

Gov. Bent, Stephen Lee, Acting Sheriff, Gen. Elliot Lee, Henry Seal, and twenty Americans were killed and their families despoiled. The Chief Alcalde was also killed. This also occurred on the 17th January. The insurrection had made formidable head and the disaffection was rapidly spreading.—The insurrectionists were sending expresses out all over the country to raise assistance. The number engaged in the out-break at Taos was about 600.—They were using every argument to incite the Indians to hostilities and were making preparations to take possession of Santa Fe.

The Americans at Santa Fe, had only about 500 effective men there; the rest were on the sick list or had left to join Col. Doniphan. Such being their situation they cannot send succour out, as they are hardly able to defend themselves. It is thought Santa Fe must be captured, as neither the Fort nor Block Houses are completed.

It announced as the intention of the insurrectionists who captured Taos, to take possession of the government wagon trains, which are carrying forward our supplies, and thus cut off all communication.

The representations made to Col. Doniphan, that Chihuahua would be an easy conquest, were evidently intended as a lure to entrap him, begat a spirit of security, and lead him far off into the interior, where he might easily be cut off.

It is the universal opinion in Santa Fe that if Gen Wool had gone to Chihuahua there would have been no trouble in New Mexico.

Latest from Texas.—Maj. John M. Allen, U. S. Marshall for Texas, died suddenly, on the night of the 19th ult. Few men, says the Civilian, have passed more eventful lives than the deceased.

He was a native of Kentucky; entered into the U. S. navy at an early age; left it to take part in the Greek revolution; and was with Lord Byron when he died. Subsequently he was engaged in the struggle for Texan independence, having commanded a cruiser against the Mexicans at one time, and being one of those who, at San Jacinto redeemed the fair domain that now constitutes the State of Texas forever from the Mexican yoke. He was the first Mayor of Galveston, and has since held the office several times.

A large portion of the town of Ripley, says the Houston Telegraph, was consumed by fire on the 21st of January, and three children of the widow Tenson, whose house was consumed, perished in the flames.

European News.

Mark Lane Express, Feb. 8.

IRELAND.—The country grain markets continue to decline. The report to day from Limerick, Clonmel, Waterford, Derry and Belfast, are all in favour of the consumer; and from the immense importations of bread stuffs and other provisions into the Irish ports, it is to be hoped that the prices will be kept to their average level, and that the gloomy predictions of a reaction in favour of the speculations will be falsified. The following gratifying announcement appears in the Belfast Chronicle.—

"The import of bread stuffs and provisions generally into Belfast has been on a very extensive scale during the last ten days. Almost every steamer which arrives from Liverpool, Glasgow or Ardrossan, brings as the most important portion of her cargo, Indian corn, and meal, peas and flower; and in addition to our regular traders, we had on Sunday two other steamers of large tonnage, the Princess Royal, and Town of Drogheda, which disembarked a great bulk of provisions. Donegal quay was literally a curiosity on Monday—from the waters' edge all across to the stores it was densely covered with bags of Indian corn, sacks of peas, and barrels of flour, and the passenger could with difficulty make his way through the narrow passages and labyrinthine windings of this accumulation of good things. In addition to these arrivals coastwise, immense quantities are being daily landed from foreign ports, the latest of these being the Chusan from New Orleans, with nearly nine thousand bushels of Indian corn, arrived here on Monday, and a number of other vessels from Philadelphia, Nantes, Venice, St Michael's, &c. More are daily expected and as a considerable reaction has already taken place in the markets, we think it highly probable that the prices of grain will yet tend lower."

A monthly agricultural report, published in the Derry Journal, thus refers to the culture of the potato in the province of Ulster:—

"In consequence of the failure of the potato crop, for the last two seasons, farmers appear inclined to plant earlier; and we have

observed what may be considered for this season, extensive preparations for proceeding with that operation. In some localities such as Lach, and the parish of Ardstraw, a sufficiency of seed may be calculated on; but in most districts the want of the requisite amount, and also the deficiency of manure, on the part of the cottiers, who to help themselves through the present distress, have disposed of their manure heaps, and who hitherto have been the great producers of this crop, induce us to believe that not more than one half of the crop planted last year will be put down this season."

With respect to the wheat crop the same authority says:—

"The wheat crop at one time showed signs of recovering that unhealthiness which we noticed in our last report; but we regret to say that latterly it has retrograded in most fields, which the excessive rains only can account for. The plants are generally thin on the ground and their appearance anything but vigorous; but a good spring may yet bring their crop into a promising condition. Owing to the favourable weather at the commencement of the month, a considerable breadth of ground was put down with spring sown wheat; and we should think that by this time there is a full average of that grain committed to the soil."

London, Pictorial Times, Feb. 13.

SCOTLAND.—Horrible Destitution.—A gentleman, recently from the west coast, assures us that a family in Kishorn, Lochcarron, have subsisted for several weeks this season on boiled grass and nettles, without tasting any other species of food. He adds that nothing whatever has been done for the parish beyond giving the paupers a few bowls of meal, and thinks that ere summer, Jeantown will be as utterly destitute as Skibbereen, in Ireland.

The Central Committee on Highland Destitution met for the first time on Monday, and the proceedings are worthy of attention. In the first place, the separate functions of the Free Church Committee are to cease, and as an earnest paid in £5000 to the general fund. Next, resolutions were passed as to the method of relief. Among others, it was resolved:—

That relief shall be given to any party who is ascertained to be in the destitute state, who is willing to work, yet cannot find employment, but not to parties on the ordinary poor roll, obtaining relief under the poor law, or able immediately to obtain such relief. That meal be distributed by weight, no individual to receive more than one, or at most two weeks supply at a time—the distribution not to exceed one and a half pound a day to each adult male, three quarters of a pound to each adult female, and one half pound per day to children under twelve years of age, other food in proportion, and that a responsible member of the family receiving the supply appear personally. That local committees should hold it as a general rule that payment is to be made or work given, in exchange for relief, and shall impress upon the people that food is given not as a gratuitous gift, but to be paid for one way or another.

Timothy Seed.

The Board of the Northumberland Agricultural Society have instructed their Seedsmen, Mr Watt, at Newcastle, Mr Porter, at Douglas, and Mr Thomas Spratt, at Chatham, to purchase prescribed quantities of TIMOTHY SEED, and to allow the bounty price of the Society for it, say Sixpence per pound.

The Timothy Seed must be the growth of Northumberland; of pure quality, and approved weight; nor will the Society receive a larger quantity from any one grower, than two bushels. By Order of the Board.

JAMES CAIE, Secretary. 11th February, 1847.

To Let.

The Lower half of the DWELLING HOUSE in Chatham, formerly occupied by Mr Robert Swassels, as the Bank of British North America and at present by Mr Wm. Blanchard. The cellar is frost proof, with pipes conveying the water into it, from the excellent spring at the foot of the hill, near St. Mary's Chapel. Possession given on the 1st of May next.

HENRY GUNARD. Chatham, February 15, 1847.

BATHURST!

Missing—a Volume containing Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress, and other works by the same author, with Scott's Commentaries. Any person having the same, will have the goodness to bring it to the subscriber, who will reward him for his trouble.

WM. NAPIER. Bathurst, 12th March, 1847.

To Smokers! A few thousand Regalia and Habana Cigars,

Just received and for sale low, by WM. J. FRASER. March 15, 1847.

Notice.

At a General Sessions of the Peace of our Lady the Queen, held at the Court House, in Newcastle, in and for the county of Northumberland, on Tuesday, the twelfth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty seven.

Whereas sundry persons appointed at the last January Sessions of the Peace held in this county, to the office of Surveyors of Lumber, and Inspectors of Fish and Barrels, who have not complied with the provisions of the law, by entering into bond, and being duly qualified, as by the act of the General Assembly is required, and who have, notwithstanding, acted as surveyors and inspectors under such appointments,—

Therefore ordered, that any person appointed or who may be appointed at this present, or any subsequent Sessions, (or by any two Justices out of sessions) to the office of surveyor of lumber, or inspectors of fish and barrels for any parish in the county of Northumberland, and who shall refuse or neglect to be qualified according to the provisions of the law, for the due discharge of the office to which they may be so appointed, or who shall presume to act in either of said offices before being duly qualified, and obtain their certificate of such qualification, shall not be considered eligible to be again appointed to either of the said offices to which they may have been so appointed, and in which they may have so presumed to act, without or before having been so duly qualified according to law.

And further resolved, that this Session will not, under any circumstances, reappoint any person who shall be convicted of, or proved to have acted in either of the said offices before being duly qualified as aforesaid.

And further ordered, that this order shall be published in the Gleaner newspaper three weeks in each and every year in the month of March, and that it be the duty of the Clerk of the Peace to cause it to be so published.

Extract from the minutes, T. H. PETERS, Clerk of the Peace.

Copartnership Notice.

The Subscriber having this day taken into Co-partnership his two sons, JOSEPH J., and WILLIAM E. SAMUEL, the business heretofore carried on by him will in future be conducted under the Firm of M. SAMUEL & SONS. M. SAMUEL.

Chatham, 2nd January, 1847.

The Subscribers have on hand an extensive assortment of Dry Goods, Cutlery, and Earthenware. Also—Flour, Pork, Butter, Annapolis Cheese, Brandy, Gin, Wine, Jamaica Spirits, Sugar, Muscatel Raisins, &c., &c., which they will dispose of on reasonable terms for Cash or approved Credit, at their store in Chatham. They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

M. SAMUEL & SONS.

Sheriff's Sale.

On TUESDAY, 20th July next, in front of Hamilton's Hotel, Newcastle, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, P. M., will be sold at Public Auction:—

All the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim and Demand, of JOHN BUOY, in and to that House and LAND situate in the Town of Chatham, opposite the Commercial Building; and also all other the Real Estate situate in this county, the same being seized upon by me to satisfy Executions issued out of the Supreme Court against the said John Buoy.

J. M. JOHNSON, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Northumberland, 18th January, 1847.

NOTICE.—All persons having any just demands against the Estate of the late Reverend JAMES SOUTER, formerly Minister of St James Church, Newcastle, and late of Burthwick, in the County of Edinburgh, Scotland, deceased, are required to render the same, duly attested within three months to the subscribers; to whom all persons indebted to the said Estate are required to make immediate payment.

ALLAN A. DAVIDSON, Administrator. Newcastle, 23rd December, 1846.

Steam, Steam, Steam!

THE IRON STEAM PACKET "CONQUEROR", Will run between

Shediac, Charlottetown & Pictou. The ENSUING SEASON, commencing immediately on her arrival from Britain. This Boat is NEW, and propelled by two Engines of FORTY HORSE POWER EACH. W. H. & R. C. SCOVIL.

Shediac, 1st March, 1847. N. B. Notice of the days of leaving and arriving at each place will be given immediately after her arrival.

Carding Machine at Nelson.

The subscriber begs respectfully to inform the public that he has purchased a set of CARDING MACHINES.

Made after the most improved plan, and warranted to him to do excellent work. He will have it set in operation in Nelson early in the ensuing spring, and will Card Wool for the public on liberal terms. He will make his terms known, and employ agents to take in Wool at Chatham, Douglastown, and Newcastle, previously to commencing operation.

WILLIAM WILSON. Nelson, 1st March, 1847.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Newcastle Post Office, March 15, 1847.

- Astles John
Anderson Margaret
Baxter Wm
Brophy Patrick
Burby Gideon
Blackmore Jerrid
Buckwith David
Barber Moses
Bahone Wm
Carter Captain
Chaplin David
Cowie Robert
Copp Henry
Costello Thomas
Conoran John
Cowery Joseph
Crowley Jerry
Clark Robert
Campbell Wm
Carey Patrick
Carey Johanna
Collett Michael
Dunit John
Desmond Francis
Ferguson Hugh
Griffith Charles 2
Hickory Thomas
Hewson Davis
Henderson Kenneth
Kennedy Robert
Leart Alex.
Lynch Peter
Lunly Jerry
Lynn Richard
M'Comby George
M'Kay George
M'Kay Moses
M'Arthur Charles
Mahony Michael
Morison Hugh
Morison Hector
McMartin Wm
McKay Robert
McKenzie Alex
Mullins James
McLean Alex
M'Namara John
Orr George
Orr John
O'Keefe John
Right Francis
Rully Edward
Ryan Edward
Ryan Rody
Stangway Henry
Sherard James
Sullivan Mary
Scott Mary
Sutherland Alex.
Tweedy Robert
Toser David
Turnbull Mr
Taylor Mary
Tozer James
Wilson Thomas
White Edward
Whitney Samuel
Woods James
Wash John
Weaver F.
Weaver Mary
Young Robert

H. MORELL, P. M.

Notice.

At a General Sessions of the Peace of our Lady the Queen, held in the Court House, at Newcastle, in and for the county of Northumberland, on Tuesday, the twelfth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty seven.

Rules and regulations made and established by the Justices of Northumberland, in Session, under and by virtue of an act made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of Queen Victoria, entitled, an act to authorize the Justices of the Peace in the several counties to make rules and regulations for the public Wharfs and Landings in their respective counties.

Rule I. That the rules now established shall apply to the public wharfs and landings in the the parishes of Newcastle and Chatham, respectively.

II. That no person or persons shall occupy or encumber any of the public wharfs or landings in either of the said parishes, with either boats, vessels, or scows, in landing or unloading any merchandize, country produce, lumber, or any other article of traffic or other wise, whatsoever, for a longer period than six hours in the parish of Chatham, or twelve hours in the parish of Newcastle, under the penalty of one pound for each and every offence.

III. That no person or persons shall occupy or encumber any of the public wharfs or landings in either of the said parishes, with either rafts of square, sawn, or round lumber or firewood, or with creels of lathwood, shingles, scantling, elabs, rinds, or rails, for a longer period than six hours in the parish of Chatham, or twelve hours in the parish of Newcastle, under a penalty of one pound for each and every offence.

IV. That no person or persons shall, under any pretence whatsoever, or for any time whatsoever, so occupy and encumber any or either of the public wharfs or landings in either of the said parishes, but that the boats and scows of the respective Ferries plying across the river Miramichi, shall have free access to and from the said respective wharfs and landings or either of them, on all occasions by day or night; and every person so offending and thereby impeding, hindering, delaying, or preventing the said ferry boats and scows respectively shall be subject to a penalty of ten shillings for each and every offence.

V. That no person or persons shall cast or throw down, deposit or leave any nuisance, encumbrance, or obstruction, into, upon, at or near any of the public wharfs or landings in either of the said parishes, or shall refuse to remove the same when requested so to do by the Wharfinger or Wharfingers so to be appointed under the said act; and every person so offending shall be liable to a penalty of ten shillings for each and every offence.

V. The Wharfinger or Wharfingers so to be appointed, and by virtue of the said act shall have full power and authority, at all times when he or they may deem necessary, or when he or they shall be called upon by any of the inhabitants of either of the said parishes, to remove or cause to be removed all nuisances, encumbrances, or obstructions, in, upon, at or near to any of the public wharfs or landings in either of the said parishes, and not before provided against, and to order the person or persons so offending in each and every one of the said cases to remove the same; and every person causing the said nuisance, encumbrance, or obstruction, and refusing to remove the same, or any or either of them, shall be subject to a penalty of one pound for each and every offence.

VII. That the foregoing rules and regulations shall come into operation on the first day of April next; and that the Clerk of the Peace shall cause the same to be published in the Gleaner Newspaper one month previous to that date.

Extract from the minutes. T. H. PETERS, Clerk of the Peace.