

ings of the Imperial parliament in Dublin continue their sittings.

The trial of the Chartist leaders for levying war against the Queen in August last, has been brought to a conclusion in London. The prisoners, Downing, Cuffey, Fay and Lacy have all been found guilty, and have been transported beyond the seas for their natural lives. Ritchie, who pleaded guilty (Mr. B. Lantyne, his counsel, seeing it was hopeless struggling against a conviction) received the same sentence. Shaw, Gourney, Able, Snowball, Scalding, Martin, Jones, Argue, and Fl-way, were sentenced to two years' imprisonment; and Waspere, Prowton, Conway and Morgan, to eighteen months, with fines of ten pounds each. Shaw in consideration of his superior education was fined fifty pounds.

A further overland mail has arrived from India bringing dates from Calcutta to the 20th Madras to the 25th, and Bombay to the 31st of August. Major Edwardes and his gallant troops were still encamped before Moultan. The reinforcements despatched from Feroz-pore had not yet joined them, but were hourly expected. In the line of one of the columns advancing, a heavy fire had been heard in the direction of Moultan. A Sikh auxiliary force was also on the march from Lahore. The insurgent inhabitants were attempting to quit Moultan, having heard of the approach of the British, and the Dewan to prevent them was building up the gates. In spite of the unhealthy season, the march of the reinforcements had not been attended with any remarkable casualty. An outbreak has taken place in Hazerah districts, in which Attock is situated the key to the north western frontier of India, and Colonel Canara an European officer in the Sikh service, had been murdered. We are afraid that the delay caused in despatching troops to succour Major Edwardes has induced the insurgents to make this movement, presuming upon our inability to suppress the rebellion.

There has been an improved feeling in commercial affairs during the past week. Colonial produce is in better request as the consumption is increasing, and prices still rule low. An opinion prevails that as breadstuffs get cheaper and foreign arrivals increase, our produce markets will resume their former activity. Money is also in abundance, and the rate of interest rules low, whilst in the manufacturing and mining part of the country trade has a more active and animated appearance, and wages are on the advance.

POSTSCRIPT.
France.—Some of the Paris journals mention the report that Austria had definitively rejected the Anglo-French mediation. We have not been able, however, to ascertain what the foundation for the report is. It will no doubt, if unfounded be contradicted in the Monitor.

Advices have arrived to day of serious disturbances which have broken out at Lyons. It appears from the Lyons journals, that early on Tuesday morning, the gardes mobiles of Lyons, whose corps has been recently dissolved, presented themselves at the prefecture to demand the month's pay which had, they said been promised them. Being allowed to enter the hotel, they possessed themselves of it, and kept the prefect in custody for three quarters of an hour, crowds assembled around the building; but a regiment of dragoons, returning from exercise, charged them, and drove them away, also clearing the hotel, and releasing the prefect. The vicinity of the prefecture was then occupied militarily.

The alarm caused was so great that the shops in the vicinity were closed. At half past nine o'clock a group of twenty gardes mobiles disarmed the two sentinels of the Mont de Piété. They then attempted to force themselves into the guard-house, but the men occupying it having barricaded themselves in it, they did not succeed. They however broke all the windows. At 10 o'clock, 200 mobiles presented themselves at the Hotel de Ville, with a red flag. Being charged by the soldiers, they immediately dispersed. General Gemau and his staff, accompanied by an escort, traversed the city. At 11 o'clock the Place de la Prefecture and the vicinity were occupied by the military. Groups of the mobile were traversing the streets, and it was said that some of them had gone to the Croix-Rouge. The *Courier de Lyon* says:— "It is hoped that this *chauffouree* will not have any other consequences. Still we think the authorities would do well to be on their guard."

Another account says that notice of what was passing having been given to military authorities, the 9th dragoons were sent to occupy the Place de la Prefecture. After having cleared the place of their carriages, and having charged and entering the Prefecture, cleared out the interior court of the insurgents with their resistance. In their retreat, however the mobiles disarmed a post which

they encountered on their way. Their project was to mount to the Croix-Rouge, from which they could descend with reinforcements.

At half past 12 o'clock a battery of artillery had arrived upon the place of the Prefecture, and cannon was planted so as to sweep all approaches. At the departure of the last accounts the insurgents were endeavouring to raise barricades in the Rue Mercier.

BANKRUPT SALE.

To be sold at Public Auction, on THURSDAY next, the 28th instant, at noon, at the house of Wm. DICKENS, on the Richibucto road, the following articles, together with others not particularly mentioned, viz.

400 to 500 TREES of PINE and SPRUCE LOGS,

60 to 70 Tons PINE TIMBER, where they now lie in the Bay du Via mill boom, 50 to 70 M. superficial Feet of BOARDS, Lying on the Beach near George Williston's at Bay Vin.

7 Horses, 4 Cows, 5 Heifers, 1 Colt, 4 Pigs, 4 Sheep, 1 Truck Body, 2 Box Carts, 1 Plough, 1 Sleigh, 1 Paug, 1 Fly, 4 Horse Sleds, 1 Harrow, 4 Bob Sleds, 3 Ploughs, 6 Grindstones,

2 set Double Harness, 1 set single Harness, 1 Saddle and Bridle, 2 Cart Saddles and Breechin

4 Horse Rugs, 2 Sursangle, Axes, Shovels, Forks, Wheel barrow, Roller, Hoes, Pickaxes, Hand saw, Cross-cut Saws, Scythe Snaths, Reaping Hooks, Whipple Trees, Ox Yokes, Chain Traces, Augurs, Siring Bells, Steelyards, Tacke Fall, Tables, 1 Wood Clock, 2 Feather Beds.

4 tons Meadow Hay, on Kimball's meadow. 4 do do do, on Carriboo meadows. 2 do do do, on the head of the River meadows.

1 do Upland Hay, four miles above Bay du Vin river Bridge.

3 Double, Canoes in Bay du Via River, 2 Raising Waps, 1 Cooking Stove. Terms Cash. By order of the Commissioner,

W. J. FRASER, Provisional Assignee. Miramichi, 19th October, 1848.

Wreck Salt & Coal by Auction.

On FRIDAY next, 27th OCTOBER, a noon will be sold at Auction, for the Benefit of all concerned—

275 Tons Liverpool SALT,

20 Tons House COALS;

on board the Ship Deborah, as she now lies stranded on Tracadie Beach.

JOHN DORAN, Auctioneer. Chatham, October 24, 1848.

The Sale of the HULL and MATERIALS will take place at the wreck on TUESDAY next, 31st instant, at noon.

FREE CHURCH COLLEGE,

FOR THE LOWER PROVINCES OF British North America.

EMBRACING NOVA SCOTIA, NEW BRUNSWICK, PRINCE EDWARD'S ISLAND, & NEWFOUNDLAND.

THIS COLLEGE will be opened on WEDNESDAY, 1st NOVEMBER, 1848, when the REV. ANDREW KING, Professor of Theology, will deliver an INAUGURAL ADDRESS, in St. John's Free Church, Halifax.

Hour of Meeting, Twelve o'clock.

Students will be enrolled for the different Classes, immediately after the inauguration discourse is concluded.

THEOLOGY, REV. ANDREW KING.

MENTAL AND NATURAL PHILOSOPHY, WITH GENERAL AND CLASSICAL LITERATURE. REV JOHN C. MACKENZIE.

The Rev. ALEXANDER FORRESTER has agreed to give a course of Lectures, on Natural Science, in connection with Natural Theology, and the evidence of Revealed Religion.

Classes for Hebrew and Oriental Literature, will be formed under Rev. Dr. HOFFMAN. Money is already secured for four Bursars.

Books and Subscriptions for the Library, will be received at the Stationary Store of Messrs. A. & W. Mackinlay, Halifax. It is most desirable that there should be as liberal donations and as large subscriptions as possible before November next.

To Let.

The HOUSE and PREMISES formerly occupied by the late JAMES PATTERSON, in Chatham, situate between the residence of Mr John Fitzpatrick and Mr Robert Coulee. Immediate possession can be given.

JAMES PATTERSON. Chatham, 7th October, 1848.

For Sale.

The LOT of LAND fronting on the north side of Miramichi River, nearly opposite middle Island, known as Lot No. 43, containing 100 Acres. There is a snug dwelling HOUSE on the Lot, and from 5 to 10 acres of cleared Land. The front abounds in free stone, fit for building purposes, and has a good Salmon Fishery. The premises are at present in the occupation of Mr. James McIntosh. For Terms and further particulars, apply at the office of

GEORGE KERR. Chatham, May 29, 1848.

Notice.

All persons indebted to WILLIAM TAYLOR, late of the Parish of Weldford, in the County of Kent, are required to make immediate payment of the same to Messrs J. W. HOLDEN & CHILTON, of Richibucto, who have an Assignment of all Debts due to the said William Taylor, and no other person has any authority to receive the same. Richibucto, 23d August, 1848.

Farm to Sell or Let.

That FARM in rear of Douglastown, in the Parish of Newcastle, farmed by Mr George Mitchell, and owned by John Porter Esq., containing 150 acres, 50 acres of which is cleared and in first rate order being all recently lined, with a good HOUSE and BARN with Byers fit to contain from 20 to 25 head of cattle. If not sold soon, it will be let for each number of years as may be agreed upon and entry given the 1st day of November next. Also—

To be Sold, that FARM in rear of the late John Lyons, Farm, at Moorfield, bounded on the west by Richard Coulair, and on the east by Mrs Gekie, with considerable cleared Land upon it and well watered.

For further particulars apply to JOHN PORTER. Douglastown, July 24, 1848



STAGE COACH.

Summer Arrangement. The subscriber will continue to run the Mail Stage between

Fredericton and Miramichi, During the present season, ONCE PER WEEK EACH WAY.

The Stage will leave the subscriber's residence, in Chatham, every MONDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock; Douglastown at half past nine and Newcastle at 10 o'clock, and arrive in Fredericton the following morning at 9 o'clock. Will leave the North American Hotel, Fredericton, the following FRIDAY MORNING at 11 o'clock, and arrive in Chatham the day following at the same hour.

The subscriber has on this line, at all times a comfortable covered Coach, and a careful driver, who will afford every facility and accommodation to travellers.

FARE—£2. Each passenger will be entitled to carry with him 40 lbs of luggage; anything over that weight, 2 1/2 per lb.

Any person wishing to procure an Extra Conveyance from Chatham to Fredericton, can obtain the same on reasonable terms, at any time, by applying to the subscriber. He also keeps on hand Extras for the purpose of forwarding passengers by the above coach, desirous of getting to Shediac in time for the P. E. Island steamer.

WM. M. KELLY. Miramichi, June, 1847.

N. B. Passengers will please be punctual to the hour of starting. All luggage at the risk of the owner.

Passengers will please take Notice, that for the future the DRIVERS are instructed to collect the FARES at the half way houses on the Fredericton and Southern route.

WILLIAM KELLY Chatham, May 15, 1848.

Wilson's Carding Machine,

The Subscriber begs to intimate to his friends and the public, that he has set his Carding Machine

in operation for the current season, and will receive orders until the latter end of August next. He has employed the same experienced hand who conducted the business last season and hopes by unremitting diligence and attention, to secure a large share of public patronage and support. Wool well picked and cleaned, will be oiled and carded for 5d. per lb., or 4d., if oiled with good sweet oil. Payment made on delivery of the wool.

Orders left with Messrs. Johnson & Mackie, Chatham; Mr. Jas. Dixon, Moorfield Ferry, or Mr. M. M. Sergeant, Newcastle, will be properly attended to. Wool well cleaned and picked, and left with any of the above named gentlemen, will be taken and returned without any expense for carriage—but should he had upon opening the packs in the Machine that the wool is not according to the above description, but badly picked and oiled with anything but good sweet oil, the same will be returned uncarded, and charged at the rate of one penny per pound for the gross weight of the packs for carriage. Persons furnishing him with oil of a proper quality, will have it put in without any charge.

WM. WILSON. Upper Nelson, June 1, 1848.

Celebrated througho.

Holloway's Oint.

CURE OF FISTULOUS SORES AND FL.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Robert C. Chemist, Stokesley, dated September 1847.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir,—Mr. Thomson, National Schoolmaster of this Town, desires me to send you the particulars of his son, who had been bad for three years and one half, and has received the greatest benefit by the use of your Pills and Ointment. He is of a scrofulous constitution; pleurisy had left a large collection of matter in the chest, this eventually formed a passage through the walls of the chest, and ended in three fistulous sores which discharged large quantities of pus, when he was induced to try your Pills and Ointment, at this date he was apparently in a dying condition; the stomach rejected every thing it took. Your Pills and Ointment had the effect of completely curing both the cough and stomach affections, his strength and flesh are also restored, his appetite keen, and digestion good. There is every prospect that a little future continuance of your medicines will finish the cure.

(Signed) ROBERT CALVERT.

The *Mefusillite Newspaper*, published at Meerut, has, on the 15th October 1847, copied an article from the *Benares Recorder*, of which the following, is an Extract:—

The Prince of Maharajah Bissanath Singh, who was temporarily residing at Chattercoote, was suddenly taken ill with Spasmodic Colic, and during his illness His Holiness often asked for Holloway's Pills and Ointment, as he had heard much of their virtues, but none could be obtained in the neighbourhood, and Professor Holloway, no doubt, unfortunately loses a certificate which would have graced and dignified his list of cures.

The native Princess are now using Holloway's Pills and Ointment in preference to every other medicine, they being so wonderfully efficacious in the cure of diseases in India.

Cure of a bad Leg of thirty years standing June 7th, 1847.

I George Bourne, Butcher of Stockton-upon-Tees, do hereby certify, that my wife had a bad leg for thirty years by the bursting of a vein, her sufferings were intense, she had been under the care of most of the eminent men in the neighbourhood, but to no purpose, and was afterwards perfectly cured in eight weeks by Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

(Signed) GEORGE BOURNE.

Cure of Ulcers where there existed Diseased Bone

Extract of a Letter from Mr. James Wetmore, Hampton, N. B., dated February 10th, 1847.

To Messrs. PETERS & TILLEY.

Gentlemen—I feel it is but due to Professor Holloway to inform you, as his Agents of this Province, of a remarkable cure performed upon my Son. He had been afflicted with Ulcers upon his limbs and body for more than three years, from which small pieces of bone had been removed. I tried several medical men in St. John, but all to no purpose. I was then induced to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which made a complete cure, several months have elapsed but there is not the slightest appearance of the cure not being the most complete.

(Signed) JAMES WETMORE.

CURE OF THE PILES.

Extract of a Letter from Joseph Medcalf, Dated, Beverly, June 17, 1848.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir—For some years I had laboured dreadfully with bleeding Piles, by divine blessing, together with the use of your Pills and Ointment, I have been perfectly cured, and never was there a greater sufferer with Piles than myself.

(Signed) JOSEPH MEDCALF.

THE TESTIMONY OF A PHYSICIAN IN THE CURE OF SKIN DISEASES.

Copy of a Letter from W. P. Powell, M. D., 16 Blessington Street, Dublin, dated Feb. 9th, 1837.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Dear Sir,—Having devoted my attention for some years to cutaneous or skin diseases, I think it but right to inform you that I have in various cases recommended the use of your Pills and Ointment and invariably found them to have the most perfect effect in removing those diseases.

(Signed) W. E. POWELL, M. D.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:

Holloway's Ointment will cure any case of bad legs, Ulcerous sores, bad breasts, sore nipples, cancers, tumours, swellings, contracted or stiff joints, gout, rheumatism, Lumbago, burns, scalds, chilblains, chapped hands and lips, bunions, soft corns, piles, the bite of mosquitoes, sand-flies, chiego-foot, yaws, eczema.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar), London, and by Mr JOHN FRASER, Chatham; and Mr M. M. SERGEANT, Newcastle, and Mr J. McKENNA, Bathurst, in Pots and Boxes, at 1s 9d., 4s 6d., and 7s. There is a very considerable saving in taking the large boxes. N. B.—Directions of the prudent patients are affixed to each pot and Box.