

Colonial Building in Charlottetown, provided it be constructed of stone. They have also adopted a Resolution to purchase a hundred shares in the Steam Navigation Company, now forming in this Island, on behalf of the Government, and have appropriated £2000 currency for that purpose; but as the shares are £20 each, Halifax currency, an additional sum of £300 will be required in order to purchase one hundred shares. This liberal measure of the House of Assembly has infused new life into the projectors of this spirited scheme, and there must be a lamentable spathy indeed in the community, if it fails to go a-head after this. A Public Meeting, it will be seen, is to be held for the purpose of taking the subject into consideration. The Assembly, it is expected, will go into the consideration of Ways and Means in the course of the present day."

ECCLESIASTICAL INTELLIGENCE.

The 5th Sunday in Lent being the day appointed for making a second appeal in the Baies des Vents Church to those having really at heart the cause of 'Christ, and the Holy Catholic Church,' Morning Prayer was read by the Visiting Missionary.

The Litany and anti-communion service being read in his usual impressive manner, by the Rev. the Rector of St. Paul's; the Rev. T. N. Dewolfe, the Society's Missionary at Richibucto, in fulfilment of his kind promise, preached the sermon. The text was very happily chosen from that simple and affecting passage in the epistle of Saint Paul the apostle to his Hebrew friends—'To do good, and to communicate forget not, for with such sacrifices God is well pleased.' The Reverend gentleman's discourse was throughout, sound impressive, and appropriate, and was listened to by a very large and attentive congregation. God mercifully grant that every member of the Church did on that day 'take heed how he heard.' On this occasion, the beautiful and soul-stirring Psalms of holy David, were sung in a very sweet and engaging manner, many members of the choir of Saint Paul's church being present and assisting.

During the reading of the offertory at the communion table, the devotions of the people were received and presented to the Visiting Missionary. The collection made on this day, although very liberal indeed (amounting to £18 6 8, is not by any means sufficient to meet the various pressing claims now due by the church; but may the spirit of God yet put it into the hearts of his servants to come forward and succour the Missionary in his work. Divine service was concluded with the usual prayers appointed to be read when the holy communion is not administered.

We have been further informed that Mr Dewolfe preached an excellent sermon on Sunday last, at evening prayer in Saint Mary's, Chatham, which church is distant nearly 20 miles from Baies des Vents. Here also the congregation was most numerous and respectable.

On Tuesday last the Rev. Gentleman returned to his extensive and laborious mission, heartily indeed do we wish him 'good luck in the name of the Lord,' and as heartily do we pray that he may be induced with strength and wisdom from on high, to discharge in the spirit of meekness, but without fear, all his solemn duties as an appointed Minister of the church. It is our sincere hope, that among the people which has been lately committed to his care and charge, Mr Dewolfe may find many friends, zealous and active—'forgetting not to do good, and to communicate, remembering that with such sacrifices God is well pleased.'

We are told upon good authority, that the Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia intends visiting this portion of the diocese during the ensuing summer. We communicate this bit of good news, in the hope that the inhabitants of Richibucto and Weldford will be up and stirring, and endeavour to have the churches lately erected in these interesting settlements at once completed, and duly prepared for the solemn rite of consecration.

'This people say—The time is not come, the time that the Lord's house should be built. Then came the word of the Lord by Haggai the Prophet, saying—Is it time for you, O ye, to dwell in your ceiled houses, and this house lie waste? Now, therefore, saith the Lord of Hosts, consider your ways.' Haggai, 1. 2-5.

At the late anniversary meeting of the Diocesan Church Society in Halifax, the Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia stated in a closing address to that assembly, that a Gentleman of New Brunswick had lately given property valued at £5000! towards providing the necessary endowment for the Bishopric which is proposed to be erected in this Province.

His Lordship also communicated the pleasing intelligence, that a Lady in Digby (Miss Totten, as we are informed) has bequeathed Landed property to the value of £1700! to the church in that Parish. Would to God that the example of these noble benefactors might move members of the Church of England, who have the time and the means in their hands, likewise to 'do good unto all men; and especially unto them that are of the household of faith!'

TOKEN OF RESPECT.

We have lately seen a beautiful little Service of Private Communion Plate, which was presented some time since to the Visiting Missionary for this district, by Mrs. Martin, of Chatham.

The service consists of a Flagon, Chalce and Paten, all of Silver; on each of the vessels there are engraven these letters—I. H. S. (i. e. Jesus Hominum Salvator) in the centre of a Gloria. On the Paten is the following inscription—Presented to

The Rev. James Hudson, E. A. As a Token of the Respect and Esteem With which he was regarded By his Friend, Mrs. R. B. Martin, Miramichi, New Brunswick.

Are the members of the Church of England in Chatham aware, that the beautiful Kneeling Benches now at the Altar in St. Mary's, were presented to this Church by the above named zealous attendant at the Chapel of Ease.

If we are not misinformed, there are now wanting for the Reading Pew in this Church, a Bible and a Book of Common Prayer; a fine deep toned Bell, 'the faint emblem of the call of God,' is also required; we wonder who is to have the honor and privilege of presenting these much needed requisites to the Church?

THE REV. SIMON FRASER.

We have much pleasure in copying the following paragraph from an Edinburgh paper:

'The Presbytery of Chsnony met at Fortrose, on Thursday, the 20th inst., to moderate in a call in favour of the Rev. Mr S. Fraser, late of Alnwick and Glenelg, North America, presented to the new church and parish of Fortrose. It was delightful to behold the unanimity and harmony which prevailed among the people in favour of Mr Fraser, and the cordial manner in which they signed the call. It is unnecessary to add that no dissents were offered. Mr Fraser is to be inducted on the 10th February, the Rev. Mr Kennedy, Killernan, to preach and preside.'

ARRIVALS AT HEA'S HOTEL.

March 6—Mr Wm. Wilson, Nelson. 7—R. F. Patten, Esq., Carlton. 12—Mr Lestock Desbrisay, Richibucto. 16—Mr Wm. Patten, Junior, Carleton; Mr James Fraser, do; Mrs Atchison, do; Mrs Judge Wheten, Richibucto; Mr Joseph Wheten, do. 17—Mr John De Cantelon, do; Mrs De Cantelon, South West; Mrs Small, do; Miss Donald, do; Mr John Wolner, Bathurst; W. O. Smith, Esq., St. John. — Milledge, Esq., do. 18—Mr Lestock Desbrisay, Richibucto. Mr W. Robinson, do.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENT.—Henry Williams Baldwin, Esquire, to be Surrogate and Judge of Probate in the County of Gloucester, in the room of William End, Esquire. WM. F. ODELL. Secretary's Office, 4th March, 1842.

MARRIAGES.

At Monckton, by the Rev. William Henderson, A. M., Mr James Beck, to Nancy, fourth daughter of William Steadman, of the former place.

At Williamstown, on Wednesday, the 16th inst., by the Rev. A. McNutt, Mr Benjamin Horsford, to Margaret, second daughter of Mr Robert Tweedey.

At Richibucto, on the 17th inst., by the Rev. James Hannay, Mr Alexander Gienecross, to Miss Mary Caruthers, both of Richibucto.

THIS MORNING'S MAIL.

We make the following selection from the papers received by the mail this morning.

The Nova Scotia Legislature brought its business to a close on Saturday last.

LATER FROM CHINA.

The ship Venice, Capt. Perit, arrived on Monday, at New York from Canton, whence she sailed on the 21st of November; she brings accounts some days later than those we had on Friday, in the English papers. We have files of the Canton Press to the 20th, and of the Register to the 16th of November, inclusive. These papers being published

at Macao, the accounts they contain from Canton are to the 17th only.

It was reported that Sir Henry Pottinger had demanded eight million of dollars as the ransom of Ningpo, and as a bribe for letting alone Hangchowfoo, the capital, and other towns in that province. No reply had as yet been received to this demand. The robbery committed at Ningpo—booty, they call it—is said to have been considerably productive.

Most of the plunder, however consisted of cash—the low metal currency of the country—of which the amount collected is said to have been a million of dollars. Of sycee and silver dollars but little was found. An immense quantity of rice also fell into the hands of the captors, which they were generously selling to the poor at half a dollar the hundred weight.

The Emperor has been sorely troubled by the overflowing of the incorrigible Yellow River, inundating extensive and populous districts. He has disgraced the high officers who had charge of the embankments, and appointed others who, he thinks will be able to keep the river where it ought to be.

The officer commanding on the Canton station had received orders to seize all junks laden with valuable cargoes—the appetite for plunder grows by what it feeds on—and to harass the coasting trade as much as possible.

From the Canton Press of Nov. 20.

Our latest accounts from Canton are of the 16th. Every thing remained quiet, and teas were being shipped off without interruption. But the high prices which we mentioned a fortnight since, as being paid for Congous, have not been maintained, and those then valued at 35/ may now be had for 31/. The scarcity of money is very great—the circulating medium consisting of Spanish pillar dollars, which for some time past has been barely sufficient, was rendered much more scarce by the shipment of a large sum to India of the Canton ransom money; and is growing less every day by the destruction of these coin by the Chinese fashion of stamping them, while the deficiency can no longer be supplied by importation of the Spanish dollar, and those of the American republic have not yet obtained currency here.

Fifteen hundred of the unhappy Chinese are said to have been slaughtered at Chusan. They fought with courage, but their poor skill could do little or nothing against the murderous science of the assailants. At Chinhae the slaughter is reported to have been 'immense.'

From the New Express.

From Demerara.—Demerara dates to the 25th have been received. For six or eight weeks previous, the negroes had refused to work in consequence of a reduction of wages. Of the 150 estates in Demerara and Essequibo, there are not over 40 upon which any labour has been done since the strike. The Governor visited the Greenfield estate, and addressed the labourers, but without any beneficial effect.

From the Correspondent of the New Brunswick.

Fredericton, 14th March, 1842.

The Bill for consolidating the Customs and Treasury departments, was brought up to be read a third time, when Mr Johnston moved to postpone it for 3 months, upon the ground that no provision had been made for those persons whose services might be dispensed with by the law. The Bill however passed, and then Mr Johnston moved to put a Resolution on the Journals respecting these parties, but he subsequently withdrew it. A new Bill for regulating the sale of Timber and Logs was also read a third time—this bill embodied the amendments made by the Council to the former bill, which amendments were voted a breach of privilege by the House, whereupon this new bill was brought in, embodying those very amendments! Mr Woodward moved that the passage of this bill would be a violation of the privileges of the House, and a sacrifice of its independence, as it was submitting to the dictation of another branch of the Legislature. To this Mr Weldon moved a long amendment, which was lost by the casting vote of the Speaker; then Mr Woodward's resolution was put and lost, and then the bill passed! Verily the present House of Assembly are a consistent body, and worthy to be admired! They vapour loudly about their independence, and say they will not submit to dictation from the Council; then they quietly put their independence in their pockets, swallow the dictation, and sneakingly submit to what the other branch say, shall be the law, for which the highest thanks of a truly grateful country are justly due to them. If the House were not checked and cuffed a little now and then, there is no knowing what they might do.

A Committee has been appointed on the subject of imprisonment for debt, and it is expected they will report a Bill to prevent the person being taken for small debts—how will your City Court people like that? Imprisonment or debt on mesne process has for some

time been abolished in England, and the same law ought to be in force here.

I neglected to mention that the Government Bill to regulate Prisons, has been postponed till the next meeting of the Legislature.

Tuesday Evening, March 15.

The Bankrupt Bill passed the Committee of the whole House to-day, with amendments of the Bill as printed. What will be its fate up stairs, I cannot say, but I presume it will be further amended there—the principle is supposed to be safe there. Nothing else done in the House this day, except the passage of a Bill to incorporate a Company for erecting a Timber Sluice at the Grand Falls.

Nothing of importance done to-day in the Legislative Council, and both branches of the Legislature take the world as easy as if the country enjoyed the height of prosperity, and there was no need of care or thought for the morrow. A FREDERICTONIAN.

The Rev. Mr Souter having to be at Bathurst on official duty, on Sabbath, the 27th inst., there will be no service in St. James' Church, on that day.

Agricultural Society.

The ANNUAL Meeting of the Northumberland Agricultural Society, will take place in Johnston's Hotel, Chatham, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th April next, at Eleven o'clock A. M., when a Report of the Society's proceedings for the past year will be submitted, and Office Bearers elected for the ensuing year. A full attendance of Members, and of those friendly to Agriculture, is requested. J. SOUTER, SECRETARY. March 22, 1842.

GARDEN SEEDS.

GRASS and TURNIP SEEDS. THE NORTHUMBERLAND AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY have on hand a large assortment of Timothy and Clover, Turnip, Garden and Flower Seeds, imported last fall from Great Britain and the United States; which are of the first quality—of which a Catalogue will be published.—They have also received a quantity of Dutch flax Seed and Spring Tares. March 22.

The Editor of the Gleaner having lent several FILES of that paper, requests those persons who have them in their possession, to return them to his office.

HAY.

For Sale by the Subscriber, 12 TONS of UPLAND HAY, of good quality—deliverable at his Barn, in Lots to suit purchasers. WILLIAM LETSON. Chatham, 14th March, 1842.

SEEDS.

WHEAT, CLOVER, and TIMOTHY SEED, the growth of 1841, for Sale by GILMOUR, RANKIN & CO. Douglastown, 14th March, 1842.

Stationary Store.

NO. 1, COMMERCIAL BUILDING. The Subscriber has received by the John Kerr, from Glasgow, an assortment of STATIONARY, consisting of the following articles—PAPER—Demy, Folio Post, Post, Pot, and post Paper, Catridge do., Blotting do., Mnsic do.

SCHOOL BOOKS.—Pinnock's Histories of Greece, Rome, and England; do. Catechism of Geography, Murray's English do., Introduction do., do First Book, do Spelling Books, Carpenter's Spelling Book, Copy Books, large and small, Chamber's Educational Course.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Steel Pens, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Tasse, blue, black and green Ink, black and red Ink Powders, Memorandum and Pocket Books, Slates and Slate Pencils, Drawing & common Lead Pencils, Visiting Cards, plain, coloured & enamelled—bons folders, Bibles, Prayer Books, &c.

FANCY STATIONARY, &c.—Gold, Silver and Morocco Paper, Tinted Letter and Not do., Crayon do Drawing do. Tissue do. various colours.

PERFUMERY.—Lavendar Water, Extract of Spring Flowers, Essence of Hovenia, Boquet de la Reine Victoria, consolidated Circassian Cream, do Oil of Verbena, do Macassar Oil, do Bear's Grease. The following Oils—Orange, Verbena, Rose, Bergamot, and Jasmine.

By the Queen from London, a choice selection of

Fancy Articles and Toys.

He has also on hand a consignment of ROOM PAPER from one of the first houses in London. JAMES A. PIERCE. Chatham, May 23, 1841

Immigration Notice.

All persons having any Lands either wilderness or improved, FOR SALE, will please give an account of the same, with the situation and capabilities thereof, and the probable price of the respective Lots, to either of the Secretaries of this Society, in order that the said Lands may be offered to Emigrants wishing Lands for actual settlement. EDWARD WILLISTON, Recording Secretary.

Newcastle, January 23, 1842.