

relation in which Louis Napoleon stands with the Autocrat, he would gladly forego the support of the nation of which he is the nominal head.

Business affairs during the course of the last week have been steady. The Cotton trade it is true, was very much excited up till Thursday. In Grain a fair business is going forward at the advance which holders were enabled to obtain in the early part of the week. For foreign and colonial produce a fair demand prevails, and although there are not large transactions going forward, there is not any perceptible change in prices. In metals a moderate business has been done, but there is not the same activity which hitherto prevailed.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

Matters in the Duchy of Schleswig continue as deranged as before. Fresh protests against the decrees of the administration have appeared in several parts of the country, even in Flensburg, the place of residence of that body. Recusant functionaries are dismissed; but the Danish ones are not admitted by the inhabitants, or, if admitted, without the means of effecting their duties. In many places there exists no authority whatever. The greater part of the money collected for taxes, &c., continues to be sent to Holstein. In default of the customary mode of publication of the laws through the functionaries, the administration have announced sending copies to private people, solicitors, &c.

All that is known about the state of the negotiations, is confined to the fact that a lively intercourse is going on between the Berlin Cabinet and the Schleswig-Holstein Stadtholder. Rumour says that the latter has been asked its final determination respecting the acknowledgement of the Schleswig administration; and further, that at length the Danish Government has made the concession of having the decrees of the administration published in the name of the "Duke of Schleswig." All which, however, wants confirmation. Meanwhile, the troops destined to reinforce the Prussian division in the north have not yet proceeded thither.

The Danish papers down to the 15th throw no new light on the state of affairs. The Danish Chamberlain had arrived at Hanover on an extraordinary mission, and delivered a letter from his King to the King of Hanover, of whom he obtained a private audience on the 13th.

Important from Turkey.—A letter from Semlin, dated October 10, in the Berlin Nachrichten, says that an Austrian general, Hauslab, had arrived at Widdin, from which the dates reach to the 6th, with a letter from General Haynau to the Pasha, by which the Hungarian refugees, from the sergeants downwards, are amnestied, in consequence of which the greater part of them return to Hungary. General Hauslab then proceeded to Constantinople.

SECOND EDITION.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 6, 1849.

FROM THE UNITED STATES.—Snow fell in Baltimore on Wednesday last.

The California fever appears to be on the increase in the United States. There are 30 vessels up for this region at Boston, and 27 at New York, besides a number at other ports, making in all 101.—The total number of vessels that have left the United States for California up to the present time amounts to 573.

The Navigation Laws.—Last week in New York, several American ships were chartered under the reciprocal navigation act to load at Calcutta and other India ports for London, at £3 per ton.

Great Fire at Milan, Ohio.—Milan, Oct. 26, 1 P. M.—A fire broke out about 12 o'clock this (Friday) morning, in the extensive warehouse of H. Chase & Co. consuming it and the entire contents—thence spreading into the large warehouse of Stevens and Ryan, formerly Colton, Wing & Co. making a dreadful sweep along the railway track to the office. The amount of property consumed is enormous:—wheat, oats, corn, salt, lumber, and a considerable amount of merchandise in store.—St. John's New Brunswick.

NOVA SCOTIA.—Halloween.—Where were our Watchmen or Policemen on Wednesday evening last, that hoards of urchins were allowed to parade the streets and labor the doors of the houses of our citizens with cabbage stumps, stones, &c.? Many of the gardens in the city and suburbs presented a worse appearance the next morning, than might have

been expected had a herd of swine been let in upon them; and the side walks of the city were verdant with fragments of cabbages, turnip tops, and other green things!—Guardian.

[Similar outrages were perpetrated in Chatham, and as the public authorities have for a great length of time neglected paying the smallest attention to the most glaring and diabolical outrages on the property and well-being of society, we hope that some speedy action will be taken by the public to redress these grievances. Let us have a meeting, and see if there be not men of spirit among us who will combine to act as conservators of the peace, and use their best endeavors to bring to justice those rowdies with which our town is infected. A few prompt examples, we are inclined to think, would work miracles.] ED. GLEANER.

Since the publication of our first edition, we have had leisure to peruse our English Journals, and have made a few additional selections, which we copy below:—

CIRCASSIA.—The fall of the fortress of Achulga, the residence of Schamyl, the celebrated chief, after a desperate and protracted resistance, is announced in letters from St. Petersburg. On the 29th of August the assault was renewed, after three days' useless negotiation, every inch of ground being fiercely contested by the besieged, who fought with obstinate bravery. The defences were covered with heaps of dead bodies. The loss of the Circassians were estimated by the Russians at one thousand men killed, exclusive of those wounded, and nine hundred made prisoners. Schamyl was not to be found: he had contrived to escape with one of his sons and one of his mistresses. Another of his sons and his lawful wife were slain, a third son was taken prisoner. Schamyl himself was wounded in the arm by a musket ball. The siege of Achulga thus successfully terminated, had lasted eleven months, during which period the Russians lost 22 officers, and 422 men, exclusive of the wounded.

EGYPT.—Letters from Alexandria, of the 19th ult., state that the Nile has reached its highest water-mark, viz: 22 Flemish ells and 11 inches. All danger of a general inundation seems to be over. The works on the Nile dam, on which about ten thousand men were engaged a short time back, have been suspended on account of the high rise of the water. Many doubt whether this gigantic undertaking, on which millions have already been expended, will ever be completed: it has produced, they say a dangerous current in the mighty river itself.

ALGERS AND MOROCCO.—The death of the Cherif Bou-Cif, otherwise Bou Maz, is announced in our present advices. It appears that on the 3d, this chief and another, having under him a fraction of the Zouaves, concerted measures together near a village of Beni-Hanous, and there descended into the plain towards the country of the Cherfa and Beni-Manou. But the movement became known at Aumale, and the Governor of that place led on by Lieutenant Beaupre, went out to oppose their progress. The invading party were repulsed, and Bou-Cif, attempting to cover the retreat with some horsemen, was killed, and his flag taken by the French. His body was, after the encounter, found on the spot where the resistance had been most stubborn.

The Akbar publishes a letter from Tangiers of the 25th ult., which announces the settlement of the difficulties between France and Morocco. The Emperor of Morocco has made all the concessions that were demanded; the men who had outraged the French Consul, were in irons in the prison of Al Cesar, and were to be bastinadoed if desired by the French Government; moreover, on a certain day, the French flag was to be hoisted, and saluted with twenty one guns, and a French frigate was to visit all the forts of the west, and be solemnly saluted. It is added that the French Consul-General had demanded the dismissal of the Pacha Ouchda, the real getter-up of all the disturbances and assassinations on the French frontier; and that functionary had gone to Fez, to defend himself before the Emperor.

FRANCE.—The reports from the prefects of the departments to M. Thiers, regarding the spread of Red Republicanism in the provinces are reported as alarming. Seventy departments are said to be infected.

AUSTRIA.—A letter from Vienna received yesterday, says—The necessities of the state require that new taxes should be levied, and those already existing increased. Thus the imposts on the soil, buildings, trades, and professions, will be considerably augmented, and an income tax introduced.

TURKEY.—A correspondent writing from Brigrade on the 1st October, states that the Hungarian refugees were still at Widdin, ready to set out for the destination they may receive. They were divided into three camps, an Italian, an Hungarian, and a Polish one.

PORT OF RICHIBUCTO.—The Frederickton Royal Gazette contains a notice from the Government, stating that—the Back Store on the premises occupied by John Mooney, in the Town of Richibucto, is provisionally established as a Warehouse, under the Act 11 Vic., cap. 2.

SNOW STORM.—Quite unexpectedly we were visited on Thursday last with a snow storm, which lasted the greater part of the day, the wind blowing freshly during the time from the eastward. The ground was quite white for a time, but as heavy rains immediately succeeded, the surrounding landscape soon lost its wintry appearance. The weather since then has been very mild.

ARRIVALS AT HEA'S HOTEL: CHATHAM.

A M. Rae; James Young, Tracadie; L. DesBrisay, Esq., Richibucto; Capt. Pearsy, do.; Wm. Hamilton, Sackville; Thomas Harding, Sumpagan.

ARRIVALS AT THE BRUNSWICK HOUSE, RICHIBUCTO.

October 13—Mr Darrow, and R. Jardine, Esq., of St. John 15h—J. P. Ford, Esq., Weldford. 17h—W. W. Barnard, Esq., St. John. 21st—Professor Johnston, Dr. Robb, and James Brown, Esq., M.P.P., from the Northern Counties. 23rd—J. Gesner, and C. Turner, Buetsouche; and Mr Fernal, Shediac.

Ship News.

PORT OF MIRAMICHI.

ENTERED, October 27—schr Dart, McEachern, P. E. Island, oats, master.

30th—brig Speculator, Seaford, Halifax, Gilmore, Rankin & Co; schr Billow, Pillsman, P. E. Island, produce, master.

31—schr Armada, McQuarrie, P. E. Island, produce, master; Mary Ann, Glawson, Boston, Johnson & Mackie, and others, general cargo; Mary Jane, Macdougald, P. E. Island, produce, master; ship Victory, Johnson, Halifax, ballast, Peter Sutherland.

November 1—schr. Catharine, McLeod, P. E. Island, oats; Gilmore, Rankin & Co; Barbara, Manderson, do. produce, master; H. R. S., Salmond, Boston, general cargo; Johnson & Mackie, and others.

2—schr Mary Elizabeth, LeNoir, Boston, general cargo, W. J. Fraser.

CLEARED, October 29—schr Dart, McEachern, P. E. Island, general cargo.

30—schr Marie Dolphine, Jonas, Quebec, ballast; Marie Virginie, King, Newfoundland, boards.

31—schr Villager, Watt, general cargo.

PORT OF DALHOUSIE.

ENTERED, October 9—schr Fly, Goudbout, Quebec, general cargo, D. Hamilton & Co; brig Henry, Simons, Mostyn, ballast, A. Ritchie & Co. 30th, schr. Margaret, Sinclair, P. E. Island, oats; A. Ritchie & Co. 31st, Miscon Degrace, Caraque, fish; do

CLEARED—October 27, brig Sceptre, McGuire, Fleetwood—umber, A. Ritchie & Co. 29th, brigantine Ariel, LeBlanc, Carleton; 31st, schr Wanderer, McGougan, P. E. Island November 1—Fly, Goudbout, Bathurst.

PORT OF RICHIBUCTO.

ENTERED—September 29, Elizabeth Holder, near, Hull; Holderness & Chilton. October 9—Indus, Card, Pictou—meal and corn; John Jardine. 16th, Standard, Oliver, Pictou—Holderness & Chilton. 17th, Charlotte Providence, Trembley, Quebec—flour, Jas. Wheat. 22nd, Pricilla, Lamand, Quebec—general cargo, W. Bowser & others.

CLEARED October 1—Galatea, Allan, Liverpool 4—Marie Reformiste, LePouit, Pictou. 16—Indus, Card, Pictou. 19—Charlotte Providence, Trembley, Quebec. 20—Linden, Kirkpatrick, Sligo.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

To be sold by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the fifteenth day of May next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, in front of Hamill's Hotel, Newcastle:—

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand, both at Law and in Equity, of ELIJAH FOWLER, in and to any Real Estate or Hereditaments, within the County of Northumberland, wheresoever situate and howsoever described; the same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of John Pollok and others, against the said Elijah Fowler and John Fowler.

Also, at the same time and place:—all the right and title of the late EUGH HAMILL, in and to the Land, Dwelling House, Shop, Barns, and premises, situate on both sides of Henry street, in Newcastle, lately occupied by him; and the same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of John Chalmers against the said Hugh Hamill.

W. A. BLACK, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, Nov. 5, 1849.

Commercial Bank of N. Brunswick

ST. JOHN, 19th October, 1849.

The NOTES of this Bank are redeemable in Canada, by the CITY BANK, at Montreal, and its Branches and Agencies at

QUEBEC, THREE RIVERS, SHERBROOKE, and STANSTEAD.

G. P. SANCTON, Cashier.

GALVANISM,

AND

Electro-Magnetism!

The advantageous application of those wonderful Agents to a number of diseases, is now carried to an immense extent both in Great Britain and America. The Galvanic Fluid and Nervous Fluid have been established by scientific physiologists as being identical,—consequently diseases residing in the nerves are more likely to receive benefit from such an all-pervading and congenial fluid than nostrums introduced into the system. The complaints which merit particular attention are Rheumatism, partial or complete Paralysis, and contracted muscles and sinews.

Having received an elegant Electro-Magnetic apparatus, I will be prepared to subject any who may desire it to its restorative influences. In this apparatus the development of this subtle principle is greatly improved, as it has a complete controlling power by which a constant current of the greatest quantity and intensity can be supplied and graduated to one which is hardly sensible. It is then evident by such an arrangement its efficiency is completely secured, while the exploded system of shocks may entirely be dispensed with.

WILLIAM FORBES.

From W. H. Halse's Treatise on Medical Galvanism.

"Galvanism, as a remedial agent, is daily becoming more evident to me; for I find it to succeed in cases where the old drug system, and the new drug system, and where the much vaunted water system, have all failed."

W. H. HALSE, M. D.,

Medical Galvanist, London.

A superior DAGUERRETYPE APPARATUS (Voighander Camera) for sale; also, an excellent MAGIC LANTERN, with double achromatic Lenses, with a large number of highly finished Slides accompanying it.

Forbes' Worm Powders,

an article infinitely superior to the Vermifuges now in use. It is compounded of vegetable ingredients, and altogether harmless in its action when no worms are present. Price 1s. 6d. per package.

Condition Powders for Horses,

The best yet discovered for securing health, and imparting a fine coat to that noble animal.

K. B. & W. FORBES.

Chatham, November 3, 1849.

N. B. All sorts of Drugs always on hand.

PURE COD LIVER OIL to be had always.



Victoria House,

15th October, 1849,

E. DALEY & SON,

Have just received a well-assorted Stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which they offer for sale, cheap for Cash, at their Store, Commercial Building, Chatham.

Lifting the Buoys.

TENDERS will be received at the Store of Mr LEONARD HAWBOLT, in Chatham, until 12 o'clock, noon, on THURSDAY, the 15th November next, for

Lifting the Buoys

In the Bay and River of Miramichi, and conveying them to such place as the Commissioners may direct.

Particulars made known on application to the subscribers.

L. HAWBOLT, } Commissioners.

M. CRANNEY, } Chatham, October 22, 1849

NOTICE

Of Dissolution of Partnership.

The Co-partnership existing between the Subscribers, under the Firm of Wm. HAMILTON & Co., of Restigouche, New Brunswick, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, the business being from this date vested solely in the hands of Mr JOHN McMILLAN, who is hereby authorized and empowered to settle and adjust any claims due by, or to the late Firm. All persons indebted thereto are requested to make settlement of their accounts at their earliest convenience.

WILLIAM HAMILTON, JOHN McMILLAN.

Campbellton, September 29, 1849.

MR McMILLAN returns thanks for favors conferred on the late Firm, and requests a continuance of the same.

BLANKS

Of various kinds for sale at the Gleaner Office.