

RAILROADS.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after Sunday, Oct. 20th trains will run daily (Sunday except as follows:—

LEAVE KENT JUNCTION.

Express for Moncton and St. John...11:32 Express for Newcastle and Campbellton...13:05

Vestibule Sleeping and Dining Cars on Through Express trains between Montreal and the Maritime Provinces.

All trains are run by Eastern Standard Time. Twenty-four Hour Notation

D. POTTINGER, General Manager.

Railway Office, Moncton, N. B. 16th Oct., 1901

KENT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

Table with 4 columns: Time, Location, and Arrival/Departure times. Includes entries for Dept. Richibucto, Rexton, Mill Creek, Grumble Road, Molus River, McMinn's Mills, and Arr. Kent Junction.

Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time. Trains run daily, Sunday excepted. Connect with I. C. R. Day Express ains north and south.

WILMOT BROWN, General Manager and Lessee Richibucto, Oct. 21st, 1901.

MONCTON AND BUCTOUCHE RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, OCT. 21st, 1901, trains on this railway will run as follows:

Small table with 4 columns: Time, Location, and Arrival/Departure times for Moncton and Buctouche.

Train from Buctouche connects at Humphrey's with I. C. R. train for Halifax, and at Moncton with the C. P. R. train for St. John, Montreal and United States points leaving at 13.10 and I. C. R. train for Campbellton leaving at 10.25.

Train for Buctouche connects at Humphrey's with I. C. R. day express from Halifax, and at Moncton with all I. C. R. trains from eastward north arriving not later than 15.15.

E. G. EVANS, Superintendent

Moncton, N. B., Oct. 21st, 1901.

BILLS OF SALE (with affidavit),

LEASES,

COUNTY COURT SUBPENAES,

COUNTY COURT WRITS,

COUNTY COURT EXECUTIONS,

SUPREME COURT SUBPENAES,

BILLS OF LADING,

MAGISTRATE'S FORMS.

MORTGAGES,

DEEDS,

and other forms, for sale at

THE REVIEW Office



MILBURN'S HEART & NERVE PILLS

They cure Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, Brain Fag, Faint and Dizzy Spells, Listlessness, After Effects of La Grippe and Fever, Anemia, General Debility and all troubles arising from a run-down system.

Price 50c. per box or 3 for \$1.25 all druggists or mailed by

THE T. MILBURN CO., LIMITED, Toronto, Ont.

Old Mexican Whistles.

The ancient Mexicans had a species of whistle which produced at least three tones. It had two finger holes and a mouthpiece on the side.

The Horse.

The horse's intelligence has been so marked by every nation, ancient and modern, that he has always been taken as a symbol of the human intellect or understanding. Hence in the mythology of all nations he has been used as a symbol of the intellectual principle.

Punctuation Very Old.

Punctuation was known and practiced to some extent by the ancients. The originator of the modern system was Aristophanes, a grammarian of Alexandria, Egypt.

Spiders' Eyes.

Most spiders have eight eyes, although some species have only six.

Oregon.

The name Oregon first appears in "Jonathan Carver's Travels," published in London about 1778. Possibly it is a corruption of the Spanish "Aragon."

Penniless Peers.

One of the London west end clubs recently advertised for a secretary, and it had the extraordinary number of 1,200 applicants. Among them were one duke and three or four other peers.

Perfumes Sometimes Injurious. As a rule whatever perfume is unpleasant to the individual should be avoided, but as exceptions occur to every rule nervousness or debility which cannot be accounted for may sometimes be explained by the use of a well known perfume.

Chief Gunners.

A chief gunner, with a salary of \$1,800 a year, is the best paid non-commissioned officer in the navy.

Chinese Coolies.

Chinese coolies were first brought into the United States in large numbers as laborers on the Central Pacific railroad. After its completion thousands were out of employment and took up laundry work, because in California towns at that time there were so few women to do such work.

London's Lord Mayor.

The lord mayor of London receives a salary of £10,000 a year and has to spend twice that sum to maintain the dignity of his position.

Durable Inks.

It is a curious fact that, while many ancient manuscripts are almost illegible from the ink fading, manuscripts of the fifth and twelfth centuries have so far shown hardly any trace of fading.

The Guillotine.

On April 25, 1792, the guillotine was publicly used for the first time and beheaded a bandit named Pelissier. This was in the Place de Greve, where some twenty years previously Damiens had been tormented for days in precisely the same way as Ravalliac had been for the assassination of Henry IV.

George Washington Sold Books. George Washington when young canvassed around Alexandria, Va., and sold over 200 copies of a work entitled "Bydell's American Savage."

CUPOLA OF ST. PETER'S.

Its Outline Remains an Unparalleled Idea in Architecture.

The greatest of the architectural enterprises Michael Angelo was called upon to take up was the completing of St. Peter's, and he devoted himself through pure obedience to this task, refusing all compensation, offering his unpaid services in that way both to his master and to the service of religion.

He had to struggle against the opposing ideas of the architects in charge of the monument, who held by later plans than those of the first deviser, and their enmity and misapprehension of what was best aimed at a continual thwarting of all his intentions. He managed, however, to bring back the building to its original plan, that of his greatest enemy, Bramante, upon whom he has left this noble judgment. "It cannot be denied," said he, "that Bramante laid the first plan of St. Peter's clear and simple, and all who have departed from his scheme have departed from the truth."

We have not the great cathedral as Michael wished it, nor can we see in it the creation of his genius. But the one thing that Michael Angelo left to his successors in the work is the cupola, whose outline remains an unparalleled idea, as important a landmark in architecture as his other records of achievement in painting and sculpture. It is the mark of Rome and the expression of Rome's grandeur.

The Pelican Smiled.

There is a sly old pelican in Central park which has an almost human way of noticing what goes on about him without seeming to do so. The other day two herons in the same cage with him fought over a fish. One had made the catch, but the other had undertaken to wrest the morsel from its rightful possessor.

They squabbled over it like two boys who have hold of the same baseball bat. The scuffle brought them into the neighborhood of the old pelican, who stood, apparently asleep, with his big bill tucked away under a wing. Then the heron dropped its fish, and the battle went on.

No sooner had it been dropped than the great bill came out from underneath the wing and the fish went into the pelican's pouch. Then the head disappeared again. The pelican was plainly asleep.

When one heron gave up the fight and flew away, the other looked about for the prize. It was nowhere to be seen. The keeper of the bird cages solemnly asserts that he saw a twinkle in the eye which the pelican opened to give a glance at the retreating heron.

Peculiar Roses.

One of the wars of the roses, the fiercest and deadliest of them all, was fought on a field where, curiously enough, a rose peculiar to the spot grows or used to grow. It is a rare plant now, and the reason is explained by Mr. Ledman in his account of Yorkshire battles. After describing the terrible battle at Towton on Palm Sunday, 1461, he says: "I cannot conclude this story of Towton field without an allusion to the little dwarf bushes peculiar to the 'Field of the White Rose and the Red.'"

"They are said to have been plentiful at the commencement of this century, but the visitors have taken them away in such numbers that they have become rare. Such vandalism is simply shameful, for the plants are said to be unique and unable to exist in any other soil. The little roses are white, with a red spot on the center of each of their petals, and as they grow old the under surface becomes a dull red color."—London News.

Cave Animals.

No animals whatever are found in the dry parts of caves. Dampness or a certain degree of moisture seems to be essential to their existence. Under the stones one finds white, eyeless forms, and in the damp soil all around about are to be discovered blind beetles in little holes which they excavate and bugs of the thousand leg sort. These thousand leg bugs, which in the upper world devour fragments of dead leaves and other vegetable debris, sustain life in the caverns by feeding upon decayed wood, fungous growths and bats' dung. Kneeling in a beaten path one can see numbers of them gathered about hardened drips of tallow from tourists' candles. There are plenty of crickets also.

A Varnishing Tip.

When varnishing wood, the work must be done in a warm room at a temperature of at least 75 degrees F. At a lower temperature the moisture in the air will give a milky and cloudy appearance to the varnish. On the other hand, at the higher temperature the moisture is not precipitated until the alcohol of the varnish has sufficiently evaporated to leave a thin smooth film of shellac. The durability and gloss are dependent on this.

Mystery Both Ways.

Pauline—Just think of the awful things we know about people whom we don't know! Emeline—Yes, isn't it wonderful! And just think what the people whom we don't know may know about us!

Stimulating Contributions.

Mrs. Von Blumer—The minister preached the most touching sermon I ever heard. Von Blumer—How much did he also?—Judge.

Weight for weight, oriental rubies are valued ten to twenty fold the price of diamonds. The best come from China, Ceylon and India.

CURIOUS KOREAN CUSTOM

The Battle of Stones Which Marks Beginning of New Year.

One of the most curious customs in Korea marks the advent of the new year. This is the battle with stones, participated in by inhabitants of Seoul. At a spot about a mile and a half outside the city walls, on the main road to the Han river, the people assemble by thousands either as witnesses or participants in this truly remarkable exhibition of warlike good will. By previous arrangement piles of stones are in readiness, all carefully selected and of a convenient size.

Without previous selection of combatants the participants form themselves into opposing armies, about the only qualification for service being apparently the ability to hurl a stone at the advancing forces of the enemy. At first the stone throwing is at long range and uninteresting, but as the throwing continues the forces draw nearer, and the fight waxed fast and furious, men being detailed to collect the stones into heaps again or fetch fresh ammunition for the firing line. Then the clash comes, the two bodies meet, fierce rushes are made, stones are discarded, and knives and clubs are freely used. The clash of weapons, the screams of the combatants, the surging mass of men, some being trampled to death, now falling, now struggling to their feet, the blood flowing from numerous cuts—the whole goes to make a picture that depicts anything but the joy we attribute to the coming of a new year. The fight is kept up until the clang of the great city bell tells the combatants that it is time to return home.

Perhaps the most singular feature of the celebration is that during the remaining eleven months of the year the Korean is as amiable a person as can be found in any country, and by some writers the average Korean is characterized as the most abject coward on the face of the earth.

But, cowards or no cowards, the Korean people still indulge, as they have for years, in this annual warlike welcome of the new year. Indeed it is legal in Korea to fight not only on New Year's day, but during the first moon or month of the year. The custom has become a national institution, sanctioned by the government and patronized by the king and the nobility. The police attend the battles, but merely to keep order among the spectators. Fighting is the Korean's privilege with the advent of each new year, and he is expected to exercise that privilege to the extent of his ability if he would be accounted a good, country loving Korean.

APHORISMS.

In misfortune even to smile is to offend.—Bacon.

Generosity is the flower of justice.—Hawthorne.

Every one can master a grief but he that has it.—Shakespeare.

Nothing is more friendly to a man than a friend in need.—Plautus.

The plea of ignorance will never take away our responsibilities.—Ruskin.

Pride is as loud a beggar as want and a great deal more saucy.—Franklin.

Young men think old men fools, and old men know young men to be so.—Metcalf.

Modesty seldom resides in a breast that is not enriched with nobler virtues.—Goldsmith.

Never be afraid of what is good. The good is always the road to what is true.—Hameleton.

If we could read the secret history of our enemies, we should find in each man's life sorrow and suffering enough to disarm all hostility.—Longfellow.

Florence Nightingale's Real Name.

The fact is but little known that the family name of Florence Nightingale was not originally Nightingale, but Shore. Her father was a rich Sheffield banker of the name of Shore and connected with an old family which had been in possession of land in the counties of Derby and York since the fifteenth century. Mr. Shore assumed the name of Nightingale long after the birth of his children and because he inherited the fortune and estates of his mother's uncle. There were but two children in the family, both girls. The eldest was named Parthenosse, because she was born in Athens, and this name was supposed to indicate her father's profound admiration for the Parthenon. The younger, Florence, was also named after the city of her birth.

The Retort Judicial.

When Judge Barpard was on the bench and holding court in Poughkeepsie, a lawyer who did not like him chanced to see a one cent coin lying on the floor. Picking it up and holding it forth in ostentatious display, he said: "I imagine, your honor, from the value of this coin, that it must belong to the court."

"And I imagine," replied Judge Barpard, "that if it was not such a small coin the court never would have seen it."

His Seat.

Mrs. Gaussip—I saw Mr. Stockson Bonds at the upholsterer's yesterday. I guess he's going to get married and furnish a home.

Mrs. Malaprop—No; I'll tell you what took him there. I hear he bought a seat at the Stock Exchange last week. It was a secondhand one, and I guess he wants it fixed up.

How They Grow.

First Year—The biggest trout I ever caught was a foot and a half long, and he had a big fishhook in his stomach.

Tenth Year—Did I ever tell you about the trout I once caught? It was over a yard long and had an anchor in his stomach.

Theater Reform. "Manager Joltum has a great scheme for bringing about a theater reform." "???" "Yep; he will have the ushers pass around cards bearing the notice, 'All except baldheaded ladies will kindly remove their hats.'"

The Best of Reasons. "Why do you bring me this?" thundered the weary editor, thrusting the manuscript back into the hands of the poet. "Because," replied the bard timidly, "I have no stamp."

My Rathers. Of all the things I'd rather be Than what I am—now, I declare I really think—just let me see— Ah, yes, I think I'd rather be A little multimillionaire!

Observing Johnny. Johnny (visiting)—Can't I have another biscuit? Johnny's Ma—Why, Johnny, what an appetite you have! Johnny—H'm! You're two ahead of me, ma.

Troublesome Witness. Mother (angrily)—Did he dare to-kiss you more than once? Daughter (evasively)—Well, mamma, I know it wasn't less than once

Saved From Perdition. He'd formed the purpose dire A suicide to be. His pistol, though, missed fire, And, therefore, so did he.

Where the Danger Lies. They were looking down from the roof. "Are you afraid of a fall?" "Not if it isn't stopped too suddenly."

His Preference. Miss Lippincott—Mistah Johnsing, does yo' play de game of pingpong? Mistah Johnsing—No; I devotes all my spare time to craps.

Usually So. All free advice may seem quite nice, But if you'll think it o'er You'll find it's worth about the price You paid for it; no more.

The Surest Way. Youngman—I wonder what's the best way to find out what a woman thinks of you. Henpeck—Marry her.

In Passing. Brown—I slipped up on the ice this morning. Jones—A coincident! I slipped down.

Paine's Celery Compound Positively and Permanently Cures.

It Puts The System in Perfect Condition to Cope with all Hot Weather Dangers.

During the month of June people should closely attend to their condition of health. Small streams make mighty, rushing rivers; the little ills of life when neglected, frequently bring on maladies that end in death.

The so-called trifles of to-day—weak and deathly feelings, nervous twitching, debility, sleeplessness, and heavy, dull pain in the head—may in a few days result in dread disease, paralysis, awful paresis or insanity.

This is the time when Paine's Celery Compound should be used by old and young who feel they are not up to the standard of full health, strength and activity. The hot enervating weather of summer will soon overtake the weak, languid, nervous and broken-down. The results will be appalling and fatal to thousands, if the system be not fortified by that best of medicines—Paine's Celery Compound. No other medicine in the world like it for making pure, rich blood, and for bestowing that robust health that can successfully cope with the dangers that have to be encountered in mid-summer.

Bishop Grandin, of St. Albert, died last week. He was senior bishop of Canada. It is definitely settled that F. T. Frost, ex M. P. for North Leeds and Granville, will succeed the late Senator Clemow in the Senate.

SCORES OF USES.

While Dr. Chase's Ointment is best known on account of its wonderful control over eczema, salt rheum and piles, it is found to be in almost daily demand in many homes as a cure for chitblains, chafing, pimples, sunburn, burns, scalds, and each and every form of itching, irritated or inflamed skin. It is invaluable in every home and as a soothing and healing application knows no equal.

DO YOU GET YOUR Job Printing . . . DONE AT THE Review Office?

All kinds of JOB WORK done at this office with Neatness and Despatch. Send us your Order and be convinced of the GOOD SATISFACTION GIVEN

ADDRESS: THE REVIEW Richibucto, N. B

JUST RECEIVED!

A carload of the famous Heney Carriages. For quality of stock and excellence of workmanship, the Heney Buggy heads the list. Also a large stock of light and heavy Harness, Plows Harrows, Cultivators, Churns, Washers, Wringers, Bicycles, Organs, Pianos, Sewing Machines, Spramotors, etc.

A full stock of the world-renowned McCormick harvesting machines. The name "McCormick" on a Reaper, Binder, Mower or Rake is a sufficient guarantee that you are getting the best machine in the world. The McCormick runs in a class by itself and is the standard by which all other machines are judged.

If it is true that "cleanliness is next to godliness" it is very important that you should have a Quaker Bath Cabinet in your home. With it you can enjoy the luxury of a Turkish Bath for four or five cents. A soap and water bath only cleanses on the outside. A Vapor Bath cleans inside as well. It will break up a cold quicker than any other agency. There is no disease that it will not benefit.

In order to introduce it, I will give any responsible person the use of a Cabinet with sufficient alcohol to give him a good vapor bath free of charge. Try it once and be convinced.

GEO. N. CLARK

Advertisement for Lumbago and Dodd's Kidney Pills. Includes text: "Lumbago is Rheumatism of the back. The cause is Uric Acid in the blood. If the kidneys did their work there would be no Uric Acid and no Lumbago. Make the kidneys do their work. The sure, positive and only cure for Lumbago is Dodd's Kidney Pills"