

COLONIAL.

tices. In every direction, however, the spirit of revolt had been repressed.

M. Marast, the principal editor of the *Tribune* Newspaper, and several other individuals, were arrested on Saturday and Sunday last. Similar measures were taken with regard to the suspected or accused in many of the principal towns of the kingdom. The Chamber of Deputies has been drawn by the Lyons petition into a discussion upon the expediency of repairing a French fortress upon the Swiss frontier, which had been denounced by the Holy Alliance in 1815, but which was no otherwise remarkable than for the general disposition which appeared to shake off every supposed obligation of the treaties of that period. The whole matter was eventually referred to the Government.

The most important portion of this express was, however, our letters from Madrid, in which will be found, at length, the long looked-for decree upon the convocation of the Cortes. This very important document, which will be found elsewhere, determines the quality and qualifications of the Members of either Chamber, for there are to be two, but does not fix the time of their meeting. Our well-informed Correspondent appears to think that the decree fixing the time will be published upon the 27th, her Majesty's birth-day. The time is too short to do more now than call attention to the details of this very important decree, which may be looked upon as in some measure a Charter for the Spanish people. We shall, therefore, only add that our Correspondent thinks it will not disappoint the Spanish people—perhaps, he might have added, as much as was expected. The rumours of a change in the Ministry, so confidently vouched for by the French papers, turns out to be incorrect, or at the least premature. No change of any importance has taken place in the relations of the belligerent parties in the north of Spain since the preceding advices.—April 23.

SPRING GOODS.

The Subscriber has received by the late arrivals from England and Scotland, his

*Spring Supply of British Manufactured Goods*, amongst which are—a General Assortment of printed cottons, cambric, muslin and muslin dresses, coloured cambric, jaconet, book and other muslins; white, grey and striped shirting; grey sheeting, checks, molskin, bed tick; cloths and cassimeres; cotton and silk handkerchiefs; gentlemen's fancy and black silk stocks; &c. A general assortment of mens' and boys' Ready Made Clothes; hats, boots, shoes, &c. white, red and yellow flannel, carpeting and hearth rugs. Also, an assortment of Hardware, carpenters' and cooper's tools; crockeryware; a quantity of brown ware, viz: milk dishes, butter crocks, pickling jars, flower pots, &c. Has also on hand—wine, Jamaica spirits, rum, brandy, gin, white wine vinegar, (in casks and bottles) molasses, sugar, tea, coffee, tobacco, snuff, soap and candles, starch, indigo, pepper, mustard, &c.; canvases, cordage, and spun yarn, salmon twine; pork, flour, indian meal, peas, which with a very general stock on hand, he offers for sale on the most reasonable terms for cash or approved credit.

RICHARD BLACKSTOCK.

Chatham, June 2, 1834.

SPRING GOODS!

The Subscriber has received per the *Ann Grant* from Greenock, part of his Spring Supply of New and FASHIONABLE GOODS; which he now offers for Sale on the most reasonable terms. Also—a few Pancheous of prime JAMAICA SPIRITS.

He has also received per the *Teviotdale*, and *Pilot*, from Liverpool, a very general assortment of HARDWARE, IRON-MONGERY, and CUTLERY; Soap; Candles, Starch, &c. &c.

HENRY C. D. CARMAN.

Chatham, June 3, 1834.

ESTO FIDELIOS

Queen Adelaide Lodge of Loyal, Independent Odd FELLOWS.

In order to keep alive the good feeling which in all ages has been the peculiar characteristic of Odd Fellows, (and the first Society of this kind established in Miramichi,) will positively now be opened in Chatham, commanding by order of M. N. G. all Members to attend.

DAVID P. HORNE, Secretary.

The above Society is too well known throughout all parts of the world, to need to say any thing for or against; men in all ages have never deemed it derogatory to their dignity to become members of the order of Odd Fellows, and as it is patronized by the King and his royal dignity, it is to be hoped that it will merit a few good Members; and a previous knowledge of the Person and Character that will propose himself a Candidate for the Mysteries of Loyal Independent Odd Fellows. Order and regularity are indispensably necessary, and without which all Societies fall to decay; it neither affects religion or politics, but in every respect founded upon that universal benevolence since the days of Adam, and founded by Jove, where he sat at least with Momus on Olympus high Hill to afford the best example for the conduct of others less informed.

Extract from the Minutes.

Chatham, 3rd June, 1834.

TIMBER.

FOR SALE, 150 to 200 Tons of WHITE PINE TIMBER, now in Boom at Middle Island. Enquire of

WM. LETSON.

Chatham, 13th May, 1834.

BOOM TO LET.

To Let, from the 1st May next, the BOOM, in Chatham near the premises occupied by Messrs. Gilmour, Rankin & Co. and now in the possession of Humbolt & Letson. For particulars enquire of

March 11, 1834.

GILMOUR, RANKIN & CO.

ROYAL CHARTER OF THE COMMERCIAL BANK, To be established at the City of St. John, N. Brunswick.

The Committee for obtaining a Charter for the Commercial Bank, now submit to the public a Draft of the Royal Charter, prepared by his Majesty's Attorney General, and forwarded to them by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor. The Committee are permitted to fix the amount of capital at any sum between £100,000 and £300,000; and previous to taking a decided step in a matter of so much importance, they feel extremely anxious to have the most correct information, and obtain the general opinion of the Merchants and Capitalists of this Province on the subject. They therefore respectfully request such persons as feel interested in the matter, to favour them with their views and opinions with regard to the amount of capital required, or which might be safely or profitably invested.

In submitting the Royal Charter to the people of New-Brunswick, the Committee are of opinion, that any comment from them is unnecessary; as the necessity for a greater amount of Banking Capital, and a more extended circulating medium has been for a length of time past severely felt in this Province, and an increase has been loudly called for by all classes of the community. They would merely request attention to the highly favourable terms offered by this Royal Charter, and state that, under its provisions, it is contemplated to establish branches at Fredericton, St. Andrews, and Miramichi, and from their connection with the principal establishment at the city of St. John, to give to each the credit and security of a large, unfluctuating capital—thus enabling them to be of important advantage to the Commercial interest, and Agricultural prosperity of the country, and so connecting these several places as to secure and facilitate their business generally.

The committee would further state, that it is in contemplation to introduce into the Commercial Bank, the Scotch system of Banking, so far as practicable in the present state of the country: and all who are acquainted with the progress which Scotland has made in national prosperity, must be well aware that to her admirable Banking System may be mainly attributed the high state of advancement to which all her interests—commercial, manufacturing, and agricultural—have attained. While, on the other hand, that system has been productive of lucrative returns to the individuals by whom the business of Banking has been carried on, it has, at the same time, had the happiest effects in aiding and promoting every branch of national industry.

In offering this charter to the notice of persons abroad, and soliciting Subscriptions for Stock, the committee think it need not be matter of surprise, that, in a new country, where capital is very fully employed in trade, foreign aid should be asked for the purposes of Banking; and they humbly conceive that the terms of the charter so strictly guard against abuse or mismanagement; as to render the proposed Bank a safe place of investment for capital; and the great resources, growing trade, and rapidly increasing population of this Province, must render it highly profitable.

New-Brunswick abounds with Coals and other Minerals; its extensive forests are well stocked with valuable Timber, and the Fisheries on its coasts must always be a productive source of wealth. It possesses great facilities and advantages for ship building, and this branch of business has of late been extensively and profitably pursued, and promises to be of permanent duration. It is intersected in every direction by navigable Rivers and Streams, advantageous for the transport of its several products, and furnishing sites for innumerable mills. The banks of these rivers are mostly lined with rich alluvial tracts, which, as well as the whole interior of the Province, are well adapted for Agricultural pursuits.

There are but two Banks in the country; one at Saint John, with a capital of £50,000, and the other at Saint Andrews, with a capital of £15,000; and the operation of these Banks is confined almost exclusively to their respective places. That at Saint John was established about the year 1820, and its Dividends have averaged from 10 to 12 per cent. annually; and although probably no part of the British Dominions suffered more in proportion to their trade than New-Brunswick, during the years 1825 and 1826, the whole amount of bad debts made by the bank, since commencing business, has not been £50. That this amount of Banking Capital is quite inadequate to the business of Saint John alone, may be proved by the fact, that over 30,000 tons of Shipping employed in the Foreign Trade, are owned by resident merchants, and a very great number of small vessels are also owned and employed in the extensive Fisheries and Coasting Trade. A large amount of capital has recently been invested in Ships and Outfits for the Southern Whale Fishery, and this branch of business has every prospect of becoming highly profitable, and of solid and permanent advantage, not only to Saint John, but to the country generally.

Fredericton, as the Seat of Government, situate on the River Saint John, in a central part of the Province, offers a desirable situation for establishing a Branch: Saint Andrews, a Shipping Port on the Bay of Passamaquoddy, presents another favourable opening; and the establishment of a Branch at the Port of Miramichi, on the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, a place of very considerable trade, would materially increase the business and circulation of the Bank, and be found in every respect advantageous.

The Shares of the Bank are intended to be of the value of Twenty-Five Pounds Currency each; and the committee request that all communications respecting Subscriptions for Stock, or information relative to the Bank, may be addressed, free of postage, to M. H. PERLEY, Solicitor to the Committee. Saint John, New-Brunswick, May 19, 1834.

AUCTION.

On THURSDAY next, the 15th inst. at the Subscriber's Sale Room, Chatham, at 12 o'clock, the following Articles:

30 bags of Split Peas, 20 bags Oatmeal, 10 boxes hard Soap, 11 pieces printed Cotton, 6 dozen striped cotton Shirts, 20 pieces coloured Muslins, black & blue Bombazeens, cotton & muslin Handkerchiefs, blue & green Cloth Coats, Jackets & Trowsers, Fancy Waistcoats, Duck Trowsers, Guernsey Frocks, Nails, Cups & Saucers, Mens' Shoes and half-boots, Cod-Lines, Straw Bonnets, Bake Pans and Iron Pots, tin Tea Kettles, Dish Covers,

20 bbls Brown SUGAR, good quality, 1 Trunk WEARING APPAREL, &c. saved from the wreck of the brig Helen: Also—a strong substantial built GIG, for one horse, and sundry other articles.

WILLIAM LETSON, Auctioneer.

Chatham, 3rd June, 1834.

THE Annual Meeting of the *Miramichi Ladies Bible Society*, will be held in St. John's Church, Chatham, on the first Wednesday of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M.; when the members and friends of the Institution are requested to attend.

C. THOMSON, SECRETARY.

May 26, 1834.

PRIME LIMERICK PORK.

For Sale, 26 Barrels Prime Limerick PORK. For particulars enquire of Captain Thorburn, on board the brig *William*, lying at Douglstown.

May 27, 1834.

GARDEN SEEDS & BEANS.

Just Received per Brig Albion, Capt. Leslie, a general assortment of GARDEN SEEDS, BEANS, and PEAS, warranted Fresh and Good.

Chatham, 19th May, 1834.

WM. LETSON.

EARLY SEED OATS, &c.

THE Subscribers offer for Sale a quantity of very Superior Early Seed Oats; also, Seed Peas, and Turnip Seed, of the most approved kinds; just received by the *Roscoe*, from Leith.

DUNCAN & LOCH.

Newcastle, May 12, 1834.

NOTICE

The Subscribers intending to make an alteration in their Business, offer for Sale all their REAL ESTATE, situate in the town of Chatham, consisting of the *Store and Wharf*, at present occupied by them; the *Dwelling House* in the occupation of John Joseph; the *Office* adjoining, in the possession of W. Carman, Esq.; the *Dwelling House and Wharf*, in the lower part of Chatham, occupied by Michael Samuel; and a *Lot of Land* fronting St. John's Church. Also—a *Lot of Land and Store* in the town of Newcastle; and a *Lot of Land*, situate on the South West Branch of the Miramichi, now in the occupation of the Widow Cowden. The above properties are too well known to need any further description. The Terms will be liberal, and made known on application to either of the Subscribers.

They also offer for Sale, all their Stock of MERCHANDISE, &c. at reduced prices for cash, or approved credit.

As they are desirous of bringing their business to a close, they particularly request all persons to whom they are indebted to present their claims for adjustment, and all persons indebted to them are requested to make immediate payment, as all accounts remaining unpaid on the first day of July next, will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection.

1000 Bushels of OATS for Sale.

JOHN JOSEPH,

Chatham, January 20, 1834

MICHAEL SAMUEL.

BY-LAWS FOR PILOTS!

1st.—That a Pilot shall in all cases behave himself civilly, and be strictly temperate, and sober, in the exercise of his Office, and shall use his utmost care and diligence for the safe conduct of every Ship or Vessel, while under his charge, and shall also be careful she does no damage to others, under a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds.

2nd.—That any Pilot who observes any of the Buoy's driven away out of their place, shall forthwith send an account of the same to the Commissioners of Buoy's, under a penalty not exceeding Five Pounds.

3rd.—That as the Pilot who first boards a Vessel is entitled by law to the preference of her pilotage, or if refused by the Master thereof to half-pilotage; every Pilot shall board the nearest Vessel when more than one is in sight, under a penalty not exceeding Five Pounds.

4th.—That any Pilot who runs a Ship or Vessel aground while under his charge from negligence or mismanagement, or conviction, to pay a penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds, or be suspended as a Branch Pilot for such time as the Justices may deem proper.

ALEXANDER DAVIDSON, J. C. P.

(Signed)

JOHN FRASER, J. C. P.

WILLIAM ABRAMS, Port Warden,

GEORGE HENDERSON, P. Warden.

REMOVAL.

The Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the Public, that he has Removed to the opposite side of the River, nearly abreast of the town of Chatham, where he intends to carry on his Business as usual. He embraces this opportunity of returning thanks for the support he has heretofore received.

J. MACHEUR.

Miramichi, April 8, 1834.