

most daring and brutal attempt at robbery and murder occurred on the afternoon of Sunday, 26th ult., in the house of a respectable English family residing in the Dock Yard. The circumstances, which we gathered from parties upon the spot, are briefly the following: It appears that at about 3 o'clock, the master of the house, with his wife and two children, left their dwelling, leaving it in charge of a little girl, aged 13 years. About an hour after the absence of the family, the child heard footsteps as if approaching the house, and imagining that it was the return of some member of the family, immediately ran and opened the door, when she was startled at beholding the figure of a man, dressed as a marine, having the lower part of his face covered with a black silk kerchief. The child, suspecting the intention of the strange visitor, ran screaming into the house, and with remarkable presence of mind, seized upon a valuable watch hanging over the mantel shelf. The villain having closely followed her, and observing her act, immediately commenced a severe scuffle, in which the watch was destroyed. The murderous wretch, seeing that he was entirely foiled in his object, drew a knife from his pocket, which he was in the act of drawing across his courageous opponent's throat, when most providentially a rather more than usual noise was made by a brood of fowls at the door, which the man imagining to be a signal of some assistance approaching, immediately took to flight. The child, however, was slightly hurt by the knife—a scar having been left on the throat where it had touched her. The statement of her cries, not having been heard soon enough for the neighbours or guard in the yard to have rendered any assistance, may be accounted for by the fact that the house stands alone at the north end of the yard, and fully five minutes' walk from any other building.

Upon information to the Admiral, an immediate search was made for the culprit, who is supposed to belong to the Marine service, but without success.

Halifax Sun, October 4.

**Corporation**—The Civic Elections passed off on Friday, almost unnoticed by the citizens generally. The Candidates in all the Wards were elected without opposition. The new Councillors will be sworn in to-day. They are:

- No. 1—William Stairs, Esq., re-elected, and Mr. William Smith.
- No. 2—Mr Benjamin Wier.
- No. 3—Messrs Elias Cabot and John Watt.
- No. 4—H. Mignowitz, Esq., re-elected, and Mr. John Naylor.
- No. 5—Mr. John McNab.
- No. 6—John King, Esq.

**New Brunswick.**

Fredericton Head Quarters, October 5.

**Agricultural Cattle Show.**—Yesterday the York County Agricultural Cattle Show and Fair was held in this city in a field belonging to Mr. Odell; and the show of the animals, although not so numerous as might have been expected, was respectable, considering that this is the first exhibition of the kind which has taken place under the auspices of the present Society.

The specimens of farm produce which were exhibited, were excellent in their kind. We particularly noticed yellow carrots, raised in the open field by Mr. William Watts, of this city, weighing 3½ pounds; and another sample of white carrots, cultivated by Mr. John H. Reid, in the vicinity of Fredericton, which appeared nearly equal in size and weight. A mammoth squash, weighing 65 pounds, raised by Mr. West in the Parish of Prince William, also attracted general attention. The specimens of dairy produce, and the article of domestic manufacture, were highly creditable to the skill of the producers, and seemed to afford general satisfaction to the inspectors and judges.

As we are not in possession of a correct list of the prizes awarded, we shall not anticipate the report of the able officers of the Society, but content ourselves with remarking that the affair passed off with the utmost order and regularity. Numbers of our most respectable citizens and farmers in New York and the adjoining Counties were on the ground. We have not the slightest doubt that the Agricultural Show of yesterday is the precursor of others more varied and extensive, and that it will help to give a fresh impetus to the all important subject of Agriculture throughout the County.

**Death of Doctor Andrews.**—We deeply regret to learn that Frank Andrews, Esquire, Assistant Surgeon of the 33rd Regiment, died last evening at 11 o'clock, of the malignant fever brought to this country by the emigrants which have arrived in New Brunswick during the present season.

Dr. Andrews has fallen a victim to this fatal malady from his kind exertions in assisting the medical gentleman belonging to the city to save the poor creatures who have been so cruelly and unceremoniously forced on this community, and his death has produced feelings of the deepest regret among all classes. Dr. Andrews a few days ago, was in the full vigor of youth, with the prospect of a long and happy life before him, and has been cut off under circumstances of the most melancholy and distressing description.

Some rogue having broken open a safe, in St. John, and carried off several hundred pounds worth of Bills of exchange, the property of Mr. Benj Smith, a sort of private banker in that city, \$100 reward is offered for the recovery of the same.

**YESTERDAY'S MAIL.**

The papers by this mail furnish a few items of news which we copy below:—

**FREDERICTON.**—It will be a source of gratification to our Fredericton readers to learn that the health of Lady Colebrooke is daily improving. We hope her temporary residence in Saint John will facilitate her recovery, and that she may soon return here to continue her patronage to those charities which her example and perseverance rendered so useful in this community, and which never were more needed than at the present moment.—Reporter, October 8.

**NOVASCOTIA.**—"The union of Prince Edward Island with Novascotia," says the Toronto Colonist, "is spoken of as a very likely occurrence." Positively the best thing that could happen to our Island neighbours.—Halifax Sun, October 8.

**ST. JOHN.**—A. Campbell, Esq. arrived in town on Thursday evening last, to supply the place of Alfred Smithers, Esq. as Manager of the Branch of the Bank of British North America in this City. We understand that Mr. Smithers will retire from his charge on the first of January next, and remove to London, to engage in commercial business, in connection with a highly respectable firm of long standing.

**QUARANTINE REPORT.**—The following is the report from the Health Officer on Partridge Island, for the week ending yesterday:—  
Landed on the Island during the week, all sick, 31  
Discharged, 92; Deaths, 23, 115  
Now on the Island, 394

Only six deaths have occurred in the last three days.

The bark Fanny from Londonderry arrived on Thursday with 240 passengers. Two infants died on the passage; the remainder are all well.

The Mail Steamer Britannia, having completed her repairs at New York, returned to Boston, and left for Halifax and Liverpool on the 1st instant—her regular day. She arrived at Halifax on Sunday morning with 67 passengers for Liverpool, and proceeded on her voyage, soon after with 8 more.—Courier, October 9.

**MEXICO.**—Late American papers received at St. John furnish some further and important intelligence from this country, which we copy below:—

**CAPTURE AND OCCUPATION OF THE CITY OF MEXICO.**—Intelligence was received at New Orleans on the 25th ult., from Vera Cruz, announcing the important intelligence of the failure of the negotiations between Gen. Scott and Santa Anna, and the recommencement of hostilities between the contending forces, which resulted, after several successive victories, in the triumphant entry of the American troops into the capital of Mexico, of which city they took possession of on or about the 16th September.

The details of the conquest are meagre and uncertain. One account sets down the American loss in killed and wounded, at 1700, and that of the Mexicans at 2500, and adds that the Mexican general Bravo was killed—Santa Anna is stated to have been wounded, and to have retired with his shattered forces to Guadalupe, about twelve miles from the city. Another account is that General Scott went into the city on the 14th, and entered on a road the Mexicans little thought the would. It was a rainy night, and about 20,000 lepers with all sorts of arms, and 10,000 women with stones, together with the army, endeavoured to stop the Americans, but at the first shot they scampered like a flock of sheep.

The following are the concluding articles of Santa Anna's ultimatum, the rejection of which was followed by a renewal of hostilities:

All goods now in the ports occupied by the American troops to pay the duties established by the Republic, unless they have been prepaid; otherwise they will be confiscated.

The government of the United States to satisfy justly the claims of the Mexican citizens for the damage the American troops have done them.

The New Orleans Delta of the 26th says—It seems that on the 15th the heights Chapultepec were taken possession of by our troops, and on the 14th and 15th, they spent the time in bombarding the city, when a portion of them entered the next morning (16th) the balance remaining at Chapultepec.

The Washington Union of Saturday night remarks—"One impression is left upon us from the whole of the letters and papers before us, and that is, that they do not confirm the reports that we had heard of the violent resistance made by the Mexicans or the great loss on our side, or Gen. Worth's wound. The lepers and women figure more in these accounts than their regular troops, or even their guerrillas."

**NOTICE.**—All persons having any legal demands against the estate of THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY, late of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, Esquire, deceased, are requested to render their accounts, duly attested, within one month from this date, at the office of Alexander Loudon; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

**THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY,**  
Sole Administrator.  
Chatham, 20th September, 1847.

Twenty-five Thousand Bottles sold the last year.

**RELIEF WARRANTED.**

Great New England Remedy for Coughs, Colds, and all Lung Complaints!

**Hunter's celebrated Pulmonary Balsam or Cough Syrup.**

This pleasant and agreeable Syrup is now being sold in vast quantities, for the very good reason that almost universal relief has been found by the thousands who have made use of it for coughs, colds, and lung complaints, within the past year.

It comes from a quarter where cases of consumption have been most frequent, and where it has heretofore been most fatal in its termination, owing to an ever changing climate. It is a scientific preparation, having been got up by one of the most skillful and successful physicians in New England.

**Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam**

is a combination of ten distinct articles of medicine, each of which taken separately would be of service to a person afflicted with a cough or lung complaint. It is comparatively a new article, although it has been used for years in an extensive practice, with unparalleled success. Yet it is not more than one year since it has been put up in its present form for the purpose of circulating it. During this short time, an almost incredible amount of it has been sold, whilst little effort has been made to increase its sale. It has depended upon its own merits, and thousands have been relieved and cured.

At one establishment in Maine, 5 thousand bottles have been sold at retail within the last twelve months. More than fifty individuals who were pronounced decided and marked cases of consumption, in the city of Bangor and vicinity, have been entirely cured by the use of Hunter's Balsam. Frequent cases have occurred where strangers journeying for health, and passing where the article was kept, have been induced by the recommendations of others to purchase a bottle, and after using it, have sent from two to three hundred miles for it.

Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam is an agreeable syrup, and is warranted an effective remedy for coughs, hoarseness, colds, pain in the breast, influenza, hard breathing, liver and lung complaints, difficult expectoration. For adults and children in cold climates and warm. It has remained to a late day to discover an article so admirably adapted to these complaints, so powerful and effectual, and yet so perfectly innocent and mild. A single trial of it will do more to convince all of its merits than all they can see or hear on the subject. It is quite certain that no injury has ever been known to arise from its free use. An uncommon fact is, that this remedy is a syrup, palatable and pleasant to the taste. Children take it with the greatest readiness.

600,000 Boxes sold the past year.

**Indian Dyspepsia Pills,**

For cure of costiveness, acidity of the stomach, bilious habits, headache, dizziness, heart burning, pain in the side, lung and liver complaints.

**Dyspepsia and Indigestion,**

With costiveness, acidity of the stomach, heart burnings, bilious complaints, producing headache, pain in the side, loss of appetite, and general debility, can be remedied, removed, and entirely cured by the use of the Indian Dyspepsia pills. These pills have effected the most astonishing cures in hundreds of cases of the above complaints, and are an invaluable remedy, in an especial manner, for Dyspepsia. They are a mild and gentle Cathartic, operating mostly upon the blood, cleansing and purifying the same, and causing the digestive organs to perform their appropriate organs with regularity.

**Costiveness.**

Habitual costiveness is, if not removed in time, a cause of more than half of the disorders and pains to which humanity is subject. The medicines too generally had recourse to, do more harm than good, as they weaken the peristaltic action of the bowels, and thus aggravate instead of removing the complaint.

Also in all bilious diseases, attended with pain in the side and right shoulder blade, with a dull, sallow countenance. In all Diarrhoeas, ague and fever, bilious fever and sick head ache, they are an invaluable remedy.

For purifying the blood we do not believe these pills have their equal in the world.

30,000 Thousand bottles sold the past year.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

**Cramp and Pain Killer,**

**Rheumatic and Cramp LINIMENT.**

Is decidedly and without controversy the best article in the world for Cramp in the Limbs, or stomach, pain in the stomach, bowels and side; Rheumatism in all its forms, stitches in the back or side, cholick, chapped hands, sore lips, colds, and tooth ache, inflammatory sore throat, and burns. Also Dr. Weld's STRENGTHENING PLASTERS, for pain in the side, stomach, and back; sold wholesale and retail by Curtis and Perkins, Bangor, and by

**K. B. & W. FORBES.**  
Chatham, September 10, 1847.

**In the matter of James McNair, A BANKRUPT.**

Notice is hereby given, that a further meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt will be held at the office of the undersigned Commissioner of Bankrupts, at Chatham, on SATURDAY, the Thirtieth day of October, instant, at Eleven of the clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the Estate of the said Bankrupt; at which meeting the said Bankrupt, James McNair, will be examined on oath touching his estate and dealings and will be required to finish his examination; and such other business will be transacted, relating to the said estate as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand, at Chatham, this ninth day of October, A. D. 1847.

WM. GARMAN, Junr.

Commissioner in and for the County of Restigouche of the estate and effects of Bankrupts.

T. DESBRISAY, Sol. for petitioning creditor.

**To the Inhabitants of the Province of New Brunswick.**

About four years since STOVES known in Canada by the name of Russian Stoves, have been manufactured by Mr. Smolenski, which stoves are now used in most of the public buildings in the city of Quebec and other parts of Canada. Twenty or thirty of the principal families of Quebec, after a trial of these stoves have given a public testimony of their approval. A stove on the same principle may be seen at Mr. Turner's, next door to Dr. Key's, which has been seen by most of the leading and scientific gentlemen of Miramichi, who have expressed their approval of it. They can be constructed fit for a gentleman's drawing room, as also for the merchant's counting house, &c. The proprietor will shew the stove to any person who may wish to see it, and superintend the construction of them in any part of the province. For terms apply at his residence.

Miramichi, October 12, 1847.

**STOVES and CHAIRS.**

Per Peregrine, from Boston, a good assortment of Cooking, Franklin, and other STOVES, CHAIRS, BROOMS, PAIRS, TUBS, Bedsteads, Window Shades, &c. Also,

**ONE HANDSOME SOFA.**

For sale low, by

WM. J. FRASER.

October 11, 1847.

**WANTED,**

For the Chatham Rigging Loft, Eight or Ten good RIGGERS, Apply at the office of

J. CUNARD.

October 5, 1847.

**TENDERS**

Will be received at Layton's Hotel, on THURSDAY, 14th October, instant, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the following Supplies for the use of the Lazaretto on Sheldrake Island, to be delivered at the Lazaretto free of expense to the Board, in such quantities, monthly, until the first of June next, as the Board may direct:—

- 12 bbls Canada Flour,
- 8 cwt Oat Meal,
- 1 bbl Yellow Corn Meal,
- 3 bbls No. 1 Canso Herring,
- 2 cwt Dry Codfish,
- 200 lbs Butter,
- 60 lbs Candles,
- 200 lbs Soap,
- 1 cwt Rice,
- 200 lbs Pot Barley,
- 6 gallons seal Lamp Oil,
- 40 lbs Congo Tea,
- 40 barrels Potatoes,
- 2 tons Upland Hay,

1000 lbs Beef, (fore quarters) to be delivered in such quantities as may be required, not oftener than once a week.

The whole of the articles to be approved of as delivered, by a person to be named for that purpose.

The Tenders to state the rates at which the different articles will be furnished, and also the gross amount of the tender for the whole.

Payment will be made in cash at the end of every three months, on the faithful performance of the contract.

JAMES DAVIDSON, Secretary.

Chatham, October 5, 1847.

**MAIL ROBBERY!**

The undermentioned are the numbers of some of the Notes contained in Money Letters abstracted from the mails in April and May last. Any person having any of the same in his possession, or who can give any information respecting the same, is requested to communicate with the Deputy Post Master General, Saint John, or with the nearest Postmaster:

- 1 note Montreal Bank, No. 132, A. £12 10
- 1 do. do. 7,472 0 10
- 1 do. do. 23,629 D. 0 5
- 1 do. Montreal city bank, 4,494 A. 5 0
- 1 do. B.N.A. bank, Halifax, 5,340 5 0
- 1 do. do. Quebec, 36,185 1 0
- 1 do. Province of N. Scotia, 1,355 1 0
- 1 do. do. 2,514 1 0
- 1 do. Bank of N.S., Halifax, 1,094 5 0

W. W. BARNARD,

Post Office Surveyor.

September, 1847.