The Attorney General in the Chair.

It was moved by the Advocate General, and unanimously *Resolved*, That the Members of the Bar do attend the Funeral in full Robes, wearing Crape Hat Bands, in the usual form of Mourners, and also that they wear Crape on the Left Arm until the end of Michaelmas, as a mark of the high respect they entertained for him during his life.

And further *Resolved*, That notice of the above resolution be given to the Members of the Bar resident in other parts of the Province, and be also published in the next Royal Gazette.

SCHEDIASMA.

MIRAMICHI:
TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 2, 1834.

European News.—By the attention of Messrs. Gilmour, Rankin & Co: and Captains Taylor and Halliday, we were in the early part of the week, put in possession of London papers to the 17th, and Liverpool papers to the 26th July.

These papers furnish the particulars of the recent changes in the Ministry, which are finally arranged. The Whigs still remain in office, but Earl Grey has retired. Viscount Melbourne has been called to the head of the Government; Lord Duncannon fills the office of Secretary of State for the Home Department, in lieu of Viscount Melbourne, and is also raised to the Peerage: Sir John Cam Hobhouse is the new Commissioner of Woods and Forests, with a seat in the Cabinet. These, as far as we can learn, are all the alterations, the other members of Earl Grey's Administration retaining their former situation. With this exception, the papers are quite barren of news.

We have devoted a large space to-day to the debates in Parliament, as well as to the opinions of the Press on various subjects relating to the affairs of the mother country, and other matters connected with the politics of the old world.

Judge Bliss.—We have this day, the painful task of recording the death of this worthy and upright man. This melancholy event took place at his own residence in St. John, on the 22d ult. Under the proper head we have copied the particulars from the St. John Courier, which are accompanied with some just, and well-merited complimentary remarks.

Cholera.—We do not wish to excite any unnecessary alarm—we are not disposed to give this melancholy subject any false colouring—but seeing the evils which have resulted from the taciturnity of the Canada press, we have resolved weekly to lay before our readers the latest intelligence furnished by the Colonial papers on this all-important subject. Below we give a summary of the information obtained by the last mail.

From the Novascotian of Wednesday last.

"During the past week or ten days, this disease, which had been previously confined to the Poor House and the Barracks, has extended into the Town, and there have been a number of deaths in private families, besides the cases sent into the Asylum. Hitherto the disease has been limited to a few of the upper streets, which, from the want of sufficient drainage are very filthy—and to houses, that from the depraved and dirty habits of their inmates, were crowded with that kind of aliment upon which disease most readily fastens. Several of these have been closed up, and it would be well if the occupants of others were forced to camp out, until they were thoroughly cleansed and ventilated. The Races, which lasted half the past week, were, as usual, attended with much dissipation and drunkenness—and as the ground was wet and the weather bad, no doubt some hundreds of the lower classes predisposed themselves for Cholera.

As the most exaggerated and absurd statements have been circulated as to the extent of the mortality in the town and garrison, we have taken some pains to ascertain the whole number which are supposed to have fallen victims to Cholera here.

The Rifle Brigade have lost up to 12 o'clock to day	29
The 96th Regiment	3
83d do	2
Total in the Garrison, since the 5th, when the first man died	34
In the Poor House	30
In the Town	15
	79

Several reasons have been assigned for the great mortality in the Rifle Brigade. Some assert that they were over drilled in the dog days—others that their bread has been bad, or that the Cholera was brought out in their clothes. We rather think the true cause may be found in some horribly filthy vaults and sewers in the neighbourhood of their barracks. On Sunday the regiment was taken up to the head of the Basin in the Steamer, since which time but one case has been declared.

The Board of Health meet regularly, and, though they do not appear to please every body, still we presume they get through as much business and do as much good, as under all circumstances, can be expected of a body composed of rather *discordant* materials, and having no funds at its disposal. Two years ago the most ample preparation was made, and very heavy expenses incurred, for the reception of Cholera, but the Cholera did not come. In voting the money, Members of Assembly declaimed against what appeared to have been a lavish expenditure. It is probable enough that the whole thing might have been managed with more economy; and if any body could have foreseen that the disease would have been two years travelling from Canada here, several thousands might have been saved. But the money was spent, and now, when there is a real necessity, nearly three weeks of very precarious time have been wasted, while the lay Members of the Board have been accusing the Doctors of a desire to create jobs and pocket the public money; and the Doctors have retorted charges of inhumanity, and a disregard of the sufferings of the poor. Application was made to Sir Colin Campbell, to place funds at the disposal of the Board, but as so much feeling was shown in the Assembly upon former expenditures—and as his Excellency did not like to take upon himself a responsibility which might not be approved by the Legislature, we understand he suggested the propriety of raising funds by subscription, and offered to give 50 guineas out of his private purse. The disease having spread, and the accommodations at the Poor House being miserably insufficient, an order was given yesterday to have some of the rooms in Dalhousie College fitted up for the accommodation of Cholera patients.

A report having gone abroad that several cases of Cholera had occurred on the North shore of P. E. Island, Drs St. Croix and Mackieson were despatched by his Honor the President to enquire into the truth of the rumour. They have published a statement in which they declare 'that the reports of the existence of Asiatic malignant Cholera in the districts which they have been called upon to visit, are altogether imaginary, and without the slightest foundation."

From the Quebec Gazette of August 15.

"It is with sorrow that we observe that the returns of both years much more nearly correspond in their totals than we expected. The deaths in any one day were never a third as great as in 1832, but then, they have continued to be much greater per day for a great many more days. The number of interments in five weeks and four days, or 39 days, are already 1169, or an average of nearly 30 a-day. It is to be recollected that this is exclusive of the deaths at the Quarantine Station, which for the last fortnight, have probably averaged 10 to 12 a-day. The deaths at the station cannot indeed be short of 200, which will in reality give a total not one hundred short of 1832, while if the malady continue without a sudden diminution, the ultimate total of deaths this year may yet equal that of the year 1832.

The calamity may indeed, with reference to the Province generally, be considered nearly as deplorable as in 1832. The prospect that we shall not soon be revisited by the scourge, must be left to the energy and intelligence of the citizens; and if ever an occasion could call forth their energy, it is that of preventing the recurrence of a dispensation, the frightful character of which, no person, who has witnessed the mental and bodily sufferings, the sudden bereavements and destitutions of families that have occurred, the confusion in property, and the total stagnation of business that have ensued, can be ignorant."

From the Montreal Vindicator of August 15.

"We continue to receive accounts of the progress of the Cholera in the surrounding parts of this district. No less than five parishes of the County of St. Hyacinthe have been visited with its attacks. Some cases, we understand, have broken out at Grenville and Lochaber on the River Ottawa, and one case, by the last accounts, had apppeared at St. Benoit, County of the Twe Mountains.

The sickness has also broken out at the Lake of the Two Mountains—where it is making dreadful ravages among the Indians—at Pointe a Cavagnol, on the opposite shore, and Vaudreuil."

From the Montreal Daily Advertiser of August 15.

"Five weeks have now elapsed since the Cholera broke out among us, and we can now refer to the evidence of figures that the disease is rapidly on the decline. The following is the mortality of each week:—

Week ending July 18	101
25	177
August 1	345
8	311
15	206
	1140

We need scarcely point out the great falling off exhibited by the total for the week ending yesterday, on which day the interments were nineteen only. They have not been so for the last twenty-two days."

Lectures.—Last night Dr. M'Culloch commenced a course of Ten Lectures on Natural Philosophy, accompanied with Experiments. We trust the Dr. will obtain from the public a due share of patronage. The price of admission is uncommonly low; and we would advise all persons who are desirous of partaking of a rich intellectual banquet, to avail themselves of the opportunity thus offered them.

United States.—The United States has again been the theatre of disgraceful riots. At Philadelphia, a mob assembled on the 18th ultimo, and after the example set them by their New York neighbours, proceeded to exterminate the poor blacks: several of their houses were demolished, their furniture and utensils scattered about, and a number of the inmates most barbarously maltreated. A mob in Charlestown, situate in the vicinity of Boston, set fire to the Ursaline Convent, in that place, which, together with several buildings connected with the establishment, are burnt to the ground. The cause of this disgraceful outrage, was the supposed detention in the Convent, of a female, against her will, which on enquiry proved unfounded. The property is estimated at $100,000.

To our Subscribers.—This day's paper constitutes the last Number of the Fifth Volume of the Gleaner; and while we tender our acknowledgments for the various obligations we have been under to an indulgent and liberal public, we beg to inform them we intend pursuing our career, when we trust by a faithful and diligent discharge of our duty, to merit a further continuance of patronage.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF MIRAMICHI.

Entered, August 26—schr Mary Ann, Graham, Pictou, 4 days—Master.

27th—barque Acadia, Donaldson, Liverpool, 30 days—Gilmour, Rankin & Co: brig Britannia, Halliday, Carlisle, 32 days—Master: schrs Two Brothers, Geroir, Richibucto, 2 days Master: Lark, Le Blanc, Arichat, 4 days—J. Cunard & Co: Lively, Leshear, Arichat, 10 days—Master.

28th—barque Milo, Taylor, Liverpool, 30 days—Gilmour Rankin & Co: schr Nancy, Penthen, P E Island, 1 day.

Sept. 1—barque Intrinsic, Smith, Port Glasgow, 28 days—Gilmour Rankin & Co: schrs Greyhound, King, Quebec, 8 days—Master: Bachelor, Caldwell, do., 6 days—Gilmour Rankin & Co.

2nd—schr. Margaret, M'Grath, P E Island, 4 days—Master.

At Quarantine—schr. Nestor, M'Cullum, Halifax.

Cleared, August 26.—brig Anne, Davis, Penzance. 29th schrs, Hibernia, Reardon, Halifax: Peggy, Landris, Bathurst: Triumph, M'Cullum, do. 30th—brig Mariner, M'Donald, Port Glasgow: brig Pillhead, Clapp, Trinity, N. F.: schrs Two Brothers, Gerrois, Arichat: Cousins, Davis, P. E. Island Sept. 1—barque Oxford, Davidson, Port Glasgow.

Liverpool. July 23.—The Spring Hill, off Saint Paul's, picked up Joseph Stirling, one of the two men stationed on that Island to render assistance to ships wrecked in the neighbourhood, and to dispense provisions to their crews. He had been blown off in a gale of wind the day before in a small skiff without any provisions or water, and was in great danger of perishing in the gale.

The Fenwick Keaton, from St. John, NB. is aground in the river, near the Salthouse Dock.

The Try-again, from St. John, NB. at Cove.

Arrived, Aurora, Richibucto; Lord Stormont, and Britannia, Oliver, Miramichi.

Sailed, Sir George Murray, Bathurst.

July 24, sailed, Sisters, Halifax; Samuel, St. John, NB.

The Fenwick Keaton, which was aground in the river, has been got off and taken into dock.

PORT OF BATHURST.

Entered—schr. Lively, M'Donald, Pictou, Gilmour, Rankin, & Co: May Flower, Brown, Miramichi, R. Blackstock; Phœnix, Caldwell, do J. Cunard & Co: Plough Boy, Yeo, P. E. Island, do: Aug. 31, brig Sir George Murray, Beverly, Liverpool; schr. Minerva, Quebec, Gilmour, Rankin & Co.

Cleared—schrs. Angelique, Dugas, Canada: Lively, Donald, Pictou.

PORT OF DALHOUSIE.

August 29, Arrived—bark William, Liverpool, P. & D. Stewart & Co: brig Salus, Wilson, Greenock, 29 days, H. & J. Montgomery; Madawaska, M'Murchy, Troon, 29 days, do; bark Pitt, Shiels, Ayr, 30 days, J. Hamilton; brig Hero, Fowler, New-York, 14 days, do, bark Sarah Ann, Knott, Port Glasgow, 29 days. D. M'Leod; brig Helen Douglas: Forrest, Dumfries, 30 days, to the Master; brig Bowes, Johnston, Milford, P. Southerland; schrs. Two Farmers, M'Kay, 6 days, and Commerce, Holland, do. P. E Island; Albion, Mercure, Quebec, 6 days, H. & J. Montgomery, and J. Hamilton. A brig in the offing, name not known.

The Madawaska, Salus, and Pitt, were only 10 weeks and 2 days from their departure to their return, and discharged in two different ports at home.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

Arrived—Aug. 22, ship Edward, Londonderry; brig Charity, Dublin, ppssengers: 23, ship Tay, Hull: 26, brig William, Lancaste. Arrived at the Quarantine Ground, Mountaineer, New-Orleans; Nestor, New-York.

Cleared—brigs Eliza, Belfast; Emerald, Liverpool; schr Ranger, Londonderry.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

Arrived—Aug. 15, brig William IV., Belfast; bark Edmund Reid, Londonderry, 62 passengers.

Cleared—Aug. 16, bark X. Y. Y, Wexford; 19, ship Aga, Liverpool.

PORT OF PICTOU.

Arrived—Aug. 21, brig Elizabeth & Sarah, Miramichi; 22, Isabella, Bay Chaleur; 25, brig George Barclay, Greenock.

Cleared—brig Devron, Hull.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

Arrived—August 22, brig Albion, Aberdeen.

Cleared—Aug. 22, schr. Messenger, Shediac and Miramichi; 25, Nestor, New-Brunswick; Swift, Miramichi.

At Montrose, brig Aberdeenshire, Miramichi.