There is not the least trace of rheumatism left, and I am no and stomach sickness, which formerly

attacked me frequently. remedy. They cure when others disappoint. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Torento.

Short and Sour.

There had been a small bank failure, and the bank had gone into the hands of a receiver. The receiver had proved to be dishonest and had absconded with what remained of the funds of the institution. Expert detectives, however, were on his track, and he was run to earth in a mountain town and taken back to the scene of his financia!

It was after midnight when the detectives arrived with their prisoner, and Mr. Means, the principal depositor in the bank and therefore the principal loser, was awakened at his home and informed by telephone of the cap-

He expressed his gratification and went back to bed.

Shortly afterward he was aroused to receive another telephone message to the same effect from a different source "Thanks," he said, "but I had heard of it already. Good night!"

And again he sought his couch. About 2 o'clock he was awakened a third time. The telephone bell was

In no gentle frame of mind he an swered it.

"Hello!" he said. "Hello!" responded a voice through the telephone. "Is this Mr. Means?"

"Yes. What do you want?" "Mr. Means, this is Deputy Sheriff Jones. We've caught that runaway receiver. Is there anything you'd like to have me do personally in the matter?" "Yes!" roared Mr. Means. "Hang up the receiver!"

And he was not disturbed again.

ters were discussed, plans made and

"I wish it distinctly understood the my father's name is not to be men

which, however, he had taken no part looked up quizzically and said, with a twinkle in his eyes:

"You see what it is to have a thank-

Did They?

There is nothing much more distressing than an unfinished story. A number of people in a London drawing room were conversing about capital purishment when a lady remarked: "How strange it must seem to be

sentenced to death!" "Not so very, very strange, I assure you. I was myself once condemned to death in Africa," said a returned

African explorer. "Indeed!" exclaimed the lady. "And were you-did they"-

"Did they what, madame?" "Why, did they execute you, you know?"-Exchange.

When Corks Float Upright. A cork which is longer than it is broad, which is the case with all ordi nary corks, floats upon its side, so to speak. How can we make it float upon its head?

Place one on end upon a table and around it place six others. Seize them all together and plunge them under wa ter so as to wet them completely. Theu remove your hand gently and let them take their own position in the water when you will find that they will stend upright, as if supporting one another This is because the water that pene trates the cork will make them cling together.

Railroading In Ireland.

A somewhat nervous English tourist vouches for the genuineness of the for lowing incident of Irish traveling: The train arrived some 20 minutes late at a small station, and the engine driver inquired of the station master, "Die the express go by yet, Tim?" "It die not," was the answer. There was in decision on the part of the engine driv er for a moment when he cheerfulli exclaimed, "Ah, well; we must chance it!" as he blew the whistle and started off on the single line.

Boiled Water in Ancient Times. Now that the use of boiled drinking

water has become common, it is inter esting to be reminded that a similar method of guarding against disease was practiced in ancient times. Herod otus tells how Cyrus had his drinking water boiled and carried in silver ves sels, and Pliny the elder relates that cooled for drinking by placing it my glass flasks surrounded with snow.

Laureate Nonsense.

Tennyson is said to have been fond of foolish fun, that ever delightful sort of fun which is not wit, but nonsense. One day, at Burlington House, be asked the guests a conundrum which he had just made:

"Who are the greatest women in the The answer was:

"Miss Ouri, the Misses Ippi and Sara Gossa."

Very Grave.

Twiddle-I read last night of a man who was buried alive so that he might know what the sensation is like.

Twaddle-Don't you think that was # very grave thing to do?-Ohio State

Poison Proof People.

There are entire communities of polson proof people who partake of doses of white arsenic with as much zest as the average person partakes of a meal.

Chief among these singularly gifted people are the Styrian and Corinthian shepherds who inhabit the districts of Lamprecht, Salzburg, Hartberg, Leoben, Oberzeirung and the Erzgebirge mountains. The sturdy mountaineers consider that arsenic improves their wind for chamois climbing.

Some years ago Dr. Knapp put two of these men through their paces before the German Society of Physicians assembled at Gratz. The one ate six grains of white arsenic, or enough to kill three men, without experiencing the slightest inconvenience. The other partook of four grains of yellow arsenic, or orpiment, with equal impunity. It was explained that, seeing the good effect of the drug upon the coats and condition of their flocks, many of these shepherds start the practice under the impression that taken in moderation it is good for human beings also.

Usually started with a small weekly dose spread upon bread and butter, the embryo arsenic eater has to undergo a very severe test of his devotion to the drug. Violent sickness and burning pains accompany its first use, and the drug speedily asserts its fatal power over its devotee.

Any attempt to leave off the drug is generally fatal. The women of these arsenic eating districts are famous for their beautiful complexions and luxuriant tresses.

The Missing Turk.

Sarah Bernhardt was once playing at Marseilles in a spectacular play in which she made her entree accompanied by six Turkish slaves. A line on the programme announced that these six Turks would accompany Mme. Bernhardt, but when the time came for them to go on one of the youngsters had disappeared. Sarah mustered the five in order and made her entrance with a grand flourish. The house was crowded, but not a hand clap greeted her as she appeared. Then a still, small voice in the gallery murmured something in an indignant tone. Fifty voices immediately took up the strain, and in ten seconds more the whole house was shouting the same phrase.

Bernhardt strained every nerve to catch what they were complaining about. She knew the phrase began with "Manque," but the rest of it was lost in the general hubbub. For a full minute the tumult continued. Then Sarah, muttering things below her breath, rushed like a fury down to the footlights. In the front row the actress had spotted one man who was not taking part in the hullabaloo. Pointing at him, the actress exclaimed sternly: "You seem to be the only sensible person in the house. Tell me what on earth they are kicking up this row

The man rose, bowed to the actress and remarked in very bad American-French, "Madame, you are shy one

General Greene's Discipline.

General Francis Vinton Greene was one of the strictest disciplinarians in all the army that went out to fight Spain. He was in command of the Seventy-first regiment, N. G. N. Y., at Camp Black, near Hempstead, N. Y.

As the regiment was breaking camp on the way to the front an old gentleman interrupted General Greene, who was talking with the writer.

"Sir," he said, "will you grant a brief leave of absence to Mr. Blank, a private in this regiment? He is a son of the late Colonel Blank of the army. His mother is dying, and she is asking for her boy. He will join his command at Tampa."

"I am very sorry, sir," replied General Greene, "but it will be impossible to deviate in any case from the rule by which we are all bound. My own father lies dying at home, yet I cannot go to him."

And General Greene, as a matter of fact, did not for many weeks see his father, who died before the Spanish war was ended.

Missed His Chance.

During his lecture to children at the Society of Arts Mr. E. Walter Maunder told his audience an instructive story. A certain lecturer on astronomy observed that some of the students were not paying due attention. "Mr. So-andso," he called out to one of them, "will you be good enough to tell us of what the corona is composed?" The student addressed hesitated for a moment and then blurted out, "I did know, sir, but I've forgotten." The professor looked at him and then exclaimed: "What a calamity! Here we have the only man who ever knew the composition of the corona, and he has forgotten!"-London Chronicle.

Juvenile Logic.

Norman's mamma was something of a stickler for propriety, and she was not a little annoyed that it seemed impossible to make the boy give his uncle's name the customary bandle. One day after the little fellow had met with a severer reproof than usual for this shortcoming of his he said:

"I mean to be good, mamma, but I don't see why I should say Uncle Harry. I don't say Uncle Papa, do I?"-New York Mail and Express.

More In Sorrow Than Anger. "Judge," said the lady who was ac-

cused of battering her busband, "it is true that I struck him, but the weapon I used proves that I did so more in sorrow than in anger."

"What did you hit him with?" "A sadiron, your honor."

Architectural. "I am disappointed in Uncle Tom's

Cabin." "Well, what did you expect? A Queen Anne gilla?"-Detroit Journal.

#### SHERIFF'S SALE.

There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House in Richibacto, in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, on SATURDAY, THE WELFTH DAY OF MAY, next, at the hour of 1 o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, use, possession, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever, either at law or in equity, of Urbain Bab. meau, of, in, to, out of or upon the following land and premises:-

All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises lying and being on the south side of the Kouchibouguacies River, west side of the Post Road leading to Chatham, in the parish of St. Louis, in the said county of Kent and bounded as follows:-

Easterly by said Post Road, southerly by land owned by Adolphe E. Laundry and strip extending to the road leading up said river, westerly and northerly by land owned by Simon Daigle, containing the quarter of an acre more or less, and known as the Urbain Babineau store lot, egether with all the buildings, improvements theron and appurtenances to the same belonging And also all other lands and tenements belonging to the said Urhain Babineau, situated, lying and being within my bailiwick. The same having been levied and seized under and by virare of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court against the said Urbain

Babineau. AUGUSTE LEGER, Sheriff of Kent County Sheriff's Office, Richibucto, February th, A. D. 1900.

The above sale is postponed until Mon-DAY, the THIRTEENSH DAY of AUGUST next, at the hour and place stated in the shove notice.

AUGUSTE LEGER, Sheriff of Kent County. Sheriff's office, Richibucto, May 12th. A. D. 1900.

The above sale is further postponed un-I TUESDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF NOVEM-BER, next, at the hour and place stated in he above notice of sale.

AUGUSTE LEGER, Sheriff of Kent County. beriff's Office, Richibucto, Aug. 13, 1900. The above sale is further postponed un-! Wednesday, the 13th day of February ext, at the hour and place stated in the hove notice.

AUGUSTE LEGER, Sheriff's Office, Richibucto, Nov. 13th,

The above sale is further postponed un-THURSDAY the SIXTEENTH DAY OF ay next, at the hour and place stated in above notice of sale.

AUGUSTE LEGER, Sheriff's office, Richibucto, Feb. 13th,

D., 1901. The above sale is further postponed ril Monday, the 19th day of August at at the hour and place stated in the we notice of sale.

AUGUSTE LEGER, Sheriff. beriff's office, Richibucto, May 16th, D , 1901.

# O. K. Black,

Richibucto, Knt Co. Manufacturer of & Dealer in ARRIAGES, BUGGIES, OPEN

WAGONS, TRUCK WAGONS, CARTS, ETC.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming a specialty.

Furniture always on hand.

Undertaking attended to night or day.

Pictures, framed at reasonable rates.

#### Notice.

The under-mentioned non-resident ratepayer of District 1, in the Parish of namely: Carleton, County of Kent, is hereby notified that unless the amount of Parish and County tax, as set opposite his name, as given below together with the cost of advertising-two dollars- is paid to the rict, within two months from the date of his notice, proceedings will be taken as provided by law for the collection of said

1899. George K. McLeod, \$19 50 \$20 70 JAMES SMITH,

Dated at Kouchibouguac, N. B., this Satherland.

The undermentioned non-resident ratepayer of District No. 1, in the Parish of and on the West and North by the Post Richibacto, County of Kent, is hereby Road. Also all that Meadow Lot situate and County tax, as set opposite his name Cunard street, in rear of the Town of as given below, together with the cost of Richibucto towards the Nothwest, known advertising, is paid to the undersigned as the Leishman Meadow, adjoining Phinfor collection of said tax+s:-

ROBERT COCHRANE,

Dated at Richibucto, N. B., July 20th, longing or in anywise appertaining.

Advertise in The Review

ADAMS HOUSE,

CHATHAM, . Sample Rooms and Livery Stable in

connection. Proprietor THOS. FLANAGAN,

#### VICTORIA HOTEL

King Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

D. W. MCCORMICK,

PROPRIETOR.

#### Waverly Hotel! NEWCASTLE, N. B.

The Subscriber has thoroughly fitted up and newly furnished the rooms of the well known McKeen house, Newcastle, and is prepared to receive and accommodate transient guests. A good table and pleasant rooms provided. Sample rooms if

R. H. Gremley's teams will attend all trains and boats in connection with this JOHN McKEEN.

#### NEW KENT HOTEL,

QUEEN ST., RICHIBUCTO. NB ..

Livery Stable in Connection 8. O'DONNELL, - - - PROPRIETOR

#### TERRACE HOTEL.

AMBENDEST. N. S.

Large and well Lighted Sample Rooms in centre of Town formerly occupied by Lamy Hotel.

Sheriff of Kent County. W. and W. CALHOUN, - - Proprietors. UEEN

FREE COACH TO AND FROM ALL TRAINS

First-class Livery Stables ir connection. J. A. EDWARDS, Proprietor

#### THE CANADA PERMANENT LOAN AND SAVINGS COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1855 SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL \$5,000,000 HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO TOTAL ASSETS \$12,000,000

productive City, Town and Village property at current rates of interest. The principal sum may be repaid in one sum

or by instalments.

The above Company is the largest Loan

Company in Canada and lends money on

Mortgage on Agricultural land and on

For full particulars apply to undersign-HARVEY ATKINSON, Solicitor, Appraiser for Company at Moncton N.

### Public Sale of Land by Auction.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage dated 5th August, 1894, made between the late Alexander Leishman, now deceased, of the first part, and William Wilkinson of the second part; and also by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain other Mortgage dated 2nd July, 1897, made between the said Alexander Leishman of the first part, and Henry O'Leary, now deceased, of the second part, which latter Mortgage was duly assigned to the said William Wilkinson; there will be sold in front of the post office, Richibucto, in the County of Kent, on Friday, 2nd August next, at 10 o'clock a. m., the lands and premises described in said Mortgages,

All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises situate and being in the said Town of Richibucto, on the eastern side of Water street, bounded as follows: -On the south, by lands owned by the late John ndersigned collector of rates, for said dis- | Leishman-thence running in a northerly direction along the said Water street, 26 feet-thence in a direct line to the river or harbor of Richibucto, maintaining a width of twenty-six feet from the boundaries on Water street to the river, together with the free use of the passageway between the lot hereby conveyed and the Collector, No. 1, Carleton. land formerly owned by the late John

Also all that other piece or parcel of land situate in the parish of Richibucto, known as the Leishman Farm, containing 36 acres, more or less, bounded on the south and east by the McLeod Farm, so called, on the East and North by the Chandler Farm, so called, on the North and West by the Phinney Farm, so called, notifie! that unless the amount of Parish on the road leading from the extension of collector of rates for said district, within new Meadow. Also that certain piece of wo months from date of this issue, pro- land in Water street, Town of Richibuctor eedings will be taken as provided by law. together with all the buildings thereon, now occupied as tenants by Food Michaud 1900. 1901 and Luke Blanchard, together with the Alexander Leishman, Est. \$6.52 \$6.42 buildings and improvements thereon, and the rights, members, privileges, herediti-Collector, No. 1, Richibucto. | ments and appurtenances to the same be-

> Dated 27th day of June, A. D., 1901. WM. WILKINSON.

Mortgagee and Assignee of the O'-Leary Mortgage as above mentioned.