

a goose, and a hedgehog. His head was decorated with a red night cap, and he drove with a pig-driver's whip. He is in his 97th year.

The late fire at Glasgow has been very severe on the insurance offices, but yet considerably more so on the proprietors. The losses in all amount to 54,800l.

Last week the London police apprehended seven Irishwomen for a row. The officers declared, before the magistrates, that they would sooner have had 100 men to deal with than these seven women; and appealed to their faces, which were disfigured with scratches from the nails of the ladies!

It is said, that young Napoleon is affianced to his cousin, the daughter of the Archduke Charles.

The accounts received by Government from Greece, we understand, give a deplorable statement of the bloodshed and disorders which there prevail, and the utter inability of expecting any other than that through the agency of a government so strongly protected from without as to be enabled to put down the adverse factions, whose interest is eternal disorder.

**POPULATION OF GREAT-BRITAIN.**—The population returns have been just printed by order of Parliament. From the summary of this document we find, that the population of England was, in 1801, 8,331,434; in 1811, 9,533,827; being an increase of 14 1-2 per cent. In 1821, 11,261,487, being an increase of 16 1-2 per cent; and in 1831, 13,089,338—an increase of 16 per cent. The increase within the last thirty years has been 4,757,904.

The summary of the annual value of real property in England was 49,744,622l. in Wales, 2,153,801l; and in Scotland, 6,652,655—making a total of 58,551,078l.

The population of Wales stands thus:—in 1801, 541,546; in 1811, 611,788; in 1821, 717,438; and in 1831, 805,236.

That of Scotland as follows:—In 1801, 1,599,068; in 1811, 1,805,688; in 1821, 2,093,456; and in 1831, 2,365,807.

The summary of Great Britain is as follows:—In 1801, 10,942,646; in 1811, 12,609,864, being an increase of 15 1-2 per cent.; in 1821, 14,391,621; an increase of 14 per cent.; and in 1831, 16,537,391; an increase of 15 per cent.

In 1801, the number of females in Great Britain was 5,492,356; in 1811, 6,269,650, an increase of 14 15 per cent.; in 1821, 7,254,613; an increase of 15 71 per cent; and in 1831, 8,375,780; an increase of 15 45 per cent.

#### UNITED STATES.

**FRESHETS.**—Accounts from the Western Rivers, continue to detail the devastations far and wide, in the valleys of the great Western Rivers. Houses, merchandize, and herds of animals were swept away by the floods. A private letter states, that a living infant was taken from a cradle floating down the river Cincinnati. We hear also, that the St. Lawrence had swelled beyond its usual banks, and that great destruction had ensued, and that still greater was apprehended.

**MAINE.**—The people of Maine are much excited on the subject of the Northeastern Boundary. It is supposed that the President of the United States has recommended them to acquiesce in the award of the king of Holland, and to accept of a pecuniary consideration for any loss of Territory that they may suffer thereby. Their Legislature has been twice in secret session on the subject, and it is rumoured that by a Small Majority, the Legislature has acceded to this proposition. Mean time the people are agitated, and not disposed to approve of such an abandonment of their soil. It is the fear of many that if they should agree to such terms it would be quite uncertain whether they would ultimately receive any recompense from the government. Our Legislature probably had the same subject under consideration in secret session last Wednesday.

The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Daily Advertiser, writes as follows:

'The President has agreed to give to the State of Maine a tract of Land at the West, the value of which shall be equal to that she has lost by running the boundary line.'

**THE INSINUATION OF SECRECY REMOVED.**—The insinuation of secrecy having been removed with regard to the proceedings of the Legislature in the recent secret session, we learn in substance that the General Government feels bound to accede to the decision of the King of the Netherlands, and has expressed a desire that this State would cede that portion of our territory, which has been awarded to the British, to the United States for an "ample indemnity" either in money or other Territory.

This proposition has been freely discussed by our Legislature, and they have finally passed resolutions authorizing the Governor and Council to appoint Commissioners to meet Commissioners which may be appointed by the General Government, to enter into a negotiation as to the amount of indemnity, and in case the Commissioners agree, their report is to be laid before the next Legislature for acceptance or rejection.—Portland paper.

There are no very satisfactory accounts from the Mississippi. It appears certain that the ice is broken up and that the river is rising. Very serious apprehensions have been entertained in regard to the safety of the country above New Orleans, and indeed for that city itself. There is reason to believe, however, that the floods of the upper Mississippi and the Mis-

souri will not be down in time to meet that of the Ohio.

A gentleman recently arrived from the west, says, that while running up the Ohio several hundred buildings were met floating down, and that at Marietta the steamboat in which he was, passed through the streets and delivered her passengers at the third story windows of the houses.—N. Y. Observer.

#### SCHEDIASMA.

MIRAMICHI.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1832.

His Majesty's Packet Frolic, arrived at Halifax, in 47 days from Falmouth, on Wednesday afternoon last. The Courier was consequently detained, the Mail was not despatched until the following day, and did not arrive here until Sunday night about 10 o'clock. She brought London papers to the 3rd February, but the American papers furnish dates from that city up to the evening of the 7th. We have hastily collected a variety of matter under our European head, which contains all the news of any importance.

**KING'S COLLEGE, FREDERICTON.**—The Right Reverend the Visitor, has been pleased to nominate Messrs. D. L. Dibble, T. Wetmore, and H. J. Jarvis, Scholars on the foundation of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel; the appointments to bear date July 1st, 1831, and to be held so long as the said Scholars shall be resident in the College.

**HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY, March 9.**—No debate occurred this day, the House being merely engaged in winding up former affairs, previous to the prorogation. Mr Speaker informed the house that, to prevent the inconvenience to which the country might be subjected, by any continued delay of Bye Road Improvements, His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has determined to order the immediate issue of all the bye road warrants for the LAST YEAR, which still remained unpaid; in order that the work may be executed forthwith, and the parties be certain of receiving their payments promptly. Mr Speaker also urged on the members the necessity and propriety of giving the warrants every facility in circulation, so as to prevent their coming to a discount, which had formerly been the case, and proved very inconvenient to the public.

Mr Allen, from the Committee appointed to carry up the Address of the House, on the subject of the Casual Revenue and Civil List, to the Lieutenant Governor, reported that they had attended to that duty, and that His Excellency was pleased to say, that he would transmit the Address by the next mail, but in doing so, he should feel it to be his imperative duty to accompany it with such explanations, as he might deem necessary, and particularly to rebut the charges against the Public Departments, and His Excellency was further pleased to say, that he had courted information, but that no specific charges had been made against any officer under his Government to this day.

It will be highly satisfactory to a number of persons, whose avocations compel them to travel a good deal, and who have suffered considerably, both in property and body from the miserable accommodations and fare, with which they have been compelled to put up with, after paying handsomely for the same, in those miserable hovels, improperly termed Inns, too frequently to be met with in the County, to learn, that the attention of the Magistrates in Session, have at length been called to the subject. Their Worships last week, passed the following Rules and Regulations, which we hope they will see strictly enforced:

**ORDERED, 1st.** That hereafter any person or persons resident in the said County, to whom a License shall be granted for Keeping an Inn or Tavern, shall keep true and lawful measures for beer, ale, brandy, rum, and all other spirituous liquors allowed by law to be sold, and no unlawful game or games, drunkenness, or any other disorder be suffered, in his or her house, yard, garden, or out-houses; but that good order and rule be maintained, and kept therein, according to the Laws in that behalf made.

**2nd.** That each Inn or Tavern Keeper, so Licensed, shall have two good beds and bedding, exclusively for the accommodation of travellers.

**3rd.** And in order that persons travelling with horses or oxen, may be properly accommodated, it is further ordered, that any person or persons licensed as aforesaid, shall have a good and sufficient barn, with stabling for four horses or oxen, exclusively for their use, together with suitable provender for the same.

**4th.** And whereas persons travelling with loads have suffered severe loss and inconvenience from horses, cattle, sheep and hogs running at large, and injuring the

same, therefore ordered, that every Inn or Tavern Keeper shall have a sufficient yard or other place in which to put such Loads, or otherwise protect them from such horses, cattle, sheep or hogs, if required by the owner thereof.

**5th.** That no Inn or Tavern Keeper shall be allowed to sell any Liquor on the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, under any pretence whatsoever.

**6th.** That it shall be the duty of every Inn or Tavern Keeper at the time of taking his Licence, to take a copy of these Regulations from the Clerk of the Peace for said County, (who is hereby required to furnish the same) and have them posted up in the most public place, at all times in their House, so as to be open to the inspection of travellers.

A select Committee of the Assembly of Nova Scotia has recommended the sum of £800 for five years, to be appropriated for the encouragement of a Steam-Boat to ply between Pictou and Prince Ed. Island.

A Bill has been introduced into the Lower House of the Legislature of Nova-Scotia, and passed a third reading, for appropriating the sum of £500 for three years, to be paid in bounties on the exportation of Live Stock from that Province to the West Indies, for any horse £2, Ox £1, Sheep, 2s. 6d.

The estimated value of the property destroyed at the late fire at Glasgow, is £150,000; most of it, however, was insured.

We are much gratified in being enabled to state, that letters received by the mail announce, that Timber maintains a fair price in the British Market. The season has been remarkably favourable for the manufacture of that article, and a large supply may be expected in the market; we sincerely hope the manufacturers may be enabled to obtain a remunerating price for their commodity.

**Further Intelligence from the Island of Jamaica.**—The following are extracts from the Cornwall Chronicle. The Baptist Meeting House at Falmouth, has been totally demolished, and the place belonging to the Methodists much damaged. The Baptist Meeting House at Montego Bay has been levelled to the ground, evincing a determination on the part of the inhabitants, that the dangerous system this sect has adopted in disseminating their religious doctrines among the negro population, is subversive of all obedience and subordination, as must be clear to the satisfaction of every reasonable mind, by the mass of evidence that has been brought forward in all the recent Court Martials, as well as the Courts held under the Slave Law.

It has been remarked, as a singular coincidence, that the present overseer of the estate of Dunsinane, in the neighbourhood of Perth, should be Macbeth; a family name now almost extinct in Scotland.

**DIED.**—At Chatham, on the 18th inst. in the 61st year of her age, Mrs. ANN NOBLE, relict of the late John Noble, of Miramichi; after a long and painful illness.

**SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.**—Gravesend, Jan. 13, arrived, Astrea, Miramichi; Waterbury, Jan. 10, Argyle, Richibucto; Hull, Jan. 14, Perseverance, do: Caledonia, Miramichi.

The bark John Danford, Hipburn, we understand, has been abandoned at sea.

**MR SYLVESTER** has removed to NEWCASTLE, where he intends residing for a short time. He may be consulted at his lodgings, at Mr Hamill's Hotel.

The Sale of Mr T. WILSON's effects, advertising in our last page, to take place to-morrow, is unavoidably postponed until WEDNESDAY, the 4 h April.

**Notice.** The members of the MIRAMICHI PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETY, are requested to meet at Mr. White's Hotel, Chatham, on Tuesday, the 3rd April, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

A. D. SHERRIFF, SECRETARY.  
Miramichi, 26th March, 1832.

#### AMATEUR THEATRE—CHATHAM.

On Thursday Evening, 5th April, will be performed, Colman's Comedy, in five acts—of

**JOHN BULL, — Or, An Englishman's Fire-side.**

After which—Garriek's laughable Farce, in two acts—of

**THE LYING VALET.**

Doors to be open at 6 o'clock, and performance to commence precisely at a quarter past seven.  
March 27, 1832.