

such a design. But the security of the frontiers of Germany is an object of which Germany must never lose sight.

The particular situation Belgium now occupies resembles that of the kingdom of Sardinia. But Sardinia, as is well known, was, from her position, unceasingly condemned to the trammels of a faithless and versatile policy. When Germany was unsuccessful elsewhere, the aid of Savoy was of little benefit, and cost but a share of the spoil. When Germany was unsuccessful, Savoy instantly veered about, and helped to plunder her former allies. Belgium, in circumstances so much alike, can hardly adopt any other system. At the present time Sardinia has no weight, except in Italian affairs; and as regards the welfare of Germany, her conduct is immaterial; while the policy of Belgium would operate directly on German interests.

## Colonial.

### NEW-BRUNSWICK.

#### Fredericton Sentinel.

Casualties.—We regret to have to record several melancholy occurrences. On Saturday last, a man put off in a small boat to board the New Brunswick, on her way up the River; and having pulled foul of the wheels of the steamer, was unfortunately drowned.—He has left a wife and two small children at St. John.

On Sunday morning, a young woman, who had just arrived from Ireland, was found in a well in the yard of a house where she lived.—She was in an upright position when discovered, and there was but four feet of water in the well. There was no evidence however, to satisfy the jury that she came by her death in any other than an accidental manner, and they found a verdict accordingly.

#### St. John Herald, June 23.

The Rev. Dr. Alder, of London, and the Rev. Mr. Ritchey, A. M., of Toronto, have been elected Honorary Members of the Philo-Rhetoric Society, connected with the Middletown University, Connecticut, in the United States of America.

#### St. John Herald, June 22.

Present to the Queen.—By the April Steamer, J. C. Vail, Esq., of Sussex, K. C., forwarded to her Majesty a quantity of Maple Candy, from Mr. G. Snider, of that place. The candy was manufactured in Mr. Snider's best style, (who is an old hand at the business,) wrapped up in birch bark and enclosed in a tin case. We understand that Mr. Vail has received per last mail a communication from Lord John Russell, stating that her Majesty was graciously pleased to accept the present, and to express herself highly gratified with the agreeable flavour of the produce of the maple tree.

#### Woodstock Telegraph, June 19.

In reference to the performance of the Amateurs on various occasions, a friend has furnished us with the following remarks, which afford us much pleasure in giving them publicity, regretting that they were crowded out last week. 'Among the different festivities connected with the celebration of joyous events, the performance of the members of the Amateur Musical Society, calving the dulness which prevailed in this village, deserves to be noticed, and the zeal and talent they have displayed on several occasions, but especially on the arrival of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, is worthy of a substantial token of the value placed upon their efforts to afford rational amusement to the public. Their serenade called forth the warmest expressions of good will on the part of that distinguished personage, who expressed himself pleased with the demonstration of respect thus voluntarily paid him. It is to be hoped that this hint will not be lost upon the community.' Our friend has reference, we presume to the plan which we have heard is in contemplation, to adopt measures to procure an additional number of instruments. We hope the lovers of music will succeed in their laudable designs.

### NOVA-SCOTIA.

#### Halifax Morning Post.

The New Provincial Bricewell.—The corner stone of this new granite building, about to be erected near the North West Arm, is to be laid on St. John's day (24th June) with great pomp. The ceremony will be attended by the civil dignitaries of the Province, the worshipful Mayor, Aldermen, and other civic functionaries of this city. The right worshipful the Provincial Grand Master, and other officers of the Grand Lodge of Nova Scotia, together with the Sir Knights Templars, Knights of Malta, Royal Arch Masons, and the several Lodges under the jurisdiction of England, and of Scotland, are expected to form part of the procession, and

assist in the ceremony. In the evening there is to be a Grand Masonic Banquet in honour of the day, at which a number of distinguished uninitiated and other friends of the several brethren are to be invited as guests.

### CANADAS.

#### Quebec, June 4.

Kingston and Toronto papers of the 1st inst., are still occupied with the Governor's arrival at Kingston. The Kingston Herald is grandiloquent on the approaching meeting of the Provincial Legislature at that place.

'That important epoch—big with the fate of Canada—the time of the first session of United Parliament—will shortly be ushered in.—The momentous crisis, towards which all eyes have been directed, and the most intense and fearful anxiety been experienced, is rapidly approaching, and probably before another moon has filled her horn, it will have passed.'

Yesterday some alarm was created by a further movement in part of the fallen rock and rubbish from the Cape, opposite to the Custom House. A civil Engineer examined the spot, and gave his opinion that further danger was to be apprehended to passengers from the Situation in which the fallen masses lie. The Collector of the customs, therefore felt it his duty to remove a public office, so much frequented as is the Custom House, from such a position, and has engaged the house lately occupied by the Montreal Bank, to which the several offices of the Customs will be removed in the course of a week. It may be as well to add that no danger is apprehended to the Custom House.

Kingston, June 4.—The forwarding business continues steadily to increase. Every wharf, warehouse, or place were a barrel of flour can be stowed away, is crammed to excess with the produce of the West, notwithstanding seven establishments are actively engaged in transhipping the same to Montreal, some Houses to the extent of 25,000 barrels per week. It is this business which makes Kingston the Capital of the Upper Province.

Canadian Appointments.—Mr Park, M P P for the County of Middlesex, has received the appointment of Surveyor General of the Province of Canada and Mr Manahan, M P P for Kingston, is appointed Collector of Customs.

#### Halifax Acadian Recorder.

St. Mary's Total Abstinence Society.—Thursday next will be observed by the members of this Society as a holiday. They will march in procession through the city, with a band of music at the head, and banners will be displayed in several parts of the line. A numerous assemblage of both sexes will afterwards repair to Dartmouth, where they intend to hold a becoming festival. Only five months ago this society was begun, but the extensive, complete reformation of conduct and circumstances that has succeeded, is worthy of universal admiration. Though none of the members are distinguished by rank, riches or fame, yet the procession will be a triumph—preeminently magnificent—in honor of a great victory,—a decisive victory achieved by thousands over Intemperance, the deadliest of all foes to the temporal and eternal happiness of mankind. A brief space only has intervened since many who are now cheerful cleanly and hale, were suffering 'all the ills that flesh is heir to.' These important changes have been accomplished silently, but permanently,—by moral determination unaided by enthusiasm of coercion. The St. Mary's Total Abstinence Society was founded on the 24th January last, by the Very Rev. J. Loughnan: the numbers of its members now amount to 3,600. A similar Society was instituted at Dartmouth by the Rev. Mr. Geary, which comprises about 1000 members, among whom are many Indians, whose adherence to the pledge is so inflexible that the most polished citizens might merit our admiration by imitating their example. The Rev Mr Kennedy has also been diligent and successful in promoting Total Abstinence among the fishermen and settlements adjacent to the city, so that within a circuit of twenty miles at least 5000 of the population have become Tee-Totallers in less than half a year. Many who derived a large income almost wholly from the retail of liquor have abandoned the business, as it has been affected by these societies to such an extent that unless they adopted some other means they would inevitably become destitute of employment very soon.

### WEST INDIES.

#### JAMAICA, MAY 29.

Two vessels have arrived from Sierra Leone with 207 Emigrants.—We learn by them that a Ship had sailed with 182 Emigrants for Trinidad—and that another vessel was taking on board Emigrants for Demerara. [This intelligence is gratifying—for we be-

lieve Africa is the only source from whence the labor required by the West India Planters, can be drawn to advantage. We have no doubt that in their transportation the comfort of the Africans has been, and will be, attended to, and that they will be justly and kindly treated by their employers in the British Colonies.]—Halifax Gazette.

#### Halifax Acadian Recorder.

Jamaica.—We have the files of the Kingston Journal to the 28th of May. The British West Indies had suffered much from drought. Rain came at last, however, and it was thought the crops would not be materially injured.

The Legislature of Barbadoes met on the 11th ult. The Barbadians had adopted the unwise policy of not cultivating articles of food, and thus, by reducing the supply, increasing the demand. This, according to the Liberal, was for the purpose of inducing the laborers to work.

The lady of Major Hart, Lieutenant Governor of Dominica, had been wounded in the head by a stone thrown by some miscreant through a window of the Government house.

## United States.

Piracy.—We have been favored with the following extract of a letter dated Mobile, June 7th.—'A horrid act of piracy has been committed on a French vessel which sailed from New Orleans early in May for Bordeaux, with a number of passengers and specie. The vessel has been discovered, all sail set; the decks covered with blood and no one on board.

The following remarks were made in the Senate of the United States on the 10th inst., and nothing else relative to Mr McLeod has been said or done since. The New York journals maintain a profound silence upon the subject: The McLeod Affair.—The motion of Mr Rives to refer so much of the President's Message as relates to foreign affairs to the committee on Foreign Affairs, being taken up,

Mr Buchanan spoke on the subject, with a view to controvert the position of international law opened by Mr Webster, in his celebrated letter to Mr Fox. The point that Mr Buchanan made was that McLeod, if guilty of participation in the attack on the Caroline, was amenable to our laws, notwithstanding the avowal of the act by the British government. He insisted that Mr Webster had not met Mr Fox's demand in an American spirit, but had crouched under the menace of the British government.

Mr Rives replied, and, in a very earnest and powerful speech, demonstrated the correctness of Mr Webster's positions, showing that they were in conformity with the established principles of international law. He also vindicated the administration from the charge of having met Mr Fox's demand too tamely. He spoke of the administration, because the course taken by Mr Webster, in his letter, met with the full approbation of the President, and all his cabinet, and the entire administration was therefore, responsible for it. But how happened it, he asked, that the friends of the late administration had just discovered that the attack on the Caroline was an outrage on our national rights? The act was committed in 1837, and the late administration slept over it until it was stated in the British parliament by the Secretary of colonial affairs, that our government had abandoned its claim for reparation for the wrong.

Mr Stevenson wrote repeatedly to Mr Forsyth, asking whether he should urge his demand in relation to the Caroline, to which he had received from the British government no reply, and Mr Forsyth told him not to do it. At length, when Mr Fox stated that his government had authorized the attack on the Caroline, Mr Forsyth states that it was the first he had heard of it. After the new administration was organized, the government of Great Britain fully avowed the act as a public one. How did the secretary of state meet this avowal? He met it in a manner that became a statesman and an American. He said for a public wrong we will seek public redress. Could any one entertain so humble an idea of what is due to the spirit of a great nation like this as to suppose that, in such a case we would turn from our public adversary, and wreak a puny and paltry vengeance on an individual, the agent of our enemy? He would wish to see a more lofty and noble, a more Roman spirit than this on the part of the Senate. What said the Roman Senate in a similar case, as mentioned in Vattel? A Roman ambassador to a powerful prince (Demetrius) was murdered. Satisfaction was sought. The perpetrators of the crime were given up and sent to Rome. The Senate indignantly replied we have

nothing to do with your malefactors—deal with them as you please. We hold you responsible for the crime committed under your sanction.

Mr Rives went on to comment on the letter, and instructions accompanying it to Mr Crittenden, passing a high eulogium on its tone and character.

#### N. Y. Sunday Atlas.

Reports.—Several reports from the various departments have been placed before the public during the week.

The report of the War Department shows the miserable state of the infernal Florida War. The secretary says.

'I regret to state that but little hope can be justly cherished, that this unhappy and wasteful war, which has already cost so great a number of valuable lives, and so many millions of the public treasure; will be terminated without still greater sacrifices. It appears that, after six months of negotiation, no access has been had to the principal and most powerful chief, or any of his followers. Directions have accordingly been given for the most energetic and effective prosecution of the war, the moment further negotiations shall appear to be useless.'

Another great evil is pointed out. It is that gross abuses have sprung up in the Indian Department, and that the government or the Indians, or both, have been wickedly defrauded by agents and contractors. We have no doubt of it, and that great rascality has been committed on the Indians. A few extreme cases have before sent their murmuring even to the Atlantic shores. We are glad to find that the matter is to be investigated.

A sum of \$12,186,547 will be wanted to prosecute the work for a national defence, before projected.

The report from the Navy Department proposes a thorough reorganization of the Navy, and recommends the establishment of a home squadron. It is in want of no further funds to carry the current expenses of the year.

The report of the Post Office department shows that it is indebted to contractors about \$500,000. There are balances due to it, but the Post Master General thinks their collection No Go.

## SCHEDIASMA.

### MIRAMICHI:

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1841.

#### ARRIVAL OF THE MAIL.

The Courier with the Southern Mail arrived on Saturday morning, at 6 o'clock.

#### EUROPEAN NEWS.

SUCH a large space was occupied last week by the China and other Foreign news, that little room was left for British domestic intelligence. We to day make up the deficiency, and publish numerous extracts of a miscellaneous character, from the papers received by the last Steamer. Among our selections from British papers, will also be found some Editorial articles from the London press, on subjects of importance, now agitating the mother country.

#### CONTEMPLATED TOUR OF THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

We learn that His Excellency Sir William Colebrooke, purposes leaving Fredericton on Thursday next, on a tour through the north eastern section of the Province. We may therefore, expect his arrival among us on Saturday. It is almost needless to state that his reception will be warm and hearty; such as have characterized the welcomes received by all his predecessors, and such as befits a loyal people to bestow on the representative of their beloved and respected Sovereign.

#### INQUESTS.

The following inquests were held before Martin Cranney, Esquire, Coroner, during the week.

On view of the body of *Mathew Telford*, mate of the brig *Ann Elliott*, of Sunderland, who was drowned about a month since, while endeavoring to get on board the above named vessel, when coming up the river, he having jumped overboard, and saved the life of a boy, who had come from the shore in a canoe, for the purpose of requesting the captain to discharge his vessel at his father's ballast wharf, and had accidentally fallen into the river. The deceased is represented as a young man who bore an excellent character. His body was found on the north side of Middle Island. Verdict—accidental death by drowning.

Also, on the body of *Bridget Mahar*, who left her house on Tuesday morning