

When the King alighted he embraced her Majesty in a most cordial and affectionate manner, and immediately giving her his arm, proceeded towards the grand staircase. At the entrance of the crimson drawing room her Majesty parted from the King, and he immediately proceeded to his private apartments, attended only by his personal attendants and attendants, where he remained for a short time. In about a quarter of an hour he again met her Majesty, at lunch, which was strictly a private party.

The last time King Louis Philippe visited England was in 1815, during the hundred days. When Louis XVIII. went to Ghent, the Duke of Orleans took refuge in England, where he remained until the battle of Waterloo enabled him once more to return to the Palais Royal. Louis Philippe has entered the 72nd year of his age, including the last, having been born on the 6th October 1773.

On Thursday, Louis Philippe, in company with the Queen and Prince Albert, visited the house at Twickenham in which he resided during the time he was an exile in England. The royal party afterwards proceeded to Hampton Court, where the French monarch examined and admired the paintings.

The King's visit to England is distinguished by an act of Royal clemency—an ordinance, which gives grace and pardon to 50 political state prisoners. All whose term expires before 1847, and a few of those condemned for a longer time will receive the benefit of this arrangement.

Whether the visit will add to the popularity of Louis Philippe amongst his own subjects is questionable; but no doubt exists that it will increase the number of his well wishers on this side the channel.

From the Halifax Morning Post.

IRELAND.

Mr. Daniel O'Connell has addressed a long epistle from his retreat at Derrynage to the Repeal Association, in which he dwells emphatically upon the federal project, and hints his partiality for it in contradistinction to Repeal. His tactics recently have had for their object the amalgamation of all classes and shades of his countrymen, and they have been successful to a much greater extent than the discordant materials upon which he has had to work would have led us to believe. Mr. Grey Porter's pamphlet in favour of the Federal Parliament is the text upon which he still dilates. In giving repeal the go-by, as he now virtually does, Mr. O'Connell has subjected himself to a charge of tergiversation, and his inconsistency is the object of bitter attacks in the journals opposed to his views. He stands, it must be confessed, in a position very dissimilar to any in which he has stood previously. He may now be said to be feeling his way in a new path, and his chance of success will mainly depend upon the amount of support which he is likely to receive from the middle and higher classes of the party which has hitherto stood either entirely aloof from or strongly opposed to his previous movements. Rumours are afloat that Mr. Sharman Crawford, Lord Charlemont, and others of the Irish liberals, who would not connect themselves with Repeal, are about to declare their adhesion to federalism. It is added, that an imposing array of numbers and respectability will shortly be put forth in favour of the new move. If Mr. O'Connell can throw oil on the troubled waters of Irish party spirit, fuse into anything like amalgamation into the discordant elements of which it is composed, he will have attained a greater moral triumph than any he has yet achieved. But the public feeling of England is as strongly opposed to federalism as it has been all along to repeal. The English Whigs will never, as a party, commit themselves to its support, and having to contend against the prejudice which exists on this side of the Channel, the attainment of federalism appears to be very remote. Nevertheless, what a united people demands cannot be lightly treated; and, as division has hitherto been the bane of Ireland, unity should it ever take place—may prove the antidote. O'Connell has achieved wonders in his day, against odds nearly as overwhelming as those against which he is now contending.

Russia.—The Russian journals state—"That on the 27th of June, in Osselinsky, and the government of Georgia, a mountain, being nearly three wersts in extent from the base to the summit, and covered with trees, slipped, and did not cease to move until it reached the hamlet of Scheleour, covering a space of 24 acres of cultivated land. The hamlet, composed of five houses and three mills, was driven together with its inhabitants,

half a werst further. Fortunately no lives were lost.

The Minister of Finance at Baden has published an order dated the 14th ult., by which the importation of coal is to be free from the 1st inst.

The iron bridge for the Neva now building by Messrs. Bury and Co., of this town, will contain 10,000 tons of iron, and cost £100,000.

It is generally rumoured in Ireland that Lord Heytesbury, in consequence of the death of his lady, has determined to resign the high office to which he was so recently appointed.

There has been a great storm in the Irish Channel during the last few days, and some shipwrecks, with loss of life, are already recorded.

The immense pile of buildings, long known as the Fleet Prison, is offered for sale at public competition.

It is stated in a German paper that the Grand Duke of Oldenburg has decided on giving his country a representative constitution. The councillor of state Fischer, is charged with the task of drawing up the articles.

An abstract of the public accounts of the Free Church of Scotland, from May 18, 1842, to March, 1844, just published shows that the amounts collected were for the sustentation fund, £62,461 2s 3d; building fund, £227,836 19s 10d; congregational funds, £41,540 11s 10d; accommodation of the Assembly, £28,931 5s; parish school, £52,000; total, £418,719 14s 3d. This is a wonderful proof of the energy of the voluntary principle in Scotland.

The National Debt.—The Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt have given notice that one-fourth of the surplus revenue of the year ending July 5, 1844 will be applied—400,000 to the purchase of Exchequer bills, and £43,516 14s 2d, to the purchase of stock.

Frightful Inundation in Sweden.—Letters from Stockholm of the 24th ult., represent nearly all the Swedish provinces to have suffered severely from inundation, but in the greatest degree the country bordering on the river Roeyo, which rose thirteen feet in less than an hour, rushing in torrents upon the large village of Konradslout and its environs, which were quickly submerged; sweeping away all the houses and factories, and twenty-two windmills, and in fact, leaving nothing but a mass of ruins. About 500 persons are said to have perished, and the loss of property is estimated at 800,000 six-dollars, 1,200,000 francs. Subscriptions for the relief of the sufferers have been opened at Stockholm, at the head of which stand the names of the King and Queen, with considerable contributions annexed.

The vessel having on board the Roman Catholic Bishop, the Nuns, and others, which sailed some time ago from Brest for the Sandwich Islands, had not arrived at the date of the last accounts. Rumours prevailed in the South sea that she had foundered off Cape Horn.

On the 8th inst. Dr. Symonds, who is opposed to the Puseyites, was appointed Vice Chancellor of Oxford University, by a majority of 833 to 183.

Lady Heytesbury, the Lady of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, died on the 6th October.

The British Queen Steamer.—An Antwerp journal states, that the British Queen will be again put up for sale, and that if there should not be a bidding to the amount of the estimate fixed by the government surveyors, she will be broken up, and her materials be employed in the construction of gun-boats.

Arrival of Lord Ellenborough.—Lord Ellenborough arrived at Portsmouth on Friday morning week, in the Locust steam-ship, Lieutenant Commander Lunn. The vessel is performing quarantine at the Motherbank. Captain Rowly, the flag captain, immediately went alongside to pay his respects, but, of course, did not go on board.

Piracy.—The ship Royal Consort, which has arrived in the St. Katherine's Dock from Batavia had on board the captain and crew of the Belgian ship le Charles, with their baggage, consisting of about 100 packages, their vessel having been attacked and captured by pirates at sea, in consequence of which they were obliged to seek protection, and obtained a passage on board the Royal Consort, on their way to their native country.

Fire at the Dover Railway.—We have noticed under the head of the French King's visit, the fire which prevailed at the Dover Station, New Cross, when his Majesty entered the Railway on Monday night. The octagonal building and the other property destroyed amounts to £20,000.

Address to the Ex-Regent of Spain.—Espartero has published an address to countrymen, dated from London, Oct. 10, in which he justifies the course he pursued during the time he was Regent, and expresses a wish, should he be permitted to return to his native country, to live in a private station.

Swedish Politics.—A Letter from Stockholm, of the 25th ult, in the Berlin Gazette, says, "The States have decided that for the future Diets shall be convoked every three years, instead of five years as hitherto. The nobles adopted this change by a majority of 106 votes to 70 and the clergy by a majority of 24 to 21."

French Statistics.—The Reformer states, that during the last census taken by order of government, it has been ascertained that there exists throughout France 6,642,416 dwelling-houses, 82,574 mills, 4,412 furnaces and forges, and 28,030 manufactories.

Stray Cattle.

The Subscriber has had in his possession for upwards of a week, TWO STRAY CATTLE. The owner can have the same by proving property, and paying expenses.

WILLIAM DICKENS.

Richibucto Road, Nov. 4, 1844.

For Sale.

The LOT OF LAND lying on the north side of the South West branch of Miramichi River, in the parish of Ludlow, known as the Lot No. 67, granted to Peter Duff, with the whole of the ISLAND No. 21, and the upper part of the Island No. 22, lying in front of the said Lot, the whole containing 180 acres; along the front of which there is a considerable body of INTERVALE. The Property will be sold on reasonable terms.

For further particulars apply at the office of GEORGE KERR, Chatham, 24th October, 1844.

Charles Willmer's American News Letter And European Intelligencer.

Enlarged to the extent of Ten additional columns.

The above Newspaper, now enlarged ten additional columns, which was established in July 1842, is regularly published at Liverpool expressly for transmittal by every steam ship sailing from any port in Britain soany port in the United States, and its leading feature is to give at a glance, an account of every important event that has occurred in Great Britain, Europe, or Asia, in the interval between the sailing of each steam ship, whether in politics or commerce—a correct and comprehensive Shipping List, in which will be found a faithful record of the arrival and departure of American vessels at and from all the British, European, and Asiatic ports—together with notices of such casualties or disasters as may from time to time occur—a complete price current, in which the greatest care is taken to give the latest reports of the various descriptions of American produce, from the most unquestionable sources—thus combining, in one sheet, a Newspaper, Shipping List, and a Prices Current.

The annual subscription to Charles Willmer's American News Letter is 12s. 6d. sterling. Orders and Subscriptions will be received at any of Messrs. POMEROY & CO'S Express Offices in the United States and Canada, and in Boston by Messrs. Redding & Co., News Agents.—Halifax, Mr. Belcher, Stationer.—Montreal, Mr. Wm. Greig, Bookseller.—St. John, N. B. Mr. G. E. Fenety, Morning News Office.—Quebec, Mr. Charles F. Ford, Mountain street.—St. John, Newfoundland, Mr. McCoubrey, Times Office, or they may be sent directed to the Publisher, addressed as follows:

CHARLES WILLMER, Transatlantic Newspaper Office, 5, South John street, Liverpool.

Surrogate Court,

County of Northumberland, Province of New Brunswick, ss.

[L S] To the Sheriff of the county of Northumberland, or any Constable in the said county.—Greeting:

Whereas JOHN T. WILLISTON, Administrator on the Estate of ANGUS FRASER, late of the parish of Alnwick, in the county aforesaid, Farmer, deceased, hath filed an account of his Administration on the Estate of the said deceased, and hath prayed that the same may be passed and allowed,—

You are therefore required to cite the Creditors and next of kin of the said deceased, and all others interested in the said estate, to appear before me, at a Court of Probate, to be held at my office, in the parish of Chatham, within the said county, on Monday, the twenty fifth day of November next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon, to attend the passing and allowing of Administration on the said estate.

Given under my hand, and the seal of the said court, this twenty third day of October, 1844.

T. H. PETERS, Surrogate GEORGE KERR, Register of Probates.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Newcastle Post Office, September, 1844.

- Brown Joseph, Bowie John, Beck Jane, Breen James, Barret Mrs C., Campbell Mrs Margaret, Campbell William, Cain Thomas, Chipell William, Clark Robert E., Coulton Alexander, Cameron John, Clewweek Charles, Cane Widow, Donovan Timothy, Dalton Edward, Dutton John, Dunn Thomas, Dowling John, Elliott Francis, Egan Thomas, Flynn John, Foley Peter, Grant Andrew, Gifford John, Garish Samuel, Grant Peter, Hogan William, Hipscomb George, Hynes Thomas, Ingham George, James John, Kelly Ellen, Kircard John, Lade James, Laler John, Langlands Robert, Murphy William, Moir George, McKebbin, McKie Mrs Mary, McCahill John, Murray William, Murphy John, McCormick Mary, McDowall Alexander, McLeod Alexander, McGilvie James, Maher George, McCullam A. Pilot, McKenzie James, McAnby Mary, Moran John, McAuley James, McNab Duncan, McKebbin John, Power Thomas, Perard E. B., Quin Judith, Reddy Michael, Sinclair Jessy, Shore Mary, Spalding Nathaniel, Smith James, Tiamouth William, Tiddy John, Tweedy James, Wright John, Ward Theophilus, Williams Catharine, Wheland Patrick, Wilson Thomas, Wright Francis, Langlands Robert.

All letters not called for within three months from this date, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, as Dead Letters.

HUGH MORELL, Post Master.

Surrogate Court,

County of Northumberland, Province of New Brunswick, ss.

[L S] To the Sheriff of the county of Northumberland, or any constable within the said county.—Greeting:

Whereas MARY COCKERHAM, Administratrix on the estate of JOHN COCKERHAM, late of the parish of Glenelg, in the county aforesaid, Farmer, deceased, hath filed an account of her administration on the estate of the said deceased, and hath prayed that the same may be passed and allowed,—

You are therefore required to cite the creditors and next of kin of the said deceased, and all others interested in the said estate, to appear before me, at a court of Probate, to be held at my office, in the parish of Chatham, within the said county, on Monday, the twenty fifth day of November next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon, to attend the passing and allowing of the said account of administration on the said estate.

Given under my hand, and the seal of the said court, this twenty third day of October, 1844.

T. H. PETERS, Surrogate, GEORGE KERR, Register of Probates.

New Brunswick,

COUNTY OF WESTMORLAND, ss.

[L S] To the Sheriff of the County of Westmorland, or any Constable within said county, Greeting:

Whereas Samuel Oulton and Thomas Oulton, Administrators of all and singular the Goods, Chattels and Credits, which were of the late Thomas Oulton, deceased, at the time of his death; have prayed that the creditors and next of kin of the said deceased, and all persons interested in the said Estate, may appear and attend the passing and allowing of the accounts of the said Administrators. You are therefore required to cite all the creditors and next of kin of the said deceased, and all others interested in the said Estate; and they are hereby cited to appear before me at a Court of Probate, to be held at my office in Dorchester, within and for said county, on Wednesday, the Eleventh day of December next, at twelve of the clock, at noon, to attend the passing and allowance of the accounts of the said Administrators.

Given under my hand, and the seal of the said Court, this eighteenth day of October, 1844.

E. B. CHANDLER, Surrogate Judge of Probates, county of Westmorland.

THOMAS S. SAYRE, Register of Probates for said county.

Drugs & Medicines.

The Subscriber is now opening, at the shop lately occupied by Mr Charles Marter, a large assortment of DRUGS and MEDICINES, just received from the

APOTHECARIES COMPANY, GLASGOW,

which he will dispose of Cheap for Cash, and hopes by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. He will keep constantly on hand a supply of Parr's and Anderson's Pills, Frampton's celebrated Pill of Health, Dalley's Carmine, Godfrey's Cordial, Stoughton's Elixir, Rowland's genuine Maceassar Oil, Kalydor, and Oobste, best Honey, Figs, Prunes, and Malvalade.

WILLIAM FORBES, Chatham, Oct. 11, 1844.