

**Severely Afflicted With Kidney Disease.**

**Stone in the Bladder, Inconvenience and Pains in the Back—Another Remarkable Cure Effected by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.**

Mr. Wm. Boyne of 19 McGee street, Toronto, writes: "I was afflicted severely with kidney disease, stone in the bladder, inconvenience, deposits in the urine, severe pains in the back, and strains over the loins. I was so bad that I had to get up two or three times in the night and could then only make water with great pain."

"Though long a sufferer and unable to work, I was confined to my bed for three weeks, and during that time thought I could not possibly endure greater misery. It was then that I began to use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. It is with gratitude that I say that they have freed me of all these symptoms, and made me a well man. I would not think of being without Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills in the house, and can also recommend Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine and Dr. Chase's Nerve Food as very superior medicines."

In every town, village and township in Canada, but such cures are daily being brought about by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They are no experiment, but a kidney medicine that has stood the test. One pill a dose, 25c a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

**Belonged Elsewhere.**

That it is possible to have too good an appetite seems to be one of the morals of a story told by a friend to the Washington correspondent of the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"I am very fond of roasted ears of corn," said he, "and I eat it whenever I can get it. Some time ago, while I was in a restaurant in Texas, the waiter put a plateful on the table, and I just helped myself."

"When I had consumed the third, I noticed that a man across the table was eyeing me most curiously. I looked at him and told him that I considered roasted corn one of the most nutritious and palatable things a man could eat. Then I helped myself to a fourth ear and devoured it with relish."

"When I reached my hand into the dish for the fifth, the fellow across the table could stand it any longer."

"Say, pard," said he, "don't you think you could save about a dollar and a quarter a day if you was to board at a livery stable?"

**Fortifying a Lighthouse.**

A lighthouse at the south cape of Corsica was built in a part of the island inhabited solely by savages and had, in consequence, to be fortified. The lantern was protected by steel revolving screens, and on the gallery of the tower, which was of cast iron, a machine gun was mounted on racers.

Round the base of the tower was built a wrought iron refuge, or fort, communicating by bullet proof passages with all the rooms in the keepers' dwelling houses.

Both fort and tower were fitted with suitable accommodation for the staff in a case of siege, had water tanks in the basement and were supplied with a stock of provisions.

The station was further protected by a loophole wall and a dry ditch, flanked by two small towers, or caponnières, armed with eighteen pounder cannon.—Engineering.

**Bulgarian Brigands.**

The Balkan mountains have been the homes and haunts of many brigands through centuries of Bulgarian history. In the sixteenth century a national movement against the oppression of Turkey fell into the hands of brigand chiefs. They were known by the name of Haidutin. They were represented as friends of the poor, the protectors of the weak, the allies of Christians and the foes of the Mohammedans. In legends and in songs their names and fame were perpetuated. They increased from the ranks of the avengers and the worthless. Once identified with them a brigand's safety consisted in continuing with them. The Turks blocked the way to return to the ranks of common citizenship. Villagers often welcomed them as deliverers from their oppressors.

**Short of Experience.**

Herbert Gladstone while yet a single man was addressing a woman's suffrage meeting in Leeds one afternoon, and he paid a graceful compliment to the eloquence of the ladies who had addressed the meeting. He gallantly remarked on the great pleasure which it gives the other sex to listen to women talking.

Pausing for a moment after this observation, Mr. Gladstone, like his audience, was thrown into an unexpected state of merriment by a male voice which proceeded from the back of the hall and proclaimed in the broadest Yorkshire dialect, "Eh, lad, thout'n noan wed yet, I see'st!"—London Truth.

**London Street Names.**

Peerless street, in London, is a corruption of Perilous pool. Golden square was originally Gelding square, and the name was changed at the wish of the inhabitants. Fester lane has nothing to do with fetters, but only with fetters (idle fellows), who once loafed in the neighborhood. Gutter lane, in the city, is really Gutheron's lane. Duck's Foot lane, near Cannon street, should be Duke's Foot lane, being so named after the Dukes of Suffolk. Cannon street had nothing to do with guns, but everything with candies, which were made in it when it passed as Candlewick street.

**Cure Blurred Vision and Eyes.**

With a whole...

**A Model Child.**

**FISH AS FOOD.**

The Best Kinds to Eat and the Way to Cook Them.

Fish constitutes one of the most valuable articles of diet for mankind, although the popular notion that it is a good brain food because of the phosphorus it contains is incorrect. As a matter of fact fish meat in general contains less phosphorus than most kinds of flesh meat. But it is good for the brain indirectly, for it is less stimulating than flesh meat, is usually digested more easily and causes the production in the system of fewer of the waste products which, if not at once eliminated, act injuriously upon the delicate nervous system.

The last mentioned property is one which renders fish of especial value in the diet of persons suffering from Bright's disease and other affections of the kidneys, from rheumatism, gout, and all those diseases which many physicians regard as the result of excessive formation or retention of uric acid. For convalescents also it is most useful, as it supplies a fair amount of nutritive material in palatable form, with a minimum of tax on the digestive organs.

Among the most nourishing and at the same time digestible fish are bluefish, shad, red snapper, fresh codfish, whitefish, striped bass, halibut and flounders. And equally nutritious, although perhaps less digestible, are brook trout, lake trout, salmon, mackerel and eels. Roe is not particularly nutritious, but it is agreeable to the taste and fairly digestible.

The mode of preparation has much to do with the digestibility of fish, as it has with that of all other foods. Boiling and broiling are better modes of cooking than frying.

The chief objection to fish is its proneness to decomposition, even when kept on ice. It may be free from any taste or odor, and yet it may have undergone changes which make it poisonous. Some fish are poisonous in themselves, containing in the natural state some substance which will cause alarming symptoms, or even death, if eaten. With some persons fish in any form does not agree, causing digestive disorders or skin eruptions. This is notably true of lobsters and crabs.

**Origin of Absinth.**

Absinth, the green fiend that saturates fashionable France, was originally an extremely harmless medical remedy.

It was a French physician who first used it. His name was Ordinaire, and he was living as a refugee at Couvet, in Switzerland, at the close of the eighteenth century. Like many other country doctors at that time, he was also a druggist, and his favorite remedy was a certain elixir of absinth of which he alone had the secret.

At his death he bequeathed the formula to his housekeeper, Mlle. Grandpierre, and she sold it to the daughters of Lieutenant Henriot. They cultivated in their little garden the herbs necessary for concocting it, and after they had distilled a certain quantity of the liquid they sold it on commission to itinerant peddlers, who quickly disposed of it in the adjacent towns and villages.

Finally, during the first decade of the nineteenth century, a wealthy distiller purchased the formula, and very soon afterward he placed on the market the modern absinth, which differs greatly from the old medical remedy, since the latter contained no alcohol and very little absinth.

**His Idea of Heaven.**

The lad was about five years of age and naturally inquisitive. He asked his father questions he had never heard before, and the fond parent was a perplexed man.

The youngster got on the subject of the next world one day and wanted to know a lot of things. "Will you wear a mustache in heaven, papa?" he asked.

"I suppose I will, my son," replied the father.

"You'll make a funny angel."

There was a long pause, and finally the boy asked what kind of a place heaven was. The father in order to satisfy his son went into lengthy details in describing its beauty.

The lad listened with open mouth and finally said, "Why, papa, heaven must look like the ten cent store!"

**The Caddie's Eyesight.**

"Good eyesight is necessary for a caddie, isn't it?" asked the boy of no experience.

"Oh, I don't know," answered the experienced lad. "There's some couples in this club that'll pay you more for looking the other way 'an' not seeing anything than they will for findin' the balls. You've got to learn when to have the eyesight 'an' when not to have it."

**A Model Child.**

Dickie—Pa, were you a gooder boy'n me when you were as little as me?

Father—Yes, indeed, Dickie. I was always a very good boy, but somehow or other I had a great many serious and painful misunderstandings with my parents.

**The Boy Who Wins the Day.**

When two boys start out in life, one with a copy of "Winning His Way" in his pocket and the other with a piece of natural elementary hustle in his head, the latter usually comes in first at the post.

Persons who really wish to become angels should make a start in that direction while they are yet mortals.

The man who wants to prove everything he says advertises the fact that his word isn't to be credited.—Chicago News.

**ARE YOU DEAF? ANY HEAD NOISES?**



**ALL CASES OF DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING ARE NOW CURABLE**

by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable.

**HEAD NOISES CEASE IMMEDIATELY.**

F. A. WERMAN, OF BALTIMORE, SAYS:

Gentlemen:—Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you a full history of my case, to be used at your discretion.

About five years ago my right ear began to ring, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.

I underwent a treatment for catarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only temporarily, that the head noises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.

I then saw your advertisement, accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and to-day, after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you heartily and beg to remain

Very truly yours,  
F. A. WERMAN, 730 S. Broadway, Baltimore, Md.

Our treatment does not interfere with your usual occupation.

Examination and advice free. **YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME** at a nominal cost.

**INTERNATIONAL AURAL CLINIC, 596 LA SALLE AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.**

**FEVER'S VICTIMS.**

THE AFTEREFFECTS OFTEN WORSE THAN THE DISEASE ITSELF.

A Sufferer from the After Effects of Typhoid Tells of His Deplorable Condition—Appeared to be in a Rapid Decline.

The after effects of some troubles, such as fever, the grippe, etc., are frequently more serious in their results than the original illness, and the patient is left an almost physical wreck. In such cases as these what is needed is a tonic medicine, to enrich the blood, strengthen the nerves, and put the system right. Mr. L. Barnhardt, a prosperous young farmer living near Welland, Ont., offers proof of the truth of these statements. Mr. Barnhardt says:—"Some years ago, while living in the United States, I was attacked by typhoid fever, the after effects of which proved more disastrous to my constitution than the fever itself, and for months I was an almost total wreck. I had no appetite, was haggard and emaciated, and apparently bloodless. I had violent and distressing headaches, and my whole appearance was suggestive of a rapid decline. I tried no less than three doctors, but they failed to benefit me. At this juncture a friend of mine mentioned my case to another physician, and he suggested that I should take a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I took this advice and found it most satisfactory. Almost from the outset the pills helped me, and I continued their use until I had taken about a dozen boxes, when I felt myself fully restored to my former health, and my weight increased to 165 pounds. I have enjoyed the best of health ever since, and I will always give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the praise they so richly deserve."

These pills are a certain cure for the after effects of fever, the grippe and pneumonia. They make new, rich, red blood and strengthen the nerves from first dose to last; and in this way they cure such troubles as anaemia, neuralgia, rheumatism, heart weakness, kidney and liver ailments, partial paralysis, St. Vitus dance, etc. They also cure the functional ailments that make the lives of so many women a source of constant misery, and bring the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. Other alleged tonic pills are mere imitations of this great medicine, and the buyer should see that the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" is on every box. Sold by all dealers in medicine or sent postpaid at 50c. a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

**Montreal, Feb. 10**—At a meeting of the directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to-day, the usual dividend of two per cent. on the preference stock of the half year ended December last was declared, and a dividend of two and a half per cent. for the same period was declared on the common stock.

**B.B.B. Makes Blood Pure.**

If the blood is pure the whole body will be healthy. If the blood is impure the whole system becomes corrupted with its impurities. Burdock Blood Bitters transforms impure and watery blood into rich pure blood and builds up the health. Disease germs cannot lurk in the system when B.B.B. is used.

Miss Effie McDonald, Liscomb Mills, Guy Co., N.S., writes: "I have found B.B.B. an excellent remedy for purifying the blood and curing sick headache. I had tried many remedies, but none of them did me much good. B.B.B. has made me so well that I feel like a new woman and I am constantly recommending it to my friends."

**Verdi and Bismarck on Titles.**

The composer Verdi was offered a title of nobility by King Victor Emmanuel. It was intended that he should be created Marquis or Comte de Busseto, after the estate upon which he lived. The composer refused the offer energetically. He considered that Verdi was somebody and that the Marquis de Busseto would be nobody.

Even Bismarck was unable to parry a blow of this character. When the young emperor broke with him, he conferred upon him the title of Duke of Lauenbourg. Bismarck received the parchment with this exclamation: "A pretty name! It will be handy for traveling incognito!"

Some days after a parcel arrived at Varzin bearing the address "Mme. la Duchesse de Lauenbourg."

Bismarck, to whom it was delivered, being then at table, arose and, offering the letter to his wife, remarked ironically: "Duchess, enchanted to make your acquaintance!"

**Assessors' Notice.**

All persons liable to be rated in the Parish of Richibucto, County of Kent, for the year A. D. 1902, are hereby requested to hand to either of the undersigned assessors within thirty (30) days from the date of this notice a true statement of their real and personal property and income liable to be assessed in said Parish.

Trustees of schools within the Parish are requested to furnish the assessors with a copy of the boundaries of their district whether the same be in whole or in part within the parish; and also with the names of all non-residents of the district who own real estate in such district, and of all corporations, firms and persons not being residents liable to be rated in respect of real or personal property in the district together with the nature of such property.

Copies of the ratepayers list when completed will be posted as follows, namely: the Post office, Richibucto, the Post office, Repton, and the Post office, Richibucto Village.

Assessors: PLACIDE R. RICHARD, EDWARD MCINERNEY, HUGH M. FERGUSON

Richibucto, Feb. 20, 1902.

**QUEEN HOTEL,**  
FREDERICTON, N. B.  
First-class Livery Stables in connection.

**VICTORIA HOTEL**  
King Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

**D. W. McCORMICK,**  
PROPRIETOR.

**TERRACE HOTEL,**  
ANTHERST, N. S.

Large and well Lighted Sample Rooms in centre of Town formerly occupied by Lamy Hotel.

**FREE COACH TO AND FROM ALL TRAINS**  
W. and W. CALHOUN, - Proprietors.

**Notice.**

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the New Brunswick Legislature an application will be made by The Kent Telephone Lines Company, Limited, for an amendment to their charter enabling them to extend their telephone communication and erect and maintain telephone lines to any point or points in the Parishes of Wellington, Weldford and Harcourt, in the County of Kent, and north to the town of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland with all powers necessary thereto.

Geo. A. IRVING,  
Manager.  
Richibucto, N. B., Jan. 17, 1902.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House in the town of Richibucto, in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, on SATURDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF MAY, next, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, use, possession, interest, property, claim and demand, whatsoever, either at law or in equity, of John Atkinson, of, in, to, out of or upon the following land and premises:—

All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises lying and being in the Parish of Weldford, on the west side of Intercolonial Railway, south of the Kent Junction, and bounded as follows:—

Easterly by the said Intercolonial Railway, southerly, westerly and northerly by Crown lands, containing one hundred acres more or less, and known as the William Leet property, together with all the improvements thereon, and appurtenances to the same belonging. The same having been levied and seized by me under and by virtue of a warrant issued by the Secretary of the Municipality of Kent County at the instance of the collector of rates and taxes for the Parish of Weldford against the said John Atkinson for non-resident County taxes for the years 1898 and 1900.

AUGUSTE LEGER,  
Sheriff of Kent Co.  
Sheriff's office, Richibucto, February 3rd, A. D. 1902.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House in the town of Richibucto, in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, on SATURDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF MAY, next, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, use, possession, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever, either at law or in equity of George K. McLeod, of, in, to, out of or upon the following land and premises:—

All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises lying and being on the Kouchibouguac River, in the Parish of Weldford, west of the Intercolonial Railway near Kent Junction, and bounded as follows:—

Easterly, by said Intercolonial Railway, southerly, westerly and northerly by crown lands, containing one hundred acres more or less, together with all the improvements thereon and appurtenances to the same belonging. The same having been levied and seized by me under and by virtue of a warrant issued by the Secretary of the Municipality of Kent County, at the instance of the collector of rates and taxes for the Parish of Weldford against the said George K. McLeod for non-resident County taxes for the years 1898, 1899 and 1900.

AUGUSTE LEGER,  
Sheriff of Kent Co.  
Sheriff's office, Richibucto, February 3rd, A. D. 1902.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House, in the town of Richibucto, in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, on SATURDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF MAY, next, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, use, possession, right of redemption, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever, either at law or in equity of Robert L. McNulty, of, in, to, out of or upon the following land and premises:—

All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises lying and being in West Branch, St. Nicholas River, in the Parish of Weldford, in said County of Kent, and bounded as follows:—

Beginning at a stake placed on the southern angle of lot number twenty-two on northwest bank of the St. Nicholas River, thence running by the magnet north eight degree and twenty minutes, west fifty chains and forty links to a stake, thence south thirty-three degree and thirty minutes west, twenty-nine chains to another stake placed on the eastern line of lot number twenty-five granted to Alexander Morton, thence along that line south eight degree and twenty minutes, east forty-five chains to a stake placed on the northwestern shore or bank of the above mentioned river, and thence following the various courses of the river to the place of beginning, containing ninety-six acres more or less, and known as the Robert L. McNulty property, together with all the buildings, improvements thereon, and appurtenances to the same belonging. The same having been levied and seized under and by virtue of two executions issued out of the Kent County Court, against the said Robert L. McNulty.

AUGUSTE LEGER,  
Sheriff of Kent Co.  
Sheriff's office, Richibucto, February 3rd, A. D., 1902.

**Notice.**

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the New Brunswick Legislature an application will be made by the Kent Northern Railway Co. (so called) and others for a charter to build an extension of the road from Kent Junction on the Intercolonial Railway through the Counties of Kent and Queens by the most practical route to or near Chipman, to form a Junction with the Central Railway of N. B., or with the line of the New Brunswick Coal and Railway Company.

Per order.  
Richibucto, N. B., Feb. 5th, 1902.

**Cook's Cotton Root Compound**

It is successfully used monthly by over 2,000,000 Ladies. Safe, effective. Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other, as all Mixtures, pills and imitations are dangerous. Price, No. 1, 40c per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, 45c per box. No. 1 or 2, mailed on receipt of price and two-cent stamp. The Cook Company Windsor, Ont. 277 No. 1 and 2 sold and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada.

Nos. 1 and 2 sold in Richibucto by Est W. W. Short.

**ADAMS HOUSE,**  
CHATHAM, N. B.

Sample Rooms and Livery Stable connection.

**THOS. FLANAGAN,** Proprietor

**YOUR CHANCE TO SAVE MONEY.**

The Review, \$1.00  
The Maritime Homestead, 50  
and a very fine picture of King Edward VII, 50  
TOTAL, \$2.00  
**ALL FOR \$1.00.**

The Maritime Homestead is the new Farm and Home paper published at Halifax and St. John. It has among its contributors over 50 of the leading farmers of the three provinces. Prof. F. C. Sears the Director of the Nova Scotia School of Horticulture, is Editor of the Horticultural Department. The Managing Editor is W. W. Hubbard, Secretary of the Maritime Stock Breeders' Association, a prominent Farmers' Institute worker and a practical farmer with 19 years experience on a New Brunswick farm. It will be complete in all its departments and illustrated with cuts descriptive of farm work, live stock, the farmers themselves, and all matters of interest.

The King's Portrait is the best ever presented in Canada and will be sent until the large supply is exhausted. Early subscribers will be sure to get it.

Address all orders to

**The Review Pub. Co.,**  
RICHIBUCTO, N. B.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House, in the town of Richibucto, in the County of Kent, Province of New Brunswick, on SATURDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF MAY, next, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, use, possession, right of redemption, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever, either at law or in equity of Robert L. McNulty, of, in, to, out of or upon the following land and premises:—

All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises lying and being in West Branch, St. Nicholas River, in the Parish of Weldford, in said County of Kent, and bounded as follows:—

Beginning at a stake placed on the southern angle of lot number twenty-two on northwest bank of the St. Nicholas River, thence running by the magnet north eight degree and twenty minutes, west fifty chains and forty links to a stake, thence south thirty-three degree and thirty minutes west, twenty-nine chains to another stake placed on the eastern line of lot number twenty-five granted to Alexander Morton, thence along that line south eight degree and twenty minutes, east forty-five chains to a stake placed on the northwestern shore or bank of the above mentioned river, and thence following the various courses of the river to the place of beginning, containing ninety-six acres more or less, and known as the Robert L. McNulty property, together with all the buildings, improvements thereon, and appurtenances to the same belonging. The same having been levied and seized under and by virtue of two executions issued out of the Kent County Court, against the said Robert L. McNulty.

AUGUSTE LEGER,  
Sheriff of Kent Co.  
Sheriff's office, Richibucto, February 3rd, A. D., 1902.