

August 1, brig Medora, Stewart, Algiers, 62 days—do.
August 3, schr. Dolphin, O'Brien, Newfoundland, 10 days—J. Cunard & Co.
August 4, schr. Caledonia, Pillman, Saint Peter, 7 days—Master.
August 4th—brig John Walsley, Hewet, Newfoundland, J. Cunard & Co.
August—schr. Seafower, Martell, New York, 30 days—Gilmour, Rankin & Co.; schr. Eliza Ann, Ferguson, London, 42 days—J. Cunard & Co.
August—schr. Marie Dolphin, Blais, Quebec, 9 days—Gilmour, Rankin & Co.; brig John White, Madrid, Gibraltar, 42 days—do.
August—brig Jane Isabella, Gushrie, Newfoundland, 10 days—do.; brig Hope, Miller, do, 11 days—J. Cunard & Co.
CLEARED—July 22, Nymph, Newfoundland; Fane, Thompson, P. E. Island. 25, Mentor, Foster, Blythe 26, Carron, Cockburn, Newfoundland; Lady Harvey, McDonald, do; Oxford, Burns, Port Glasgow; Pearl, Hall, Newfoundland; Elizabeth, McKay, P. E. Island. 28, Charlotte Gavin, do; Hippocampi, McDonald, Waterford, 31, Duck, McCarthy, P. E. Island. August 2, Milo, Weslin, Bristol, Seafower, Muirhead, Newfoundland. 4th, Maria, Robinson, Mumbles 5h—Mary Ann, Martin, Newfoundland; Rhine, Dymond, Liverpool Anna, Cam, Newfoundland; Victoria, Fitzgerald, do; Elizabeth, Harding, Halifax; Ann Rankin, M'Arthur, Cork; Miscou, Colson, Quebec; S'h—Integrity, Jobling, Ashton, Leader, Pearce, Torquay; 9th, Nelson, Stiers, Newfoundland; Marie Dolphine, Buis, Gaspe; Marion, Williams, Milford; Caledonia, Pillman, Newfoundland; Praise, Nicholson, Liverpool.

Port of Richibucto:
CLEARED—August 3, brig Isabella, Johnson, do.

Port of Shippegan:
ARRIVED, on the 29th July, brig Vine, Foster, Sunderland, 43 days—J. Cunard & Co.
Sailed, August 6, barque Bolton Abbey, Macdonald, Liverpool; brig Jane Alice, Stewart, Sunderland.

Port of Bathurst:
ARRIVED—July 29, brig Isabella, Reid, Foully, Ferguson, Rankin, & Co. 31, brig Wm. Reid, Walton, Newfoundland, do.; schr. Mary Ann, Landry, Miramichi, J. Cunard & Co.
CLEARED—August 1, brig Lord Alkhorpe, Bristol; schr. Lipuam, Miramichi.

ARRIVALS IN BRITAIN.
Bristol, July 1—Thomas Gelson, Miramichi.
Clyde, July 4—Septima, do.
Dunbar, July 1—Mariner, do.
Dunbar, July 1—Wetherley, do.
Deal, July 3—Carlton, do.
Dublin, July 5—Mary Jane, do.
Dundee, July 6—1 MOD, do.
Fleetwood, July 3—Cruikston Castle, do.
Greenend, July 4—Faside, do; Carlton, do.
Glasgow, July 11—William, do.
Hall, July 3—Lord Mulgrave, do.
Liverpool, July 6—Importer, do; Arab, Richibucto; 12th, Edward & Mary, Miramichi.
Leard, July 3—Tartar, do.
Pentland Frith, July 1—Albion, do; 10th, Elizabeth & Sarah, Dalhousie.
Plymouth, July 9—Anteans, Bathurst.
Preston, July 7—Myne, Miramichi; 12th, Taylor, do.
Sunderland, July 10—John & Richard, do.
Torquay, July 2—Jubelle, do; 5th, Emma Zoller, do.
Troon, July 6—Eliza, Dalhousie.
Off Fremwick, July 11—Caroline, Miramichi.
Off Peterhead, July 15—London, Bathurst.
Aberdeen, July 15—Queen Victoria, Restibucto.

SAILINGS FROM BRITAIN.
Belfast, July 8—Thomas Gelson, and Rolla, Miramichi.
Clyde, July 12—Mariner, do.
Hall, July 5—Endymion, and Meteor, Miramichi.
Leith, Lord Mulgrave, do.
Leith, July 6—Columbus, do.

and that the distinguished visitors will remain for a few weeks among us.—The delightful residence of J. Coldwell, Esq., has been engaged for the accommodation of Sir W. and his amiable family. I indeed it is a matter of surprise that St. Andrews has not been more frequently visited by families who wish to enjoy the sea air, and the agreeable and healthy exercise of bathing; as it is universally acknowledged to be one of the most pleasantly situated and healthy towns in the Provinces. We have already one bathing house, and we understand that it is in contemplation to erect another.

Kingston, Jamaica, July 11.—By an arrival from Hayti, we learn that a French Admiral, with five ships, had arrived there. The precise object of this visit is not generally known, but little doubt can be entertained on the subject. We are aware of the fact of France having been solicited to take Hayti under her protection; or in other words, the Haytians are wished to return to their allegiance; and we know that despatches were sent to France some time ago by the French commander in chief in these seas for instructions. By the treaty with France, Hayti is bound to pay a heavy sum for her independence; and, if we mistake not, she is about to pay the penalty of the bond.—One of the fittings will be down to-day, when probably we shall hear more about it.

The droughts, accounts of which we have from the Windward Islands, appear to have extended also to the Leeward Islands. The amount of British property, &c., destroyed by the late earthquake in the West Indies is estimated at £3,000,000 sterling; French, £100,000; Swedish, £9,000; Dutch, £5,000.

St. John New Brunswick, August 5.
THE BANKRUPT COURT.—We publish to-day a very long list of insolvents from the Royal Gazette, and it would really seem to be becoming quite fashionable to figure in the Gazette. It must be remembered that all these declarations of insolvency are voluntary, and are made by parties who are desirous of availing themselves of the amended Bankrupt Act to free themselves from all obligations.

We have been informed that the expenses of passing through the Bankrupt court in ordinary cases without contest, will be about Forty Pounds—that is Twenty Pounds for the Solicitor and the like sum for court fees.

August 8.
In the Money article of the New York Herald of Monday, the following paragraph appears: The emissaries of Britain were never more active than now. We have in our hand a circular of the English government, signed by Lord Aberdeen, and addressed to all its commercial and other agents in this country, requiring the most minute information in relation to slaves and slavery in all its details—the physical force of the negroes—their relations to their masters—their general treatment, general character and propensities, &c. &c.; with very full statements as to sources of information, means of judging, &c. The end and object of all this espionage has not transpired; but it is pregnant with meaning, if we consider the many points in dispute between the two countries. The circulars appear to have been issued immediately on the promulgation of the threat in the United States Senate in relation to the Oregon question.

Boston Bay State Democrat.
Attempted Assassination of the Post Master General Wickliffe.—On Tuesday last, as this gentleman was on his passage from Portsmouth to Baltimore, on board of the Georgia, and just as he was about to proceed with his daughter and niece to the dining table, a young man, about 23 years of age, who gave his name, and was recognized by Mr. Wickliffe, as J. McLean Gardner, of Washington city, touched Mr. Wickliffe on the shoulder, which caused him to turn, and while in the act of so doing, Gardner plunged a dirk knife into his breast—he attempted a repetition, but was prevented by some gentlemen standing by, when he was disarmed, secured, and guarded, and taken into Baltimore. The extent of the injury done Mr. Wickliffe could not be ascertained, as there was no physician on board. The wound bled profusely, and Mr. Wickliffe complained of intense pain in his side. It is supposed that the dirk must have struck the breast bone and glanced, otherwise it would have produced instant death. No care was known for this distasteful assault, except that Mr Wickliffe would not consent to use his influence in procuring him an office. Gardner is a son of Col Gardner, of Washington city, first auditor to the Post Office department.

From the most particular, and apparently authentic account of the affair, the wound which Mr Wickliffe has received, though serious, is not of so alarming a character as was at first apprehended.

Cleveland Herald.
Experts of Cleveland, Ohio.—The exports of three of the staples of Ohio, Wheat Flour, and Pork, during the first ten weeks of navigation, are valued at one million and a half of dollars! Shipments by steamboats, which have been large, are not included. This million and a half is the export of one port only in three articles of domestic produce—a single wave of the golden tide that bears on to eastern marts a fleet of inland Argosies.

Crops of the Genesee Valley.—The Danville Republican of the 28th ult says: "The immense wheat fields of our glorious Valley are yielding to the sickle, and richly do the promise to reward the farmer for his laborious exertions. The berry has seldom been so sound and healthy as it is this season and the crop is free from rust or unsoundness."

St. Andrew's Standard.
We are informed upon good authority, that His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and family intend visiting this town during the present month for the benefit of the sea air, &c.

"The weather has been favorable for haying, and the crop of grass never was better."

Montreal Courier, July 27.
This town and neighbourhood were visited last evening by a most violent storm of thunder lightning, and rain. It commenced shortly before six o'clock, and lasted upwards of an hour, during which time it raged with the greatest fury. The lightning was exceedingly vivid, and some of the peals of thunder really awful. We fear that we shall hear that some injury has been done by this in the country parts. Haying has commenced in this neighbourhood. The crop promises to be most abundant.

Three seamen of the American schr. Sarah Lavinia from Alexandria, bound to the West Indies, with cargo of flour, etc. mutinied lately off the American coast, threw the captain and mate overboard, murdered the cook, robbed the vessel and rifled the captain and mate's trunks, and then landed in a boat near Newport, R. I. From that place they proceeded to New York, where two of them, named Babe and Mathews, were arrested on Thursday last. The third, named Webster, was still at large. The schr. was found deserted in the Vineyard Sound.

There are now in course of erection at St. John's, N. F. two cathedrals and a Presbyterian church.

Mail by the St. George:

The St. George arrived this morning at half past ten. The Captain reports that the weather was very heavy outside. From the papers by her mail we make the following selections.

Charlottetown Gazette, August 8.
TERRIFIC THUNDER STORM.—Early in the afternoon of Friday last, after a forenoon of unequalled softness and warmth, we were suddenly visited with a very violent storm, accompanied with such continuous thunder as is seldom heard in these northern regions. No damage was done nearer Charlottetown than five or six miles. The rain ceased, the clouds dispersed, and the thunder was heard no more—the evening turned out very fine and cool—little was it suspected, that scores of poor hard-working farmers, many of them new beginners, had lost some of the greater part, but more the whole of that crop upon which their fond hopes for sustenance throughout the coming year was founded, under the providence of God! Yet so it is—the fields of grain which were subjected to the hail which fell during the short period of half an hour are as completely ruined as if they had been mowed. In riding along the roads it is scarcely possible to tell what kind of grain grew on the melancholy scene of devastation. The hail which fell was of unusual size, many of the shape and size of pullet's eggs, many of a flat shape, some of the latter measuring six inches round the larger periphery, and bushels, yea, cart loads of the size of large marbles, and withal so hard that several persons were injured by their falling. The full particulars of the extent of damage done it has not been possible to collect, but from what data we have been able to obtain, we have reason to think that the scene of destruction is confined to a strip of about one mile wide, and 12 or 14 in length—say from York River head to Pisiquid—comprising the settlements of Milton, Wins'oe Road, Union Road, Brackley Point Road, Covehead Road, Hillsborough Road, Johnson's River and head of Pisiquid—60 panes of glass were broken in the hon. Mr. Hensley's house, and 73 in Milton Church.

The names of the sufferers in their crops, of whom we have accounts, are so numerous, that we forbear to mention any in particular, as we would not wish to pass by or leave unnoticed even the least. During the continuance of the storm, the falling of the hail had a terrifying appearance, which, combined with the vivid flashes of the electric fluid and the roaring of the thunder, with the bellowing of the cattle rushing to their homes, and the wailing of the birds, caused the nervous and timid to imagine that the last day of account had arrived, and that Miller had proved himself a true prophet. We have been informed that a dreadful hail-storm took place at Pictou, on Friday last at nine o'clock, which has done immense damage.

Halifax Times, August 8.
West India.—H. M. Ship Spartan, Honble. Capt. Elliott, arrived on Friday last, from Bermuda, in seven days, having a large freight of money on Government account for this place. The Spartan arrived at Bermuda from Havana, whence she brought the Specie, part of which was for Bermuda, on the 21st ult. after a passage of 12 days.

We cut the following from a late American paper. It is the beginning of a movement, like that which resulted in Aunty Ashburton's Boundary Treaty, and may end in depriving Great Britain of her rights in the North Western parts of America, also:—
The Oregon Convention.—The Oregon Convention, which lately assembled at Cincinnati, numbered nearly a hundred delegates, from six States. Resolutions were passed strongly affirming the right of the United States to the Oregon Territory from 42 degrees to 54 degrees 40 minutes north latitude, declaring it to be the duty of Congress to extend the jurisdiction and laws of the United States over it; that Congress ought to establish a line of forts from the Missouri river to the Pacific.

The detachment of the 64th Regt, embarked on board the transport Premier on Saturday

morning last, and sailed for England on Sunday morning.

HALIFAX MARKETS.—FISH.—Codfish has been more settled the past week and 11s 6d. per qtl is readily given from the wharf—some lots have brought 12s.—Mackerel have improved, a lot of No. 3. sold this morning at 20s on time—Herring and Alewives continue dull—Salmon 50s. a 52s 6d. for No. 1.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—This week we have received two communications on the subject of the recent Election, from individuals opposed to each other; and we have during the last ten days been asked by several persons if we would publish letters for them, provided they subscribed their names thereto.

Last winter, at the commencement of the first contest, we refused to publish any communication which did not bear the proper signature of the writer—and although all thus subscribed, that were received, were published; with the exception of such parts as we conceived reflected unnecessarily on the character and conduct of parties,—we did not give satisfaction,—but on the contrary, we were kept in a snarl with those who were writing, because we took the liberty to expunge—and the parties assailed were annoyed, that, because they had ceased to write some weeks previously, we did not close our columns to their antagonists.

This position was a very uncomfortable one—particularly, as no emolument was obtained for our labor. This we did not mind; but merely asked of parties to consider our peculiar and unpleasant position, and to judge impartially of our conduct. This was refused us—and too much narrow-mindedness has been betrayed by those, who, from their position in society, we had a right to expect a more liberal course of action. Under all these circumstances, seeing that there was no prospect of even-handed justice being meted out to us—and having the peace of the community in mind, we, a few weeks since, made a declaration, that nothing respecting the "coming Election, would meet with insertion in the Gleaner, except the proceedings of Public Meetings, at which an express resolution had passed, requesting the same to be published, the same to bear the signature of the Chairman."

To this course we are determined strictly to adhere. We have had quite enough of electioneering squabbles, and the peace of the community is sufficiently disturbed, without the Press being called into active operation by contending partisans, to fan the flames of discord, which already burn fiercely enough.

GILDING AND SILVERING.—We refer our readers to an advertisement in another column, from S. B. Vance. He has shewn us a number of articles he has gilded and silvered, particularly German silver, which would puzzle any person to distinguish from the pure metal. He will be happy to display his work to any person giving him a call.

LAUNCH.—From the building yard of Messrs. Chasards, at Kouchibouguac, yesterday morning, he barque Scratas, of the burthen of 400 tons.

3-CARD.—Mr. Kelly notifies the public that his Stage regularly runs once a week between Fredericton and Newcastle. Persons wishing to take passage, are requested to book their names at the store of Mr. Thompson, in Chatham.

Magneto-Electric GILDING AND SILVERING!!

S. B. VANCE, would inform the inhabitants of Miramichi, that he has taken the Store in Mr White's building, in Chatham, where he will remain a short time, and is prepared to execute the GILDING and SILVERING of Watches, Spoons, Keys, Watch Chains, Pencils, Knives, Trimbles, Castors, Candlesticks, German Silver, Brass and Copper Ornaments, Surgical and Dental Instruments, &c., in the best manner, at low prices, and warranted superior to any other process.

Having procured and adopted the latest improvements in regard to its durability he is prepared to warrant his work.

Chatham, August 11, 1843.

Notice:
The Assessors of Taxes for the Parish of Chatham, will meet for the purpose of making the ASSESSMENT on MONDAY, the 14th August next, at the Office of Mr. James Johnson. Those persons who are desirous of handing a STATEMENT of their Income and Property liable to Taxation according to Law, will govern themselves accordingly.

M. SAMUEL,
JAS JOHNSON,
FINLAY M'DERMOT. } ASSESSORS.
Chatham, 3rd August, 1843.

Wanted!
A MILLER—capable of taking charge and conducting a Flour and Oat Mill: a single man would be preferred, and references will be required.

Also—A MILLER for a mill with two run of Flour Stones. For information apply at the Gleaner Office.
August 4, 1843.

NOTICE.—The Subscriber begs to inform his customers who reside at a distance and who may have WATCHES, or other property in his hands, that he intends to remove from Miramichi in the course of this Summer.
WM N. VENNING,
Newcastle, July 7, 1842.

Saturday's Edition.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 11.

Mail by Kelly's Stage.

Kelly's Stage arrived yesterday before the mail left for the Southward. From the papers thus obtained, we take the following extracts.

St. John Observer, August 8.
The barque Prince George arrived at Halifax on Friday last, from Canton, with 5000 chests Tea, to Charman & Co. A cargo from New York was offered at auction at Halifax last week—a lot of Congo brought 18 1/4; Wankay 2s; Hyson 2s 10d.; Soochong 1s. The Recorder says:—"If the fulness of the market can have the effect of depressing the price of a commodity, Tea will shortly be so cheap here that it will scarcely bring first cost." The steam ship North America, started yesterday evening for Halifax, via the intermediate ports.

We are informed upon good authority, that His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and family intend visiting this town during the present month for the benefit of the sea air, &c.