

tunity of amending his Jury list according to the strict requirements of the act. It was stated to have been the first instance ever known in the Province of a challenge on that account, although, from the extreme particularity of the provisions of the act, it was considered that no Sheriff's list ever yet returned could have been without some defect, and therefore a like subject of challenge.

We have also been informed that it was stated, that the Solicitor General proceeded by indictment for a riot, to avoid the effect of remptory challenges to the number of twenty, which each offender would have had in case of a proceeding for felony; the necessity of calling most of the witnesses in each case, which would have taken six months to get through with all the cases, and the punishment in felony and for a riot being of the same general character, and other good reasons, which appeared quite satisfactory to the Court and Grand Jury, and that the difficulty respecting the Sheriff's book was impossible to be obviated under the act of Assembly until the commencement of the year, or by an Act of the Legislature; and it seemed that, upon the whole, greater confidence and a much better tone of feeling pervades the community in consequence of the sitting of the Court than had hitherto obtained."

POTATO CROP.—Potato digging is now general, and we are sorry to learn that they are very much affected by the rot. The yield is an abundant one, and those that are not diseased are large in size, and finer in quality than they have been for some seasons past.

CANADA.—We copy from our Canadian Journals the following paragraphs, which will give our readers an idea of the state of sickness and disease at the quarantine station, as well as the evils that have resulted from the system of emigration pursued during the season:—

KINGSTON, September 8.—We regret that there have been so many deaths amongst our friends and fellow townspeople for some time back. The Typhus fever has been almost invariably the cause of these deaths.—This disease is almost as fearful in its consequences as the Cholera. We understand from good authority, that, for the last few days, there have been as many deaths, from Typhus fever among the inhabitants, as there have been among the emigrants.

Then, again, the transmission from Ireland to America of this fearful contagion has vitally injured every description of business. And those who are compelled to travel, must take their passage on steamboats where hundreds of these miserable wretches are huddled together, and the lives of our inhabitants are thus exposed to a disease which is most distressing in its nature.

HOSPITAL AND SHEDS.—During the month of August, the number of deaths, in the Hospital and sheds, has amounted to 269. At the end of the month there were 584 on the list of sick, since when, about 100 have been discharged as convalescent."—*Herald.*

"Our latest advices from Grosse Isle are up to yesterday. All the tents were struck some days since. On Tuesday last the churches were emptied of their sick, and have been thoroughly cleansed and fumigated, and now revert to their original purposes. On Wednesday the old passenger sheds were vacated, and the number of sick reduced to 1327; of whom 150 were convalescents, who have been sent to the east end of the island, where there have been established male and female convalescent wards.—All the sick are now in hospital. The medical and hospital staff have been reduced. The services of Drs. McGrath, Sauve and Jameson have been dispensed with, and Dr. Wallace will leave the ensuing week; the reduction has likewise extended to the orderlies and nurses. The Hospital state on the 10th, was as follows:

Men,	483
Women,	472
Children,	352
	1307

Between the 5th and the 9th inst, the deaths were 104.—*Quebec Mercury, September 12.*

POST OFFICE.—The Quebec Mercury of the 14th inst, contains the following important announcement:

"We have this day received information from a quarter entitled to confidence, informing us that on and after 4th November next, the transmission of the mails—to and from the old country—will be made via Halifax and Quebec; that from a period in the same month no accounts with the United States post office will be kept; and lastly that it is very generally rumoured, and as universally believed, that the beginning of operations on the line of railway to Halifax will be made with as little delay as possible. In addition to this, we have heard that an early transfer will be made, to the Quebec Post Office, of some of the clerks now engaged in the department at Montreal.

"It is unnecessary, at present, to revert to the many, admitted, benefits which must flow from the construction of the Halifax and Quebec Railroad.—They are fully known. We

may, however, express an opinion that if a sum equal to that for several years past paid to the neighbouring government be expended in the making and maintenance of the highway between the termini named, there will be little reason to regret the coming change. With proper arrangements on the part of our Post Office, and good roads, the English mail can be conveyed to and from Halifax, Quebec and Montreal, in a space of time but slightly exceeding that now taken in performing the same service via Boston, Quebec and Montreal. We allude mainly to the winter season. In summer, we presume, at first, a steamer will again run between Pictou and Quebec. At least such should be the arrangements."

REV. MR. HANNAY.—A Glasgow paper received by the last mail, contains the following paragraph:—

"**PRESBYTERY OF DUMBARTON.**—The Presbytery met at Milngavie on the 26th inst., for the purpose of moderating in a call to the Rev. James Hannay, formerly minister at Richibucto, in New Brunswick, to be minister of that church. The call was harmoniously subscribed, and no objections to Mr. Hannay having been offered, it was sustained by the Presbytery and accepted by him. An extract of his ordination by the Presbytery of Stranraer, and a highly satisfactory certificate in his favour by the Presbytery of Miramichi, were produced; and his induction was appointed to take place on Thursday the 16th of Sept., when Mr. Shaw, of Bonhillis, to preach and preside."

The Right Rev. Bishop Dollard, Roman Catholic Bishop of New Brunswick, arrived here on Saturday last.

In our next issue we shall be prepared to report the state of Quarantine matters at Shippigan.

ARRIVALS AT HEA'S HOTEL.

September 14.—Hon. Judge Bedard & Miss Bedard, Quebec; Rev. H. Power, Bathurst; Asa H. Coy, Fredericton. 16th—Birk Archibald, South West; W. Ullock, Bay du Vin; Z. Phinney, Richibucto. 17th—W. Wilson, South West, Miss Parker, do; Benjamin Bowser, Sackville. 18th—Thomas Powel, Richibucto; Miss Murray, do. 20th—H. Getchell, Bay du Vin; Alex. Loggie, Jun. & Mrs. Loggie, Barnt Church; Charles Ward, New York; J. Little, Kouchibouguac. 21st—Richard Dawson, New Brandon; William Sprague, Boston. 23rd—J. J. Donald, Esq., South West; W. Parker, do; James Stockford, St. John; J. Hutchison, Northesk; Robert Forsyth, do.

Deaths.

At Pokemouche, on the 16th inst., Mr. VALENTINE GIBBS, a native of Kilkenny, Ireland, aged 60 years; a man much respected in the community he lived in. He was kind, humane, and hospitable, to all who fell in his way; and from the goodness of his heart in relieving his countrymen, fell a victim to the Emigrant Fever. He has left a wife and a large family to lament their loss.—*Com.*

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF MIRAMICHI.

ENTERED, Sept. 21—brig Mary Ann, Crosby, Belfast, 38 days—J. Cunard; brig Pomona, Younger, Leith, 37 days—Duncan & Loch.

22nd—brig Mariner, Crawford, Port Glasgow, 43 days—Gilmour, Rankin & Co.

CLEARED, Sept. 21—brig Rebecca, Campbell, Belfast; schr Lark, Marks, Halifax.

PORT OF SHEDIAC.

ENTERED, Sept. 5—barque Susan, Cronk, London, 44 days—W. H. & R. C. Scovill.

18th—barque Seven, Wiseman, Liverpool, 37 days—do.; schr Manly, Porrie, Arichat—A. McGhie.

CLEARED, Sept. 16th—brig Symmetry, Martin, Greenock, deals—A. McGhie.

PORT OF RICHIBUCTO.

ENTERED, Sept. 13—brig Civility, Ball, Waterford, ballast—J. McPhelim.

14th—barque Grace Darling, McLea, Dublin, 21 days to St. Paul, ballast—D. Wark.

17th—brig Eliza, Cheasty, Dungarvon, 25 days, ballast—R. Cutler.

18th—brig Whim, Howard, Waterford, 35 days, ballast—Holderness & Chilton.

19th—barque Amity, O'Shaughnessy, Hamburg—Holderness & Chilton.

Captain Cheasty reports that a man named Pat. Green, boarded the Eliza, and was not discovered until three days after she left port. He died on the tenth day after leaving the land.

CLEARED, Sept. 13—schr Fly, Halifax—salt. 18th—schr Relief, Miramichi—salmon

CARD.

DR. PAXTON, by request of a number of his friends, has returned to Miramichi. Residence next door to James Caie, Esq. Queen Street.

Chatham, September 6, 1847.

MAIL ROBBERY!

The undermentioned are the numbers of some of the Notes contained in Money Letters abstracted from the mails in April and May last. Any person having any of the same in his possession, or who can give any information respecting the same, is requested to communicate with the Deputy Post Master General, Saint John, or with the nearest Postmaster:

1 note Montreal Bank, No. 132, A. £12 10	
1 do. do. 7,472	0 10
1 do. do. 23,629 D.	0 5
1 do. Montreal city bank, 4,494 A.	5 0
1 do. B.N.A. bank, Halifax, 5,340	5 0
1 do. do. Quebec, 36,155	1 0
1 do. Province of N. Scotia, 1,255	1 0
1 do. do. do. 2,514	1 0
1 do. Bank of N.S., Halifax, 1,094	5 0

W. W. BARNARD,
Post Office Surveyor.

September, 1847.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted for the services of the Horse "LIEUTENANT," are required to make payment to the subscriber by or before the Fifteenth day of October next; all sums remaining unpaid after that date will be put into a Magistrate's hands for collection.

LAWRENCE GRENNAN.

Douglstown, 27th September, 1847.

NOTICE.

The Annual Ploughing Match

Of the Northumberland Agricultural Society, will take place in Chatham, on

Wednesday, 6th day of October next,

In the lay field belonging to John T. Williston, Esquire, situate on the lower side of the Napan road, nearly adjoining the Hospital.

The Winners of Prizes last year will not be eligible as competitors for the same or lower prizes this year.

Teams to be on the ground by NINE, and ready to commence work by TEN o'clock, A. M.

SIX prizes are offered for competition, as follows—Prize No. 1, £2 5 0
No. 2, 2 0 0
No. 3, 1 15 0
No. 4, 1 10 0
No. 5, 1 5 0
No. 6, 1 0 0

The Judges will be previously appointed by the Board, and their names will be announced by the Secretary on the morning of competition, but they will not appear on the field till after the work be ended.

Further particulars may be known of the Secretary at any time during the interim. By Order of the Board.

JAMES CAIE, Secretary.

13th September, 1847.

Just Landing.

—Ex schr. Independence, from Quebec—

100 barrels Canada FLOUR,

Choice brands, for family use, cheap for cash.

WM. ALBRO LETSON.

September 13, 1847.

Bricks, Bricks, Bricks.

The subscriber has for sale on his premises, at Clarke's Cove, STOCK BRICK, manufactured on the premises, of the best quality, which can be conveniently shipped from his wharf, or taken from the piles in carts. A constant supply will be kept on hand, manufactured from the best materials, and thoroughly burnt.

HENRY CUNARD.

Chatham, 15th September, 1847.

NOTICE.—All persons having any legal demands against the estate of THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY, late of Chatham, in the county of Northumberland, Esquire, deceased, are requested to render their accounts, duly attested, within one month from this date, at the office of Alexander Loudoun; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY,

Sole Administrator.

Chatham, 20th September, 1847.

NOTICE.—All persons having just demands against the estate of JOHN VONDY, late of Chatham, Surgeon, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, within three months, to the subscriber; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

THOS VONDY, Administrator.

Chatham, 20th September, 1847.

NOTICE.—The subscriber begs leave to intimate that he is about to leave the province; and requests all those who have just claims against him, to send them in immediately for payment; and those indebted to him are requested to pay their accounts on or before the first day of October next, otherwise they will be placed in a lawyer's hands for recovery.

THOMAS FOWLER, Teacher.

Chatham, September 20, 1847.

Twenty-five Thousand Bottles sold the last year.

RELIEF WARRANTED.

Great New England Remedy for Coughs, Colds, and all Lung Complaints!

Hunter's celebrated Pulmonary Balsam or Cough Syrup.

This pleasant and agreeable Syrup is now being sold in vast quantities, for the very good reason that almost universal relief has been found by the thousands who have made use of it for coughs, colds, and lung complaints, within the past year.

It comes from a quarter where cases of consumption have been most frequent, and where it has heretofore been most fatal in its termination, owing to an ever changing climate. It is a scientific preparation, having been got up by one of the most skillful and successful physicians in New England.

Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam

Is a combination of ten distinct articles of medicine, each of which taken separately would be of service to a person afflicted with a cough or lung complaint. It is comparatively a new article, although it has been used for years in an extensive practice, with unparalleled success. Yet it is not more than one year since it has been put up in its present form for the purpose of circulating it. During this short time, an almost incredible amount of it has been sold, whilst little effort has been made to increase its sale. It has depended upon its own merits, and thousands have been relieved and cured.

At one establishment in Maine, 5 thousand bottles have been sold at retail within the last twelve months. More than fifty individuals who were pronounced decided and marked cases of consumption, in the city of Bangor and vicinity, have been entirely cured by the use of Hunter's Balsam. Frequent cases have occurred where strangers journeying for health, and passing where the article was kept, have been induced by the recommendations of others to purchase a bottle, and after using it, have sent from two to three hundred miles for it.

Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam is an agreeable syrup, and is warranted an effective remedy for coughs, hoarseness, colds, pain in the breast, influenza, hard breathing, liver and lung complaints, difficult expectoration. For adults and children in cold climates and warm. It has remained to a late day to discover an article so admirably adapted to these complaints, so powerful and effectual, and yet so perfectly innocent and mild. A single trial of it will do more to convince all of its merits than all they can see or hear on the subject. It is quite certain that no injury has ever been known to arise from its free use. An uncommon fact is, that this remedy is a syrup, palatable and pleasant to the taste. Children take it with the greatest readiness.

600,000 Boxes sold the past year.

Indian Dyspepsia Pills,

For cure of costiveness, acidity of the stomach, bilious habits, headache, dizziness, heart burning, pain in the side, lung and liver complaints.

Dyspepsia and Indigestion,

With costiveness, acidity of the stomach, heart burnings, bilious complaints, producing headache, pain in the side, loss of appetite, and general debility, can be remedied, removed, and entirely cured by the use of the Indian Dyspepsia pills. These pills have effected the most astonishing cures in hundreds of cases of the above complaints, and are an invaluable remedy, in an especial manner, for Dyspepsia. They are a mild and gentle Cathartic, operating mostly upon the blood, cleansing and purifying the same, and causing the digestive organs to perform their appropriate organs with regularity.

Costiveness.

Habitual costiveness is, if not removed in time, a cause of more than half of the disorders and pains to which humanity is subject. The medicines too generally had recourse to, do more harm than good, as they weaken the peristaltic action of the bowels, and thus aggravate instead of removing the complaint.

Also in all bilious diseases, attended with pain in the side and right shoulder blade, with a dull, sallow countenance. In all Diarrhoeas, ague and fever, bilious fever and sick head ache, they are an invaluable remedy.

For purifying the blood we do not believe these pills have their equal in the world.

30,000 Thousand bottles sold the past year.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

Cramp and Pain Killer,

OR

Rheumatic and Cramp LINIMENT,

Is decidedly and without controversy the best article in the world for Cramp in the Limbs, or stomach, pain in the stomach, bowels and side; Rheumatism in all its forms, stitches in the back or side, cholic, chapped hands, sore lips, colds, and tooth-ache, inflammatory sore throat, and burns. Also Dr. Weld's STRENGTHENING PLASTERS, for pain in the side, stomach, and back; sold wholesale and retail by Curtis and Perkins, Bangor, and by

K. B. & W. FORBES.

Chatham, September 10, 1847.