

The Review.

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Correspondence or any subject of general inter-
est is invited.
Items of news from any place will be thank-
fully received.
We do not hold ourselves responsible for opin-
ions expressed by our correspondents.
All communications must be accompanied by
the writer's name in confidence to ensure inser-
tion.

LEGAL NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly
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agreed to be responsible for the pay.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued
he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may
continue to send it until payment is made and
collect the whole amount, whether it is taken
from the office or not.

RICHIBUCTO, N. B., MAY 22, 1902.

PEACE.

The news of the restoration of
peace in South Africa has been
received everywhere throughout
the British Empire with the
greatest satisfaction. Even in the
countries where popular sympathy
is strongly with the Boers, there
appears to be a feeling of relief
that the unequal struggle is en-
ded. The only ones who appear
dissatisfied with the news are
Kruger and his companions in
Holland who are living in luxury
on the wealth stolen by them from
the treasuries of the late republics.
The Boer exiles in Bermuda,
Saint Helena and other places are
said to have received the news
with the most extravagant mani-
festations of delight. The terms
given to the vanquished are more
than lenient. They lay down
their arms but are permitted to
take back their rifles to protect
themselves from other dangers.
The exiled Boers now in captivity
are to be permitted to return to
their homes in peace, and the cost
of the war is to be paid by the
victors. It has also been agreed
that the military occupation is to
cease and local self-government be
established as soon as circum-
stances will permit. A pardon is
provided for all the Boers except
those who have violated the rules
of civilized warfare. Perhaps the
greatest concession made to the
defeated people is that providing
that the Boer language shall be
taught in the public schools of the
land if the heads of families re-
quire it, and also that it shall be
used in the courts. It is to be re-
gretted that the English language
was not accepted along with
British sovereignty. The retention
by the Boers of their own language
will do much to keep alive the
sentiment in the new possessions
hostile to Great Britain. Had the
English language been accepted,
it is safe to say the next genera-
tion of Boers would be loyal sub-
jects, speaking the English lan-
guage and proud to be called Bri-
tish. The danger in allowing the
retention of the Boer language is
that it will do much to keep up a
feeling of national bitterness. It
is probable however that the Boers
will now take a sensible view of
the situation and adopt the lan-
guage as well as the laws of the
nation of which they are now a
part. Though peace has been
proclaimed, there is still much to
do in the way of adjusting diffi-
culties and settling minor matters
of dispute, and it is quite likely
that the greater part of the Bri-
tish army will be needed there for
some time. Their work will now

however be more in the line of
building up and repairing the des-
truction caused by the war, than
in active fighting, though no doubt
there are still marauding bands
of the enemy to be dealt with.

CUBA LIBRE.

Cuba Libre is now an established
fact. On the twentieth day of
last month the stars and stripes
were hauled down and the con-
trol of the island handed over by
the United States to the Cubans.
A Cuban president was installed,
the dream of those who have been
for many years waiting and fight-
ing for freedom was at last real-
ized, and the Republic of Cuba
made its initial bow to the na-
tions. There are many Cubans
who would no doubt have wished
a more complete independence
that has been given the new re-
public. The transfer of the gov-
ernment of the island to the
Cuban President and Congress was
made subject to certain conditions
and restrictions which virtually
make it a dependency of the
United States. The men who
fought and bled for years for free-
dom have accepted these condi-
tions, not because they were
wholly satisfied with them, but on
the principle that half a loaf is
better than no bread. In the first
place a condition was imposed
that the new government should
assume all obligations undertaken
by the United States on behalf of
the island in the Spanish-Ameri-
can Treaty of 1898. An under-
taking was also required that the
island government should not
enter into any treaty with any for-
eign power which would in any
way impair its independence, nor
go into debt beyond the ordinary
revenue, nor invalidate any of the
acts of the American government
during its military occupancy. It
has also been agreed that the
United States may exercise the
right to intervene for the preser-
vation of Cuban independence, for
the maintenance of a government
adequate for the protection of life,
property and individual liberty
and for the discharge of all obli-
gations entered into by the treaty
with Spain. Certain coaling sta-
tions have also been retained by
the United States. These provi-
sions are distasteful to many of
the old Cuban rebels but they will
in the end prove to be of the great-
est benefit to the island. Experi-
ence has proved that Spanish col-
onies, breaking away from the
mother country, are not fitted for
too great a degree of self govern-
ment. The republics in South
and Central America are nearly
always in a state of anarchy or
revolution, and it is very probable
that Cuba if left to itself would
before very long be in the same
condition. Then again a large
percentage of the population of the
island is Negro and there would
no doubt be a conflict between the
two races. The United States has
therefore acted wisely in retaining
a control sufficient to insure good
government and security to life
and property. The occupancy of
the island by the United States
for the last three years has also
been of incalculable benefit to the
people. Millions of dollars have
been spent in making permanent
improvements. The sanitary con-
ditions in the cities have been so
thoroughly improved that yellow
fever has been completely stamped
out. Light houses have been
built and harbors improved.
Roads, bridges and railways have
been constructed. Sir Wm. Van
Horne, formerly president of the
Canadian Pacific Railway, is the
promoter of a company that has

now under construction a line of
railway extending the whole
length of the island and opening
up a large section of its richest
part. Capitalists from the United
States are sending in money to
develop its resources, American
emigrants are pouring in and
American laws and forms of gov-
ernment have been introduced.
This may eventually lead to a
closer union of the two countries.
Texas, after securing its indepen-
dence from Mexico, was first
Americanized and finally absorbed
and the same thing occurred in
the Island of Hawaii. It is there-
fore not at all improbable that
Cuba may before many years
share the same fate and become a
state of the American union.

KENT IN THE BRITISH COM-
MONS.

There are five Canadians who
occupy seats in the British House
of Commons. Two are from the
Province of New Brunswick and
strange to say both are from
the County of Kent Mr. A.
Bonar Law, member for the Black-
friars division of Glasgow, was
born in Kingston, New Rexton,
and has many friends in this
county. He is the son of the Rev.
James Law, for many years min-
ister of the Presbyterian church
in Rexton. His nephews and
nieces, children of the late Robert
Law, still reside in Rexton. He
spent his boyhood among the
people here and received the
greater part of his education at
the Rexton Superior School. He
is now a prominent iron-merchant
in Glasgow and entered parlia-
ment at the last general electon
defeating by more than a thous-
and votes the radical candidate
who had represented the consti-
tuency since 1886. Mr. Law took
part in the recent discussion on
the budget and the London
Sketch says of his speech:
"One of the hits of the budget
discussion was made by Mr. Andrew
Bonar Law, an iron-mer-
chant from Glasgow. His father
was a Presbyterian minister in
Canada, and everyone familiar
with ecclesiastical affairs in Scot-
land has heard of Andrew Bonar.
Mr. Bonar Law is only 44, and is
a new member, with a grave face
and bright eyes and with head
well set on shoulders. Scotchmen
are familiar with economic ques-
tions, and Mr. Law held the House
with his eloquent and easy treat-
ment of the corn duty. Although
he supported the budget, his
speech was warmly praised, even
by Liberals, and he has taken a
prominent place in Parliament."
Mr. T. Keswick, son of the late
John Keswick, and brother of Mr.
David Keswick of Buctouche, is
another man from Kent County in
the British parliament. He
also sits for a Scotch constituency
and is a credit to his native coun-
ty. The other Canadians in the
Imperial House are, Gilbert Park-
er, the novelist, who represents an
English constituency, George
Brown from Ontario, who sits for
one of the divisions of Edin-
burgh, and Hon. Edward Blake,
nationalist member from the Irish
constituency of South Longford.
The venerable Senator, Hon.
Dr. Wark, has evinced his inter-
est in the higher education and
especially in the University of
New Brunswick by contributing
unreservedly to its funds the sum
of one thousand dollars. It is a
practical illustration of sympathy
with the aims and work of the in-
stitution coming from one who has
had experience in life as an edu-
cator, at which the management
must feel greatly pleased. Every-
body will hope that Dr. Wark will
live to see the good results of his

thoughtfulness and liberality—
Globe.

In the Ontario elections the
Liberals were sustained by a small
majority. The contest was a hot
one and it will take the official
count to give the correct figures
in some cases, but it is admitted
by all parties that the government
has a majority as large as it had
in the last assembly.

RICHIBUCTO AS A SUMMER RE-
SORT.

RICHIBUCTO, May 28.—The natural ad-
vantages Richibucto possess, its location
near the Straits of Northumberland, its
facilities for deep water and trout fishing,
being within easy distance of the best
trout streams on the north shore; its spa-
cious harbor making an ideal spot for
yachting; its splendid summer climate
tempered by sea breezes, and its clean,
well kept residences and streets, make it
indeed a delightful spot for seekers of
rest, pleasure and relaxation from business
cares and all ills of mind and body. Three
American tourists have already taken
rooms at the Kent Hotel, of which Mr.
A. E. O'Leary is proprietor. W. M. Ho-
gan and a party from the Kent Hotel vis-
ited the club house at Portage on the 24th
and secured a fine lot of beautiful trout,
the largest weighing 2 lbs. 13 oz.—Trans-
cript.

"Amber, Test It."

A Pipeful of "AMBER" Plug
Smoking Tobacco will burn 75
minutes.

"Test it?"

Save the tags they are valu-
able.

THE TERMS OF PEACE.

LONDON, June 2.—In the House of
Commons to-day the first lord of treasury
and government leader, A. J. Balfour,
announced the terms of peace in South
Africa as follows:

"The burgher forces lay down their
arms, and hand over all their rifles, guns,
and ammunition of war in their posses-
sion, or under their control. All prison-
ers are to be brought back as soon as pos-
sible to South Africa, without loss of lib-
erty or property. No action to be taken
against prisoners, except where they are
guilty of breaches of the rules of war.

"Dutch is to be taught in the schools, if
desired by the parents, and used in court,
if necessary.

"Rifles are allowed for protection.

"Military occupation is to be withdrawn
as soon as possible and self-government
substituted. There is to be no tax on the
Transvaal to pay the cost of the war.

"The sum of three million pounds ster-
ling (\$15,000,000), is to be provided for
re-stocking the Boer farms.

"Rebels are liable to trial according to
the laws of the colony to which they be-
long. The rank and file will be disfran-
chised for life. The death penalty will
not be inflicted."

BENTLEY'S is the best Liniment.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!! FURNITURE!!!

We are in the Furniture business, and carry a large stock,
selected from five of the best Factories in Ontario. Our stock is
new and modern and we can compete in Style and Price with
any City or Town in the Province.

Parlor Suites, Bedroom Suites, Sideboards
Lounges, Bureaus, Dining Tables, Fancy Rock-
ers, Kitchen Tables, Iron Beds, Spring Mat-
tresses, Wool Top and Excelsior Mattresses,
Double and Single Beds, Fancy Chairs, and
almost everything required in the furniture
line.

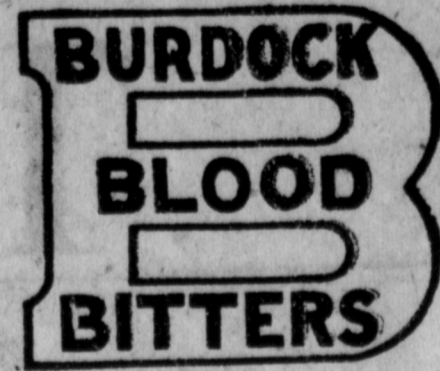
—ALSO—

CARPETS, MATTINGS, AND OIL CLOTH.

3,000 Rolls WALL PAPER with
Borders to match.

We have just received our Spring Stock of Ready Mixed Paints,
White Lead, Boiled and Raw Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Shellac, Glass,
Putty, Nails, Sheathing Paper, Kalsomine, Brushes of all kinds, and
everything required for house-cleaning, repairing and building.

J. & W. BRAIT, REXTON,
KENT CO., N. B.



Is a purely vegetable System
Removator, Blood Purifier and
Tonic.

A medicine that acts directly at
the same time on the Stomach,
Liver, Bowels and Blood.

It cures Dyspepsia, Biliousness,
Constipation, Pimples, Boils, Head-
ache, Salt Rheum, Running Sores,
Indigestion, Erysipelas, Cancer,
Shingles, Ringworm or any disease
arising from an impoverished or
impure condition of the blood.

For Sale by all Druggists.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Canadian Coal And Manganese Com-
pany, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the An-
nual Meeting of the Canadian Coal
and Manganese Company, Limited, will
be held at the Office of the said Canadian
Coal and Manganese Company, Limited,
at the City of Moncton in the County of
Westmorland and Province of New Brun-
swick, on Tuesday, the Tenth day of June,
A. D., 1902, at the hour of Three o'clock
in the afternoon, for the purposes follow-
ing, namely:—

To receive and consider the annual
statements of accounts and balance sheet
and the reports of the Directors thereon,
to elect Directors and other Officers, and
for the consideration of such other busi-
ness as may lawfully come before said
meeting.

The Transfer Books and Register of
Members of the Company will be closed
on the Twelfth day of May, A. D.,
1902, to the Eleventh day of June, A. D.,
1902, both days inclusive.

Dated at Coal Branch in the County of
Kent, this Twentieth day of May, A. D.,
1902.

By Order,
CHARLES G. FOLLEYS,
Secretary.

The Hamburg-American steamship
G. Ferdinand Laeiz has started on
the voyage to China, using oil as
fuel.

Twenty survivors from the steamer
Bamorth, which foundered early this
month in the Indian Ocean, have been
landed at Naples.

TO MAKE MONEY it is necessary to have
a clear, bright brain, a cool head free from
pain, and strong, vigorous nerves. Mil-
burn's Heart and Nerve Pills invigorate
and brighten the brain, strengthen the
nerves, and remove all heart, nerve and
brain troubles.

By the breaking down of the tem-
porary sidewalk over an excavation for a
new building in New York on Tuesday,
about one hundred persons were in-
jured and Elvin L. Collidge was killed.

SEND YOUR ORDER

To Bezanon's Music Store

For an Up-to-Date

Piano or Organ.

Pianos from \$200 00 up
Organs " 60.00 "

We do not confine our customers
to Cash, but make the terms
reasonable in monthly or
quarterly payments.

Great values in fine Guitars, Vio-
lins, Mandolins.

A very large stock of the latest
Sheet Music just received.

Bezanon's Music Store,
MONCTON, N. B.

A Boys Watch or Lady's
Chain Bracelets

FREE.

For selling one doz-
en handsome stick
pins like the cut.
They are of rolled
plate, roman finish
and are set with an
imitation turquoise.

Immediately on receipt of request we
will forward the pins, yourself them at 10
cents each, return us the money and we
will send you either the watch or the
bracelet for your trouble. If you can't
sell the whole dozen, sell what you can,
return the rest, and we will send you a
present of proportionate value.

The Odds and Ends Co.,
Box 57 B, Yarmouth N. S.

30 YEARS
EXPERIENCE

In selecting and rejecting has given us,
we believe, the best course of Business
Training obtainable in Canada. At all
events it produces good results, as the
public well knows.

Our Shorthand is just as good.
Catalogues for the asking.

S. KERR & SON
Odds Fellows' Hall

THE CANADA PERMANENT LOAN
AND SAVINGS COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1855
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL \$5,000,000
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO
TOTAL ASSETS \$12,000,000

The above Company is the largest Loan
Company in Canada and lends money on
Mortgage on Agricultural land and on
productive City, Town and Village prop-
erty at current rates of interest. The
principal sum may be repaid in one sum
or by instalments.
For full particulars apply to undersign-
ed.

HARVEY ATKINSON, Solicitor,
Appraiser for Company at Moncton N.
B.

O. K. Black,

MANUFACTURER OF
Carriages, Farm Wagons,
Carts, etc.,

AND DEALER IN
Furniture, Picture Mould-
ing, Hay, etc.

I have a large quantity of Fr m
Wagons of all sizes, also
Open and Top Buggies, Ex-
press Wagons, etc., for Spring
and Summer trade.

Repairing in all its branches.
Undertaking attended to day or
night.

Discount allowed for cash.
Credit given when needed.

Tiger tea
is nice

TEA

Tiger tea
is pure

TEA

Tiger Tea
is Strong

TEA.

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Blue & White
Labels.