

THE GLEANER:

AND NORTHUMBERLAND SCHEDIASMA.

VOLUME IV.]

Nec aranearum sane texus ideo melior, quia ex se fila gignunt, nec noster vilior quia ex alienis libamus ut apes.

[NUMBER 1.]

MIRAMICHI, TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 11, 1832.

CHRISTOPHER CLARKE

Has received per the ships Ann Grant from Geelong and Harvest Home from Newcastle, part of his **SPRING IMPORTATIONS**, consisting of—Well selected assortments of British **DRY GOODS**, **HABERDASHERY**, Hosiery, Woolen Drapery, Small Wares and Stationary, Crystal Glass and Earthenware—Paints, Oil, Putty, Whiting, Glue, Rosen, &c. &c., and a quantity of **GROCERIES**, which with his very general assortment of suitable Goods, he is now selling at his usual low prices.
Chatham, 4th June, 1832.

R. BLACKSTOCK

Has received per the Mary Ford, his **FALL SUPPLY** of British **DRY GOODS**, consisting of Shirting, Sheetings, Homespuns, Checks, Prints, Bombazets, Fannels, Flannels, Salmon Twine, &c. &c. **ON HAND**,
20 Boxes Soap
20 Boxes Candles
10 Bags Pepper
30 Tons best Liverpool COAL
54 Coils CORDAGE assorted sizes
10 Cwt Oakum
90 bolts bleached and unbleached CANNASS
500 Cwt Naylor & Co's Cast Steel for axes.
Chatham, Sept. 4, 1832.

SALT AFLOAT.

500 Hhds. Liverpool **FISHING SALT**, for Sale, on board the bark Mary Ford; will be sold low, if taken immediately. Apply to
RICHARD BLACKSTOCK.
Sept. 4.

WINES.

The Subscriber has on hand about 140 dozen Port and Sherry **WINE**, in casks of 3 dozen each; which he will sell low for Cash, or good Merchantable Timber.
C. CLARKE.
Chatham, 23rd July, 1832.

OATS

For Sale; Twelve Acres upon Middle Island, in Lots to suit purchasers. Apply to
A. D. SHIRREFF.
August 28.

MIRAMICHI RACES.

Will take place on the Race Course, in Newcastle, on Thursday, the 20th instant.—(For that day only.)
THREE RACES.

First Race	L12 0 0
Second Race	10 0 0
Third Race	8 0 0

After which a Purse for Beaten Horses.

Horses intended for the Races must be owned in the County at least one month previous to the 20th instant, and Riders also residents for the same period.

Horses to be entered at Hamill's Hotel, by Subscribers, on or before 9 o'clock the evening previous to the day of the races—the persons entering them to state the names, describe the Horses and the Race intended for in a sealed note, addressed to the Stewards, accompanying five shillings entry money.

The Horses will start at 11 o'clock, precisely.
Miramichi, 1st September 1832.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Takes the liberty (through the medium of the Press) to give information to the Inhabitants of Miramichi, that he has established the

BLACKSMITH BUSINESS

at his Shop, near the Post Office, in Chatham: where all orders given will meet with due attention, viz: Farming Utensils, Mill Irons, Ship work—where Ship Owners, Consignees, and Masters are particularly in demand, &c. Axes made and warranted of Crawley, Foster, or Cast Steel, as required. **HORSE SHOEING** and **FARRIERY**—Horses broke and trained to Saddle or Carriage.
L. LOCKHART.
Chatham, Miramichi, May 15, 1832.

Mr. S. L. BISHOP, Surgeon, begs to inform the Inhabitants of the County of Gloucester that he has commenced practicing his profession at Bathurst, and solicits their support.

THE GLEANER.

From Liverpool Papers up to the 31st July.

BURNING OF A CHOLERA HOSPITAL.—We regret to have it to state that some ignorant and misguided wretches set fire on the night of Thursday week, to the wooden buildings erected as a cholera hospital in the neighbourhood of the Blackrock. So speedy was the conflagration, that an old woman, who acted as nurse, and was in the care of the building, escaped with the greatest difficulty, from the flames.—*Dublin Register.*

A PIRATE BEAT OFF BY AN EMIGRANT VESSEL.—The Dove which sailed from Ilfracombe, a few weeks since, with emigrants to America, was brought to by a pirate, who hoisted French colours, but spoke in English. The pirate demanded medicine, coals, and other articles, which the commander (Capt. Huxtable) refused to comply with, and drew his men up on the quarter deck to present an attitude. The robber did not much relish their appearance, but fired a gun, which was promptly returned, and he shivered off, as he appeared apprehensive.—*Western Times.*

FIRST EFFECT OF REFORM.—The collectors of assessed taxes and poor rates had glorious times last week. In many places they sat up until 12 o'clock on Friday night, for the purpose of receiving the money, and thus qualifying the electors to vote. The taxes and rates paid at Manchester in the course of the week are said to exceed £10,000. The number of voters in the township of Manchester, it is calculated, will be about 6000, and in the whole borough 8500. In the borough of Salford, the number will, probably, not exceed 1500.

WESLEYAN CONFERENCE.—The eighty-ninth annual conference commenced its sitting on Wednesday, in Brunswick Chapel, for the despatch of business. The preliminary arrangements usually assigned to select committees have been going on during the past week. Upwards of three hundred ministers have assembled to assist in its proceedings.

EXPEDITION TO AFRICA.—The vessels comprising this expedition sailed from Liverpool on Thursday the 19th instant, and arrived at Milford Haven, from whence they will depart for the coast as soon as the period deemed advisable for ensuring their healthiness shall have elapsed. Mr M-Grigor Laird, of this town is associated with Mr Lander in the command of the expedition. The medical and botanical department is under the direction of Dr. Briggs, jun, whose talents and education well qualify him for the undertaking. Mr G. L. Harris, R. N. commands the Quorra, and Mr. Hill the Elburka, both men of considerable experience; in short, all the appointments appear to be made with good judgment. The crews are all young active men and left this port in perfect health and spirits. The steamers reached Milford in 36 hours, notwithstanding they had to contend with a gale of wind from the northwest, and a heavy sea. Capt. Hill and his crew are delighted with the Elburka, and declare she is the most comfortable sea-boat they ever sailed in. As she is the first sea-going vessel built of iron that has been tried, it may be considered a new era in ship-building. This is simply a mercantile speculation, though, in unison with the enlightened spirit of the times, it purposes to combine objects of greater and more general interest. The leading feature is to introduce British manufactures into regions hitherto unknown to the civilized world; and with traffic, to diffuse improvement of every kind of which the natives may be found susceptible. The travellers carry with them a number of copies of an address prepared in Arabic by M. Salame, and intended to explain the objects of their visit to the native chiefs and kings. These are on all kinds of coloured paper; and, being adorned with

pictures of the two steam boats, are likely enough to be regarded, not merely as ambassadorial letters, but as beautiful specimens of the fine arts by the sovereigns to whom they are presented.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.—Several sudden deaths, some of them proceeding from cholera, have taken place amongst the members of the Stock Exchange during the last week, to the great alarm of the frequenters of that establishment. The building has in consequence been closed for the purpose of cleansing and white-washing.

SINGULAR CLAIM.—It appears that the clergy of London claim the same vested interest in the death of their parishioners that the doctors in Morhere claimed in the diseases of their patients, and that they would not assent to the formation of a general cemetery for the Metropolis, until they had previously bargained for a fee of 5s. for each person buried in it, from their respective parishes! This is carrying the principle of a vested interest pretty nearly to its utmost limit.

THE LATE TROTTER MATCH.—The Spectator, in recording the late "trotting match" in which the American horse Rattler was killed, concludes with the following severe but just remarks:—"The day was excessively warm, and the poor animals of course dreadfully distressed, next day the noble beast of the new world died, in consequence of the usage to which he had been subjected by ignoble beasts of the old. Had Rattler been beaten or maimed by a brutal, ignorant, and drunken waggoner, the sympathies of the public and Mr Martin's Act would have been invoked in its favour; but, its more useful life sacrificed to the sordid avarice of a gentleman, the glorious feat is hailed with shouts of congratulation. Mr. Osbaldeston, when goading the dying horse to the goal, was welcomed, the reporter tells us, with loud cheers and

NUMBERS AND MOVEMENTS OF THE CONTINENTAL ARMIES.—The French, with their usual alertness, are enquiring into the amount and positions of the forces of the enemy. The Prussians have three corps, occupying the line of the Rhine, of 86,000 men. The bulk of the Prussian army is between the Elbe and the Oder. This army, of which the vanguard is at Erfurt, amounts to 110,000 infantry and 20,000 cavalry. There is another corps in Silesia, which has begun to march towards the Rhine. The last is yet in the Duchy of Posen. These two corps are from 75 to 76,000 men, which would make the whole Prussian army, ready to take the field 291,000 men. The Dutch army is 110,000; so that the army which would operate against the French in the north would be 401,000. The Russian army, which is organizing with much precipitation, but with much discretion, will on the 1st August amount to 179,000, on the Wartba, the Bug, and the Vistula, between Beresna and the Niemen, in the environs of Mohilew, and on the line of the Dwina, under the command of Prince Paskevitch-Warsawski. The Russian reserve under the immediate command of the Emperor is 41,000. Besides this, other corps are organizing in the environs of Novogorod, Kiev, &c. This great organization commenced on the 1st of May, and will be completed by the 1st of August; and, on the 3rd of July, a cabinet order of St. Petersburg commanded each corps to take up the positions assigned to it, such as they were in 1815, so as to be ready, in time to support the Prussian army.

WARLIKE.—There is much talk in the military circles of the probability of an increase to the army of 10,000 men.

IRISH LANDED PROPERTY.—We have a striking illustration of the extent to which Irish estates are dipped, in the evidence of Mr Mahony before the tithe committee. According to a return from the Register's office, the mortgages in the last three years were £932,350; that is, this was the aggregate amount of