

and that a great diminution of the disease may be expected. This we are happy to observe has already begun to appear, during the afternoon of yesterday the number of recoveries, or we should rather say of persons who have become convalescent, were much on the increase. The panic begins to subside, the citizens look upon the scenes of death hourly passing under their notice with more fortitude and resignation, nearly all the timid have fled, and those remaining being of firmer nerve, and having become more familiarized with mortality around them, look with hope on the numerous cases of convalescence, and express their thankfulness to God for the favourable change which begins to become apparent.

On Friday morning the carts again appeared on the streets, some bearing two coffins, others with coffins of a rude construction and lid unfastened, and in some instances the corpses were borne along without coffins, covered only with a sheet or cloth. A great number became indisposed, from mental agonies, and it is the opinion of several medical gentlemen, that a number of deaths were occasioned by fear alone. June 16.

MONTREAL GAZETTE. We announced in our last issue the existence in this city of this dreadful pestilence, which having raged with great violence, has now, we are happy to learn from the concurrent testimony of several medical gentlemen, received a decided check, and that the number of recoveries are now in greater proportion to the cases than what they were when it first commenced its ravages. Similar intelligence of its decrease has been received from Quebec: indeed it has been generally observed that when medical assistance has been obtained within a couple of hours, a recovery has been almost generally effected. * * *

As yet the cases have been very severe upon the lower orders, and has more particularly attacked those who have been poor, destitute, and badly clothed. During a period of such distress, an address to the charitable and benevolent to obtain the means necessary to procure food and clothing for the poor, we hope, will not be in vain.

Wherever the Cholera has hitherto appeared, its presence has been marked with extreme severity at the outset, and has then ceased its virulence. We should earnestly hope this may also prove a distinguishing feature of its visit to this Province, and that the diminution of cases in Quebec and Montreal are indicative of an approach to its exhaustion. It may long continue among us, but its force may be restrained and its severity abated. By the Record we learn that five cases occurred on board the Hercules steamer, four of which were cured by Brandy and laudanum administered by the Captain, the fifth was a boy of 5 years of age, who had apparently been previously indisposed. Seven cases occurred on board the John Bull, three of which were fatal—one a sailor of that vessel, and the other two were children between eight and nine. Four fatal cases have occurred from the Lady of the Lake, two of them being part of her crew. A case of sickness occurred on board of the St. Lawrence and Voyageur respectively, but neither of them are charged to the epidemic. Temporary hospitals have been established near the Windmills and in St. Denis Street, to which the sick are immediately removed.

The Board of Health issued yesterday afternoon the following Bulletin:—

Board of Health, Montreal.
Half-past 2, P. M. June 15, 1832.

The Board of Health have been at great pains to ascertain the progress of Cholera among emigrants, and natives or residents, in the city and banlieu of Montreal, from the uncertain period of its commencement, but they regret to state they are still unable to give an exact Report of the number of cases and their results.

As far as has been ascertained, the number of cases of Cholera, epidemic or severe, as well as of milder attacks previously known in the country, amount to

1204	
230	
Recovered or remaining	974

A more full and explicit Report will be published to-morrow (Saturday, 16th,) in the afternoon.
By Order,
J. GUTHRIE SCOTT, Sec.

The alarm, which the disease has created, has already proved exceedingly detrimental to business. Merchants from Upper Canada, who arrived here within the last two days have since returned. Several persons in town have closed their shops, and many are moving their families to the country. The Agents of

the Steamboat Companies, owing to the number of men who have left them through fear, have been obliged to lay up several of their boats, and the only steamers now plying to Quebec are the John Molson, Hercules, Voyageur, St. Lawrence and the Lady of the Lake. The men of the Durham boats and batteaux have objected to taking up emigrants, but, we believe, they are overcoming their fears, and that the emigrants will be able to move on as usual. Indeed the prejudice that has arisen against the newly arrived is most unfounded, for seven-eighths of the cases have appeared among those who have been a long time resident here. We should therefore hope that the panic will be of short duration, and that the unfortunate new comer will continue to receive that advice and assistance, which has in times past been freely extended to him.

The mortality among the military has been much exaggerated. We learn that up to yesterday, four cases only had terminated fatally, of nearly forty who had been attacked.

The cholera has appeared at Laprairie and St. Johns. At the former place three cases have terminated fatally; the deceased, we are informed, are carters, natives of the country.

It is said, but we trust the report is unfounded, that the steamboats on Lake Champlain are about to be laid up, and that emigrants are not permitted to land at Burlington or Whitehall.

We issue only half a sheet to-day, and have been compelled to omit many advertisements sent in for this publication, owing to the difficulty we experience in preparing our paper for the press, for many of those in our employ being absent during this period of alarm.

AUCTIONS.

To be sold by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY next, the Fourth inst, at 11 o'clock, on Captain Davidson's wharf, in Newcastle.

8 casks Whiting, 10 cwt. each.
12 kegs Green and Blue PAINT,
40 bolts CANVASS, No. 1, 2, 3, 6 & 7
Also—a large quantity of Brown EARTHENWARE, and 12 doz. Madera WINE
THOMAS C. ALLAN, AUCTIONEER,
Newcastle, 3d July 1832.

To be sold by Public Auction on Thursday the 5th July next, at 11 o'clock, on the wharf of Francis Peabody, Esquire, in Chatham.

The MATERIALS saved from the Wreck of the brig Thompson Packet, George Shearer, Master, consisting of—SAILS, RIGGING, ANCHORS, and CABLES; and such part of the Cargo as brought over, chiefly Deals. Also the HULL, and such part of the Cargo as remains in said vessel as she lies stranded near the North Cape of Prince Edward's Island.

THOMAS C. ALLAN, AUCTIONEER.
Chatham, 27th June, 1832.

GREAT ROAD.

All persons desirous of entering into contracts for the WIDENING and REPAIRING of that part of the ROAD leading from Bathurst to Forien's, situate in the County of Gloucester, will take Notice, that the Supervisor will attend on said Road, on Tuesday the 17th day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of letting the same by Public Sale to the lowest bidder, when at the time specifications will be given of the manner in which he will require the Work to be performed.

He will commence at the Ferry at Bathurst and proceed towards Forien's until the different Lots are let.

He will also Let the Erection of A BRIDGE, on the Gully of Dempster's farm, on Wednesday, the 18th July.

Security will be required at the time of Sale for the performance of all Contracts entered into.

Payments to be made in Cash on the completion of Contracts, agreeably to the tenor thereof.

JOSEPH READ, SUPERVISOR.
Bathurst, 29th June, 1832.

WHEREAS my wife ANN DUNCAN, has left my bed and board, without any provocation, on the 29th inst. this is to caution all persons crediting her on my account, as I will not be answerable for any debts contracted by her since that date.

GEORGE DUNCAN.
Newcastle, July 29.

COONEY'S WORK on NEW-BRUNSWICK.
The above Work has arrived from Halifax, and is now ready for delivery, at the Post Office, in Chatham, and at Mr. H. Morell's, Newcastle.
Chatham, 19th June, 1832.

PROVISIONS &c. WANTED.

The Committee of Sessions for regulating Quarantine hereby give Notice, that they will receive tenders from such persons as are willing to Supply all, or any part of the following articles, for the support of persons in quarantine, for One Month from this date:

Fresh Beef, Oatmeal, Barley, Molasses, Sugar, Rice, Potatoes, Tea, Soap, Candles, Hard Bread and Dry Fish: all the above to be delivered at such place in the town of Chatham, and in such quantities as the Secretary may direct, except the beef, which is to be delivered to the quarantine boat, and the boat conveying the beef to the station, is to carry down at the same time such articles as the Secretary may find necessary.

The Tenders for the above to be sent in to James D. Fraser, Esq. at Johnston's Hotel, Chatham, on FRIDAY the 6th instant, at 12 o'clock: Payments will be made in Cash, at the expiration of the month, or sooner.

Miramichi, July 3, 1832:

COALS.

The Subscribers have on hand, just landed from the brigs Northumberland and James Johnson from Sunderland.

250 Tons Great COAL.
250 Tons Screened do. suitable for Blacksmith use, both kinds of very superior quality, which they offer for sale on moderate terms.

DUNCAN & LOCH.

Newcastle, 4th June, 1832. 6w

CHEAP GOODS.

JOSEPH COPP takes the earliest opportunity in announcing his arrival from England, with a splendid and fashionable assortment of SPRING GOODS, comprising—Linen Drapery, Silk Mensery, HABERDASHERY, Hosiery, Gloves, Lace, and Lace Veils, Leghain and Straw BONNETS, Broad Cloth, Hais, ready made Clothes, Umbrellas, Hardware, a few tons of Bar IRON, and various other articles; are now ready for inspection at his Store in Newcastle.

In consequence of it being J. Copp's intention to close his business in Miramichi, the whole of his Goods must be sold off in the course of a few months, therefore every article will be offered for Sale on the most reasonable terms for Cash or good Merchantable Pine Timber on delivery.

Newcastle, 4th June, 1832. 6w

CHRISTOPHER CLARKE

Has received per the ships Ann Grant from Greenock and Harvest Home from Newcastle, part of his SPRING IMPORTATIONS,

consisting of—Well selected assortments of British, DRY GOODS, HABERDASHERY, Hosiery, Woolen Drapery, Small Wares and Stationary, Chrystal Glass and Earthenware—Paints, Oils, Putty, Whiting, Glue, Rosen, &c. &c., and a quantity of GROCERIES, which with his very general assortment of suitable Goods, he is now selling at his usual low prices.

Chatham, 4th June, 1832

THE SUBSCRIBER

Takes the liberty (through the medium of the Press) to give information to the Inhabitants of Miramichi, that he has established the

BLACKSMITH BUSINESS

at his Shop, near the Post Office, in Chatham: where all orders given will meet with due attention, v.z: Farming Utensils, Mill Irons, Ship work—where Ship Owners, Consignees, and Masters are particularly invited, &c. Axes made and warranted of Crawley, Blister, or Cast Steel, as required. HORSE SHOENING and FARRIERY—Horses broke and trained to Saddle or Carriage.

L. LOCKHART.

Chatham, Miramichi, May 15, 1832
Post Office, Newcastle, June 5, 1832 3w.

STAGE.

The Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has commenced running A STAGE as usual, leaving Mr Martin's Royal Hotel, in Chatham, every morning at 9 of the clock, for the Ferry at Newcastle, and at one and five in the afternoon, leaving the Ferry for Chatham at eleven, forenoon, and at three and at seven, afternoon. He flatters himself by paying due attention for the ease and comfort of passengers, he will merit a liberal share of patronage
FARE—1s. 6d.

GEORGE WILSON.

Mr. S. L. BISHOP, Surgeon, begs to inform the Inhabitants of the County of Gloucester that he has commenced practicing his profession at Bathurst, and solicits their support.
Bathurst, May 29.