

will hereafter refrain from troubling Macao. The Chinese population here has been very quiet ever since, with the exception of many families removing. The Taantee, it was rumoured, has disappeared since the fight, but we learn he is now at Casabreana. The Kenumifoo and Too-tang have also left Macao.

From the London Chronicle.

Accounts have been received at Bombay, from Chusan to 1st of October, which are generally regarded both at Bombay & Calcutta, to be of an important nature. Admiral Elliot, in the Wellesley, had returned from the gulf of Pechellee. The squadron consisting of the Wellesley, Blonde, Modeste, Volage, Pylades, Madagascar Steamer, and transports Ernaud and Malcom with coal and provisions, arrived off the mouth of the Pecho on the 9th of August; on the 11th Captain Elliot proceeded into the mouth of the river in the steamer, with the boats of all the men of war present, manned and armed, and on arriving at the bar, the steamer anchored, and the boats proceeded up the river, with the flag of truce.

On their arrival off the forts at the entrance, a mandarin boat pushed off to them, and received the admiral's letter, after the expiration of six days a chop was received, stating that the Emperor required ten days to consider, which time was agreed to; at the expiration of which an interview took place between Captain Elliot (the admiral declined meeting him) and Khe Shan, the Imperial Commissioner, who is the third man in the empire, a mandarin of the first class and red baton. Nothing further is known; but it is generally believed that the Emperor has agreed to send Re Shan to Canton for the purpose of conducting the negotiations.

The Emperor is stated to be willing to permit a renewal of commercial intercourse, provided they evacuated Chusan and confine their trade with Canton as before. He is also willing to give them an island near Lintin, and to pay for the opium. Lin is said to have exceeded his instructions, and to suffer whatever punishment the English shall think fit, it shall be proved after an investigation into the circumstances that the representations of his conduct contained in the Admiral's letter are correct. He says, however, that Lin gives a very different version of it.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

From the London Chronicle.

Raising of the Blockade of the Coast of Syria.—The following copy of a letter addressed by Her Britannic Majesty's Consul general at Constantinople to the British merchants resident there, has been transmitted to Lloyd's by their agent at that place.

Constantinople, Dec. 7, 1840.

Gentlemen, I have been requested by his excellency the ambassador to inform you, that he has received from his excellency the Ottoman minister for foreign affairs an official notification, stating that in consequence of the definite occupation of the coast of Syria by the troops of his imperial majesty, the Sultan, the sublime porte has ordered the blockade of the forts and echelles of that coast to be raised.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen, your obt' servant. John Cartwright, Consul general.

To the British Merchants.

Pardon of Frost.—The Governor General appointed Mr. John Frost, convicted of high treason at Newport, to a subordinate office in the Commissariat Department of Port Arthur. Sir George Franklin, it is said, was induced to bestow this mark of leniency upon Mr. Frost in consequence of his exemplary conduct during the voyage out. Hopes of the ultimate pardon of Frost were confidently entertained.—Standard.

The average value of the annual product of mines of the British Islands amounts to the sum of £20,000,000, of which about £3,000,000 arise from iron, and £9,000,000, from coal.

The death of Rear Admiral Sir Philip B. Vere Broke, the officer who commanded H. M. frigate Shannon, at the time she captured the U. S. frigate Chesapeake, during the last war, on which occasion he was severely wounded, and for which he was made a Baronet, and received a gold medal and the freedom of the city of London, is announced in the London papers.

A great fire had occurred at Dundee. The venerable Cathedral which had weathered the storms for 700 years, and two of the other churches, were entirely consumed—the damage being estimated at between 30 and £40,000.

SCHEDIASMA.

MIRAMICHI.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 16, 1840.

ARRIVAL OF THE MAIL.

The Courier with the Southern Mail arrived on Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

By the last mail we received more extensive extracts from the British papers received at New York, by the packet ship North America. A large portion of these we have transferred to our columns to-day. Among them will be found the intelligence of the death of the brave Admiral Broke, who commanded the Shannon in her memorable action with the Chesapeake; an account of the raising of the Blockade of the coast of Syria, and more detailed particulars of the transactions of the British forces in the China seas.

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT.

We have been obligingly favored with a copy the Treasurer's account for the past year. The following is a brief abstract of the Revenue for 1840.

Table with 3 columns: Location, Revenue, and another column. Includes St. John, Miramichi, Dalhousie, Bathurst, Richibucto, St. Andrews, St. Stephens, St. George, West Isles, Fredericton, Woodstock, Bay of Verte, Shediac, Sackville.

Total Revenue £110,047 15 3

ABSTRACT OF EXPENDITURE.

Table with 3 columns: Category, Amount, and another column. Includes Warrants on the General Revenue, Do. do. Emigrant Fund, Paid to Commissioners of Light Houses, Do. do. Seamen's Hospital, Do. for Interest, Do. for Drawbacks, Do. for Discounts.

Total Debts, £49,534 18 0

THE PROVINCE DEBTS ARE

Table with 3 columns: Category, Amount, and another column. Includes To the St. John Savings Bank, To the Bank of New Brunswick, Unpaid Warrants in the Treasury, to No. 533 inclusive.

THE ASSETS ARE

Table with 3 columns: Category, Amount, and another column. Includes Bonds and Cash in the hands of the Treasurer and Deputy Treasurers, In the hands of the Agent General of the Crown Colonies, £9,800 of 3 per cent Consols, equal to at least in currency.

Total Assets, £50,000 0 0

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

We have received the Journals of the Legislature up to the 8th instant, and have extracted therefrom all the matter which has reference to any question affecting the interest of this side of the Province up to the 6th inst.

On the 8th, the following Bills were read a second time:

A Bill to authorize the appointment of Commissioners to lay out a Street or Highway through the Town of Chatham, and to establish and regulate Public Landings in the said Town. To authorize the Justices of the Peace for the County of Northumberland to erect a Lock-up House in the Town of Chatham, in the said County. To provide for the better support of the Poor in the Parish of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland. For the better and more effectual securing the Navigation of the River Miramichi, in the County of Northumberland, and to protect the Fisheries on the said River.

On the same day, Mr. Rankin presented a Petition from Joseph Samuel, and 86 others, of the Parish of Chatham, praying that no Act may pass during the present Session for the erection of an Alms House in the said Parish of Chatham, in order that the Petitions to the last January General Sessions of the Peace for a County establishment, and which were postponed until the next July Sessions, may first receive consideration; as by the proposed Act, the parishes of Chatham and Newcastle would be unnecessarily burthened in the support of two establishments for a similar object—which he read. The petition was received.

The Sentinel of Wednesday last says—Mr Fisher's Bill for taxing wild lands, was arrested at its last reading by a proposal to exempt the Lancaster Mill Company from its operation; and a Rider to that effect being attached to the Bill, there was a majority of two against passing it, with that clause. A Bill of a similar nature under another title was then introduced by Mr Fisher.

THE SEASON.

THE season up to Wednesday last, has been an unusually mild one. It is singular, but it is not the less true, that up to the middle of January, but little snow had fallen; and so frequent were the thaws, that the ground was quite bare in the thoroughfares, about the middle of that month. But the last four weeks have effected a very great change. A larger quantity of snow is now on the ground than there has been for some years past, and travelling consequently very heavy.

The weather on Sunday evening set in very boisterous and frosty, and continued so up to the time of our going to press.

ENGLAND'S TRIUMPHS.

The following beautiful extract, is copied from a late number of the London Colonial Magazine:—

The true triumphs of England are not to be obtained on the tended field, her most glorious achievements consist in the advancement of civil and religious liberty—in the promotion of moral and religious instruction—in advancing the arts of peace, and extending the benefits of science—in abolishing slavery—planting new colonies—founding embryo empires—peopling deserts—and augmenting, by commerce, social intercourse and christian knowledge, and the happiness of mankind, no matter their creed, colour or clime. These are the genuine triumphs of England, and by these triumphs, whenever war may be forced on her, her power will be multiplied ten fold, and the very magnitude of her strength and her resources will tend materially to the more perfect preservation of peace.

IN COUNCIL, Feb. 2, 1841.

The undermentioned applicants for the purchase of Crown Lands, may have the tracts applied for by them on the following terms, if payment be made before the 11th day of April next, and five shillings additional will be charged on each purchase, for postage, &c.

NORTHUMBERLAND.

Table with 3 columns: Name, Price, and another column. Includes David Duncan, L. Monaghan, J. Norworthy, F. McCarthy, R. Jardine.

The answers to the Petitions of the under-mentioned persons are as follows.

Charch Wardens of Welford, complied with.

A. Ritchie & Co. to stand over for the Deputy's Report.

H. & J. Montgomery, to stand over for the Deputy's Report.

The Petitions of the undermentioned persons for license to cut Timbers and Logs on Crown Lands are complied with, on payment of the duty before the 11th day of April next.

J. Alexander, Pokemouche; P. Stewart, Restigouche; V. Hicks, Buctouche; A. Rankin, Northumberland; J. Cunard, do.

The undermentioned tract of vacant Crown Land will be offered at Public Auction at this Office on Monday, the 5th day of April next. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, noon.

Terms—10 per cent of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and the remainder within 14 days after.

200 acres, Gloucester, Lots 62 and 63, West of the Miramichi Road. Upset price, 3s. per acre.

Our thanks are due to Dr. GESSNER, for a copy of his Third Report of the Geological Survey of this Province.

AN ACCOUNT OF THE RIVER ST. JOHN.

With its Tributary Rivers and Lakes. By Edmund Ward. With a Map of the Province.

The object of this work is to make the British public and the inhabitants of the neighboring Province of Nova Scotia, acquainted with the superior fertility of that of New Brunswick, particularly the portion of it to which the above Work refers, it is therefore offered at a price, that will merely defray the expense of printing and binding.

To be had at Mr Beverly's Book store, Fredericton, and at the Stationary Stores of Mr D. McMillan St. John, and of Messrs McKinlay, Halifax, and at the Sentinel Office.

Mahogany.

A Quantity of Superior BOARD and PLANK of large sized MAHOGANY, of different thicknesses, to suit purchasers; for Sale by GILMOUR, RANKIN & Co. Douglastown, 11th Jan., 1841.

At a General Session of the Peace, of our Lady the Queen, held at the Court House, at Newcastle, in and for the County of Northumberland, on Saturday, the twenty-third day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

Read a Petition signed by Alexander Fraser, Jan. William Lech, Joseph Russell, and 176 others.

To the Worshipful Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Northumberland, in General Sessions convened—

The Petition of the undersigned, inhabitants of the County of Northumberland,

Humbly Sheweth,

That by an act passed by the General Assembly of the Province of New Brunswick, on the 11th March, 1824, and in the fifth year of the reign of King George the Fourth, entitled 'an Act to provide for the better support of the Poor in certain Parishes in the County of Northumberland, your Worships are authorized and empowered to agree for the erecting and furnishing a proper Building for an Alms House and Work House within this Country. That whereas by the mode now generally pursued to provide for the support of the Poor in this County, many persons who might under proper regulations, contribute to their own maintenance have nevertheless become chargeable to, and are entirely maintained by the inhabitants of the Parishes in which such persons reside, to the great burthen of such inhabitants. And whereas the establishment of a suitable Alms House and Work House within the County would not only enable many poor persons who are now chargeable to the Parishes in which they reside, to contribute materially to their own support, but would also afford the means of materially checking the disorderly behaviour of divers persons who by drunkenness and idleness, disqualify themselves from earning a proper support.

That your Petitioners feel that the present system is a grievous one, entailing upon them enormous and increasing rates, without at the same time affording commensurate benefits to the parish paupers generally.

That your Petitioners would respectfully turn your worships attention to the many benefits resulting to the inhabitants of the County of York, from the Alms House and Work House established in Fredericton—the decent and sober habits, and to the decided comforts and cleanliness ensured to the Poor of that County under the excellent regulations that govern the Fredericton Asylum, and withal to the great saving to the inhabitants of York generally, it being a fact within the knowledge of some of your petitioners, that the actual cost of maintaining the said paupers, after deducting the amount realised for their work, does not (when provisions are at a moderate average rate) exceed five pence per day.

Therefore your petitioners earnestly pray your Worships to take the premises into your favourable consideration, and to cause to be erected an Alms House and Work House within this County, in terms of the act above referred to.

And your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray. Miramichi, Jan. 12, 1841.

Ordered, that the same lay over for the further consideration of Court, until the next July session; and that in the meantime the same be published in the Gleaner for one month.

THOMAS H. PETERS, Clerk.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

To the Sheriff of the County of Northumberland, or any Constable within the said County—Greeting:

Whereas CONNOR SHEEHAN, late of Newcastle, in the said County, Laborer, lately died Intestate (as it is said), leaving Goods and Chattels in the said County, to be administered, and John Reilly, of Newcastle, aforesaid, Farmer, one of the Creditors of the said deceased, hath prayed that Administration may be granted to him on the said Estate:

You are therefore required to cite the next of kin, and all other persons having prior right to Administration on the said Estate, to appear before me at a Court of Probate, to be held at my Office, in Chatham, in the said County, on Wednesday, the Third day of March next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to shew cause why Administration on the said Estate should not be granted to the said applicant.

Given under my hand, and the seal of the said Court, this third day of January, 1841.

(Signed) THOS. H. PETERS, Surrogate. GEO. KERR, Register of Probates.

BANK OF

BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

The Branch is now prepared to grant Bills at three days sight for any sum not less than Five Pounds Sterling, on the different Branches of the Provincial Bank of Ireland, viz:

Table with 3 columns: Location, another location, and a third location. Includes Dublin, Coleraine, Ballymena, Cork, Kilkenny, Omagh, Limerick, Ballina, Dungannon, Clonmel, Tralee, Bandon, Londonderry, Youghal, Ennis, Sligo, Enniskillen, Ballyshannon, Wexford, Monaghan, Strabane, Belfast, Banbridge, Dungarvon, Waterford, Parsonstown, Mallow, Galway, Dawnpatrick, Moneymore, Armagh, Cavan, Cootehill, Athlone, Lurgan, Kilsrush, Skibbeeen.

R. CASSELS, MANAGER. Miramichi, 1st January, 1841.