

SECOND EDITION

TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 26.

fartherance of everything connected with my public or private welfare or well-being. For your kind regards towards myself and family, accept, Rev. Sir, and Gentlemen, the sincere thanks of your truly obliged and very grateful servant,

ANTHONY B. TAYTE.

To the Rev. George Jarvis, D. D., Rural Dean of Shediac; R. B. Cutler, Esq., M. P. P.; Philip Chapman, Esq., J. P.; Thomas E. Smith, Esq., J. P.; Henry Livingston; W. Wilson, Esq., J. C. P.; Edward J. Smith, P. M.; James Steadman; Bliss Botsford, Esq., M. P. P., and other gentlemen who signed the address.

COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER.—Launched, fully rigged and equipped for sea, on the 17th instant, from the building yard of John Woolner, Esq., at Madisco, a handsome, clipper-built Brig, of 140 tons, new measurement, named the *Madisco*.

FREDERICTON.—To the Head Quarters of Wednesday we are indebted for the following further particulars respecting the disastrous fire which has recently reduced a large portion of this city to ashes:

"The Late Fire.—A good deal of dissatisfaction has been expressed here at the low estimate which was given in our editorial columns last week, of the amount of property lost in buildings by the calamitous fire of Monday the 11th inst. In justice to ourselves we must explain that we declined making any estimate of the loss sustained in our extra of Tuesday, but were content to wait until the committee to whom the matter was referred, should bring in their report. The Members of the Committee took each a portion of the burnt district, and from the separate reports thus furnished, the statement given was made up; but we have since ascertained that by some accidental circumstance, a portion of the burnt district was omitted in the general estimate with which we were furnished. We at once took it for granted that the statement with which we were furnished must be nearly correct, and accordingly gave it insertion. Since that time, however, we have seen the corrected estimate of the committee, which makes the loss, on buildings alone, between forty and fifty thousand pounds. We have also seen estimates by two other parties, which do not differ materially from that just mentioned. The loss of goods, provisions, fuel, and personal property of other descriptions, must also be exceedingly heavy; but we believe no one has yet ventured to reduce to figures an approximate estimate of this loss. The prevailing opinion seems to be that one hundred thousand pounds would not do more than cover the entire loss sustained in this city.

"We are happy to observe that almost all the St. John Press sincerely sympathise with the sufferers, and never was sympathy and encouragement more needed in a community; for although the people have generally bore the calamity with fortitude amounting almost to cheerfulness, yet without prompt and efficient aid, the suffering during the coming winter must be greater than we wish to dwell upon.

"The Ladies' Benevolent Society are busy making up articles of clothing for the poor. For this laudable purpose, groups of young ladies, some of them belonging to the first families in the city, may be seen assembling on a morning at the infant school house, in which building they carry on their interesting employment.

"It is with sincere pleasure we notice that a requisition most numerous and respectably signed, has been addressed to the High Sheriff of the County, requesting him to call a public meeting of the inhabitants of this city and its vicinity, to take into consideration the best means which can be adopted to secure as fast as possible the restoration of the city by buildings of brick or stone, and that His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor be requested to preside at the said meeting. To this requisition the High Sheriff has responded, complying with the request, and calling a public meeting of the inhabitants, to be held in the County Court House in this City, on Tuesday next, at half past ten o'clock, a. m.

"The urgent necessity for a movement of this kind is so obvious that it would be a waste of words to say anything in its favor, and we think the members of the committee for the relief of the destitute, with whom it originated, are entitled to the thanks of the community."

PUBLIC MEETING.

Pursuant to notice, a public meeting was held in the Parish of Nelson on the 18th instant, when the following Resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, As the opinion of this meeting, that John T. Williston, Esq. relinquish his claim to the amount of Damage for which he received a verdict, in the late Libel Suit against James A. Pierce, Esq.

Resolved, That a Subscription List be opened in this Parish, forthwith, to aid in defraying the Costs in the above suit, in order that our only Press be re-established in its wonted Freedom.

WM. PARRKER, Secretary to the Meeting.

Mr. Pierce.—Please insert the above Resolutions in your next paper. A copy has been sent to Mr. Williston.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Williston vs. Pierce.

A number of the Napan Farmers have raised by subscription, and handed to us, the sum of Five Pounds, to aid in defraying the expenses of the late Libel Suit. We thank the subscribers for the tangible evidence they have thus given of the value placed on the Liberty of the Press, which is indeed their own Liberty.

MELANCHOLY CIRCUMSTANCE.—A circumstance of a most melancholy nature, occurred in this town on the night of Saturday last. It appears that two individuals, a man and a lad, belonging to Tracadie, who were up on business, had with them a small fishing boat, and on the night in question, they went to sleep in the cuddy. As the night was cold and damp, they took with them a bake oven full of coals and had, it appears, previous to lying down to rest, stopped up every crevice which would admit air or rain. On Sunday morning they were both found quite dead; the man had a large portion of his arm burnt to a cinder. It is presumed he had been aroused from his sleep, and while endeavoring to grope his way out of the cuddy, had fallen across the fire, and had not sufficient strength to extricate himself. Their bodies were conveyed in the afternoon, to the hospital, by order of the magistrates, who sent to Newcastle for Mr Wright, as we have not at present a Coroner in Chatham. The man's name is James McLaughlan, and we understand has a large family. The lad's name is not known, but his parents reside at Tracadie. He appears to have been about 16 years of age.

THE SEASON.—Since the publication of our last number, a material change has taken place in the aspect of things around us—then the fields were green, now they are white with snow. On Thursday night and Sunday morning sufficient snow fell to make fair sleighing. This morning the wind blows half a gale from the northward—and everything denotes that Nature is about to resume her winter apparel.

From the Fredericton Royal Gazette.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Her Majesty the Queen has been pleased to appoint, by Warrants under the Royal Sign Manual, James Brown and William Hunter Odell, Esquires, to be Members of the Legislative Council of this Province.

J. R. PARTELOW.

Secretary's Office, 18th November, 1850.

SOUTH AMERICA.

We have dates from Chili to Sept. 28. The politics of the country had been in a troubled state, but the excitement passed away without a storm.

A serious outbreak took place in Sucre, the capital of Bolivia, on the 6th of Sept. A group of men fell upon Gen. Belzu, the President of the Republic, and after firing one or two shots at him, which took partial effect, they left him for dead. The conspirators then proclaimed the fall of the tyrant, as they called him, and with loud shouts of liberty, they attempted to surprise the barracks. Here they met with such a warm reception that they were forced to take to their heels. Immediately after this event, the Congress met and passed a series of stringent resolutions in relation to the conspiracy. It was subsequently ascertained that Col. Laguna, the President of the Senate, was guilty of complicity in the plot, and he was executed on the spot where the murder of the President had been attempted. The ball had been extracted, and Belzu was doing well. It is supposed that this attack was instigated by Gen. Ballivian, a former President of the Republic.—*New York Tribune*.

SCRAPS.

A Teacher one day endeavoring to make a Pupil understand the nature and application of a passive verb, said—"A passive verb is expressive of the nature of receiving an action, as Peter is beaten. Now, what did Peter do?" "Well, I don't know," said the boy, pausing a moment with the gravest countenance imaginable, "without he hollered!"

Sweet Kate was heard one day to sigh,
With beauty lost I'd wish to die,
'Oh, no!' said Tom, with humour quaint,
'Not wish to dye, but merely paint!'

Capital punishment, said the boy, when his schoolmaster sent him to sit among the Girls for not knowing his task.

Substitute for Soap.—A late French author recommends Potatoes, three fourths boiled, as a substitute for Soap, in washing hands. The use of this prevents chapping in cold weather, and retains the skin soft and healthy.

BALLOON.—M. Poitevin gives the following account of his late balloon ascent.

"We left the Hippodrome at 5 1/2 o'clock, and soon found ourselves above the Champ de Mars, about 2,000 yards in height. The cold became very sharp, and our three intrepid *filles de l'air*, whose courage did not fail a single moment, began to discover that their cos-

times, very pretty, but rather too aerial, were not precisely travelling dresses for such high regions, and they felt a strong desire to abdicate their divine role, and return to the car to change their dresses of lace and muslin for clothing much warmer—although *filles de l'air*, their teeth began to chatter. We put the mechanism, which is as simple as it is solid, in movement, and the travellers returned to the car, where they quickly exchanged their clothes. Our balloon had twice been in cold clouds, and we lost sight of the earth; but the wind brought us over Paris, and we passed over the Pantheon, the Jardin des Plantes, and the Fort Villejuif. By this time the ladies had completed their toilette—a strange operation at such a height."

FREDERICTON.—The Head Quarters of Thursday contains the following paragraph:

"First Foreign Arrival at Fredericton.—The schooner Olive Branch, Gimber, master, arrived here this morning from Boston, without breaking bulk. Cargo—Pork, Flour, &c., consigned to R. Rankin & Co. The Olive Branch took on board at St. John two Custom House Officers, who accompanied her to this port, where she was entered and immediately proceeded to discharge her cargo.—This is the beginning of a new business, which we trust will be found advantageous to the city.

JENNY LIND.—A late American paper says—Jenny Lind has £150,000 in the British Funds—the 3 per cents—and pays to the British government £4,500 income tax. She has given away about £84,000 in charity. The whole amount of her European wealth is estimated at One Million Dollars.

THE JEWS.—More Jews, says Professor Tholuck, have been converted to Christianity during the last twenty-five years than during the seventeen centuries preceding.

UNITED STATES.—The Detroit Tribune of November 5, says—That two gentlemen from the south arrived in Chicago, on Friday last, in pursuit of two female fugitive slaves. Unfortunately for them, however, the colored ladies had a few hours previous, left that city, in the steamer Niagara. Nothing daunted, the southerners took the first boat for New Buffalo, and thence by railroad to this city.—The friends of the fugitives, hearing the departure of the gentlemen for Detroit, immediately telegraphed to some friends here to be on the look out and protect the women. Provision was immediately made by some of our colored population, and yesterday a steamer was chartered and sent up the river to meet the Niagara, take off the fugitives, and land them in Her Majesty's dominions in Canada.

Marriages.

On the 17th instant, by the Rev. Richard Vereker, Mr JOHN GORDON, to Miss ANN HAY, daughter of Mr James Hay, all of the Lower District, Parish of Newcastle.

Ship News.

PORT OF MIRAMICHI.

The schr Venture, with a general cargo, from Boston, the bark Prince Edward, and one or two small vessels, arrived during the week.

The Prince Edward cleared on Saturday.

The schooners Herald, Horan, and Elizabeth, Harding, cleared at Boston for this port, on the 15th inst.

PORT OF DALHOUSIE.

ENTERED, Nov. 17, schrs Margaret, Querrie, Quebec, general cargo, H. & J. Montgomery and others; Martha Sophia, Boudroit, do., do., A. Ritchie & Co.; Mary, Boudroit, do., do., do.; True Friend, Godier, Bathurst and Quebec, flour, O'Brien and Meahen.

November 21, schr Temperance, Gaignon, Halifax, general cargo, H. & J. Montgomery and W. S. Smith.

SHIPWRECK.—The Philadelphia Gazette says—The British brig Reindeer, of Halifax, Cape Bell, from Malaga, bound to this port, laden with wine and fruit, was lost on the Joe Flogger shoal in the Delaware bay. Nothing had at the last accounts from the vicinity been heard of the crew, and it is feared that they are lost. The vessel was consigned to E. G. Hamilton, merchant, of this city. A steamboat was to be sent to her from the city, last evening, by the agent of the underwriters.

List of Letters

Received at the Newcastle Post Office, during the month of October, and remaining delivery.

- Robert Davis.
- John Flynn, North Esk.
- John Howe, Do.
- James Howe, Do.
- Michael McKendrick, Do.
- Richard Sutton, Nelson Village.
- John Shaddock, North Esk.
- William Taylor, care of Rev. Mr Egan.

Persons asking for any of the above, will please say Advertised.

HUGH MORELL, P. M.

The Southern Mail which was due at noon yesterday, did not arrive until half past six this morning.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—Our London Correspondent furnishes us with a scrap of very interesting information, purporting to be the latest *on dit* at the Colonial Office, and that is, that there is a probability of a *Colonist* being selected to undertake the onerous duties of Governor of Prince Edward Island—an office at this time requiring a man thoroughly conversant with the wants, wishes and feelings of a Colonial population.

Our correspondent surmises that a prominent member of the Nova Scotia Executive, will be most likely called upon to assume that distinguished position—one fully competent to manage and arrange the disputes now agitating and threatening the permanent tranquillity of that fine Colony. To us it would not be a matter of surprise to find that the Hon. Joseph Howe's mission to Downing-street, ostensibly on the subject of the Great Railway, should be in some measure connected with the appointment in question, or that the honorable gentleman himself would prove to be the favored individual.

A public meeting was held at Fredericton on Thursday, to take into consideration the best means which can be adopted to secure as far as possible, the restoration of the city by buildings of brick or stone; at which we learn, it was resolved to petition the Legislature for loans to the extent of £15,000, to enable parties to erect buildings less liable to destruction by fire than those of which most of the business part of the City was formerly composed.

The prevailing opinion according to the Head Quarters, seems to be that £100,000 would not do more than cover the entire loss sustained by the late fire in Fredericton.—*St. John Courier*.

We copy in this paper two paragraphs from a late New Brunswick paper, in which the Editor makes some very sensible remarks in reference to our late calamity in this city. We did not copy the article alluded to as a whole, because it contains some remarks which we believe the Editor would not have made had he been acquainted with the whole truth. His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor not only subscribed thirty pounds for the immediate relief of the most indigent sufferers, but also thirty additional to purchase fuel for the poor; and if the half of what we have heard be true, he and Lady Head have already expended a large amount in the last few days in acts of private charity.—*Fredericton Reporter*.

The Telegraph Line between this City and Fredericton is now in working order, and the first message was sent over the wires yesterday, stating that considerable snow had fallen at Fredericton, but was fast disappearing.—*St. John New Brunswicker*.

NOVA SCOTIA.—From California.—Cholera and Starvation.—Mr Keefer has favored us with San Francisco papers to October 15.

The Cholera had broken out on the Pacific sea board, and in the interior. 22 deaths had occurred on board the steamer Panama on her passage from California to Panama.

The Cholera is rapidly extending up the Mississippi as well as on the Pacific; and the dreadful scourge is sweeping off both Whites and Indians, on the land route to California.

The Indians are also attacking the Whites in force, and carrying off all their provisions. There are 20,000 people on the plains whom it is believed will never reach their destination.—*Halifax American*.

WEST INDIES.—Late from Jamaica.—The cholera was still raging very bad in the Island. Whole families have been suddenly cut off. Business of all kinds is suspended. In Port Royal one sixth of the population have fallen victims. In Kingston 360 deaths are publicly announced, and at Saint Catharines the deaths average forty or fifty per day.

So difficult is it to procure persons to bury the dead, that the convicts in prison have been ordered to do the duty—receiving for reward a commutation of their sentences.—*Halifax B. American*.

ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.—The United States Mail Steamer Franklin arrived at New York on Saturday last, making the passage from Cowes in 13 days and seven hours. She brought out seventy five passengers and a very valuable cargo.

In France there is one absorbing topic for all the newspapers: that is the trouble between General Changarnier and the Government, growing out of the dismissal of Gen. Neumayer.

The Warsaw Conference.—Of the Conference at Warsaw to settle Germany, the Berlin Correspondent of the London Times writes as follows:

To judge by the proceedings of the Conference of the Three Powers at Warsaw, the feeling between Austria, Russia and Prussia must be of the most friendly kind. The personal compliments passed between the Sovereigns, the banquets, balls and entertainments, on which immense sums have been lavished, form a complete contrast to the hostile demonstrations of the military forces of two of the Three Powers. The physiognomy of the Conference, it is said, is one of friendship and reconciliation, while the march of armies is alarming Europe with fears of a German war.

The St. John papers report that the mail steamer Niagara, arrived at New York on Friday last. They do not furnish any news