

## HOUSE OF COMMONS.

**ORDNANCE ESTIMATES.**—On the presentation of the Report of the Committee of Supply on the Ordnance Estimates, Major Beauchamp objected to the grant for Nova Scotia, Mauritius and North America, and moved for their omission.—Mr Hutt seconded this proposition. The House divided on the whole reduction proposed, £26,000. The numbers were—for the amendment, 22, against it, 76. Majority against it, 54. The Report was then agreed to.

**COMMUTATION OF TITHES (England).**—Mr S. Rice having presented certain papers, which were ordered to be printed, begged to take that opportunity, in order to relieve Hon. Members from the necessity of attending, to move that the Order which stood for next day, for the consideration of the question of Tithes in England, should be discharged. He regretted to state that his Noble Friend, the Chacellor of the Exchequer, was still totally incapable of attending to his duty in Parliament, in consequence of a severe attack of the gout. His Noble Friend, feeling the immense importance of this subject would have made an effort to come down to the House to bring forward the Resolutions of which he had given notice; but he was restrained from doing so by his medical advisers who had informed him that he could only do so at the most extreme risk. The Order was then discharged, and the Committee was fixed for the 15th of April next.

**TITHES (Ireland.)**—On the motion of Mr Littleton, the Order of the day for the 11th of April, for taking into consideration the subject of Irish Tithes, was discharged, and the Motion was fixed for the 18th of April.

**POLISH EXILES.**—Mr Buckingham gave notice that on Thursday, the 24th of April, he would move that an humble address be presented to the Crown, praying that His Majesty would be graciously pleased to extend his Royal bounty to the Polish exiles, now suffering under great privations in this country, and to pledge the House to make good such sum as his Majesty may be graciously pleased to appropriate to their relief.

**CAMBRIDGE PETITION.—ADJOURNED DEBATE.**—The Debate upon this Petition was resumed. Sir R. Inglis argued against granting Dissenters the concessions prayed in the petition, and quoted The Standard newspaper in support of his views of the question.—He concluded by saying that to interfere with the Universities would be to risk the safety of education, and the maintenance of Christianity in the country.—Mr O'Connell supported the Petition in a speech of great eloquence, and was loudly cheered for the following sentiment:—He would not object to be called a Dissenter for one moment, whilst he, on their behalf, asserted that religion was an affair between man and his Creator. (Cheers.) That God alone who saw into the human heart could know who was sincere; and it was a violation of what he thought the prerogative of the Lord, and the rights of man, to interfere by force, fraud or temptation, between man and his God. (The hon. and learned member sat down amidst loud cheers.)—Lord Palmerston having had the honor of representing the University of Cambridge for a considerable period, was desirous of taking the present opportunity of expressing his delight at the Petition which had been presented to that House (Hear, hear, hear.) Although his political connexion with the University had ceased, it was impossible but that he should be deeply sensible of every thing that regarded its honor and interest, and he thought that the Petition redounded greatly to the honor of that University, as a compliance with its prayer would, he was satisfied, contribute to its interests. (Hear.)—Sir R. Peel spoke against the Petition; after which the debate was again adjourned.

## UNITED STATES.

BOSTON, April 21.

## IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.

The proceedings in Congress on Thursday, especially what took place in the Senate, are decidedly important. A Message was on that day received in the Senate from the President of the United States, purporting to be a protest, on the part of that high functionary against the Resolutions expressive of the opinion of the Senate touching the constitutionality and expediency of the Removal of the Public Deposites, in the manner in which it was effected, from the Bank of the United States. It will be recollected that one of these resolutions, declaring that the President had assumed power and authority not conferred by the Constitution and laws, was passed by a vote of 26 to 20. The National Intelligencer says:—The Message seemed to have been expected, at least during the morning; for there was gathered an unusually early audience of both sexes.

As soon as the last word of the Message, at its reading concluded, and fell from the lips of the Secretary of the Senate, Mr Poindexter addressed the chair. In significant terms he denounced the Message, which he

declared could not be considered an Executive Message, as not pertaining to any of the public occasions on which the President of the United States is authorised by constitution to address himself to the senate. He considered it an unofficial paper, merely signed by Andrew Jackson. In any view, considering it a document not respectful to the Senate. He moved that it be not received. On this motion a debate ensued, which continued until 5 o'clock. But before taking any question, on motion of Mr Leigh, the Senate adjourned.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Tuesday the Ninth day of SEPTEMBER next, between the hours of 12 and 5 of the o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, at Hamill's Hotel, Newcastle.

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of James Jardine, in and to all that Lot or Tract of LAND and Premises, at present in the occupation of the said James Jardine, situate near the mouth of the Resou's river, on the north side of the south-west branch of the river Miramichi, in the parish of Nelson; the same having been seized by me by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province against the said James Jardine, at the suit of Jared Betts,  
R. S. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, 28th February, 1834

To be sold by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the Ninth day of SEPTEMBER next, between the hours of 12 and 5 of the clock, in the afternoon of the same day, at Hamill's Hotel, Newcastle.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, and Claim of EDWARD ROGERS, and ROBERT ROGERS, or either of them, in and to the Lands, Tenements, Real Estate, and Hereditaments following, to wit: in and to all that Lot, Piece, or Parcel of LAND, situate on the North West Branch of the river Miramichi known as Lot No. —, bounded on the upper side by Lands owned by Lewis Urquhart, and on the lower side by Lands lately owned by John Rogers, deceased, containing 209 acres more or less. Also—in and to all that Lot, Piece, or Parcel of Land and Premises, situate on the said North West Branch of the River Miramichi, at the Big hole (so called) bounded on the north by lands granted to Francis Peabody, Esquire, and on the south by lands granted to Edward Rogers, Senior, containing 200 Acres, more or less. The same Lands and Premises having been seized by me, under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province against the said Edward Rogers, and Robert Rogers, at the suit of John Cuppage and James White.

RICHARD S. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Chatham, February 24, 1834.

The Sale of the above property was advertised to take place on the Fourth Tuesday in January last, but was then postponed for want of bidders.

On TUESDAY, the Ninth day of SEPTEMBER next, will be sold by Public Auction, in front of Hamill's Hotel, at Newcastle, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand, of JOHN CLARK, WILLIAM LIDDELL, and JOHN LIDDELL, or either of them, of, in and to, the several Lots, Pieces, and Parcels of LAND, Tenements, Real Estate and Hereditaments, hereinafter mentioned: To wit—in and to, two certain Lots or Tracts of Land, situate on Beobair's Point (so called) in the parish of Nelson, formerly owned and possessed by the late Murdoch McKenzie, deceased. Also in and to, a certain other Tract or Block of Land, formerly owned by the said late Murdoch McKenzie, deceased, situate, lying and being, between the Black and Grey Rapids in the parish of Blackville, on the South Side of the South West Branch of the River Miramichi, containing by Estimation, 500 Acres, more or less.

Also, in and to the Lots Number 45, 46, and 48; and also a part of Lot Number 50, situate in the parish of Chatham.

And also all the other Lands, Tenements, Real Estate and Hereditaments of the said John Clark, William Liddell, and John Liddell, or either of them, within the County of Northumberland, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy several actions, issued out of the Supreme Court against them.

RICHARD S. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Chatham, 22d February, 1834.

To be sold at Public Auction on TUESDAY, the Ninth day of SEPTEMBER next, between the hours of 12 and 5 of the clock, in the afternoon of the same day, at Hamill's Hotel, Newcastle.

ALL the Right, Title, Estate, Interest and Claim of ELIJAH FOWLER, of in and to the following Lots or Tracts of LAND; to wit, in and to all that certain Piece, Tract, or Parcel of Land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of Blackville in the County of Northumberland, on the north side of Cain's River, between the upper and lower Horse Shoe, and known and distinguished as Lot Number One, granted by Government to one Robert Jepson, containing by estimation, 400 Acres, and on which the said Robert Jepson at present resides. Also all that certain piece or parcel of Land and premises, situate, lying and being in the parish of Blackville aforesaid, and abutted and bounded as follows: that is to say, beginning at a marked Ash Tree, standing on the southern bank or shore of the Bartholomew's River, at the north western angle of the grant to Isaac Leighton, thence running by the magnetic needle South 45° east, 95 Chains, of four poles each, along the south western boundary line of the said Grant, crossing Otter brook within that distance, then south 45° west, 40 chains, thence north 45° west, 132 chains, crossing the said Otter brook in that distance to a marked Birch Tree, standing on the said bank or shore of the said River, and thence following the several courses of the same down stream to the place of beginning, containing 400 Acres. The said several Tracts of Land having been seized by me, by virtue of two writs of Execution, issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province against the said Elijah Fowler, at the suit of William Dundin, and Thomas Bois.

RICHARD S. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, February 24, 1834.

To be sold by Public Auction, on the Second Tuesday in NOVEMBER next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, in front of Hamill's Hotel, Newcastle.

All the REAL ESTATE of James Matthews, in the county of Northumberland, taken from the said James by virtue of a Writ of Testatum Fi. Fa, issued out of the Supreme court, at the suit of Duncan and Loch.

Also, at the same time and place, all the Real Estate of MICHAEL SHEALS, in the county of Northumberland, taken from the said Michael by virtue of a Writ of Testatum Fi. Fa, issued out of the Supreme court, at the suit of Duncan and Loch.

RICHARD S. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, 26th April, 1834.

County of Northumberland,  
BOARD OF HEALTH.

CHATHAM, April 21, 1834.

WHEREAS it is deemed necessary for the preservation of the Public Health, that the following Rules and Regulations be adopted:—

1st That it shall be the duty of every owner or occupier of any House, Barn, and Premises, in the several Towns and Parishes of Newcastle, Nelson, and Chatham, to keep the Yards and premises adjoining thereto at all times well and sufficiently Cleansed, and in a wholesome state, under the penalty of Two Pounds Ten Shillings, for each and every offence, to be recovered and applied as the Law made and passed in the 3rd year of the Reign of His present Majesty King William the Fourth, Establishing Boards of Health in the several Counties in this Province, directs and appoints.

2nd ORDERED, that all persons, whose Barns, Pig Styes, or other Out Buildings, shall be on the side of any Street, Lane, or Alley, or adjoining any private Dwelling or other Building in any part of the Towns or Parishes aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the owners or occupiers thereof, to keep the same well and sufficiently cleansed, and free from all noxious and noisome exhalations, under the penalty of Two Pounds Ten Shillings for each and every offence, to be recovered as aforesaid.

3rd And Whereas in order, more effectually to prevent the accumulation of Dirt, Rubbish, and other offensive Material, and stagnant water upon the commons, Streets and Highways of the said Towns and Parishes respectively, it shall be the duty of every Householder or occupier, in the said respective Towns or Parishes when and so often as they are notified so to do, by the respective Committees appointed to carry the Regulations of this Board into effect, to cleanse and sweep, or cause to be cleansed and swept, the Street in front of the House and premises by him or her occupied, to the outside of the Gutter or water course of the said Street, and to clean out the Gutters or water courses so as at all times to afford a free passage to the water which may be therein; and where there shall be a space of ground without any inhabitants residing thereon, between any two Buildings, it shall be the duty of the person residing on either side thereof, to cleanse and sweep the half adjoining his own premises, and where any house is occupied by more than one Tenant or family, it shall be equally the duty of every such tenant to perform and obey this order; and every person or persons who shall refuse or neglect to perform the duty required by this order, shall for each and every breach thereof, forfeit and pay the sum of Twenty Shillings to be recovered as aforesaid. And every person or persons who shall cast, deposit, or lay, or assist in the casting, depositing or laying, any Dirt, Rubbish, scraping of Barns, Yards, Dead Carcases, or other offensive Material of any description on any of the Commons, Streets, Lanes or Highways of the said respective Towns or Parishes, or on the Banks or Shores of the river Miramichi in front thereof, shall for each and every offence forfeit and pay the sum of Thirty Shillings, to be recovered as aforesaid; and if such offender when notified to remove the same shall not forthwith obey such order, such refusal shall be deemed a new offence, and render the party subject to the like penalty as before mentioned.

4th And it is further Ordered, That it shall be the duty of all and every person or persons, who shall be owners of Tanneries, or concerned therein, in the said several Towns or Parishes aforesaid, at all times to pay due attention to the removal of Hides from the Vats, and the changing of water therein in their several Establishments, that no more noxious, or unwholesome exhalation may arise therefrom than the nature of the business necessarily causes, under the penalty of Fifty Shillings for each and every offence; and that the Scrapings of Hides and other stuff caused by their said business, shall be removed to such place or places that the public Health may not be endangered thereby, under the penalty of Fifty Shillings, to be recovered as aforesaid.

5th And it is further Ordered, That it shall be the duty of the owners of Slaughter Houses, or the persons engaged killing cattle therein in the said several Towns or Parishes, at all times to keep the same well and sufficiently cleansed and freed of and from all Offal, Blood or other remains of animals that may in any wise affect the purity of the air, under the penalty of Fifty Shillings for each and every offence; and shall at all times remove or cause to be removed the refuse of the said Slaughter Houses, to such place or places as the safety of the public Health may require, under the penalty of Fifty Shillings for each and every offence, to be recovered as aforesaid.

6th It is further Ordered, That any person or persons who are not Branch Pilots, but who nevertheless shall act as such in the bringing in, of any Ship or Vessel into the Port of Miramichi, shall be subject to the like fines, penalties, and forfeitures, for any breach of the Quarantine Laws and of the Regulations of this Board, as the Pilots regularly appointed are subject and liable to, for any violation thereof.

(Signed) JOSEPH CUNARD, Chairman.  
(Counter-signed) EDWARD BAKER, Clerk.