

Another fact is that we have been, and are in that species of political and social organization which has as yet been assigned no place among the genus nation or people, viz: a colonial dependency, an appendage too trifling to have its interests looked after, too important to be cut adrift, bound hand and foot in the grasp of imperial Legislation, with no power to remedy the evils inflicted on us by the measures which are proposed for the benefit of the parent state, while at the same time that parent neglects to use her influence for the removal of such evils, and refuses to give us the power to do so.

Our neighbours on the other hand are a free, self-governing and independent people. These are the facts, but we leave to wiser heads than ours the task of deducing from them the course to be pursued.

The American Consul at this Port observes this national holiday by a display of the Stars and Stripes, and firing in the morning, at mid-day and sundown, the national salute, 12 guns. We observe also in compliance to him the flag of Old England unfurled to the breeze from various points.—Halifax Nova Scotia, July 10.

DELEGATE TO PORTLAND.—The Committee of the Halifax and Windsor Railway met yesterday, and unanimously nominated James D. Fraser, Esq., of Windsor, to be a delegate in behalf of that enterprise, to meet delegates from other points in convention at Portland, U. S., to consult upon the most practicable route to connect with the Railway communication of the Eastern States. It is understood a public meeting will be held to nominate a Delegate to represent the Eastern route.

THE CROPS.—It is with regret we learn that the highwind on Sunday last did considerable damage to the Potato crop in different parts of the Peninsular, breaking down the vines, (as yet unsupported by the operations of the hoe,) and consequently, in some measure retarding their growth.

Hay—harvesting has not only commenced but, as we are informed, 'progressed' in some sections of Hants County. The crop is reported to have proved so heavy that in many instances the 'swarth' had to be removed in order to obtain room for 'making.'

As we write the temperature is 81°, forcing vegetation forward with a rapidity only known in our own and higher latitudes.—Halifax Sun, July 10.

ACADIA COLLEGE.—This Institution has been transferred by the Baptists of Nova Scotia to the Baptist Convention, a body which represents the Baptists of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and P. E. Island. Henceforth it is to be conducted upon the voluntary principle, and can receive no government allowance, or state endowment, of any kind or description. This announcement will produce a thrill of satisfaction among a large portion of the population. This, we understand, was about the last act of the Baptist Association lately held at Nictaux which has been divided into three bodies, henceforth to be known as the Eastern, Western, and Middle or Central Associations.—Acadian Recorder.

New Brunswick:

We learn, says the St. John Courier, that the Board of British Fisheries at Edinburgh, by their Secretary, the Hon. Mr Primrose, has addressed a very complimentary letter to M. H. Perley, Esq., expressing their approbation of his Fishery Report, and their anxiety to aid in the development of the Fishery resources of this Province. The Board has forwarded to Mr Perley a variety of valuable documents, with reference to the most approved modes of taking and curing fish now in use, and stated their readiness to furnish any further information or explanations which may be required.

The Board of Emigration Commissioners in London, have also addressed a letter to Mr Perley, stating their satisfaction with his Report, and have forwarded to him a valuable set of Parliamentary Reports relative to the Fisheries, with working plans of all the fishing boats now in use on the coasts of England, Ireland, and Scotland, as also plans of model fishing boats furnished by Mr John Peake, Naval Architect at the Royal Dock Yard, Woolwich, well known as the builder of the "Xarifa," and other of the fastest yachts in England.

It is very gratifying to learn that Mr Perley has already succeeded so well in drawing the attention of the Public Departments in the United Kingdom to our valuable Fisheries, and obtained the promise of further assistance towards promoting the prosecution of those Fisheries on an extensive scale, as a matter of national consideration.

We have in our possession a specimen of Black Lead found in the vicinity of this city. It is of a superior description, and arrangements are being made to commence operations for digging without delay. We have no doubt it will prove a valuable speculation.—St John New Brunswick.

We understand that the Orange Hall, at Milkish (King's County) was maliciously fired and burnt to the ground on the night of Tuesday last. The paraphernalia was likewise destroyed.—St. John Chronicle.

United States News.

THE SPANISH DIFFICULTY.—The steamer Vixen, Commodore Morris, left Washington on Monday for Cuba. Commodore Morris is

charged by the President with a firm and positive demand upon the Captain General of Cuba, for the release of the Contoy prisoners. It is believed that the demand will be complied with, if made in due form by Commodore Morris. Of course upon the result of Commodore Morris's mission, must depend the future relations of this country towards Spain.

IMPORTANT FROM HAVANA.—Reported Refusal of the Cuban Authorities to Release the Contoy Prisoners.—The New Orleans Picayune has dates from Havana to the 20th, stating that the American Consul had demanded the release of the prisoners and met a flat refusal. He was openly treated insultingly by the lower classes. The excitement at Havana was very great.

THE GREAT INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.—A meeting of the Central Committee for the transmission of the productions of American genius and ingenuity, to the Great Industrial Exhibition in London next May, was held on the 13th instant, at the National Institute in Washington.

The Committee consists of Hon. Millard Fillmore, Hon Levi Woodbury, Professors Joseph Henry and Alexander D. Bache, Com. C. Wilkes, Lieut. M. F. Maury, Col. J. J. Albert, Thomas Ewbank, and thirteen others.

THIS DAY'S MAIL.

UNITED STATES.—The death of the President, which was announced at Boston by Telegraph on Wednesday morning, took place at Washington on Tuesday night, at half past 10 o'clock. His illness was of short duration. On Saturday he was attacked by Cholera Morbus, which was succeeded by bilious intermittent fever, of which he died. His last words are said to have been—"I am prepared to die—I have endeavored to do my duty. My only regret is in leaving those who are dear to me." General Taylor was born in Virginia, on the 2nd of November, 1784.

General Taylor's death at the present moment is looked upon as a national calamity. His sound common sense, excellent judgment, and decision of character, were much required in the present posture of affairs in the United States.

Swearing in of the new President.—On Wednesday at half-past twelve o'clock, Judge Cranch and Mr Fillmore, accompanied by the Senate, came into the House of Representatives, and were received by the members standing. Judge Cranch then administered the oath, after which Mr Fillmore retired with the Cabinet, who have all resigned.

CALIFORNIA.—Slaughter of Indians.—A terrible slaughter of some two hundred Indians at Clear Lake is announced in the papers. Various reports of the affair are given.

A fire occurred at Philadelphia on the 9th by which 400 houses were destroyed, and several lives were lost.

The steamship 'Philadelphia' had arrived at New York from Chagres with late news from California, and over two millions of dollars in freight and in the hands of passengers.

The Steamer Viceroy.—H. M. Steamer Plumper and brig Sappho arrived in port yesterday, from Cape Sable, having left on Wednesday last. They bring us the unwelcome intelligence that the attempts to get the Steamer Viceroy off were unavailing, and that she had been abandoned to her fate. The strong North-West wind which prevailed on Sunday last told with serious effect on the hull, and caused the steamer to leak in almost every part, and it is expected she will soon break up. The machinery and everything valuable will be saved. The Plumper brought the crew of the Viceroy round to this port.—St. John New Brunswick, July 13.

NEW GOVERNOR GENERAL OF CANADA.—Port Spain, Trinidad, June 18.—Our amiable and good Governor, Lord Harris, is to leave the island in a few days in conformity with the orders from the Home Government, which has commanded him to repair with all possible despatch to Canada, there to assume and exercise the ruling power of British North America, vice Lord Elgin, recalled. What is gloom to this island, will be sunshine to the Canadas.

FROM HAVANA.—The British steamer arrived at Mobile June 30, from Havana June 27. The Contoy prisoners are still in close confinement, and the American Consul is not allowed to communicate with them. General Campbell's correspondence with Mr Clayton has embittered the Spaniards against him, and they have openly threatened to assassinate him. The Germantown is at anchor in the harbor, ready to receive him in the event of his leaving the city. Havana is still in a state of siege. Cholera has almost disappeared.

Steamer Pacific left New York on Saturday, with 104 first class passengers, and a quantity of specie.

Shipwreck.—The ship Corsair, 35 days from Liverpool, bound to New York and Miramichi, with passengers, was totally lost on Mistaken Point, Cape Race, Newfoundland, on the night of the 20th ult.—The passengers and crew, 230 in number, were saved. The Corsair was owned by Messrs Pollok, Gilmore & Co, of Glasgow, and was 900 tons burthen.—St. John Courier, July 13.

By the brig Orbit, from Paget's Sound, Oregon, we learn that the ship Albion, of London, has been seized by General Dorr, on the part of the American Government, for smuggling and cutting timber on the United States possessions.—Alto Californian.

INDIA.—The following Telegraphic despatch was received at Barkett's Exchange Rooms, per steamer Hibbernia, from London via Liverpool.

Bombay, May 25, Malta, June 27.

At Benares upwards of 1000 persons lost their lives by the explosion of a Magazine boat loaded with Gunpowder—this forms the great topic of the present mail. A fleet of 30 boats containing ordnance stores, including no less than 3,000 barrels gunpowder, had reached Benares on their way to the upper provinces, where they anchored on the 1st May, at the principal landing place, and close by the hotel, in the centre of the town—this place seems usually occupied by vessels of this kind—they were under charge of an officer, who seems to have quitted his charge on arriving at Benares. At about 10 o'clock a fire broke, was seen for an instant to proceed from one of the boats, and was followed by a tremendous explosion, heard and felt ten miles off, which spread dismay everywhere.

The boats themselves were destroyed.—Houses were shaken to their foundation, and doors and windows blown in. 420 human beings were killed on the spot, and the list of killed and wounded includes no fewer than 1,400.—Halifax Sun, July 12.

Carding Machine.

The Subscriber, finding it impossible to get all the necessary Machinery for his intended establishment at French Fort Cove, in time for the present year's operations, begs leave to inform the public, that the Carding Business will be carried on by him as usual, at Upper Nelson, for the current season. He has got on a new set of Cards, and the Machine put in excellent order. He would beg further to intimate, that before sending Wool to the Machine, it should be cleaned and well picked, and if designed for a mixture, the different colors are required to be well pulled together by hand, so as to secure a good mixture. The quality and state of the Wool affect the work very materially. When the Wool is clean, well picked, and left at the Machine, or with any of the undermentioned Agents, it will be Oiled and Carded for Four Pence per pound. If properly greased with good, clean, sweet grease or oil, to the satisfaction of the subscriber, it will be Carded for Three Pence per pound. The following gentlemen will act as agents, to take in Wool, until the 15th September next, viz: Johnson & Mackie, John Dixon, at the Ferry, and M. M. Sargeant, Newcastle. The subscriber will have the Wool conveyed to and fro once every eight or ten days.

WILLIAM WILSON.

Upper Nelson, June 27, 1850.

Copartnership Notice.

The Subscribers having entered into Copartnership, the business hitherto carried on by Mr JOSEPH RUSSELL, at Beaubair's Island, will in future be conducted by them at the same place, under the style and firm of HARLEY & BURCHILL.

JOHN HARLEY.

GEORGE BURCHILL.

Beaubair's Island, Miramichi, June 21, 1850.

John Duff,

TIN AND COPPER SMITH, Returns his best thanks for the patronage he has received since he commenced business; and begs to state that as he will be absent for a short time at the Outside Fishery, any Orders left at the residence of Mr CHARLES VANSTONE, next door to the Subscriber's shop, will be attended to immediately on his return. Chatham, June 15, 1850.

List of Letters

Received at the Newcastle Post Office, during the month of May, and remaining for delivery.

- Patrick Casey, Barnaby's River.
Dennis Harrigan, North Esk.
Patrick Harrington, Little South West.
Walter Hamilton, near Newcastle.
Thomas Hines, care of James Ryan.
William Hewson, near Newcastle.
Elson Tozer, North Esk.
Wm. Taylor, care of Rev. Mr Taylor.
Thomas McKenney, Newcastle.
James Murray, Do.
John O'Connor, North Esk.
Richard Quigley, Do.
William Ward, care of Elson Tozer.
Persons asking for any of the above, will please say Advertiser.

HUGH MORELL, P. M.

SCOTT'S Soap and Candles.

The Subscriber has received another Consignment of SOAP AND CANDLES from the Manufactory of Mr A. SCOTT, St. John, N. B., as follows:— 50 boxes MOULD CANDLES, 10 boxes DIPT Do., 100 boxes Common SOAP, 40 boxes Pale Yellow Soap.

The attention of Families is particularly requested to the Pale Yellow Soap, as a superior article. This Consignment will be sold at prices much lower than yet offered in this market for Cash only. Also, 500 lbs. CONFECTIONS, assorted, and A superior LIGHT WAGGON.

WM. J. FRASER.

June 17, 1850.

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND Extract of Sarsaparilla.

THE WONDER AND BLESSING OF THE AGE!

The most Extraordinary Medicine in the World!

This Extract is put up in quart bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient.

WE have manufactured 1,500,000 Bottles of this Sarsaparilla during the past year, and are now putting up 5,000 bottles per day; using more of the Sarsaparilla Root in one month than all the other manufacturers of Sarsaparilla in one year.

This Extract has cured more of the following diseases than all the other advertised medicines together have done.

- Scrofula, or King's Evil.
Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions.
Pimples or Pustules on the Face.
Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes.
Ring Worm or Tetter.
Scald Head.
Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints.
Stubborn Ulcers.
Syphilitic Disorders, Lumbago.
Salt Rheum.

And all diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites, or Dropsy, Exposure, or Imprudence in Life. It invariably cures

- Rheumatism.
Indigestion or Dyspepsia.
Neuralgia, General and Nervous Debility.
Palpitation of the Heart.
Liver Complaint and Inflammation of the Kidneys.

Ladies of pale complexion and consumptive habits, and such as are debilitated by those obstructions which females are liable to, are restored, by the use of a bottle or two, to bloom and vigor.

THE NUMBER OF DISEASES mentioned above, as cured by this preparation of Sarsaparilla, MAY SEEM LARGE; but we are, nevertheless, PREPARED TO PROVE, by an EXTENSIVE ARRAY OF CERTIFICATES, that such is the fact. A fraction of the evidence which we possess concerning each disease, would be received before any JUDICIAL TRIBUNAL as complete demonstration. It may be remembered that all this frightful array of maladies, though appearing in an endless variety of forms, are yet similar in their origin or cause; for they all spring directly or indirectly from the same fountain. If the blood were in a pure, healthy and active state, it would drive all these complaints from the system, and chronic diseases would be impossible.

Hope for the Afflicted!

Mr SAMUEL STORY, 3d., Agent, S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

SIR,—Having been afflicted for the last 12 months with an affection on the Lungs, which prevented me attending to my work as well as I could wish, during which time I was under three doctors' hands, and must say, I derived no benefit whatever, and began to despair of ever getting better. I was induced to try S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, that you are agent for, by seeing it advertised, and after using two bottles found immediate relief, and am now able to attend my work as usual; I sincerely believe it has been the means of restoring me. I have also been afflicted with the Piles for the last seven years, and when I began using your valuable Sarsaparilla, to my astonishment I was cured.

JOHN BRENNAN, Cooper.

No. 81 Albemarle Street, Halifax, N. S. Sworn to at Halifax, before me, this thirteenth day of May, 1850.

A. KEITH, J. P.

And yet another.

Mr SAMUEL STORY, 3d., Agent S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla:

SIR,—I am happy to forward you a statement voluntarily furnished, and certified upon oath, of a cure recently effected at this place, by S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, which you are at liberty to make use of for the great benefit of the public.

Yours truly,

M. W. SKINNER, Druggist.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., April 27, 1850. This is to certify that my wife was for the space of twenty five years suffering under a complaint got through a severe cold, which brought on a general debility of the system, and from the use of one bottle of Dr. S. P. Townsend's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, was entirely restored to good health, which was purchased from Mr W. Skinner, General Agent at Charlottetown for the above medicine.

FINLAY MCKINNON.

Sworn before me, May 18. GEORGE DALRYMPLE, J. P.

NOTICE.

All persons having any just claims against the Estate of the late HUGH HAMILL, of Newcastle, saddler, deceased, are required to render the same duly attested to the subscriber within three months; and all persons indebted to the said Estate, are required to make immediate payment to

ALLAN A. DAVIDSON, Administrator Newcastle, 4th June, 1850.