

The Fredericton Mail.

Last week we had to complain that the Fredericton papers were not obtained by this mail; and this week the St. John papers are missing. We mention this, that the editors in the last named city may see and have the error corrected.

The Courier left the Fredericton Ferry at noon on Thursday, and arrived here at 7 o'clock yesterday morning.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—From Thursday's *Loyalist*, we copy the annexed paragraphs:—

FREDERICKSON CATHEDRAL.—We earnestly request the attention of our readers to the following Minutes—and our Report—of proceedings at a Public Meeting, held in the County Court House, in this City, on Monday last, the object of which was to adopt measures to ensure the erection of the Bishop's Cathedral in Fredericton. From the noble liberality of the Lord Bishop himself, and most of the gentlemen who were present, upwards of three thousand pounds was subscribed on the spot, and we have no doubt but altogether £5000 will be raised in Fredericton, making with the sum already in His Lordship's hands about two thirds of the amount. An appeal is about to be made to Episcopalians throughout the Province, and as they are all deeply interested in this undertaking, let us hope the appeal will not be made in vain.

MINUTES.

The Hon. John Simcoe Saunders having been called to the Chair, on the motion of the Lord Bishop of Fredericton, the Chairman briefly explained to the Meeting that the object which it had been called was to take into consideration such measures as were essential to the building the Cathedral of the diocese in this City; the first of which was the raising by subscription the funds necessary for that purpose.

The Lord Bishop of Fredericton then addressed the Meeting, urging upon them the considerations which should influence them—entering most fully into all the details of the building, plans and sections of which he submitted to the Meeting.

Resolved, That subscription lists be immediately opened, and submitted to those present at the Meeting.

Resolved, That the Lord Bishop of Fredericton, the Venerable the Archdeacon, the Hon. J. S. Saunders, the Hon. G. F. Street, the Hon. T. Baillie, the Hon. L. A. Wilnot, Benjamin Wolhaupter, Esq., W. Bedell, Esq., Thomas R. Robertson, Esq., Asa Coy, Charles McPherson, Esq., F. W. Hatheway, Esq., and Charles Fisher, Esq., be a Committee to collect subscriptions towards the building of the Cathedral.

Resolved, That the selection of a proper site for the proposed Cathedral be entirely left to the decision of His Lordship, the Bishop of Fredericton.

Resolved, That His Lordship the Bishop of Fredericton be requested to suggest to the different Church Corporations throughout the Province, the propriety of calling meetings for the purpose of forming Committees to collect subscriptions towards the erection of the Cathedral of the Diocese of New Brunswick.

Resolved, That this Committee meet on Monday the 7th July, at 2 o'clock, at the Committee Room of the Council Chamber.

Resolved, That Mr Stratton be requested to act as Secretary.

JOHN S. SAUNDERS, Chairman.

OUR TRIALS.—The General Issues on the writs brought by the Proprietors of this paper against the Speaker of the House of Assembly and Sergeant-at-Arms, were tried yesterday, before Special Juries. A report of the trials will appear next week, but at present we have but just time to state that the verdicts were for the Plaintiffs; damages in the case of Hill versus Hon. J. W. Weldon and George Garden, Esq., £128 10s., and in the case of Doak versus the said parties, £101 5s., total £233 15s. Of course these verdicts are subjects to the decision of the Supreme Court on the special Pleas (which have been argued) and that is still pending.

We are authorized to state—upon the authority of a gentleman of Fredericton, upon whose veracity we can rely—that he has seen a letter from the Hon. John Montgomery, in which that gentleman denies having tendered to His Excellency his resignation as an Executive Councillor as reported in the *Loyalist* a few weeks ago. We received that information from the North, and would here observe that although we are always grateful for late intelligence, from whatever quarter it may come, yet we should wish those who furnish it to be careful that what they send is correct.

THUNDER STORM.—DEATH BY LIGHTNING.—On Tuesday afternoon last, a severe thunder storm was experienced in Fredericton and its vicinity. We have not heard of any damage to property, but at the Boom, a few miles below town, three or four men were struck senseless, and one of them—an American, named Horton—employed at the moment in boring a hole with an auger, was killed on the spot. The body fell into the water, but was ultimately recovered.

On Saturday night last a robbery was attempted on the Commercial Bank, St. John. It appears that the villain concealed himself in the building during the day, and at night he was broken into the Cashier's Room, attempted to break open the Iron Safe. In this, however, he failed, when he escaped by a window, and decended by the cornice, and other projections, to the Street.

MEXICO.—The New York Sun furnishes the following news from Mexico, received at Charleston by an arrival from the Havana:—

"All apprehensions of a war between Mexico and the United States are at an end, Mexico having recognized the independence of Texas."

"Santa Anna had been liberated, as announced by us a few days ago, on the arrival of the news by the British frigate Eurydice. Santa Anna and his family, banished with his own consent to Venezuela for ten years, arrived at Havana on the 7th inst., in the British steamer Medway, from Vera Cruz, which port she left on the 1st instant."

UNITED STATES.—The New York Sun of Saturday last, comes to us this week in a mourning garb, for the death of General Jackson. The receipt of the melancholy event in the different cities, towns, and villages, created considerable sensation, and every mark of respect was paid to his memory.

The following is the official announcement of his death:—

"Andrew Jackson is no more! He departed this life on Sunday, the 8th instant, full of days and full of honors. His country deploras his loss, and will ever cherish his memory. Whilst a nation mourns, it is proper that business should be suspended, at least for one day, in the Executive Departments, as a tribute of respect to the illustrious dead. I accordingly direct that the Department of State, the Treasury, War, the Navy, the Post Office, the Office of the Attorney General, the Executive Mansion, be instantly put into mourning, and that they be closed during the whole day to-morrow."

JAMES K. POLK.

Washington City, June 16, 1845.

Portland, June 10, 1845.

All the conversation here at present is of railroads and fires—of which last there has been an unusual number for Portland, a fire coming out on alternate nights.

The Montreal railroad, from present appearances, will be built; all classes and all interests feeling united as to its importance, and, what is more, all expressing a determination to aid the work by their subscriptions, which after all is the true way of testing the question. A meeting of the citizens was held last evening, at which there was an attendance, larger than could be raised in New York, without a special effort.

CANADA.—The following paragraphs are copied from the Quebec Gazette of the 16th inst.:

THE LATE FIRE.—There is a very natural desire on the part of the citizens, and among none more than the late inhabitants of St. Roch, that every precaution should be taken to prevent scenes of distress and destruction similar to those of which all more or less have been the victims.

The prevention of fires, particularly in a country where so great a quantity of combustible materials are used, depends, chiefly, on the heads of families and every individual of their inmates. The friction of a lucifer match, the snuff of a candle, a light improperly placed or carried about, fire carelessly transported from one place to another, a hearth or a stove over supplied with wood or chips, a foul chimney, or a stove pipe, ashes deposited on wood, a pipe or cigar, or the careless handling of gunpowder, may occasion the burning of hundreds of houses.

The late fire originated on the roof of a tannery by sparks from the chimney of a steam machine, where large fires of wood were used, which before had set fire to the roof. It spread to the houses in the vicinity situated to the leeward, and from thence the flaming shingles and pieces of boards, &c., were carried by a strong wind and fell on the roofs of the houses in the centre of St. Roch, nearly a quarter of a mile off, and so proceeding from place to place till the town to the leeward, so far as Hops Gate, was in a blaze. Open spaces, a succession of stone buildings, some of them covered with tin, did not prevent the spreading of the flames. The showers of rain, and a more southerly direction of the wind, seemed, alone, to have saved the remainder of the town.

AGRICULTURE.—There have been frequent heavy showers last week with thunder. The temperature kept up to between 70° and 80° in the shade, and sometimes higher. On Saturday afternoon the wind turned to the N.W.; thermometer fell to 56°, and the weather remains cool and showery.

The progress of vegetation has been extraordinary. A fortnight ago, the earliest wild fruit trees were only in blossom, and the buds of the forest trees merely expanding. Even the latest sorts are now in full leaf, the season of wild flowers excepting one or two sorts, is over, and the fruit formed, apparently in abundance. In the orchards the apples are of the size of peas, and berries abundant.

In the gardens and fields the progress has been equally astonishing. Early sown peas are in blossom. Potatoes are ready for earthing up, and the grain crops and meadows thriving. Nothing seems to have suffered by the frosts at the close of May. Even Indian Corn is hardly affected.

So far the prospects in this part of the country are good. Greater confidence of the decline of the wheat fly has prevailed, and more has been sown than for many years past. Crops are, however, never sure till they are housed, and we have only to exert ourselves, and trust to Providence for a crowning success the labours of the year. 16th June, 1845.

CALIFORNIA.—By an arrival yesterday, we received our files of Havana papers to the 6th instant. They contain advices from Mexico. We translate the following, which is taken from a Mexican paper, in regard to affairs in Caledonia:—

"A letter from Tepic says: There is nothing new here except the arrival of Gen. Micheltorena, reduced to capitulation by a body of countrymen under the command of Lt. Col. Castro and Don Carillo, near the town of Angeles." "This scandalous proceeding goes far to favor the views of the Yankees, and if the government does not take preventive means, without a doubt before another year has passed, the beautiful country of the Californias will be in the hands of the Americans."

The Oregon Question is the absorbing topic in the West. Meetings in favor of immediate occupation are held throughout the great valley, the newspaper press is unanimous, and all "go for Oregon" without distinction of party.

THE ART OF FLOATING.—The following hints are well worthy of attention:—

"Any human being who will have presence of mind to clasp the hands behind the back, and turn the face towards the zenith, may float at ease, and in perfect safety, in tolerable still water—aye, and sleep there, no matter how long. If, not knowing how to swim, you would escape drowning, when you find yourself in deep water, you have only to consider yourself an empty pitcher; let your mouth and nose—not the top part of your heavy head—be the highest part and you are safe; but thrust up one of your bony hands and down you go—turning up the handle tips over the pitcher. Having had the happiness to prevent one or two drownings by this simple instruction, we publish it for the benefit of all who either love aquatic sports or dread them."

In answer to numerous enquiries—We inform our Agricultural friends, that GRAIN of any kind will be taken in payment for the Gleaner, for which the market price will be allowed.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF MIRAMICHI.

The Arrivals and Clearances have not come to hand. Several vessels have arrived during the week, among them the schr Siberia, from Halifax; brig Old Rapp, barque Lord Wenlock.

PORT OF DALHOUSIE.

BESTICOUCHE, N. B.

Arrived, June 20th—schr New Messenger, Siteman, Halifax, 14 days; West India Produce—R. Ferguson; brig Jane, Smith, Newfoundland, 16 days; ballast—A. Ritchie & Co. 21st—brigs Hexham, Frost, Nantes, (France) 41 days; ballast—H. & J. Montgomery; Nautilus, McKinnon, Glasgow, 32 days; do—do; schr Catharine, Murray, Boston, 14 days; goods—master.

23rd—brigs Rainbow, Euens, London, 46 days; ballast—A. Ritchie & Co.; Elizabeth, Wilson, Newfoundland, 14 days; do—do; ship Helen Thompson, Stevenson, Glasgow, 31 days; do—H. & J. Montgomery. 24th—brigs Marys, Irvine, Rochelle, (France) 43 days; do—A. Ritchie & Co.; barque Nailor, Morrison, Liverpool, 40 days; goods—H. & J. Montgomery.

25th—barque Ellerslie, Harvey, Liverpool, 29 days; ballast—A. Ritchie & Co. Cleared, June 19th—schr Mystery, Hickey, Labrador Fishery; provisions—E. M. Lowden; schr Victory, Forgonon, Bathurst; goods—W. J. Fraser. 21st—schr Amber, Walsh, P. E. Island; ballast; brig Nelson, Waite, Garlestone; Timber—Wm. Hamilton. 24th—barque Wm. Glen Anderson, Forbes, Liverpool; do and deals—A. Ritchie & Co. 25th—brig Aid, Sanderson, Leith; timber and deals—P. & D. Stewart.

PORT OF RICHIBUCTO.

Entered, June 20th Schr. Relief, Powell, Miramichi.

23rd Henry Carman, McKay, Miramichi. Cleared, June 18th Schr. Zabine, LeBlanc, Gypsum. 19th Brigantine Blenheim, Parker, Newfoundland; Bark Elizabeth, Holden, Pledger, Hull. 21st Schr. Mary, McLean, Fishing Voyage; Brig Northumberland, Ade Bull. 23rd Chamcook, Cury, Dumfries.

PORT OF SHIPPIGAN.

Arrived, June 17th—ship Pardee Merchant, Poole, Liverpool—Joseph Canard & Co. Spoke on the 23rd May, in latitude 45 40, longitude 31 35, brigantine Condor, of and from Yarmouth, N. S., 17 days out, bound to Liverpool; wished to be reported.

On the 26th May, in latitude 46 20, longitude 35 20 W., ship Pallas, from Liverpool, bound to St. Andrews, N. B.

From Charles Willmer's American News Letter

SAILINGS FROM BRITAIN.

For Miramichi—May 8th Lady Combermere, Barcelona. 23rd Jane, Portsmouth; Lloyd's, Poole. 24th Mary Isabella, Gloucester. 25th Bracket, Liverpool; Trio, Waterford. For Bay Chaleur—Robert Burn, Ritchie.

All may be Cured! By



Holloway's Ointment!

FIFTY ULCERS CURED IN SIX WEEKS.

Extract of a Letter from John Martin, Esq., "Chronicle" Office, Tobago, West Indies—February 4th, 1845.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir,—I beg to inform you that the inhabitants of this Island, especially those who cannot afford to employ medical gentlemen, are very anxious of having your astonishing Medicines within their reach, from the immense benefits some of them have derived from their use, as they have been found here, in several cases, to cure Sores and Ulcers of the most malignant and desperate kind. One gentleman in this Island, who had, I believe, about fifty running ulcers about his arms, legs, and body, who had tried all other Medicines before the arrival of yours, but all of which did him no good; but yours cured him in about six weeks, and he is now, by their means alone, quite restored to health and vigour.

(Signed)

JOHN MARTIN.

PILES, FISTULAS, & BEARINGS-DOWN.

A remarkable Cure by these Pills and Ointment.—A half-pay lieutenant, lately residing at St. Helier's, Jersey, whose name by request is omitted, had for three years suffered from piles and fistula, besides a general bearing down, of the most distressing nature. He had twice undergone an operation, but to no purpose, and at last gave himself up to despair. Yet, notwithstanding this complication of complaints, together with a debilitated constitution, he was completely cured of all his infirmities, and restored to the full enjoyment of health by these justly renowned medicines, when every other means had failed.

Extraordinary Cure in the West Indies, of Leprosy and other direful skin diseases.

Mr LEWIS REEDON, of Georgetown, Demerara, writes under the above date—that Holloway's Pills and Ointment have cured bad legs that no doctor could manage, ulcers and sores that were of the most dreadful description, as likewise leprosy, blotches, scales, and other skin diseases of the most frightful nature, and that the cures effected there by these wonderful medicines are so numerous and extraordinary as to astonish the whole population.

CANCERED BREAST.—A WONDERFUL CIRCUMSTANCE.

Copy of a Letter from Richard Bull, Bootmaker, Tatton, near Southampton.

February 9th, 1845.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir,—The Lord has permitted to be wrought a wonderful cure of Cancers or Abscesses, of 12 years' standing, in my wife's breast. In the latter part of the time, eleven wounds were open at once. The Faculty declared the case as past cure, several pieces of bone had come away, and I expected that my poor wife would soon have been taken from me. It was then that a friend recommended the use of your Pills and Ointment, which, to our utter astonishment, in the space of about three months, healed up the breast as soundly as ever it was in her life. I shall ever remain, your grateful servant,

(Signed)

RICHARD BULL.

WHEESING ON THE CHEST AND SHORTNESS OF BREATH.

Copy of a Letter from Mr Jeremiah Casey, No. 1, Compton place, Compton street, Brunswick square, London, April 25th, 1845.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir,—I beg to inform you that I believe I had been, for more than three years, one of the greatest sufferers in the world with Chronic Asthma. For weeks together my breath was frequently so short that I was afraid every moment of being choked with phlegm. I never went into a bed; very often, indeed, I have been obliged to pass the night without being able to recline sufficiently to lay my head on a table, lest I should be suffocated. No one thought I should live over the winter, nor did I expect it myself; but I am happy to say that I am now able to work from morning till night, and that I sleep as well as ever I did in my life; and this miracle (I may say) was effected by rubbing your invaluable Ointment twice a day into my chest, and taking ten of your Pills at bed time, and ten again in the morning, for about three months.

(Signed)

JEREMIAH CASEY.

IN ALL DISEASES of the Skin, Bad Legs, Old Wounds and Ulcers, Bad Breasts, Sore Nipples, Stoney and Ulcerated Cancers, Tumours, Swellings, Gout, Rheumatism, and Lumbago, likewise in cases of Piles; Holloway's Pills, in all the above cases, ought to be used with the Ointment; as by these means cures will be effected with a much greater certainty, and in half the time that it would require by using the Ointment alone. The Ointment is proved to be a certain remedy for the bite of Mosquitoes, Sand-flies, Chigoe-foot, Yaws, and Coco-bay, and all skin diseases common to the East and West Indies, and other tropical climes. Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Chapped Hands and Lips, also Bunions and Soft Corns will be immediately cured by the use of the Ointment.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and by all respectable Vendors of Patent Medicines, throughout the civilized world. There is a very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of Patients are affixed to each Pot and Box.