

## SPIRIT OF THE PROVINCIAL JOURNALS.

On the 2nd and 3rd instant, the cholera continued to increase at York; on the 4th, the Courier says it was on the decrease.

The Upper Canada Herald of the 5th instant says, that cholera is decreasing at Kingston. From the 2nd to the 5th instant, there were only 12 new cases, and 9 deaths.

Cholera has appeared in St. Catherine's. For some time it has been prevailing on the Welland Canal.

The advices from Upper Canada are of the 9th instant. The report of the Board of Health of Kingston of that day gives 8 new cases and 2 deaths. Total cases, 212, deaths, 78. At York, on the 4th August, the Board reported—total cases, 206; deaths, 91.

**KINGSTON CHRONICLE.**—A gentleman who has just returned from the Falls of Niagara, describes to us the total absence of all visitors and strangers at that hitherto crowded scene of periodical migration. His party, consisting of three, occupied the saloon where we were accustomed at this season of the year to meet three hundred of all nations and languages; and although no disease has as yet reached that salubrious section of the Province, our opposite neighbours seem to regard that, and every other portion of the Canadas, as the 'cave of every unclean bird,' and to shy all intercourse with us, in the spirit of the most alarming apprehension.

**MONTREAL GAZETTE.**—We congratulate our readers on the improving health of the town. The burials yesterday are only nine, being a third of what it has lately been, and the lowest amount at which it has stood since the 20th July. We trust that as the dog-days are now over, and as the change of the moon has brought us cool bracing weather, we may count on the reports continuing to be equally flattering. We are sorry to observe, that the large quantities of cucumbers, now brought to market, meet with a ready sale among the labouring population; we thought they had been so frequently warned against the use of this most pernicious vegetable, that it would have been abandoned at the present time for more healthy food.—August 11.

**CANADIAN COURANT.**—There is at present an increasing mortality among children, by what is commonly called the summer complaint, which greatly augments the number of interments beyond the ordinary amount, there cannot be a doubt, moreover, that many cases of cholera are concealed from the clerks of the burial grounds.—August 11.

**QUEBEC GAZETTE.**—The Cholera.—We have completed the list of burials from Cholera at Quebec, to Monday evening the 6th inst. Some apprehensions existed on Monday that the malady had increased. It was actually more fatal (17 deaths) on Sunday the 5th inst. than it had proved any day for a month before; while it may be remarked that the day preceding only 5 deaths occurred, which is a Lower number than any day since its first appearance. It must be candidly stated that since the 10th ult. no diminution of the disease has taken place. It has since that period carried off between eight and nine persons a-day; at the same time, it must be remarked that the state of the weather has favoured the disease. Nor do we see any prospect that the malady will disappear soon. There is much negligence in the execution of the orders of the Board of Health. The dead are generally kept from twenty-four to forty-eight hours in the houses; the bed-clothes and the rooms are not disinfected; every death creates a new focus of infection; and, sooner or later, those who live within its influence get affected. This will continue, we may say, for ever, unless some efforts are made to prevent it, for the disease is very clearly referable to local causes. It is the business of the public to consider whether it will consent to allow eight or nine of the inhabitants to be carried off every day, and so many more to be afflicted by disease and their labour lost to the community for a time, without some effort to defend itself against such a calamity.

Letters from Three Rivers, received by steamboat yesterday, state that several persons had died of cholera there, and that some fear existed that the malady would increase.

The cholera has lately shown itself in parishes where it had not hitherto been observed.

A considerable number of the outward-bound vessels which have sailed lately, took emigrants who are returning to their homes. We believe many more would return, if they could find means. Generally speaking, there is but one opinion among the majority of emigrants,—at least, while in Quebec,—and of which we here speak more particularly:—It is disappointment when they themselves see the country. That disappointment is greater than it would otherwise be, because very exaggerated ideas have been fostered at home. With one accord, emigrants, of all trades, expect to find employment most abundant and wages very high. In Quebec and Montreal, they often run a good chance of starving for want of employment, and find when employed that they earn less than they did at home. This is the real state of things, with respect to the towns of Lower Canada. Disguise it as you may, that state of things must ultimately become known.

Extract of a Letter from the Commandant, Captain Reid, at Grosse Ile, dated Thursday night last.

Your new building is at this moment as full as it can hold. We have upwards of one thousand emigrants on shore, between the two sheds; and there are about eight hundred more at anchor, ready to take up their quarters as soon as the present occupants can be got on board, which we hope to effect in the course of to-morrow.

The last two days have been very favourable, and you would have been delighted to see how assiduous the poor emigrants are in availing themselves of it, in washing and scrubbing; and we hope to send them to you in a perfect state of cleanliness and purity; but, I assure you, it requires every body to be on the alert, to preserve any thing like regularity among them; and for the last three days, from five in the morning until dark, I have scarcely been off my legs; and for the next week, I think, my labours will nearly equal yours at Grosse Ile.—Aug. 8.

**MERCURY.**—We are sorry to hear that several dogs, in a rabid state, have been put to death in this city and suburbs: fortunately no human being has, so far as we have heard, been bitten by any of them.

**QUEBEC GAZETTE.**—The Cholera.—This disease was marked by another temporary increase on Friday, Saturday, and Sunday.—The hospital reports are no less at all of the sickness; and now that the Board has put into force an old regulation requiring returns of all the sick attended by physicians, and could also obtain returns of the burials, which, in fact, would be the best test

of the state of the malady, we do not see why it should not publish daily satisfactory information upon the subject, instead of leaving the public to surmise it.

Amid the fatal attacks from cholera, it is now remarked every where, both in town and country, that severe indispositions are very common; they may indeed be said to be very universal, and as in New York we suppose that the number of deaths from other diseases than cholera is greater than in ordinary years. Sometimes these indispositions show themselves by diarrhoea, at other times by vomiting, by rheumatic or spasmodic affections, by severe headaches, by dyspepsia, by flatulency, and in general a marked depression of spirits, and exhaustion of strength, upon even common efforts of body or mind. In the country parishes, where, at this season, unusual exertions are made to secure the crops, this condition of the public health has been attended with much disadvantage. Some physicians have informed us that they have practised blood-letting with success in affections of this kind, and that in all cases the blood has exhibited a dark and thicker consistency than usual, with a great diminution of serum in its composition. It has been remarked that many persons who came to town returned to the country and soon afterwards felt the states of indisposition we have mentioned, which continued to affect them three to six weeks afterwards, and with a strong exciting cause soon manifested the specific symptoms of cholera—vomiting, diarrhoea, and spasms, and, if not arrested, the collapse and blue stage and death in from six to forty-eight hours. We infer from these facts that the virus of the cholera is now almost universally spread, and that it must continue to operate and occasionally produce fatal cases for a long time to come. It has been considered by some intelligent physicians that the disease will become acclimated and seat itself in the country, showing a renewed virulence at seasons when atmospheric causes favour its development. There can, we apprehend, be no doubt, however, that the malady has spread from the towns.—August 11.

**ST. ANDREW'S HERALD.**—Captain M'Kie, of the ship Ulster, of Londonderry, has been fined £50 by the Quarter Sessions at Quebec, for bringing more passengers than by law the tonnage of his vessel would permit. The fine would have been greater, had not Captain M'Kie proved that he was in no way privy to the transaction, he having taken charge of the vessel only a few hours before her sailing.—Aug. 16.

**NOVASCOTIAN,** August 22.—Earthquake at Windsor.—The following is an extract from a Letter, dated Windsor, August 13, 1832:—We had a smart shock of an Earthquake here on Sunday morning, at about a quarter before 5. It appears to have been very sensibly felt at the College, Academy, and the neighbourhood of Spa Spring. I understand at the former place it cracked some of the plastering. It was so early that few people in the village felt it, although a few were awakened by it. By some, it is said, that it was not accompanied by any rumbling noise, and by others that it was; but all concur in saying that it occasioned a strong tremulous motion. The Academy was rocked rather alarmingly, and a cottage not far off, was moved in a manner that made the timbers crack, and to suggest the idea of a ship in motion. I cannot ascertain its direction, but should think it was north and south.

**ST. JOHN OBSERVER** Aug. 21.—The Report of the Health Officer on Patridge Island dated this day, was handed us at a late hour.—Our time allows us only to extract the subjoined. It exhibits a most deplorable picture of distress and suffering on board the brig Heber, Agre, master, from Belfast, now at Quarantine. The disgraceful conduct on the part of the Master in first putting to sea so scanty a supply of provisions, and afterwards suffering his ship and passengers to remain in such a filthy state, should not be allowed to go unpunished.—We have been informed that Mr. Wedderburn, Agent for Emigrants, has sent down a supply of provisions to relieve their present necessities, and that the Overseers of the Poor will render further assistance to-morrow.

I would beg to report the arrival of the brig Heber, in 63 days from Belfast, having had at time of departure 169 passengers on board, 18 of these died during the passage, Seventeen according to the Captain's account, from want, but as there are several children on board, with evident marks of having but lately recovered from small pox, and the Captain acknowledges the death of one from that disease, I am strongly suspicious of the others, especially as the fatality was so sudden; there appears, however, to have been no case recently among them; I should say from the appearance of those recovering, not for three weeks; this will, however, in no way diminish the necessity of a rigid Quarantine. Nothing can exceed the misery of these unfortunate people, who have been short of provisions for some days past, not only their own stock but that of the ship is completely exhausted, and the major part when they arrived had not tasted a mouthful for two days—they are wallowing in filth, and present altogether a sad spectacle. I relieved their necessity last night by conveying on board such provisions as was at hand.

#### BOARD OF HEALTH FOR THE COUNTY OF ST. JOHN. Court-House, 21st August, 1832.

The Board continues to receive the most satisfactory Reports from the Magistrates in the several Districts, and from the Medical Gentlemen of this Board, who state that in the County and City no case of Cholera or contagious disease, prevails among the inhabitants.

With a view to the further security of the County and City, and for the purpose of cutting off communication with infected Districts, this Board have adopted measures in conjunction with the Magistrates of the county of Charlotte for the accomplishment of this important object.

CHARLES SIMONDS, CHAIRMAN.  
ROBERT PAYNE, Secretary.

**WINES.**

The Subscriber has on hand about 140 dozen Port and Sherry WINE, in casks of 3 dozen each; which he will sell low for Cash, or good Merchantable Timber.  
C. CLARKE.

Chatham, 23rd July, 1832.

**BLANKS**

Of various kinds for Sale at this Office.

**FOR SALE.**

Three pair of large WORKING OXFEN, and Two pair of Stout HORSES, if applied for soon.

HAWBOLT & LETSON.

Chatham, 16th July, 1832.

**FOR SALE.**

The HOUSE and PREMISES, situate in the Town of Chatham, adjoining the property of Dr Key; for further particulars enquire of the Subscriber

ANDREW FORD.

August 14, 1832.

The MISSES YOUNG have commenced the DRESS-MAKING, and MILLINERY Business in Chatham, in the House lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. Wood; and from their knowledge and experience in every branch of the Business, they humbly solicit a share of public patronage.

Chatham, August 21, 1832.

**MRS. MAXWELL'S**

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

For a limited number of YOUNG LADIES, will open in Newcastle, on Monday, 13th inst. under the patronage and direction of some of the principal Gentlemen in Miramichi; where Young Ladies will be instructed in the following branches of EDUCATION:—The English and French Languages, grammatically; Ancient and Modern History, Geography, use of the Globes, Writing and Arithmetic, plain Work, Embroidery, Worsted, Cloth, Chain and Bead Works, Music, Landscape Drawing in Mezzotint, Oriental Tinting; and Painting on velvet and satin.

From Mrs. Maxwell's experience in teaching, the system she has adopted, and the unwearied attention she will devote to the improvement of the Pupils committed to her care, she feels confident she will merit the support and approbation of the Gentry of Miramichi.

Terms may be known by application to Mrs. M.

Newcastle, 6th June, 1832.

**NOTICE TO EMIGRANTS.**

Emigrants arriving and desirous of settling, will immediately receive Crown Lands upon the Terms prescribed by Government. Copies and Plans of Surveyed Lands from Shediac to Ristigouche, can be seen by applying to Mr. James Ingram, Bathurst, Mr. Ward McDonald, at Richibucto, and the Undersigned, to whom all application must be made. (If by letter post-paid)

HENRY CUNARD

Govrnt. Agent for Emigrants.

Chatham, Miramichi, 10th July, 1832.

**STRAYED.**

A dark brindled COW, the tops of her horns cut off, and split in the left ear. Any person returning said Cow, or giving information respecting her, will be handsomely rewarded, by applying to the owner, Laurence Vodden, or to Hugh Morell, Post office, Newcastle. August 14.

**ADVERTISEMENT.**

A Person, of plain habits, who has recently become a Widow, is desirous of a situation as Governess, in a respectable family, where it is intended the Young Ladies shall be instructed in both the useful and ornamental branches of Female EDUCATION, including French, Music, Painting, &c. all of which she has been accustomed to teach, during more than 20 years in Scotland, England, and North America.

Salery is not so much an object as a comfortable Asylum, where she can occasionally enjoy the privilege of Good Society, when not engaged in the pleasing duties of tuition.

For further particulars apply to Mr Morrow, Chatham. N. B. A situation in or near Fredericton or St. John, will be preferred. Miramichi, 8th August 1832

Mr. S. L. BISHOP, Surgeon, begs to inform the Inhabitants of the County of Gloucester that he has commenced practicing his profession at Bathurst, and solicits their support.  
Bathurst, May 29.

**THE SUBSCRIBER**

Most respectfully begs leave to announce that he has opened a House for the accommodation of the Public in the Town of Liverpool, being that which was formerly denominated the WELLINGTON HOTEL; and under the sign of THE KING'S ARMS, he humbly hopes for a liberal share of the public patronage. He also takes the present opportunity of returning his deepest acknowledgments and profoundest gratitude for the extensive share of favour hitherto bestowed, and he pledges himself to devote his utmost energies to give signal satisfaction for the future.  
P. DONNELLY.

Liverpool, Kent, 18th Nov. 1831.