

length of the evidence and the intricacy of the points with which they had to deal, that Jury had discharged their duty in a manner that was highly creditable to themselves, and the conclusion at which they had arrived was entirely satisfactory to him, and must be satisfactory to the country which they represented. His Honor then in a feeling manner directed the attention of the prisoners to the magnitude of which they stood convicted, offering them some advice respecting their future conduct, and warning them that however much they or others may presume on setting the authorities at defiance for a time, as they had done on the unfortunate twelfth of July last, yet that sooner or later the law would be vindicated and the offenders punished. His Honor cautioned them against supposing that there was any thing in the Roman Catholic Religion, which he believed they all professed, which had the slightest effect on the trial which they had undergone, or on the sentence which awaited them, for he was proud to say that the law of this province recognised no distinction in sects or creeds; and had the opposite party been guilty of the same outrage on them of which they were convicted, the offenders would have stood in the same position which they now occupied, and the same meed of punishment which the Law awards to crime, would have been sternly administered to them. That it would have been well for them if they had followed the precepts of that good man who was at the head of their church, their excellent bishop, who, he believed cherished in his heart peace and good will towards all mankind; and that had they followed his advice, they would not have been in the unfortunate position in which they were then placed. His Honor concluded by telling the prisoners that it was impossible for him to read their hearts, but whatever they might now think of what he had now said to them, the day might come when they would think the advice which he then offered good advice, and that it would be well for themselves, for the honor of the church to which they professed to belong, and for the peace of the community in which they might reside to follow it. His Honor concluded with the following emphatic sentence: "As the administrator of the Law, it is my duty to punish you, as your fellow man it is my inclination as well as my duty to couple the sentence of punishment with that advice which I hope may be for your good."

The prisoners sentenced to the penitentiary were taken on board one of the steamboats on Monday, to be conveyed thither; and as the boat left the wharf she was greeted with a cheer from some persons on shore. On this ill-timed demonstration of feeling the editor makes some severe remarks.

CANAL TO UNITE THE MEDITERRANEAN AND THE RED SEA.—It appears by late British papers, that this great enterprise, so long spoken of, is in a fair way of being at length carried out. A company, comprising a number of merchants and capitalists of London, Vienna, and Paris has been formed, and a party of engineers has proceeded to the scene of operation. The following is an extract from a late paper—it will give our readers an idea of the work proposed to be undertaken.

The purpose of the colossal project is to cut a ship canal between Suez and the ancient Pelusium, following very nearly the course of the ancient canal, the traces of which still exist on the isthmus. The projected canal is said to have width and depth sufficient to float a first rate man of war. A port will be constructed at Suez and another at Pelusium. From the reports which have reached us, it appears that surveys have already been made to a sufficient extent to remove all doubt as to the practicability of the project within those limits of expenditure which would secure the support of prudent capitalists. The chief doubt rested on the construction of the proposed port of Pelusium; but M. Negrelli has already made a survey and estimates sufficiently exact to leave no fears on that head. The parties are, at the time we write, on the spot and actively engaged in the prosecution of the affair.

The near prospect of the realisation of such a project has revived the idea, long since suggested of a railway following the same route. It is not impossible however that both project may be realised, and that even with advantage to each other. The works necessary for the one will be equally available to the other. And every one conversant with engineering will perceive in how many ways each, in actual operation may aid the other. It would be a glorious spectacle to behold these wonders of art and science—the locomotive,—the ship,—the railway, and the canal at work upon the sands of the desert that were for centuries untroubled save by the pilgrim and the camel. Yet such a result may be far from remote.

The company we refer to has been constituted for several months back, and has devoted its inquiries to the question between a railway and a canal. It has decided in favor of the latter. It is proposed to divide the execution of the works between the engineers of the nations above named. The English engineer, Mr Stephenson is to construct the port of Suez; the Austrian engineer M. Negrelli, is to take charge of the port of Pelu-

sium and the French engineers are to construct the canal.

THE ST. LAWRENCE.—A contemporary thus speaks of the magnitude of this noble North American river.

The vastness of the River St. Lawrence far exceeds all European conceptions. Its entrance from Labrador till Nova Scotia is 106 leagues running a course of 3000 miles, varying from 1 to 70 miles broad, 2,000 miles of which are navigable by large ships, and the remainder by vessels up to 60 tons. The great basin of the St. Lawrence contains in mass more than one half the fresh water in the world, the superficial area of which being 72,930 square miles, a quantity which would form a cubic column of nearly 22 miles on each side.

THE SEASON.—A considerable quantity of snow fell on Thursday night and Friday. Saturday being a very cold day, much ice formed in the River, but the greater portion it floated down with the ebb tide. On Sunday several vessels passed down, and one or two yesterday, which was a very fine day. There is an appearance of milder weather which we trust may not prove delusive, as several vessels with provisions are expected.

Marriages.

At Douglastown, on the evening of the 18th inst. by the Rev. Mr Henderson, Mr GEORGE H. RUSSELL, of Chatham, merchant, to MARY, third daughter of Mr David Johnstone, of the former place.

Deaths.

At Newcastle on Thursday last, the 18th inst. MONTAGUE, second son of William Salter, Esq., aged 18 years. In life universally esteemed by all who knew him, and in death much and sincerely regretted by a numerous circle of friends and acquaintances.

At Kingston, Canada West, on the 2nd inst Sir RICHARD BONNYCASTLE, many years chief officer of the Royal Engineers in that Province.

At Chatham, on Wednesday evening last, JAMES HUDSON, only son of James Johnson Esq., aged 16 months.

At Chatham, on Sunday morning, JOHN, eldest son of Mr. James Coombie, after a protracted illness, aged 19 years.

At Chatham, on Sunday evening last, JAMES, son of Mr Cornelius O'Keffe, aged 5 years.

WISTER'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
the great remedy for
CONSUMPTION,

And the best medicine known to man for Asthma of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Bleeding of the Lungs, Shortness of breath, pains and weakness in the side, breast, &c., and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this Balsam exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER.

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed, and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies, and when MERCURY has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has restored the LIVER to a healthy action, and in many instances effected.

PERMANENT CURES!

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of years standing.

It not only emanates from a regular physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, either to cloak it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by overrating its virtues; on the contrary, I shall simply endeavour to give a brief statement of its usefulness, and flatter myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues, as will satisfy the most incredulous. That Consumption may and CAN BE CURED, if this medicine be restored to its time. For sale by

K. B. & W. Forbes, Chatham

And by Druggists generally throughout the United States.

The following is taken from the Daily Mercury of November 11th, printed at Bangor Me.,

The Secret Revealed!

Many persons wonder how CURRIS & PERKINS have managed to sell over thirty thousand bottles of the *Cramp and Pain Killer* within the last six months, and that too, without advertising it to the amount of fifteen dollars. The secret of its unparalleled popu-

larity is, that it positively will and does cure bilious cholera, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism, inflammatory sore throat, stitches in the back or side, spinal complaints, chapped hands, toothache and sore lips. It will extract the fire from a burn or scald in ten minutes, and if applied in season, prevent its blistering, and is the best article in the world for the cure of the Piles. In short it is all vegetable and all-healing matter. Unlike most other Pain Killers, it does not contain one particle of opium or comphor.

Every family should keep a bottle in the house, as it is exceedingly useful in case of accident. An external application will at once relieve children who are afflicted with wind cholera.

The above valuable medicine is for sale by K. B. & W. Forbes, Chatham, price 2s for large bottles, and 1s 3d for small. Messrs Forbes have circulars containing certificates of almost miraculous cures performed by this medicine.

ARRIVALS AT HEA'S HOTEL.

November 9th—W. Parker, Nelsen. 10th—George Wright, Jun., Esq., Liverpool. 12th John Little, Kouchibouguac; James Bettie do, John Bettie, do; W. S. Caie, do; S. Polleys, do. 15th—James Kitchen, sen., Esq., Pictou; Phillop Vibert, of New Carlisle, from Halifax; Mrs Henderson and Son of Newcastle, from Sackville. 17th. Captain Charles Dornig, Dublin. E. C. Patten, Kouchibouguac; Mrs McMarster, Bay du Vin. 18th, John McKinnon, Charlottetown. 30th, William Stevens, Jun. of Bathurst, from Saint John:—Moore, Esq. Saint John. 21st, John Williston, Bay du Vin; Thomas Ullock, Jun. do; John Graham, Richibucto. 22d, Duncan Allanach, Kouchibouguac; John Atkinson, do; J. B. Hatherington, Richibucto; Ed. Hughes, do; Samuel Corney, do; John Martin, do; Miss Wood, do.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF MIRAMICHI.

ENTERED.—November 16th—schr Prudent Audette, Quebec.

CLEARED.—Nov. 16th—Prudent, Audette, New-Carlisle; Joseph, Philan, Halifax; Curlew, do.

17th—May Flower, Forgeron, Pictou.

18th—bark Kent, Hunt, Liverpool; brig Robinson Rodd, Sunderland.

19th—Bark Janet, Moore Newport.

20th—brig Hannah, Shaw, Neath; Energy Warren, Limerick; Try Again, Barry, York, Chatham, Key, Liverpool; Elizabeth, Downing, Hull.

The schooner Misco, Coulson, got ashore at Lower Bay du Vin on Friday. He has received some damage, and is discharging his cargo, which we understand has received some damage. He is from Quebec, three days out.

PORT OF DALHOUSIE,

ENTERED.—November 12th—schr Hector Fraser, Halifax.

15th—Freedom, Thomson, Prince Edward Island.

15th—Temperance, Casey, do.

16th—Mystery, Gagnie, Halifax.

CLEARED.—November 12th—brig Hero, Harrison, Port Talbot; Amity; Borrowdale, Kirkindbright; St. George, Poole, Llanelly.

13th—bark Acadia, Younger, Leith

16th—schr Waterloo, Eisan, Halifax.

18th—Hector, Fraser, do., Freedom, Thomson, P. E. Island.

From Willmer & Smith's European Times of November 4.

From Bathurst—Genevieve, Marseilles; H. Head, Clyde.

From Buctouche—Henry Ismay, Tenby.

From Dalhousie—Renfrewshire, Clyde: Saperb, do; Eiza, Troon.

From Gaspe—Doris, Civita Vecchia; Racer, Naples; Christopher Columbus, do; Quiz, Ancona.

From Miramichi—Argyle, Liverpool; Rebecca, Belfast; Endymion, Hull; James Bell, Penitend Frith; Mariner, Clyde; Ocean-Queen, Liverpool; Thomas, Leith Roads.

From Richibucto—James, Swansea.

MIRAMICHI

Candle & Soap Manufactory.

The Subscriber offers for Sale at the build opposite the Post Office, Mould Candles, 6s & 8s by the Box, or retail. Also—Hard and Soft soap, in quantities to suit families.

WILLIAM LETSON

N. B.—Hardwood Ashes, Soap Grease and Tallow will be received in exchange for Soap and Candles.

HARNESS.

The subscriber has received, on Consignment,

10 sets strong double Harness, suitable for lumbering purposes,
30 Horse Collars, 30 pairs Blinders,
20 sets Reins, 60 Hame Straps,
10 pairs Neck Yoke Straps, which will be sold low for cash.

WM. J. FRASER.

November 8, 1847.

Sheriff's Sales.

On the second SATURDAY in April, 1848, in front of Hamill's Hotel, Newcastle, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, P. M., will be sold at Public Auction,

All the Real Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim and Demand

Of Daniel Becket, in and to certain Lands situate on the little South West branch of Miramichi; and all other the Real Estate of the said Daniel Becket, in the county of Northumberland. The same being taken by me under Execution issued out of the Supreme Court at the suit of Peter Mitchell against the said Daniel Becket.

JOHN M. JOHNSON,

Sheriff of Northumberland.

Sheriff's Office, 4th October, 1847.

On the third Tuesday in March, 1848, in front of Hamill's Hotel, Newcastle, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, P. M., will be sold by Public Auction—

All the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim and Demand, of Lewis Urquhart, in and to a certain Lot of Land situate on the Tabernacle, on which he recently resided, and in the occupation of William Urquhart, senior, in the parish of Alawick. Also—all other the Real Estate of the said Lewis Urquhart, in the county of Northumberland; the same having been seized by me under Execution issued out of the Supreme Court at the suit of the Honorable Joseph Canard against the said Lewis Urquhart.

JOHN M. JOHNSON, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Northumberland,

4th September, 1847.

On the fourth TUESDAY in February, 1848, in front of Hamill's Hotel, Newcastle, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, P. M., will be sold at Public Auction:—

All the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim and Demand of John Haw, in and to Lot No 2, granted to Robert Jipson, containing 400 acres, situate on the north side of Cain's river, in the parish of Blackville, and on which he at present resides.

Lot Z, containing 60 acres, adjoining the last mentioned LOT.

Also—all other, the Real Estate of said John Haw, situate in the County of Northumberland, the same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court against him at the suit of the Honorable Joseph Canard.

JOHN M. JOHNSON, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Northumberland,

14th August, 1847.

Books and Hats.

For sale by the Subscriber,
Sears' History of the Bible.
do Pictorial Illustrations do.
do Bible Biography.
do Guide to Knowledge.
do Wonders of the World.
do Sunday Book.
do Pictorial Library.
do History American Revolution.
do History of Great Britain & Ireland.
do Information for the People.

Also—an assortment of Hats:—Black and low crown Hats, Silk and Beaver do.

JOHN RUE.

Chatham, July 5th, 1847.

Long looked for come at last!

JOHN FRASER & Co., beg leave to intimate to their friends and the public generally, that they have now got to hand their supply of London

Fall and Winter Goods:

Consisting of—Boas, Muffs, Victorines, Cardinal Capes, Cuffs, Fur Caps, Cloaks and Cloakings, Mous de Laines, and Cachmeres, of the latest designs, Flannels, Orleans, Brocaded and Plain; Silk Velvets, in black, purple and blue. Satinets, Black and Coloured Gloves, Blood Caps, Cloth Boots, Knitting Cotton, Ribbons, Fringes, Gimps, &c. &c. &c.

REMOVAL.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Has removed from the store lately occupied by Haldow & Loudoun, to the adjoining store recently occupied by Henry C. D. Carman, Esquire, where he will in future carry on business on his own account.

ALEX. LOUDOUN.

Chatham April, 1847.

Notice of Dissolution.

The Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of MAYBERRY & PHINNEY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having any demands against the said Firm, will please to render their respective accounts; and all persons indebted to the Firm are requested to make payment to either of the subscribers.

JACOB MAYBERRY.

ZACCHEUS PHINNEY.

Richibucto, 1st November, 1847.

N. B. The business will hereafter be carried on by the subscriber.

ZACCHEUS PHINNEY.

John Johnston, Jun.,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, &c

Office—near the residence of Mr

RICHIBUCTO

November, 1847.