

curred during the height of the storm. The American ship Allen, Captain Heigh-ton, laden with cotton and other goods from New York, in beating up the Chan-nel, encountered the gale on Friday. The usual precautions were taken by the crew, with a view of weathering it, but such was its violence, that she was driven on the French coast, between Eiaples and Boulogne. The men took to the rigging, in the hope of eventually obtain-ing assistance from the shore. Ere, how-ever, many hours had elapsed, the heavy sea beat her so violently on the sands that she became a total wreck. Unfor-tunately the captain, Mr. Heigh-ton, and ten of the crew were washed overboard and drowned. The remainder, consisting of the mate and five seamen, preserved themselves by swimming ashore, and were in a very exhausted condition. The amount of her loss is very heavy. Two other vessels named the Devon and Ply-mouth, and a Prussian ship were driven ashore about a mile to the eastward where they remained with every proba-bility of becoming wrecks. In the North Sea, off Yarmouth, the Humber, Whitby and other ports, many colliers, are re-ported as lost, and much excitement prevails as to the fate of the crews. In the Leith Roads, a sloop called the Car Rock sunk and the whole of the crew went down with her. Off Hartlepool a large num-ber of vessels were dismasted, and were knocking about in a very disabled condi-tion. Near the Hasborough Light much damage was sustained. The Hasborough Sand was the scene of several shipwrecks but the loss of life was comparatively very trifling. The destruction among the shipping off Milford was enormous. It commenced to blow most fearfully on 19th from S.S.W., and so continued, vary-ing one or two points, until Saturday. The damage to property on shore has also been very great. More than twenty vessels during the storm were driven into the harbour, so disabled, as to render many of them almost total wrecks. On Friday, about noon, a fine looking barque named the Norman, belonging to Belfast, whilst on her passage from Dublin to Swansea, was carried on the shingle at the South Hook Point. Every endeavour was made to get her off, but the contin-uation of the gale rendered it quite im-practicable. She therefore became a total wreck; the crew, however, succeeded in preserving themselves. The coast for miles bears evidence of the awful char-acter of the gales. Spars and pieces of wreck are continually being washed up. On other parts of the Welsh coast the losses were very heavy. A shocking cas-tastrophe occurred at the entrance of Llanel Harbour. Two schooners named the Trader, of Milford, and the Dol-phin, of Penzance, were making for it, when they struck upon the bar, and al-most immediately foundered, every one of their crew perishing with them; none of their bodies have as yet been cast up. Another schooner, called the Mary, of the port of Hayle, went ashore in the har-bour, but fortunately the crew escaped. In the vicinity of Padstow, the gales oc-casioned much damage, and notwithstand-ing every precaution much of the scaf-folding attached to the Trevoise light-house was blown away. Off Penzance similar effects was sustained. The pier of this port suffered severely. A Bergen ketch, from Irica, laden with salt, was hurled on to the sands at Gunwalloe, and in less than half an hour was completely lost. By means of ropes thrown by the coast guard of Prussia Cove station, the master and three of her crew were pres-erved, the remainder however, were wash-ed overboard and drowned. The losses off and on the Irish coast are of a most numerous and lamentable description, the sacrifices of human life being very exten-sive. On Friday night a large barque, known as the Jesse Torrence, Captain Skeane bound to Liverpool from Quebec was totally lost near a place called Clo-nakelly. There was between twenty and thirty persons on board, only nine of whom, it is supposed, saved themselves by the spars that were washed ashore. The vessel is reported to be valued at 20,000l. Near the same spot, another ves-sel is known to have perished. A dis-tressing wreck also occurred under the rocks about a mile eastward of the Isle of Whithow, near the Mull of Galloway, the barque Helen and Elizabeth, of Bel-fast, having, at about midnight on Fri-day, been driven ashore, when she short-ly broke up, every soul belonging to her, amounting, it is supposed, to fourteen persons, meeting with a watery grave. The coast guard, when apprised of the oc-currence, hastened to the spot, but the gale blew so furious, and the sea ran so high, that to render any assistance was impossible. By day break she had gone to pieces. None of the bodies are as yet washed ashore.

Coal mine explosion at Oldbury near Birmingham.—Nineteen men killed.—On Tuesday morning an explosion of fire-damp took place in one of Mr. Parker's high pressure pits at Round Green, New Colliery, near Oldbury, by which nine-teen men were killed. One lies in a hopeless state, and several others severely injured. About half past five o'clock the first relay of the colliers went down the shaft. About half an hour after the bully, or manager went down in a skip; at six four others followed and by seven five and twenty men had descended to the works. One of these was "the dog-gy," or person whose duty it is to prove the pit with a safety lamp before the colliers go to work, but who on this melancholy occasion does not appear to have taken this precaution. After the men had been at work for some short time, and had sent up four skips of coal, an ex-plosion took place, shaking the ground to a considerable distance, and followed by smoke and flame from the shaft. The banksman in attendance at the mouth of the pit instantly gave the alarm, and several men from the neighbouring quar-ry went down the shaft. With difficulty the bodies of eighteen men were got up, the shaft being 180 yards in depth. Three was consequently recovered alive, but died soon after they were brought to the top. Another was almost hopelessly injured, the remaining four escaped un-hurt. The dead bodies presented a shock-ing sight, the whole being dread-fully scorched and burnt; and altogether the scene was one of the most calamit-ous description.

Proposed Expedition under General Flores.—On the 19th ult. Mr. Forsyth, the principal searcher of the customs, accompanied by other officers, boarded the ship Glenelg, lying off Gravesend, and after inspection, seized her for a contem-pled breach of the foreign enlistment and equipment act; and next morning he, also upon the same grounds, seized the Monarch and Neptune steam vessels, lying in the East India Docks, Black-well. It is understood that all the three vessels form part of an expedition which is being secretly fitted out in this coun-try with the intention, by hostile means to effect a revolution of government in a state of South America with which we are on terms of peace and friendship. When the Glenelg was seized there had just been received on board 250 men, un-der pretence of their being emigrants, but who, it is understood, are intended to serve as soldiers or marines. The Glenelg is a fine ship of 1200 tons, and was heretofore employed in the East In-dia trade, and the Monarch and Neptune are steamers of a large class. It is said that Mr. Forsyth is in possession of in-formation concerning them that leaves no doubt that all three vessels being ul-timately condemned as forfeited to the crown.

Lieutenant-General Sir Benjamin D'Urban has received the appointment of Commander of the Forces in Canada, and proceeds there with his Excellency the Earl of Elgin, the Governor General.

M. Leverrier, the discoverer of the new planet, is appointed to the new chair of mathe-matics applied to astronomy in France.

ITALY—Rome, November 20.—The expected ordinance of the Pope, authorizing the forma-tion of four lines of railway, has at length ap-peared, to the great satisfaction of the people. His Holiness has also authorised the citizens to form their own local guard—an immense concession. He is understood to be designa-ing other measures of liberal reform. His popu-larity is immense.

NOTICE.—All persons having any just claims against the Estate of the late ALEXAN-der McDONALD, late of the parish of Aln-wick, in the County, Farmer, deceased, are required to render the same, duly attested, within three months, to Messrs. Street & Davi-dson, Solicitors, Newcastle, to whom all per-sons indebted to the said Estate are required to make immediate payment.

ALEXANDER RANKIN, Administrator.
Newcastle, 7th December, 1846.

Notice:
All persons having any legal demands against the Estate of HUGH MUNRO, Esquire, late of Somerset Vale, in the County of Gloucester, deceased, are requested to render their ac-counts, duly attested, within Three Months from this date, to the undersigned, Francis Ferguson, at his Office in Bathurst; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are re-quested to make immediate payment to the said Francis Ferguson.
GEORGE A. MUNRO,
FRANCIS FERGUSON, } Administrators.
ROBERT GORDON.
October 16, 1846.

Accordion for Sale.
A very superior London made Accordion, with Books of INSTRUCTION for sale. Enquire at the Gleaner Office.

Bankruptcy Notice.
County of Restigouche, in the Province of New Brunswick, in British North America.
In the matter of BENJAMIN MERRILL, of the Parish of Addington, in the County of Restigouche, in the Province of New Brunswick, Lumberer, a Bankrupt.
Whereas under the provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of the Province aforesaid, made and in force relating to bank-ruptcy, a Fiat in bankruptcy has been awarded and issued, and is now in prosecution before me, the Commissioner named in the said Fiat, against the said bankrupt: Public Notice is therefore hereby given, that GEORGE DEBLOIS, of Campbellton, in the said county of Restigouche, Gentleman, has been appointed Pro-visional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; and all persons indebted to the said bankrupt, or having in their possession, power or custody, any property or effects of the said bankrupt, are hereby required to pay all such sum and sums of money, debts or duties, and to deliver up such property or ef-fects to such Assignee, on or before the Ninth day of January next; and all creditors of the said bankrupt are hereby required to deliver in to the said Assignee, and to prove to my satisfaction, within three months from the date hereof, their respective claims and de-mands, whether the same be actually due or are to become due.
And notice is hereby further given, that it is appointed that a general meeting of the cred-itors of the said bankrupt shall be held on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of December in-stant, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon of that day, at my office in Chatham, in the county of Northumberland; at which meeting the said bankrupt will be required to make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects under oath And also another general meeting of the said creditors shall be held on MONDAY, the eighteenth day of January next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon, at my office aforesaid, for the purpose of receiving proof of or allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said estate. And at which last meeting, or some adjournment thereof, the said bankrupt will be required to finish his examination, and such other business relating to the said estate will be then and there transacted as may be deemed necessary.
Given under my hand, at Chatham aforesaid, this Seventh day of December, A. D., 1846.
WM. CARMAN, Junior,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts for the county of Restigouche.

Sands' Sarsaparilla.
For the Removal and Permanent Cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood, or habit of the system.
This Medicine has acquired a very extended and established reputation wherever it has been used, based entirely on its own merits, which its superior efficacy has alone sustained. It is now recommended and universally approved of by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and by its intrinsic medicinal value, the public generally (but the afflicted particularly) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood.

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.
This excellent medicine continues to be extensively used, and fresh proofs of its efficacy are being constantly afforded. Among others, the following certificate has been received by the Agents, and is submitted to the notice of the public.
Petite Riviere, Lunenburg County,
March 24, 1846.
Seeing last Fall an advertisement in a news-paper stating a medicine called Fahnestock's Vermifuge, to be an effectual remedy for ex-pelling worms from the system. I was there-upon induced to send for two bottles, and by way of trying its good qualities, gave three small doses in the morning, each an hour apart, (according to the directions) to a lit-tle girl, about four years old apparently in good health, and to our astonishment, during the afternoon of the same day, eighteen worms, from five to ten inches long, were dis-lodged. The other bottle was given to Mr. Hilton, a neighbour of mine, to be administered to one of his little boys, who, it was sup-posed, had worms, and when only one half the contents of the vial had been used, how were we surprised to find that no less than one hundred and thirty seven large worms had been passed. Being therefore convinced of the value of Fahnestock's Vermifuge as a worm ex-terminator. I would recommend it to the pub-lic as the most effectual medicine for expelling worms from the system that has ever come within my knowledge.
I am very respectfully your obedient servt.
J. R. HALL.

Sold wholesale and retail, for the prop-rietary, at Morton's Medical Warehouse, Mal-lax, N. S., and in Chatham at the store of Mr. JOHN FRASER, and by Mr. J. McPHELIN, Buctouche. Agents for all genuine patent Medicines,
MORTON & CO.

NOTICE.
DR. PALLEN being about to leave Mira-michi in a few weeks, requests all persons having accounts with him, to call and settle without delay.
Chatham, December 1, 1846.

THE NORTHUMBERLAND
Agricultural Society.
THE CATTLE SHOW AND GENERAL EXHIBITION
Of the Northumberland Agricultural So-ciety will take place in the Town of Newcastle, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of January next. The following Premiums are offered by the Society for Competition on that day, viz:—
For the following articles, to be manufac-tured in the County within one year from the time of Exhibition,—
For the best Homespun Cloth, made entirely of wool, not less than 10 yards, 0 15 0
For the second best do. 0 10 0
For the best Homespun made of wool and cotton, same quantity 0 15 0
For the second best do. 0 10 0
For the best piece of Flannel entirely of wool, same quan-tity 0 15 0
For the second best do. 0 10 0
For the best wove Counterpane 0 7 6
For the best sample of woollen Socks, not less than 6 pairs 0 7 6
For the second best do 0 5 0
For the best sample of Mitts, same quantity 0 7 6
For the second best do 0 5 0
For the best Straw Hat 0 5 0
For the best Straw Bonnet 0 5 0
GRAINS, &c., the growth of 1846, raised within the County.
For the best sample of White Bald Wheat, not less than 2 bushels 0 15 0
Second best do. 0 10 0
Third best do. 0 7 6
For the best sample of Red Bald Wheat, not less than 2 bushels 0 15 0
For the best sample of Black Oats, not less than 2 bush-els 0 10 0
Second best do 0 7 6
For the best sample White Oats, do 0 10 0
Second best do 0 7 6
For the best sample Barley, do 0 10 0
Second best do 0 7 6
For the best sample White Field Peas, 1 bushel 0 10 0
Second best do 0 7 6
The Society will purchase any quantity of good, pure TIMOTHY SEED, raised in the county, not exceeding 20 bushels, in quantities of not less than 1 bushel, at 6d. per lb.
Produce of the Dairy.
For the best sample of Butter, in firkins, of not less than 30 lbs. 0 17 6
Second best do 0 15 0
Third best do 0 10 0
For the best sample of Cheese, the quantity exhibited to be not less than 20 lbs. 0 10 0
Second best do 0 7 6
LIVE STOCK raised within the County.
For the best 2 year Bull 1 0 0
second best do 0 15 0
For the best 1 year old Bull 0 15 0
second best do 0 10 0
For the best 2 year old Heifer 1 0 0
second best do 0 15 0
For the best 1 year old Heifer 0 15 0
second do 0 10 0
For the best Ram, 2 year old 0 10 0
second do 0 7 6
For the best Ram, 1 year old 0 10 0
second do 0 7 6
For the best Ewe, 2 year old 0 10 0
second do 0 7 6
For the best Ewe, 1 year old 0 10 0
second do 0 7 6
For the best Sow, 1 year old 0 10 0
second do 0 7 6
For the best Colt, 2 year old 1 5 0
second do 0 10 0
For the best Colt, 1 year old 1 0 0
second best do 0 15 0
The decision of the Judges, or any two of them, to be final. All the premiums of 10s. and upwards, to be competed for by members of the Society only: the premiums under 10s. to be open for general competition. In all cases, whether there be any competition or not, it will be in the discretion of the committee to withhold a premium, if in their opinion the objects offered are not worthy of it. It is a standing rule of the Society— "That the premiums to be awarded shall be confined under the rules of competition to that class of persons coming under the designation of Farmers, and who depend principally upon the cultivation of the soil for a livelihood."
By Order of the Board,
JAMES CAIE, Secretary.
Miramichi, 1st August, 1846.