

THE GLEANER.

And Northumberland, Kent, Gloucester, and Restigouche Schediasma.

Volume XIII.

Nec aranearum sane textus ideo melior, quia ex se fila gignunt, nec noster vilior quia ex alienis libamus ut apes.

Number 46.

Miramichi, Monday Evening, August 1, 1842.

Notice.

The Subscriber, lately arrived from Scotland, begs leave to inform the inhabitants of Miramichi, and its vicinity, that he has commenced the business of TAILOR in the House occupied by Mr James Henderson, Cabinet Maker, opposite to Mr Henry Wynn, Baker, in Chatham; and hopes by strict attention to business, and superior workmanship, to merit a share of public patronage.

THOMPSON GILLON.

Chatham, 6th July, 1842.

* * * Expect'd daily, a large assortment of Trowser and Vest Pieces, of the latest fashions, which will be sold on moderate terms for cash.

NOTICE

The Subscriber informs all Persons wishing to take Passage with him to Fredericton, that they will be conveyed from Chatham to Newcastle, on the mornings of Monday and Thursday, by their notifying Mr. McBeath of such desire.

JAMES M. KELLEY.

February 1, 1842.

TO LET,

For One or more Years.

The STORES, WHARF and Dwelling HOUSE, lately occupied by Richard Blackstock, Esq. situate in the Town of Chatham. The DWELLING HOUSE is pleasantly situated—is well finished, and is capable of accommodating a large family—it would also answer well for a Boarding House. There is an excellent BARN and other OUTHOUSES near the House—which will be rented with, or distinct from the house.

The STORE is Four Stories high, fitted up very conveniently for carrying on an extensive Retail business.

The WHARF is now occupied as a Ship Yard—for which it has peculiar advantages. The Wharf, with the extensive Store standing thereon, will be let distinct from the other premises, if required.

The situation and advantages of this Property as a stand for Business, are too well known to require further description. For Terms and other particulars, apply to

STREET & KERR.

Chatham, 30th August, 1841.

TO LET.

The HOUSES in Queen Street lately occupied by Mrs. Thomson, and Mr Blanchard, These will accommodate either two or three families, and will be let to suit applicants at a reduced rent—if immediate application be made to

W. CARMAN, Jun.

NEW AND FASHIONABLE HAT STORE.

The Subscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of Chatham, and its vicinity, that he has opened a New and Fashionable HAT STORE in High Street, a few doors above Mr Layton's Hotel; where he will keep constantly on hand an assortment of Warranted WATERPROOF HATS, of various shapes and qualities, and which he offers for Sale on the most reasonable Terms for Cash.

ROBERT CHRISTIAN.

Chatham, April 12, 1842.

N. B. HATS repaired and altered to fashionable shapes, and coloured. Hats made to order, of the latest patterns, on the shortest notice.

Hay, for Sale.

The Subscribers have for Sale, a quantity of Excellent Hay, housed, In Newcastle—which they offer for Sale low for Cash, or approved credit.

DANIEL WITHERELL, HUGH MORELL

Immigration Notice.

All persons having any Lands either wideness or improved, FOR SALE, will please give an account of the same, with the situation and capabilities thereof, and the probable price of the respective Lots, to either of the Secretaries of this Society, in order that the said Lands may be offered to Emigrants wishing Lands for actual settlement.

EDWARD WILLISTON,

Recording Secretary

Newcastle, January 2, 1842.

ALE, &c.

Lately received, ex Columbus, from Leith. EDINBURGH ALE. } in Casks of 3½ dozen. LONDON PORTER. }

Both of Superior quality.

For Sale by

DUNCAN & LOCH.

Newcastle, 18th July, 1842.

H. C. D. CARMAN,

Has now Landing, ex Diadem from London—Ladies Tascan and Straw Bonnets & Bonnet Shapes,

Boys and Infants Dunstable Hats, Prunella Boots and Shoes, Childrens Kid and Leather do, Gents Clarence Boots, Mens and Boys ready made Clothes Bonnet & Cap Ribbons, Fancy Belts, Silk Bandanas, Color'd Satin and Persians, Challi and Fancy Handkerchiefs, Silk Parasols and Umbrellas, Womens color'd and white jean Stays, Cotton Reels, Berlin Wools, Ladies Rosewood Work Boxes, Hosiery, Gloves, &c. &c. &c.

—ALSO—

1 Chev'l GLASS, 46x21 inches, 1 gilt Chimney do 34x18 do. Dressing Glasses.

Chatham, June 27, 1842.

Flour, Indian Meal, Hard Bread, &c.

The Subscriber hourly expects by the Schr. Isabella, Martin, master, from Halifax, the following Articles, which he will dispose of cheap for Cash—or in barter for ALEWIVES, and SALMON:

Barrels Wheat FLOUR, Barrels Superfine RYE do, Barrels CORN MEAL, Barrels NAVY BREAD, Barrels PORK, Chests of Congo TEA, Barrels SUGAR, Kegs TOBACCO, Paunchons MOLASSES, Paunchons Demerara Rum, Hhds. Hollands Gin, Boxes SOAP, Boxes Candles, Cheese, &c. &c.

GEORGE TAYLOR, JUN.

Chatham, 5th July, 1842.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The Co-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the Subscribers, Merchants, carrying on business at Chaleur Bay Dalhousie and Restigouche, in the Province of New Brunswick, under the style and Firm of ARTHUR RITCHIE, and company, has this day been Dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said Firm are hereby required to pay the same to ARTHUR RITCHIE and ROBERT RITCHIE, who are fully authorized to receive the same, and give discharges therefor. And all persons having any Claims or Demands against the said Concern in America, will render the same to the said Arthur Ritchie and Robert Ritchie, who according to the terms of Dissolution, are to pay and discharge the same.

JOHN POLLOK, } By their
ARTHUR POLLOK, } Attorney,
ALLAN GILMOUR, } Alex. Rankin.
ROBERT RANKIN, }
ALEX. RANKIN, }
ARTHUR RITCHIE, }
ROBERT RITCHIE, }

Dated at Miramichi, this first day of May, 1842.

Phoenix Foundry.

Under the special Patronage of His Excellency Sir H. V. Hantley, Lieut. Governor.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

The Phoenix Company beg to announce to the Public, the Establishment at the old and well known premises of Messrs. Waters & Birnie, in Charlottetown, of a BRASS and IRON FOUNDRY, and soon after the Spring arrivals will be happy to receive orders for all descriptions of Castings for Mill-work, Farming Utensils, Stoves, and Machines for various purposes, Fire and Garden Engines, on the most approved principles for effective operation.

The services of Mr William C. Hobbs, a native of this Island, who is well skilled in all these various branches have been engaged.

GEORGE BIRNIE,

Superintendent.

Charlottetown, March 15, 1842.

Wanted!

An active intelligent PERSON as a DEPUTY SHERIFF for Northumberland. One acquainted with the localities of the County would be preferred. Security will be required; and residence at or in the vicinity of the Court House. Apply to

J. M. JOHNSON, Sheriff.

6th June, 1842.

THE GLEANER.

From the Fredericton Royal Gazette.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the Establishment of a Loan and Labour Fund in each County, proposed to be raised by a Society to be called "The Land and Emigration Society of the County of—"

At a period when distress is so prevalent throughout the Country from the failure of the ordinary resources on which the people have depended for subsistence, and when consequently the difficulty of obtaining employment, and to the employers of paying for the labour required on their Farms, may injure the prospects of a good harvest, it is proposed to raise a fund from which every inhabitant having a demand for labour on his Farm, may derive immediate accommodation. The ordinary Farm work at the present time and till the hay harvest, being chiefly in hoeing and weeding, it is probable that many persons, men, women, and children, could be advantageously employed at once, and continuously throughout the season.

The wages of labour, it is proposed, should be fixed at 1s. 6d. a day for men, 1s. for men, and 6d. for boys and girls under 12 years of age, and able to perform light work. The labourers also to be subsisted, and their wages to be paid weekly in money.

All persons desirous of procuring labourers on these terms, are to send in to the Treasurer or Trustees of the respective County Societies, their names, specifying the number of labourers, (men, women, and children) whom they desire to employ, and for what period at those rates—from which return the amount required to be advanced may be estimated. It being understood that such persons are to give security in themselves and one collateral security for the sum, as a loan, to be repaid to the Trustees, with interest, at 6 per cent per annum, at the end of three months from the date of the advance when made.

When sixty pounds have been subscribed and lodged in the hands of the Treasurer or Trustees of a county Society, the premium of £60, granted for Emigration Societies, to be applied for. This fund in twelve counties will amount to £720, and the Government to be requested under the circumstances specially to authorize the payment in cash to the Trustees on the terms of the Grant.

This Emigration premium of £60 in each County to be employed in co-operation with the Labour Fund, in defraying the expenses of Emigrant Labourers and families in proceeding to those parts of the country where labor offers for them, and to be expended by granting Biletts at such houses on the Roads as may agree for a reasonable charge to subsist the Emigrants, of which charges a Tariff to be fixed and published. All transactions of the Society being prompt payment in Cash.

The Labour Fund in each County to be raised either by Donations or by Loans on Debentures at 6 per cent per annum; the advances for Labour to be made through the Banks, and the subscribers to the Fund to have a preference in such advances, to the extent of their donations or deposits.

By the co-operation of these Societies in every County, the expense now incurred in the removal of Labourers and their families may be affected without the pressure on the Farmers in the country, and the Inhabitants of the Towns, which at present obtains from the great influx of indigent Emigrants at the Sea Ports when immediate employment for the number who seek it cannot be found, and who must consequently, when destitute, be subsisted.

Secondly. Those who require labour, may be assisted in procuring it at reasonable rates, and a more abundant harvest by reason of the application of such labour will furnish in itself the means of reimbursement.

It will be understood that Labourers will only be forwarded to a district when applied for, and that the people in the country who require employment at the rates proposed, will have the first offer of it. The Societies proposed to be established at Fredericton, St. John and the outports, to co-operate with the other county Societies; although it is proposed that the assistance of the Societies should be given only on the terms stated, it would be open to employers and Labourers to make their own terms by contract or otherwise.

If the Loans should be punctually repaid after the harvests, the Fund might again be advantageously employed under proper regulations as a Loan fund to aid industrious persons of good character, with small Loans during the winter, on proper security—and an Act might be obtained in the next Session, modelled on the English Loan Fund Act* to provide for the incorporation of the Society, and for the

prompt recovery of small Loans by instalment. * Vide Royal Gazette, (Supplement) of the 2nd July, instant, for a transcript of this Act. Form of Subscription List.

Subscriber's Names.	In Donations.	In Debentures at 6 per cent per annum	Grand Total.
A. B.	£2 0 0		
C. D.		£10 0 0	
E. F.	0 10 0		

N. B.—The Fund to be raised on Debentures, redeemable in 6 or 12 months with interest.

CIRCULAR.

FREDERICTON, 27th June, 1842.

SIR—After an attentive consideration of the several answers with which I have been favored by the Members of Assembly to whom my Circular of the 3rd instant was addressed, I take the earliest opportunity of explaining to you the circumstances in which the government have been placed, and which I apprehend will render it impracticable to meet the wishes which have been so generally expressed for the immediate application of funds to the improvement of the Roads, under the appropriation of the last session.

No provision having been made by the Legislature for raising funds to meet the liabilities of the Province, it was ascertained at the close of the session, that an arrear of more than £80,000 had become chargeable on the Revenues of the current year, and as in the pressure on the money market, the Banks, already largely in advance to the government, were unable to afford a further accommodation to the extent of the appropriations, without curtailing their Banking accommodations to the country, at present so urgently required, an attempt was made to relieve the pressure by the issue of Warrants, on which the legal interest would be payable half yearly.

In the last year the Warrants were issued, under a pledge to priority of payment, whereby the Revenue of the current year was anticipated and as no such pledge could again be given, it was considered just that the payment of interest on the future debt should not be deferred.

From the state of the public credit, however, the measure has altogether failed, and as no capitalist has been willing to come forward where there is no provision for the redemption of the debt, it has become necessary to suspend these issues, which, without the consent of the holders of the old Warrants to relinquish their claim to priority, could not be taken in payment of revenue, and thereby cancelled.

To explain to you the difficulties in which the Government has thus been involved, I shall remark that where, from the nature of certain grants, warrants were issued at the close of the session, with a claim to priority, difficulties were experienced in obtaining on them the funds necessary to meet the temporary advances which had been made on emergency, even to the extent of the cash credit held under contract with the Bank of New Brunswick.

I am well aware that the present depression of the public credit is in no measure attributable to any doubt of the resources of the Province amply to meet its engagements and to provide for the public service, but is attributable solely to the large amount of advances already made by the Banks at a period of commercial pressure, precluding further accommodation from that source, and to objection of capitalists to invest in public securities without a Legislative provision in the nature of a guarantee fund, arising from general or local Revenue, for payment of interest and gradual redemption of the principal.

With respect to the appropriations for Public Works, I regret that the difficulties thus experienced in raising funds for the ordinary service will render it impracticable to provide for their execution at present. In the last year, the Warrant for the Road appropriations was cashed by the Bank of New Brunswick, the advances of which Bank have already been obtained to the full amount of its ability and the claims of the Government under its contract.

The injurious consequences that would result, and which, indeed, have already resulted, from a traffic in public securities, under such circumstances, will readily occur to you, an evil which would seriously aggravate the financial difficulties of the Province, without affording any relief to those who may have depended on public employment.

In respect to the Main Roads, it has already been found necessary to defer contracts where advances of funds for payment of the wages of labourers could not be obtained on Warrants.