

**SHEDAC.**—Our correspondent at this place furnishes us with the following gratifying intelligence relating to the fruitfulness of the season:—

"From all parts of this neighborhood we have the most cheering accounts of the state of the crops. The weather has been very propitious for their ingathering, and our farmers are blessed with an increase equal to any, we believe, heretofore witnessed, and all of a most excellent quality. Grain of every description has been abundant, and perfectly free from rust, weevil, or disease of any kind. As to the potatoe crop, we never saw it better; that excellent is as sound, healthy, and nutritive now with us, as it was in bygone years.

"We beg to mention a few instances which have come under our own knowledge. No many weeks since, curiosity led us to determine the size of a small field, the property of Mr Henry Livingstone, directly fronting his residence. This field scarcely contained five acres, was sown with seven bushels of seed, and from this was produced one hundred and forty bushels of superior wheat, equal, we believe, to any in the Province. A piece of potato ground, the property of the Hon. Daniel Hannington, estimated at half an acre, produced 148 bushels; and as to size we never saw their equals. Off this piece of ground, one peck of select small seed yielded 20 bushels. Another piece of ground, the property of Mr James Weiling, not exceeding an acre, produced 230 bushels. Numerous other instances may be referred to; the above are mentioned as coming under our own observation, and in our own vicinity. In addition to these, vast quantities of Oats, Buckwheat, Indian Corn, Turnips, and various other grains and roots have been raised. Of Buckwheat alone it is estimated that sufficient has been obtained to supply the inhabitants of this Parish with bread until the ensuing harvest, independent of any other grain. A few fine days such as the present will suffice to see the whole safely housed. These bounties, so richly and profusely bestowed, will, we trust, be productive of gratitude and thankfulness in the hearts of all. The past few years have been trying in the labors of the husbandman with an increase of some thirty, some forty, and some sixty fold.

"Private letters received here since your last publication, state that the body of the murdered man lately found at Sussex Vale, has been identified as being that of a Mr Thompson, generally known here as a travelling pedlar, and brother to the late Mr Joseph Thompson, merchant, Chatham."

**EUROPEAN NEWS.**—The Steamer Niagara arrived at Halifax on the morning of Wednesday, in a fine passage of ten and a half days. Our mail by her was received here on Friday. The papers are to the 6th instant, and we have gleaned a good deal of interesting and important matter. The political horizon of Europe still remains overcast, and fears are entertained that a storm is not far distant. For particulars see the European head. By intelligence which has reached the Admiralty, there is great hopes that the Navigators in quest of a Northwest passage, are all safe.

**SAD OCCURRENCE.**—An inquest was held on Wednesday last, before Mr. Cranney, Esq., Coroner, on view of the body of Thos. Blaylock, aged 27 years, son of Mr P. Blaylock, of Newcastle parish, who had been missing for a week. His body was found on Tuesday, on the upper side of the road, near the residence of his father, with a gun alongside of it, the contents of which, it appeared, had entered his left breast, under the nipple, passing through the upper part of the heart. The Jury returned the following verdict:—Found dead—said death supposed to be from a gun-shot wound, but whether accidentally or not the Jury cannot say.

**UNITED STATES.**—The papers are filled with accounts of disasters which have resulted from the late storm. The damage done to the shipping, and to property on shore, is reported to be immense.

New Orleans papers of the 8th instant, report that a fire occurred that day, on board the steamer Falcon, which rapidly spread, and communicated to the steamers, Illinois, Marshal Ney, North America, and Aaron Hart, which were all totally consumed, together with valuable cargoes. The loss in freight is estimated at a quarter of million of dollars.

Dreadful riots had occurred in Philadelphia, on the 9th instant, when the mob set fire to several buildings, which were totally destroyed, and during the fight

seven or eight persons were killed and a number wounded. The row commenced by a number of rowdies, known by the appellation of 'the Killers' setting fire to a house occupied by a colored man, whom they drove out, together with the other inmates, and as they retreated, the mob fired upon the party, wounding a number. The fire engines were speedily on the spot, when the firemen shared the same fate as the ejected tenants. It appears by the annexed paragraph, copied from a New York paper, that the disgraceful scene was re-enacted the following day.

The riots of Tuesday evening were renewed down town on Wednesday morning, and a number of other buildings fired by the mob; several persons were hurt by firearms and missiles. At half past ten, six or eight military companies headed by the Sheriff and Mayor, marched to the scene of action, and took possession of the ground, planting artillery and forcing the crowd out from the infected districts.

The fire companies are now on hand putting out the fire. There are no serious apprehensions of a renewal of the riot, which, it is believed, originated by a portion of the coloured population taking sides with the rival fire companies.

**CANADA.**—Our Canadian neighbors are busily occupied, it appears at present, in discussing the subjects of annexation, the Seigniorial Tenure, getting up addresses to the Governor General, in his tour through the Province, and making hostile demonstrations in the towns through which he is passing. We clip from the late papers, a number of paragraphs which will furnish our readers with the state of affairs in this distracted country.

The Montreal papers of yesterday contain an Address, to which are attached some three or four hundred signatures, in favour of—'A friendly and peaceful separation from British connection, and a union upon equitable terms, with the great North American confederacy of Sovereign States.'

In the Canadian Independent, there is a rumour brought by a person who arrived from Montreal yesterday morning, to the effect, that the gentlemen at the head of the Annexation Society in that city, propose sending as delegates to England, the Hon. G. Moffat, and the Hon. L. J. Papineau, to advocate the peaceable separation of Canada from Great Britain; the former gentleman to represent the old aristocratic party, and as a matter of course, the latter to be the exponent of the sentiments entertained by the democratic party. Perhaps this rumour is akin to another we have heard, that the Government intend to put Montreal under martial law.

An organization being necessary to achieve the Separation and Independence of Canada, by legitimate and constitutional means, with a view to their ultimate Annexation to the United States of America, as the sole and surest foundation for the material interests of her inhabitants, it is therefore proposed and intended:

1st. That a Premium of from \$300 to \$500 dollars be offered for the best Manuscript Pamphlet, of a limited size, in favor of the subject of Annexation, to be paid out of the funds of the Association, retaining the next best Pamphlet, on payment to its author of one half the prize premium, in order to compile, if advisable, one Pamphlet out of the two—and for that purpose to engage a competent writer.

2nd. That the Pamphlet, when approved of by the committee, be printed at the expense of the Association, and that copies be sold at 1d. each, and dispersed over this and the neighboring Province, for the information and instruction of the people.

3rd. That after publication of the Pamphlet, the Committee, or Secretary on their behalf, do challenge, through advertisements, a Written Refutation of the same.

4th. That, if needful, in the opinion of the Committee, Lecturers be employed and paid by the Association, in advocating peaceable Annexation, in the different Towns and Villages throughout this and the neighboring Provinces, and at the same time in organizing and extending branches of the Association therein.

5th. That it be discretionary with the Committee to aid, with the funds of the Association, Provincial Newspapers promulgating Annexation.

6th. That the said Branches be formed by correspondence, or otherwise, wherever practicable, for the promotion of Annexation, as well as for the financial support and attainment thereof.

7th. That an Alphabetical Record of the names of the Members of the Parent and Branch Associations be kept by the Secretary, and that copies of all correspondence, and proper accounts, be also kept by him, of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Association; and that an account be forthwith opened in one or more of the city banks, for that purpose.

8th. That monthly meetings of the Association be held, to receive the Report of the progress of the committee.

9th. That the influence and finances of this Association will be chiefly directed to ensuring the return to the Provincial Parliament, either for Town or County, of Members who are

prepared and willing to move for and vote in favor of the Separation and Independence of Canada, as the preliminary measure, to an admission to the Union of the American States.

10th. That when the Members of the Association, throughout the Provinces, are sufficiently numerous, a Congress of Deputies, from the Branches thereof, may then be held, and convoked by the committee, should the same be deemed expedient, for either of the causes of this Association.

11th. That this Association, based upon the desire to advance the welfare, prosperity, and happiness of Canada and its inhabitants, utterly repudiates and contemns resort to party violence, physical force, riots at elections or elsewhere, believing conscientiously, that mind and reason will triumph over matter and prejudice, and irresistibly consummate the objects of the Association.

12th. That all necessary expenses incurred by the Committee, including a salary to the Secretary and his Officer, be defrayed by the Association.

The Globe of Thursday last furnishes a few further particulars of the disturbances at Toronto, on the evening of His Excellency's arrival. It appears the fire bell was rung to call out the population, but with the exception of the hurt sustained by Mr Beckman, the mob perpetrated nothing else of a serious nature, and finished by assembling opposite Ellah's hotel, where they booted, shouted and cheered for some time, and then dispersed. Some 15 persons, including two Common Councilmen, had been presented by the Grand Jury, for riot and assaulting the officers in the discharge of their duty. W. O'Brien, son of the proprietor of the Patriot, Edward O'Brien, son of the editor of that journal, and W. Hopkins, tailor, were presented by the Grand Jury for ringing the fire bell when there was no fire.

**ANOTHER MURDER.**—Lord Elgin's presence seems to be the signal for bloodshed and murder all over Canada. Besides Mason, Brothwick, and the unfortunate lad who was shot by the Radicals at Brantford, we learn that a man named Kennedy and several others were attacked by the Elginites at London, on the 3d inst., and severely wounded. Kennedy is not expected to recover. A correspondent of the Montreal Herald from London, says:—

Great excitement prevails here. An attack was made upon the hotel of Captain John Smith last evening. A Conservative, and a man named Kennedy were shot, though it is doubtful whether he be yet dead, besides a number who were wounded. Shots were fired, and there is reason to believe that while the Governor General remains here, the town will be in a very disturbed state. Arches, covered with evergreens, were raised yesterday morning, previous to the Governor's arrival. They were not put up to remain, for in less than two hours afterwards they were cut down, and remained strewn along the streets. When his Excellency enters the town to-day they are going to replace them; if so, no doubt more lives will be lost.

The Patriot of Wednesday records the important fact of Lord Elgin's safe arrival at Toronto, in H. M. steamer *Gherokee*, on Tuesday last. His Excellency was received by a guard of honour of the Brigade. Col. Young, D. A. G. of Militia, and several other officers were in waiting, together with the Mayor, to escort his Lordship to the latter functionary's carriage in which His Excellency took his seat, and the cortege composed of four or five gentlemen on horseback, with five or six mounted police, proceeded up Yonge Street. Our contemporary says the crowd now became very dense, and it was with difficulty the carriage proceeded. Just at this time, some person or persons in the crowd threw an egg at the Governor General, which struck the coachman on the hat. With this exception, no impediment was offered to His Excellency's peaceful progress, excepting a horrible discord of groans and hisses, mingled with loud cheers, which was kept up all the way to Ellah's hotel, where he dismounted to receive the Corporation address, which was read by the Mayor.

After the reply was finished, Lord Elgin and suite retired into the large room of the Hotel, where the members of the corporation and a number of gentlemen, mostly officials and reformers, were severally introduced by His Worship the Mayor. Thus, says the Patriot, has the long looked for, and much dreaded event of Lord Elgin's arrival in Toronto resulted so far fortunately without the occurrence of anything of a serious character. A postscript however, adds, that an attempt to burn Lord Elgin in effigy on the evening of his arrival, had been prevented after a short scuffle, one individual, a Mr Beckman, in endeavoring to assist the constables, being severely hurt. It was scarcely possible that the affair should end without blood being spilt, to be any way in keeping with His Excellency's previous progress.

**SEIGNIORIAL TENURE.**—The meeting on this subject took place on Tuesday. One hundred and twenty Delegates from Parishes in the Districts of Montreal and Three Rivers were present. C. S. Cartier, Esq., presided.

A report was read, in which the Committee refer to three different plans for the removal of the grievances complained of, and which may be thus briefly described:—1. Adjustment of the *lods et ventes* to the value of the land without the buildings. 2. Immediate commutation, the *cens et rentes* being estimated at the ancient rates, not exceeding two sous the ar.

pent, and the *lods et ventes* being taken at the average of the last five years—the whole, to be provided upon all the property of the Seignior, according to its estimated value, and the amount to be paid in fifteen equal instalments. 3. A law, re-establishing the ancient rates, and reducing to them all modern concessions.

☞ This number concludes the twentieth volume of the Gleaner.

**LAUNCHED.**—From the Chatham shipyard, on the evening of Saturday last, a fine barque of the burthen of 662 tons, new measurement. She is owned by Mr William Johnston, and is the second vessel built by him this season. She was named the *Annardale*.

## Deaths.

At the residence of her son-in-law, John M. Johnson, Jun., Esq., in Chatham, on Friday morning last, very suddenly, JANE, relict of the late Adam D. Shirreff, Esq., in the 55th year of her age.

At South Boston, on the 29th August, of Cholera, Mr. WILLIAM CAMERON, Carpenter, formerly of Chatham.

## Ship News.

### PORT OF DALHOUSIE.

**ENTERED,** October 16—schr *Senflower*, Currie, Halifax, general cargo, A. Ritchie & Co.

17th—schr Elizabeth Ann, Campbell, Miramichi, general cargo, A. Ritchie & Co.; brigs St. George, Poole, Gloucester, ballast, do.; Lightfoot, Parke, Whitehaven, 39 days, do.; schr St. Pierre, Joncas, Quebec, 10 days, oats, do.; schr Benjamin, Bourdage, do, 12 days, oats and flour, do.

**CLEARED,** October 14—barque William and Ann, Davies, London, timber, A. Ritchie & Co.

15th—brigs Two Sisters, Brown, Newcastle, timber, A. Ritchie & Co.; Wilkinson, Burton, Cork, do.; barque Chieftain, Matthews, Cork, do. do.

16th—barque Peronia, Henzell, Penrith, do. do.; barque Wolfville, McMillan, Glassendock, do. do.



## Victoria House,

15th October, 1849,

E. DALEY & SON,

Have just received a well-assorted Stock of Fall and Winter Goods,

Which they offer for sale, cheap for Cash, at their Store, Commercial Building, Chatham.

## Lifting the Buoys.

TENDERS will be received at the Store of Mr LEONARD HAWBOLT, in Chatham, until 12 o'clock, noon, on THURSDAY, the 15th November next, for

### Lifting the Buoys

In the Bay and River of Miramichi, and conveying them to such place as the Commissioners may direct.

Particulars made known on application to the subscribers.

L. HAWBOLT, } Commissioners.

M. CRANNEY, }

Chatham, October 22, 1849.

## List of Letters for Sept., 1849,

Remaining for delivery in the Post Office, Chatham, 15th October, 1849.

Ann, brig James Miller	Lewis John Escuminac
Brown Wm Napan	Murray Robert
Burbridge Pat	Moran James blk river
Carokoran James	Murdoch A blackbrook
Baribogue	McNaughton J Alawik
Coleman Edward	McCardell Michael
Creat John	Nowlan Mathew
Cable Stephen	O'Connor M Napan
Costello Thomas	O'Connor Wm
Dana B care of M	Russell James
Coogan	Newcastle lowr district
Elanagan P Teacher	Richardson Mrs Mary
Farley Ralph	Smith Miss Rose
Fabee Jas Bartibogue	Taylor George
Hunter Mrs Nancy	Victory ship G Walker
Hogan John	do cant Johnstone
Henderson James	do J Chapman
Hawkes James	Trustees of Schools
Hay Wm blacksmith	Alawick
Holland Jas black river	

N. B. Persons, when asking for any of the above letters, will please to say 'advertised.'

JAMES CALE, P. M.