

men, and thus cut off all communication by land with Napoli.
A considerable part of the Russian forces is stationed at Argos, who have shown a great inclination, and even made some efforts, to come to the assistance of Colocotroni, in order to render his party more predominant, and to discourage the Greek Constitutionalists; but, being closely watched by the two other Powers, the Russian commander has not yet ventured to declare himself, through fear of provoking a more effective interference from the French and English forces, which appear to be upon terms of the best understanding with each other.

COLONIAL.

LOWER CANADA.

CHOLERA AT LAPRAIRIE.—Since the 11th of this month, the day on which the first case of Cholera occurred in this village we have had 55 cases, 24 of which have been fatal. We may now consider the disease at an end, having had but one new case since the 27th June. There are still a few cases in the adjoining country, but not very ripe.
That the disease has been communicated by infection there is but little doubt, a peculiar state of the system being necessary, (which we may, for the want of a better term, call vitiated,) to imbibe the disease. This will account for some persons being more liable to the disease than others; hence the necessity of keeping the body in a perfect state of health, the better to resist the influence of infection. Every medical man has experienced the difficulty of affecting a healthy and vigorous constitution with mercury; but when the system is once broken up, it becomes vulnerable. Thus it is with Cholera, and if medical men and nurses would attend to this, there would be little danger.

Laprairie, 30th June, 1832. A. T. ALEXANDER.
MONTREAL COURANT, July 7.—During the last week, the Cholera Hospital has been for a short time without a patient, and on visiting it yesterday, we found only six cases of Cholera, (four severe and two mild,) and four sick of other diseases.

The burials of yesterday were:

Catholic burial ground	4
Protestant burial ground	3
Total	7

Of these, only three were cases of Cholera. One, no sickness registered, and three, of the disease prevalent during the summer months.

In Upper Canada the village of Brantford is reported as having been visited by Cholera, three cases had occurred.

At Prescott, there had been 69 new cases, 27 deaths, and 35 recoveries from 26th June till 2nd inst., both days inclusive. On the 3rd inst, there were 7 cases of Cholera, 15 of common fever, 3 of Typhus, one of small pox, 1 of varioloid, 2 of measles, 6 of Diphtheria, 20 Rheumatism and 6 of debility.

At York, 28th June. New cases 43, deaths 17.
At Kingston, July 1st. Total since commencement, 131 cases and 42 deaths.

Brockville, June 28. New cases 4, deaths 2.
Cobourg, June 27th. New cases 3, deaths 1.
Ogdensburg, N. Y. June 28. New cases 4, deaths 3.

MONTREAL GAZETTE, July 7.—PROGRESS OF THE CHOLERA.—We feel much pleasure in announcing the almost total disappearance of the cholera from Montreal, after it has been among us for 28 days. The total burials of ALL diseases yesterday amounted to 7; which is about the average number of deaths in Montreal at this season of the year. Four of these burials only are stated to be from cholera.

The following are the Reports of the Board of Health issued since that to which we gave insertion on Tuesday.

BOARD OF HEALTH, Montreal, July 4, 1832.
New cases of cholera, reported from 2nd to 3rd July, at 2 P. M. 11.—Deaths from 2nd to 3rd July, at 7 P. M. 14.—New cases of cholera, reported from 3rd to 4th July, at 2 P. M. 23.—Deaths from 3rd to 4th July, at 7 P. M. 17.

J. GUTHRIE SCOTT, Sec.
Reports from 2nd to 3rd not received from Doctors Arnoldi & Sun, Brossseau, Lebourdais, Stephenson, Porter, Caldwell, Robertson, Holmes, Buchannan, Ferris and Martin.
Reports from 3rd to 4th July not received from Drs. Caldwell, Martin; Porter; Buchannan; Ferris; Brousseau and Lebourdais.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH, Montreal, July 6, 1832.
New cases of cholera reported from 2 P. M. 4th July, to 3 P. M. 5th July, 22.—Burials from 2 P. M. 4th July, to 3 P. M. 5th July:

Catholic burial ground,	11
Protestant do.	2
Total	13

The reports hereafter will be made up to 5 P. M.
By order, J. GUTHRIE SCOTT, Sec.
No report from Drs Brousseau; Porter; Buchannan; Martin and Lebourdais have been received.

BOARD OF HEALTH, Montreal, July 7, 1832.
New cases reported from 8 P. M. 5th, to 8 P. M. 6th July, 19
Deaths same period—Catholic ground - 2
Protestant do - 2—4

By order, J. G. SCOTT, Sec.
CARONAWAGA.—From the 17th June to the 2nd July inst. the Record states, upon the authority of a letter from an unquestionable source, that there had occurred 130 cases and 64 deaths. The mortality is therefore, in this small village, as 1 in 16. The charcoal Doctor (Ayres) is stated to have been very successful among the Indians.

CHAMBLEY.—The Record, we perceive, states the cholera to have been very severe at this place. Our private accounts are rather of an opposite tendency, and the following certificate from the Commissioners and officers on the Canal, where cases are most likely to occur, gives a very satisfactory report of the public health.

THREE RIVERS.—This place is still free from any disease, as is also Sorel.

BERTHIER.—The last accounts we have seen are to the 2nd inst., when 19 deaths had occurred since the commencement.
CEDEARS.—About eight days after the appearance of the disease in Montreal, it broke out at this village, and many deaths have since occurred, 20 of which were residents. The same says that many emigrants have been found dead on the road sides, and in the barns and stables in which they had taken refuge.

QUEBEC GAZETTE, June 27.—THE CHOLERA.—The cholera, which has occurred at Burlington, Whitehall, Fort Miller and Merchamiville, all places on the route to New York, had not shown itself at Albany on the 20th, eleven days after its appearance at Quebec. We are sorry to think that there is no prospect whatever that the malady will not overrun the States. With extreme precaution, experience warrants us in saying that its advances might be delayed or arrested if there was only one route for its entrance; but with the trade and constant intercourse existing with Canada, there is not a shadow of hope that a few days will not convey information of its appearance at New-York.

July 6.—The reader will find in another part of the paper the proceedings of the meeting held yesterday afternoon to promote the relief of widows and orphans thrown into distress by the ravages of the cholera; the meeting was numerously attended.

We can state from good authority that the cholera panic which existed along the line of the St Lawrence from Montreal to York, had greatly subsided at the last accounts.

At every port on the St Lawrence in U. C. Boards of Health have been established, and means placed at their disposal to provide Hospitals; and the Government agents at Cornwall and Prescott have been directed to give every assistance to emigrants, and to forward them as they arrive.

The Weather.—No season for the last twenty years has been remarkable for such frequent and great changes of weather, and, upon the whole, for such a low state of temperature. Yesterday at 2 o'clock, the thermometer stood in the shade at 92 of Fahrenheit. In the morning there had been a heavy thunder storm with rain and a chill northerly wind. About four o'clock another thunder storm came on, and the thermometer fell to 68—a difference of 24 degrees; it soon rose again to 83: This morning early it was at 66, with the wind at North East. Those changes are, however, favourable to the crops, which are shooting up very rapidly.

UPPER CANADA.

PRESCOTT.—The quarantine establishment at Drummond Island has been abandoned, and an Hospital and sheds for emigrants are erecting near the Fort—the same precautionary measures of examining all boats and waggons to be continued. The Emigrant Society have recommended that Durham boats be restricted to 75 passengers; 1st class of barges 60, 2nd class 50, and bateaux 30. The last report of the Board of Health, to the 2nd instant, mentions 69 cases; deaths 27; recovered 25; remaining 7. The average number of cases during the last week have been one or two a day. Business has been again resumed, and the panic subsiding.

CORNWALL.—We have no accounts from this town, but we notice that a temporary hospital for the sick had been erected.

YORK.—We have the Courier of the 27th and 30th by this morning's mail, containing the several daily reports from the 25th to the 30th. The total cases from the commencement to the last date are 48; deaths 23; recoveries 7; remaining 18. Most of the cases had occurred in the most dirty, and badly ventilated parts of the town—in Henrietta street—the back houses in Church-street—in what is familiarly termed 'the devil's-half-acre,' &c. As to adult male persons, the deaths have been many, almost wholly among those of intemperate or irregular habits—but several females, and some children have died of the pestilence, to whom this description cannot apply; the greater part of these, however, were residents in, or near the parts of the town above described.

KINGSTON.—The Patriot of the 3rd is our last Kingston paper. It mentions that no new cases had appeared that day. The Board of Health report from the commencement 159 cases, 46 deaths, 80 recoveries, and 13 remaining. Since Friday last both cases and deaths had regularly diminished and the total disappearance of the disease was daily looked for. The Board were met on Wednesday to report on the propriety of abandoning all quarantine restrictions.—Since the above was written, we have received the Kingston Herald, which contains the report of the Board of Health for the 4th; it announces 8 new cases, 1 death, 8 recovered, 12 remaining. Total from commencement, 147 cases; 47 deaths; 88 recovered. Among the deaths not being mentioned are Messrs Belongé, James Thomas; Harris; and Mrs. Chelone.

HALLOWELL.—The Steamer Sir James Kempt brought intelligence to Kingston on Wednesday evening, that the disease had commenced its ravages in Hallowell, ten cases and four deaths occurring previous to her departure. Doctor Evans has proceeded at the request of the Kingston Board of Health, to Hallowell, to render his valuable assistance to the Medical gentlemen there.

PRANTFORD.—We find it reported in the Hamilton Mercury that three cases had occurred there, one of which proved fatal.

HAMILTON.—Though many reports of cholera had been in circulation, the Mercury states that the town was never more healthy. The Board of Health were called to investigate one case of sickness, which did not prove to be cholera, and they state that to the 25th ultimo, no case had occurred.

BURLINGTON BAY.—It was reported that 8 deaths had taken place here. Mr Kerr, the superintendent of the Canal, contradicts the rumour by denying the existence of a single case at the Canal or at Burlington Beach. No sickness whatever had occurred this season among the labourers there.

STAGE.

The Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has commenced running A STAGE as usual, leaving Mr Martin's Royal Hotel, in Chatham, every morning at 9 of the clock, for the Ferry at Newcastle, and at one and five in the afternoon, leaving the Ferry for Chatham at eleven, forenoon, and at three and at seven, afternoon. He flatters himself by paying due attention for the ease and comfort of passengers, he will merit a liberal share of patronage
Fare—1s. 6d.

GEORGE WILSON.

AUCTION

To be sold by Public Auction, on THURSDAY next, the 26th inst. at 11 o'clock, at the Subscriber's Store in Newcastle. A variety of Excellent HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

in GOOD ORDER, consisting of—Mahogany dining, breakfast, and Sofa TABLES; Mahogany Chairs, Beds, Mattresses and Bedsteads; French grey Moreen Window Curtains and Poles. A variety of excellent cut GLASS, consisting of Decanters, Ale and finger Glasses; Desert Setts, and Liquor Stands, bronze LAMP; Fenders and Fire Irons. Also, the following articles of MERCHANDISE—Cavass, Mill and Frame Saws; fish Hooks and Leads; green, black, and red PAINT; Varnish and Turpentine; Paint Oil; Hearth Slabs and Mantle Pieces; brown SUGAR in bbis.; Cloth, Cottons and Hats; a Franklin Stove; register Grate; an Iron Chest, and brass door Locks, single and double Harness; with a variety of other articles.
T. C. ALLAN, AUCTIONEER.
Newcastle, 19th July, 1832.

SAVED FROM THE WRECK OF THE BARK HARBINGER.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Wednesday next, the 25th July, at the Subscriber's Store, without reserve, at 12 o'clock, the following Goods, saved from the Wreck of the bark Harbinger. RIDING SADDLES, HARDWARE, assorted, viz: cross cut and Hand Saws, Nails, Fry-ing Pans, pots, Tea Kettles, sauce Pans, sad Irons, Weights, Knives and Forks, Buttons, Scissors, Combs, pen and pocket Knives, shoe do. Also—A quantity of BRASS MOUNTING, viz. Window Pullies, window blind Furniture, brass Buttons, Locks, &c.

DRY GOODS.

50 pieces Unbleached Cotton. At the same time, Window GLASS, 10x12, 9x12, 8x10. Fifteen casks NAILS, assorted.

C. CLARKE, Auctioneer.

Chatham, 20th July, 1832.

WINES.

The Subscriber has on hand about 140 dozen Port and Sherry WINE, in casks of 3 dozen each; which he will sell low for Cash, or good Merchantable Timber
C. CLARKE.
Chatham, 23rd July, 1832.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

On the 3rd Tuesday in JANUARY next, will be Sold by Public Auction, at the Court House, in Newcastle, between the hours of 12 and 5 in the afternoon.

ALL THE RIGHT TITLE, INTEREST AND CLAIM of MARY M'KENZIE, Administratrix of the late Murdoch M'Kenzie, deceased, in and to the two Tracts of LAND, adjoining each other, with all the buildings and Improvements thereon, situate on the north side of the South West branch of the River Miramichi, about a mile above Beau-bear's Point, containing Two Hundred Acres, more or less. Taken by Virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of John Clarke, William Liddle and John Liddle, surviving partners of Edward Mortimer, deceased.

R. S. CLARKE, SHERIFF.

Sheriff's Office, 17th July, 1832.

NOTICE TO EMIGRANTS.

Emigrants arriving and desirous of settling, will immediately receive Crown Lands upon the Terms prescribed by Government. Copies and Plans of Surveyed Lands from Shediac to Ristigouche, can be seen by applying to Mr. James Ingram, Bathurst, Mr. Ward McDonald, at Richibucto, and the Undersigned, to whom all application must be made. (If by letter post-paid.)

HENRY CUNARD

Govt. Agent for Emigrants.

Chatham, Miramichi, 10th July, 1832.

COALS.

The Subscribers have on hand, just landed from the brig Northumberland and James Johnson from Sunderland.

250 Tons Great COAL.

250 Tons Screened do. suitable for Blacksmith's use, both kinds of very superior quality, which they offer for sale on moderate terms.

DUNCAN & LOCH.

Newcastle, 4th June, 1832. Gw

FOR SALE.

Three pair of large WORKING OXEN, and Two pair of Stout HORSES, if applied for soon.

HAWBOLT & LETSON.

Chatham, 16th July, 1832.