

the 10th of January, upon which occasion Mr. Redmond was in the chair; and that, at the said meeting, the proclamation of the Lord Lieutenant was declared by Mr. O'Connell to be an act of despotism, and a new crime against his unfortunate country: he continued to recite the peace nearly as it appeared in the public journals, proposing the three different associations. The clerk was proceeding, when the magistrates stopped him: they said the information was extremely voluminous, and, as it was not matter of right, they could not allow the public time to be wasted.

Mr. O'Connell contended that he had the right, and said he saw the hint given by major Smith: they refused the reading of the information, because they did not hear out the warrant, Mr. O'Connell then demanded the reading of the warrant, which was accordingly read; when the learned gentleman entered into a long legal argument, contending that the warrant did not charge him with any offence for which he could be called upon to give bail. The act itself, upon which they were now proceeding, did not create any offence till the parties attending meetings refused to separate after fifteen minute's notice.

Alderman Darley interrupted Mr. O'Connell, and said, that they had but one duty to perform; that was, to demand that he should give bail: if they acted illegally, they were of course responsible.

Mr. O'Connell then said he should give bail, protesting, at the same time, against the proceeding as an act of despotism. He had resolved upon going to Newgate, but he would now give bail, because he did not wish to endanger the city.

Alderman Darley said, that the bail required was a bond, binding himself in a £1000, and two sureties in £500 each, Mr. Fitzpatrick, of Dame-street, and Mr. McCarthy, of Dawson-street, then became sureties for Mr. O'Connell. Upon signing the bail-bond, Mr. O'Connell again protested against the proceedings of the magistrates.—*Liv. Albion, Jan. 24.*

ENGLAND

The Reform Bill will be introduced soon after the meeting of Parliament. The three great questions of discussion are—Reform of Parliament—the Relief of the Poor by Emigration—and the state of Ireland. Great efforts are making to get Lord Cochrane restored to the rank which he held in the Navy; but an illustrious personage insist upon a previous explanation of his conduct of the Noble Lord on several points.

It is, we believe, his Majesty's intention, in course of the summer, to make, in addition to the Royal visits to Scotland and Ireland, a tour through the interior of England.

There are at present in manufacture in England 500,000 stand of arms for France, 600,000 for Russia, and 800,000 for Prussia. At a moderate estimate, one million and a half sterling.

The quarterly account of the revenue, published on Thursday last, is encouraging. The diminution in the income of the whole year is only £640,000. The deficiency is found in the Excise, Stamps, and Post-Office, while there is an increase in the Customs and Taxes. In the last quarter, compared with the corresponding one of last year, there is a decrease of £29,480; Customs are deficient £32,000; Excise, £38,000; while on every other item of revenue there is an improvement.

The following are said to be the towns to which the new Reform Bill will extend the privilege of sending Members to Parliament, namely, Birmingham, Blackburn, Bolton, Bradford, (York), Brighton, Bury, (Lancashire), Chatham, Dudley, Frome, Halifax, Hanley (Stafford), Kidderminster, Leeds, Macclesfield, Manchester, Oldham, Rochdale, Sheffield, Shields (North and South), Stockport, Sunderland, Wakefield, Walsall, Warrington, Whitehaven, Wolverhampton, and Holywell, (Flint) making in all twenty eight.

Of the passengers and crews of 28 vessels which foundered between Plymouth and the Land's End, during the late dreadful storm, only two men and one boy have been saved.

Great satisfaction had been produced in Paris by the formal acknowledgments by Russia, of Louis Philip; it was considered as a guarantee for the peace of Europe.

The trade of Sheffield, at present, is such as to afford employment to all who will work, though the scale of remuneration is but low.

INCREASE OF THE NAVY.—It is understood that Ministers have resolved upon an immediate increase of the naval force of the empire, and that five ships of war are to be put into commission. Yesterday there was a report current that orders had been sent down to the coast for the purpose of having ready 3,500 of the coast blockade, to make up the complement of men required for such vessels of war.

SANCTUARY IN FRANCE.—The French Government have just resolved in Council that in future the surrender of no one, who has set foot on the French soil shall be granted, no matter from what quarter the application may come.

Some of the London papers will have it that the coronation is fixed for the beginning of May. We are quite certain that no period has been 'fixed' for that august ceremony, and do not hear that the subject has been alluded to of late.—*Wind-on Express.*

TRADE.—It always affords us peculiar gratification to announce an improvement in the rate of wages; and we have, therefore, much pleasure in stating that an advance of 3d per cent has been made on certain descriptions of muslins by the principal manufacturers in the trade resident in this town. An advance has also taken place in Manchester, and Bolton; and the muslin trade is spoken of as being in a more prosperous state than it has been, at this season, for a number of years.—*Blackburn Gazette.*

The Hamburg papers announce the restoration of tranquility at Gottingen, and the termination of the attempt at revolution, without the shedding of a drop of blood.

It is understood that the ballot for the militia will take place about a month hence.

In consequence of the still unsettled state of the country Government have determined to send recruiting parties to the disturbed districts, to quell riots, and enlist men into the service. On Saturday recruiting parties of the 11th, 13th, 4th Light Dragoons, and 16 Lancers, received orders to be in readiness to march into the country at a moment's notice.

The Duke of Richmond and Lord John Russell had interviews yesterday with the Chancellor of the Exchequer, at the Treasury.

TIMBER.—*Liverpool, Jan 25.* Br. Am. Timber 18 1-4d, a 2s. 1d; Pine Plank, 2m. per foot, 3d a 3 1-4d. The demand for timber has been good; prices have been well supported; good pine is scarce, and importers are holding out for an advance of the stock on hand, and every prospect of improved rates in the spring. Deals are scarce, and in demand.

MARRIAGES and DEATHS.

NOVA-SCOTIA. Marriages—at Halifax, Joseph Fuller, of Boston, to Miss Jane Hennessey; Robert Southerland, to Miss Mary Ann Jefferson; at Cornwallis, John Ross, to Miss Rebecca Chipman. Deaths—at Middle River, John McDonald; at Pictou, Mrs Rose McLean; at Granville, Timothy Ruggles, Esq.

NEW-BRUNSWICK. Marriages—at Waterborough Robert Lewis Richards, to Miss Jemima Jones; at Westfield, Mr George Spragg, to Miss Ann Fowler. Deaths—at Portland, James Simonds, Esq.

Died.—At Liverpool, on Tuesday last, in the County of Kent, Mr. John Graham, Timber Merchant, aged 38 years, after a painful and protracted illness. He was a native of Dumfriesshire, Scotland; and a man highly and justly esteemed, by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

NOTICE.

THE Business carried on in MIRAMICHI, by the Subscribers under the style and firm of WILLIAM ABRAMS & CO. was dissolved on the 17th day of March last, by mutual consent. All persons having claims against the said Firm, will render their accounts without delay, to WM ABRAMS, for adjustment, and all persons indebted to the said concern, are hereby required forthwith to settle the same with the said Wm. Abrams, who is duly authorized to close the affairs of the said Firm.

WM. ABRAMS, JOHN DENNISTON, JAMES MUIR, ANDREW MUIR, JOHN KER, ROBERT DEW KEER, } By WILLIAM ABRAMS, their Attorney.

The Business in future will be carried on by the Subscriber, WILLIAM ABRAMS. MIRAMICHI, 14th Feb. 1831. 6w

AMATEUR THEATRE.—CHATHAM.

On Thursday evening, 10th inst, Will be performed Dr. Goldsmith's much admired Comedy in 5 acts, entitled, SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER. The Evening's Entertainment to conclude with the laughable Farce of RAISING THE WIND.

Doors to be open at six, and the performance to commence precisely at 7 o'clock. Tickets to be had at the Post Office, Chatham, and at Hamill's Hotel, Newcastle. PRICE—Boxes, 5s. Pit, 3s. Children half price. No money taken at the Doors.

Owing to the indisposition of several of the Amateurs, the above performance is unavoidably postponed until Tuesday Evening next, 25th inst. March 8.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Public are hereby cautioned against purchasing a PROMISSORY NOTE, drawn by the Subscriber, on or about the 18th October, 1828, for £20 Currency, in favor of Colin M'Lennan, which Note has long since been paid, and deposited by the said Colin M'Lennan, into the hands of a third person to be given up to the Subscriber when called for but since the decease of the said Colin M'Lennan, the said Note has been illegally obtained from the hands of the person in whose charge it was so left.

WILLIAM DUNBAR.

Bathurst, Feb. 25. 3w

NOTICE.

The Public is hereby informed that the above Notice is totally destitute of truth, as the subscriber is prepared to prove, and will shortly do so. The Note in question was given by Mr. Dunbar to Collin M'Lennan when alive (since deceased) when he the deceased Collin was in a state of intoxication, for a Note held by said Collin, against a Mr. Donaldson for the sum of fifty four pounds currency. The transaction altogether on the part of Mr. Dunbar was such that one of the parties present at the same, termed it LITTLE SHORT OF ROBBERY. The subscriber is about to administer on the Estate of his deceased brother, when the fullness of the above transaction shall be brought to light in a Court of Justice.

ALEXANDER McLENNAN.

2nd March, 1831.

3w

LOST.

Between Chatham, and a quarter of a mile below the Church a white LINEN SHIRT, unmade. Any person or persons who may have picked it up will have the goodness to leave it at the Printing Office, where they will be rewarded for their trouble. March 8.

LAND BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

On Thursday, the 7th day of April, 1831, at noon, will be sold by Public Auction, in front of Hamill's Hotel, Newcastle, by virtue of a License from His Honor the President, and the Honourable His Majesty's Council.

ALL the REAL ESTATE of John Fraser, Sen late of Northesk, in the County of Northumberland, Farmer, deceased, or such part thereof as may be necessary for the payment and satisfaction of the debts due by the said deceased, which, Real Estate is situated and described as follows, viz:

All that Part of Land, known as Lot No. 10, in the Grant to the late William Davidson, Esq situated on the north side of the North-west, in the Parish of Northesk, aforesaid being the lot on which the said John Fraser lately resided. Also, that part of the North-west MEADOWS, known as Lot No. 15, containing 200 Acres, bounded westerly by the Glebe Lot, and easterly by a Lot granted to the late Wm. Martin. Likewise, the Upper Half of the Lot on the Peninsula, known as Lot No. 2 in the Grant thereof to Richard Lawrence.

Terms of Sale, and other particulars will be made known by applying to either of the Subscribers, or to Messrs. STREET & KEER, Solicitors, or J. M. JOHNSON, Esq; Auctioneer.

ALEXANDER FRASER, SEN, } Administrators. WILLIAM MATCHETT, }

Miramichi, March 2, 1831. 6w

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any just demands against the Copartnership formerly carried on between the late JOHN GRAHAM, and WILLIAM FARRISH, as Timber Merchants in Liverpool, in the County of Kent, are requested to render the same, duly attested, to the said Wm. Farrish, within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to the above mentioned J. G. and W. F. are requested to make immediate payment to

WILLIAM FARRISH.

Liverpool, 26th Feb. 1831. 6w