

European News.

From Willmer & Smith's EUROPEAN TIMES October 5. DREADFUL MURDER OF A CLERGYMAN.

A burglary of an extremely daring character, and attended by circumstances of ferocity which remind one of the robbery-incidents of the last century, was committed yesterday se'nnight, at the parsonage-house of Frimley-grove, near the Farnborough-station of the South-western Railway.

On Friday night the family retired to rest at their usual hour, shortly before 11 o'clock. Mr and Mrs Hollest slept on the first floor, in a room overlooking the lawn; the two boys occupied an apartment on the same floor.

It appears that it was Mr Hollest's custom, when his children were at home, to leave the door of his bedroom ajar, in order that he might overhear them in the event of their requiring anything, and he seems to have done so on Friday.

Mrs Hollest with a quicker perception of danger, at once saw the truth and screamed aloud. The miscreants instantly seized Mr and Mrs Hollest, and with pistols pointed at their heads, declared that if they made the slightest noise they would blow their brains out.

Mr. Hollest, who, although fifty-four years of age, was a very strong and active man, on discovering how matters stood, struggled with the villain who stood over him, and at length got out of bed and was in the act of stooping down to reach the poker from the fire-place.

The report of the pistol at this moment appears to have alarmed the man who was standing over Mrs Hollest, and he left her for a moment and joined his companion. On finding herself released she rushed to the fire-place, and seizing a large-hand-bell, swung it to and fro several times.

Mr Hollest as soon as he was released from his assailant, ran into an adjoining apartment and snatched up a gun, which he always kept loaded. Descending the staircase with the gun in his hand he distinctly saw three men running across the lawn, and without taking any direct aim he fired amongst the group, as it appears, without effect.

Returning to his bedroom, he now first discovered that he was wounded in the abdomen, and having endeavored to allay the fears of his wife, he got into bed and ordered his man-servant, who had only just awoke and descended from his room, to run for the constable, as a protection for his family, and then to fetch a doctor for himself.

On the arrival of the constable an examination of the premises was made, and it was ascertained that an entry had been effected at the rear of the premises, through the scullery window, the burglars having first broken a pane of glass to enable them to open the window, and then cut away the woodwork, into which an iron bar was fixed.

The surgeon upon examining Mr Hollest's wound, found that it presented an alarming appearance, and in a few hours he suffered intense agony, which continued throughout Saturday. On Sunday the surgeon communicated that there was no hope of his survival and the fact was communicated to him.

The Home Secretary has offered a reward of £100, to which the family of the deceased have added £50, for the discovery of the guilty persons.

Three bad characters had been apprehended and examined in private. It is said that the evidence has created a strong impression of their guilt, Mrs Hollest having declared herself almost certain of the identity of two of them.

Colonial News.

Canada.

Still another Cheap Trip.—We observe that another trip from Boston to Montreal and Quebec has been got up by that apparently indefatigable character, Mr Burr, of the Seven Mile Mirror.

We learn that, in consequence of communications received by the last mail, certain alterations are about to take place in the Imperial Customs department here. Mr Hamilton is to be Comptroller, and his place as Surveyor will have to be filled up by a Provincial appointment.

The above is from the Pilot as to the Montreal Custom House. In Quebec, we learn, though it is possible that some changes may be made, that the new arrangement will be as follows:—Mr Bruce will be Comptroller, with Mr O'Meara and Mr Bartlett, clerks.

We observe with great pleasure that a preliminary meeting has been held in Toronto to devise measures for the assistance of the poor fugitives from the United States—victims to American freedom.

From our Montreal Correspondent.—Montreal, October 19.—In my despatch of yesterday I promised to give you an elaborate account of the proceedings consequent on the Exhibition, I regret however to be necessarily obliged to confine myself to a passing notice of the most recent proceedings.

These being holiday times, I am not necessarily compelled to furnish for your paper the usual summary of commercial transactions, hitherto exclusively compiled for your journal.

The prizes awarded, if actually yet declared, I have not been able to glean. The morning papers contain detailed accounts of the exhibition. The respective Editors appears to have been influenced solely by a desire to the advancement of an object, calculated above all to secure the good Bostonian brethren and to reciprocate as far as possible feelings of friendship towards the visitors from the various portions of the United States.

The Ball at the Masonic Hall yesterday was numerously and fashionably attended. The greatest and most attractive matter in connection with the exhibition will be the Mechanics' Dinner this evening at Mark's Hotel.

P. S. Accounts from the Bruce Mines are most encouraging. The managing committee of the exhibition, have decided on keeping it open a few days longer in consequence of despatches which continue hourly to arrive from all parts of the Province evincing the strongest determination on the part of strangers to favor as much as possible this delightful demonstration.

Still Later.—The Fortins have petitioned the Governor General, to be disbanded a month earlier, in order that the period named by the Governor in Council, December 10th may be shortened to enable them to provide for themselves other employment before the setting in of the winter.

New Brunswick: The Colonial Trade with the United States.—For some time past, a strong desire has been manifested by the people of these Colonies to obtain reciprocal trade with the United States.

The Abolitionists' Society held a meeting at the Golden Ball on Thursday evening, at which strong resolutions were passed in reference to the condition of their brethren in the United States. There were some capital speeches delivered also—one gentleman declaring, emphatically, that he was prepared to embark for Yankee land and give the oppressors musket bullets for breakfast, cannon balls for dinner, and bomb-shells for tea!

tariff duties, it does not become us to be supplicants for admission to the United States markets; but the denial on their part should stimulate us to greater exertions, in order to make our resources available to ourselves, if not to our neighbors.

During the seven days preceding Tuesday, the 17th inst., 166 sail of vessels passed thro' the Welland canal. A petition is in course of presentation, numerous signed by persons in Canada, who are interested in the trade, praying the Governor General to close the canal against American vessels, in retaliation for the order from Washington closing all ports (except those of entry) against British vessels.

The last motion made in the house of Assembly, at the close of the last Session, was the notice of a resolution, that if reciprocity were not granted by the United States, the legislature would impose prohibitory duties on all goods coming through the United States into Canada, and which, now that the abrogation of the navigation laws permits foreign vessels to compete with British as to freight, can be introduced, via Quebec probably, cheaper than through New York.

The steamer America, on her last outward passage, ran down a coasting vessel trading between Wales and Waterford, early on the first morning out from Liverpool; the crew were saved.—St. John New Brunswick, October 22.

Guard well your Premises.—Two incendiary Attempts.—The Premises in rear of Mr Collins' Saddlery Establishment, King Street, were set fire to in two different places on Wednesday night.

The second which was kindled in the necessary, had made such progress that the light was discovered from Mr Reed's Boarding House, and it was put out after some little trouble. The property is owned by Mr Fisher, Lower Cove, whose ship was destroyed a short time since, as was supposed by the torch of an incendiary.

Novascotia. Jenny Lind in Boston.—The Queen of Song's last Concert in Boston seems to have been a scene of great confusion.

Temperance Intelligence. On Thursday evening last a lecture was delivered in the Temperance Hall, Poplar Grove, by Cosgrove, a private in H. M. 88th Regt. The Hall was pretty well filled, including more than two hundred of the Military, and comprising a sprinkling from the several corps in Garrison.

The lecture was altogether, a clever piece of oratory, and many important facts were elicited. The audience generally, and the military portion of it especially, repeatedly applauded the sentiments uttered. At the conclusion the president made a few remarks and presented Cosgrove with a ticket of admission to the Sons of Temperance Athenæum, which he stated was the offering of a few of the 'Sons.' Judge Marshall then rose, and presented the lecturer with some Temperance works—prefacing the act with a few observations.

The meeting separated after singing the Doxology, and the Band had played the National Anthem.

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Mr J. R. Giddings affirmed, in an address at Cleveland, a week since, that any fugitive slave having been once on British soil, might return to the United States with impunity, as he could not again be reduced to slavery, and that the courts both north and south have so decided.

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Great Western Railroad.—The town of Hamilton, C. W., has subscribed £100,000 to the Hamilton and Sandwich Railroad.—Halifax Novascotian, Oct. 23.

West Indies.

The latest from Cuba.—To night's Southern mail brings information of the arrival at Charleston of the steamship Isabel, with the news from Havana to the 8th inst. Great excitement existed at Havana in consequence of a report that 6,000 men were congregated in the United States, and ready to embark on another expedition under Lopez.

Accounts from the interior of the Island state that the cholera was still prevailing amongst the plantations. The disease had also broke out on the south side.

The stock of molasses at Havana was light some sales had been made at 24 reals. The sales of sugar was very small, in consequence of the high prices asked by holders. The low grades are most active. Coffee seems to be in good demand.

Partial Religious Toleration in St. Domingo.—A Wesleyan Methodist in the Island of St. Domingo, writes to the Methodist Missionary Rooms as follows:—

A treaty between England and this Republic has lately been made through her British Majesty's Counsel Sir Robert H. Schomburg, in which the following article is included:—

Art. 8th. The subjects of Her Britannic Majesty residing in the Dominican Republic shall not be disturbed, persecuted nor molested, on account of their religion; on the contrary, they shall enjoy a perfect liberty of conscience; as also in the free exercise of their belief, as well within their own dwellings as in their own particular chapels.

This article has given great offence to the Roman Catholic Archbishop, but it is now passed and signed by the Queen of England, as well as the President of this Republic.—Halifax Nova Scotian.

United States News.

DREADFUL MORTALITY.—The propeller Alleghany cleared from Buffalo with 150 Norwegian immigrants. On arriving here she had 105; the others died on the passage and were thrown overboard. Five died the night before last, and were buried, or rather laid in holes scooped in the sand, at the mouth of this harbor.

At Sandwich, in Canada, opposite Detroit, there are, at the least calculation, three hundred negroes, who lately crossed the river, and it is dangerous for a citizen from here to be seen among them.

The house of an Irishman, who informed of the negro fugitive now in jail, was attacked last night, and guns and pistols were fired both by the assailants and those inside, and some blood shed.

A large meeting had been held by the friends of freedom, at which the Mayor presided. Speeches were made by the Hon. S. Bingham, Mayor, and Messrs Joy and King.

Some persons anticipate the trouble which the negro is out; but he is now awaiting his papers.

A subscription has been raised sufficient to purchase his liberty, should he be sent back.

On the 14th some further attempts have been made to capture a number of fugitive slaves, and serious results are likely to follow.

The authorities are using every precaution to suppress all attempts to rescue the alleged fugitives now in prison, and the jail is well guarded by the military.—New York Journal of Commerce.

THIS DAY'S MAIL.

EUROPEAN NEWS.—The steamship Asia arrived at New York on the morning of Oct. 23. We copy the following substance of a Telegraphic Despatch from the Halifax Sun.

The attempt of the Holsteiners to take Frederickstadt, has failed—they were defeated with the loss of 600.

Austria, Bavaria, Saxony, and Wirttemberg have entered into treaty of alliance for purpose of offence and defence.

Bavaria, it is said, will assist the Elector of Hesse Cassel, and Russia oppose him. In France, a crisis of some sort, is considered imminent.