

maintained obstinate. General Crawford intended, on the 28th, to proceed to Goshen, from thence to Alligator Pond, the properties of its vicinity.

The Kesynhaw, Shireampton, and Endeavour people still continue troublesome. Allick, a slave belonging to Glanhead Plantation, had been condemned by a General Court Martial, and executed on the 26th inst.

King's House, 2 o'clock, Jan. 31.

Very satisfactory advices have been received from Montego Bay, dated yesterday. The Major-General commanding, had made a movement of thirty hours through Eldersly, Cowpark, Chesterfield, Lapland, O'Connor's Mountains, Scarlett's ditto, and Greenwich. The troops took provisions and bivouacked in pursuit. They scoured that immense woods completely, and the rebels fled always, never firing a shot. Yesterday, between 150 and 200 came in at Catadupa, and stated, that they would all come in if they were not afraid of the consequences. Some, however, of the original rebels, belonging to Hazelymph and Belvidere, were still obstinate. It is thought that a qualified pardon being proclaimed, would be attended with the happiest effects. Dehany had been taken, and Wellington and Wilberforce. Dehany had given valuable information.

A report from Lieutenant Col. Farquharson states, that he had visited Greenwich, and that great numbers of negroes from the neighbouring states had surrendered at that post. From Belvidere, 133; Hazelymph, 91; Greenwich, 111; and the Lieutenant Colonel expected that great numbers would surrender the next day.

EUROPE.

It seems more probable than ever, that the affairs of Holland and Belgium will not be amicably settled,—it having been reported in Paris that the Austrian Government had transmitted their refusal to ratify the 24th article to the Prussian Embassy.

There is an English fleet in the Tagus, under Admiral Parker; the Regent, 120; the Asia, (Codrington's flag-ship at Navarino, being the finest round sterned 84 in the British Navy); the Revenge, 76, and the Victor brig of war, 18.

The unfortunate Brereton, who was in command during the riots at Bristol, has shot himself, rather than face the decision of a Court Martial. We understand that he was a gallant Soldier, and that no imputation lies on his courage; but it is believed that he suffered his private feelings to influence his public conduct, and that he would probably have been broken. If guilty, he has paid an awfully disproportionate forfeit to his fault.—If innocent peace be to his ashes.

Dispatches had been received by the English Government, which state that 300 Police Officers in Saxony, who have refused the Amnesty of the Emperor Nicholas, are on their march, in small detachments, to France.—Each receives a small sum per diem from the Saxon Government.

We have advices from Persia, which contain further intelligence respecting the civil war, already noticed as having broken out.—It appears that Abdul Rezek Kham came two stages to meet the Prince Royal, on his march to the city of Yezd, which place he entered on the 22d.

Ramazyan Hassan Allee Meerza had some time before obeyed the Shan's orders to retire; and had moved towards Kerman. After the surrender of Yezd, however, the people refused to receive him at Kerman, and his army having gradually melted away, he was not in a situation to use force against them.

We received last night Dutch and German papers to the 11th inst. They contain reports of military preparations by Holland upon the Belgian frontier, and are otherwise of a rather warlike aspect. The Chamber of the States General at the Hague had sanctioned the budget presented to it, though large, by the Dutch Minister; and the King seems to have the means, if he continue in his present wrong-headed disposition, to rush into a war with his revolted subjects.

On the Belgian side matters look as if they would not be taken unprepared; and as the parties, if they do come to blows, will meet this time on more equal terms as to preparation, the issue may not be quite so favourable to the Dutch as it had been before, and they confidently anticipate it will not.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 11.—We are still in great alarm, fearing an attack from the Dutch.—Our Minister of War has issued fresh orders, commanding an obedience to the order of the day for the return of the men on furloughs to their regiments.

We are informed by dates from London of the 11th inst., says a Paris paper of January 13th, that the Cabinet Council has finally agreed upon the number of new Peers to be created, and that it is definitively fixed at 45 or 50. Among others, Lord Dunraven, Lord Gormantown (an Irish Catholic), Lords Lismore, and Resmore, all Irishmen, are mentioned. These nominations are made to allay somewhat the jealousies of the Irish.—The rest of the new creation will consist of English peers and Scotch ones.

The morning Post which strongly opposes the Peerage Bill, admits that the plan for the creation of Peers has been fully and finally arranged. It says:—

"All doubts respecting the result of Lord Grey's interview with the King at Brighton on Tuesday, appear to be at an end. The good nature of the Monarch has yielded to the subtle importunities of the Ministry; and it is finally determined that the Peerage of the Empire is to be disgraced by an unexampled increase of its number, for the purpose of enabling Lords Grey and Durham to carry their revolutionary project into effect."

The Lord Chancellor has been confined to Brougham Hall with a slight attack of English Cholera.

The following is the two days' report of the Cholera cases received to-day, dated Jan. 9:

Sunderland.—No new cases, recovered 1, died 1.
Newcastle.—New cases 66, recovered 64, died 19.
Gateshead.—New cases 14, recovered 15, died 13.
North Shields and Tynemouth.—New cases 2, recovered 1, died 0.
Houghton, Hilton, &c.—New cases 10, recovered 3, died 4, remaining 20.
Haddington and vicinity.—New cases 13, recovered 9, died 4.—Globe.

SCHEDIASMA.

MIRAMICHI.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 13, 1832.

The Courier arrived with the Southern mail on Saturday morning about 7 o'clock.

The intelligence from Europe, by way of the United States, is to the 14th January. The affairs of Europe still remain in a very unsettled state, and its future tranquillity seems to hang by a slender thread. The Northern powers have been arming for some time past, and seem anxious to seize the first opportunity to oppose the liberal policy of several of the others powers, and the Belgian affair seems to be too favorable an opportunity for them, to let pass unheeded. The prophecy of Mr Canning, of the 'War of Opinion,' must be fulfilled, and from the present aspect of the political horizon of Europe, the storm will soon burst over it; but so long as the liberal powers pull together, there can be no fear for the result—England and France united may defy the world.

Some of the London papers positively affirm that an accession will be made to the Peerage of Great-Britain, to enable Ministers to pass the Reform Bill, while other Journals positively contradict the assertion. The cholera, it is satisfactory to perceive, was on the decline, very few new cases are reported. The Sultan has declared war against the Pacha of Egypt; and a civil war has broken out in Persia.

The Legislature of Lower Canada was prorogued on the 25th ult.

PROVINCIAL SUMMARY.—Feb. 28.—The House was occupied principally in the Committee of Ways and Means, and a Resolution was passed, authorising the Province Treasurer to issue Debentures, payable at the Treasury, with interest, to the amount of £5000, redeemable in eighteen months; to pay off Warrants for Roads and Bridges throughout the Province. Considerable discussion also took place this day, whether the Accounts of the Attorney-General, relative to the expenses incurred in prosecuting the rioters at Madawaska, should be referred to the Committee of Supply. It was at length carried by a majority of 15. March 1.—The House went into consideration of the amendments of the Council to the Marriage Bill. The principal amendment was in section three; which required Ministers of all denominations to Solemnize Marriage after publication of banns, on three successive Sundays, unless where a license had previously been obtained from the Lieutenant-Governor. The amendments after a short discussion, were agreed to. The House in Committee of Supply, occupied the remainder of the

day, in discussing the accounts that had been referred to them, relative to the Madawaska affair; when it was resolved—that the sum of £232 0 1, be granted; £183 0 1 of which sum was to be paid to the Sheriff, and £50 to the Attorney General: all the other charges were rejected.

The House has passed a Resolution, laying a duty on Loaf Sugar, and an additional duty on Brandy and Whisky, imported into the Province. The sum we have not yet ascertained.

The Legislature, it was expected, would be prorogued on Friday last.

The intelligence from the Island of Jamaica is to the 31st January. The insurrection was nearly quelled; the major part of the unfortunate and deluded slaves had returned to their employments.

Arrivals in Great-Britain.—Portsmouth, Dec. 30—Ar. Astrea, Miramichi: Plymouth, 30th, Christopher, do. Aberystwith, 29th, Jane, do. Leith, 27th, De-fiance, do: Charles Forbes, do. Stockton, 28th, Sisters, do. Waterford, Jan. 1, Hero, do.

On the 5th inst. the sum of £100 was granted to His Excellency for each of the Grammar Schools in the Counties of Westmorland, Queen's, King's, Charlotte, Kent, Sunbury, and Northumberland, and £150 for the County of St. John.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Takes this method of informing the inhabitants of Chatham, that he intends leaving this Town on Monday next, the 19th instant; those persons therefore requesting his services, are respectfully requested to call at his office, at Mr Hea's, previous to that period; after which time he intends removing to NEWCASTLE, where he will remain a few days previous to his departure from Miramichi, and may be consulted at his residence at Mr Hamill's Hotel.

G. I. SYLVESTER.

N. B. Mr S. will be happy to give advice on the diseases of the mouth and teeth GRATUITOUS.
March 12.

TO LET

For One or more Years,

On moderate Terms, the DWELLING HOUSE and GARDEN; at present in the occupation of Joseph Hunter, Esq. Deputy Surveyor. For further particulars enquire of GEO. HENDERSON, Junior. or Mrs GEO. HENDERSON, Senior.
Chatham, March 12.

NOTICE.

The Subscriber will attend at John Curry's on Saturday, the 17th inst. at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of taking a Contract by Public Auction for the Erection of a BRIDGE on the Big Baribogue River. A plan and specification of the same can be seen any time after Tuesday next.

ALEX. GOODFELLOW, Supervisor.

Miramichi 7th March.

SHERIFF SALE.

To be sold at Public Auction, on the Premises, on Saturday, the Fifteenth day of September next, between the hours of 12 and 5 of the clock in the afternoon of the same day.

All the right, Title, Interest and Claim of NATHAN RICHEY, of, in, and to the Dwelling House, Barns, Messuage and Premises; situate lying and being in the town of Newcastle, in the county of Northumberland, lately in the occupation of the said Nathan Richey, and now in the possession of Mr Nathaniel Sprague. The same having been seized by me by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province against the said Nathan Richey; at the suit of James Donald and John J. Donald.

R. S. CLARKE, SHERIFF.

Sheriff's Office, Chatham, 8th March, 1832.

JOSEPH CUNARD, & CO.

Have for sale, the following articles, at their Stores in Chatham and Newcastle, which they offer cheap for cash, or on approved credit.

1000 barrels Corn Meal,
400 do. Oat Meal,
1000 Quintals Codfish,
30 barrels Onions,
100 do. Apples,

Together with their usual stock of rum, Jamaica Spirits, molasses, brandy, gin, whiskey, wines, porter and ale in bottles, sugar, tea, cast-steel, Crawley, Millington, and Blister Steel, iron, pots, ovens, cut and wrought nails, broad and narrow cast-steel and common axes, traces, Day Goons, Cutlery, and Hardware, Ploughs, Carts, Fanners Wheel-barrows, &c. &c.
Miramichi, December 17.