

John; thence along this tangent line eastward until it meets another meridional line tangent to the height of Land dividing waters flowing into the River Rimouski from those flowing into the Restigouche River; thence along this meridional line to the 48th parallel of latitude; thence along that parallel to the Mistouche River; and thence down the centre of the stream of that river to the Restigouche; thence down the centre of the stream of that river to the Restigouche to its mouth in the Bay of Chaleurs; and thence through the middle of that Bay to the Gulf of the St. Lawrence: the Islands in the said Rivers Mistouche and Restigouche, to the mouth of the latter River at Dalhousie being given to New Brunswick.

"And whereas it is expedient that the said boundary should be settled in conformity with the said award; now, therefore, be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

"1. New Brunswick shall be so bounded as in the said award mentioned; and it shall be lawful for one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to appoint such person or persons as he may think fit, to ascertain, define and mark the Boundary Line between the said Province of New Brunswick and the said Province of Canada, according to the intent of the said award.

"2. The net proceeds of the Funds in the hands of the local Governments of the said Provinces of Canada and New Brunswick respectively, arising from the territory heretofore in dispute between such Provinces, shall be applied according to the terms hereinafore mentioned of the said agreement concerning the same."

*Employment and Colonization for the Million, based upon a proposed Railway Communication from the Atlantic to the Pacific, in the territories of British North America.*

This is the title of a new work recently published in London. A copy it has been received by the Editor of the Halifax Sun, who announces its receipt with the following remarks:

"About three years ago, it seems, an association was formed by the working classes of England—principally the class of skilled artisans, who were desirous of emigrating, as the only means of obtaining a livelihood by their labor. Being accustomed to aid each other in associated bodies, they appear to have considered that the common *hap hazard mode of emigrating*, without any pre-arrangement or definite object in view, other than that of flying from impending want, was highly injurious to the emigrants, and also to the Colonies to which they might resort. Before this association this production purports to have been originally read.

"We shall proceed in our next issue to draw upon the contents, which at this particular moment can hardly fail to be of interest to our readers."

**NEW BRUNSWICK.**—The papers report that the Provincial Revenue for the half year ending the 30th of June last, amounted to £52,029 19s. 6d., being an increase of £11,980 11s. 4d., over the corresponding period of 1850.

**COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER.**—Joseph Read, Esq., one of the Representatives of this County, having accepted the appointment of Deputy Treasurer at the Port of Bathurst, his seat has been declared vacant, and the Sheriff has received instruction to Elect a person in his stead. A Court for the nomination of a Candidate will be held at the Court House at Bathurst, on the 24th of September, and should a Poll be demanded, it will be opened in the different districts as mentioned by the law, on Monday the 29th of September. On the 2nd October the returns will be opened, and the name of the successful party announced.

We presume Mr Read will again offer.

**MORE GRIEVANCES.**—We have never set ourselves up as "grievance mongers," but our neighbors of late seem to make it a business to call upon us to state their grievances, and relate any wrongs they have received. During the last fortnight three or four parties informed us that their fields had been entered, and potatoes, carrots, turnips, &c., stolen therefrom. Some person or persons took a fancy to our gooseberries, entered our garden, and very unceremoniously helped themselves. Two or three parties consulted us on the necessity there exists of doing something to put a stop to the growing dangerous practice of firing off guns and squibs during the evening in our streets, and on the wharves. One Gentleman informed us that a number of youngsters made it a practice to assemble around his barn, which contained a large quantity of hay and straw, for the purpose of amusing themselves in this way, and he was apprehensive they would ultimately fire his premises.

These things are bad enough, but we are sorry to add, that a crime of a more daring nature was perpetrated one day or night last week, in Chatham. Some time since we mentioned that two widows had their windows smashed by a set of rowdies. Business having required one of the parties who had thus suffered, to shut up her premises for a few days, she found, on revisiting it on Friday last, that one of the windows had been forced open, that some person had succeeded in thus entering the house, and had abstracted from a box, which was locked, and deposited in a chest of drawers, (which was also locked) the sum of *Twelve Pounds Ten Shillings*—a £5 Halifax Note, six Sovereigns, and several other things. We now ask the community—is this worthy female to be allowed to bear this heavy loss? Surely we have sufficient sympathising hearts among us to repair this grievous wrong.

Thus we progress—the allowing of one misdeed or crime to go unpunished emboldens parties to perpetrate others of a more serious nature; and we daily expect to hear that some crime of a fearful nature has been committed. When this occurs, we presume our community will bestir themselves, and endeavor to bring about a more wholesome state of things. Had they not better act before such an event occurs? These matters, and the case of the widow, we leave in their hands, with a hope that something will be done to remove the one, and to relieve the other.

**Marriages.**

At Milwaukie, State of Illinois, on the 17th July last, Mr Jacob CURRAN, to Miss CATHARINE CURRY, daughter of Mr Michael Curry, of Chatham.

**Ship News.**

**PORT OF MIRAMICHI.**

ENTERED, August 23, brig Caroline, Wood, Newfoundland, ballast, W. J. Fraser; schr Philemon, Gallibois, Quebec, produce, Harley & Burchill.

25th, bark Oxford, Burns, Port Glasgow, 39 days, ballast, Gilmour, Rankin & Co.; schrs Ploughboy, Muttart, Pictou, coals, do.; Priscilla, Fraser, do., do., W. Muncey.

26th, schrs Mary Jane, Terrio, Boston; Maria, Mure, Boston, general cargo, Wm. J. Fraser and others; brig Active, Campbell, New York, ballast, Gilmour, Rankin & Co.

27th, brig Salisbury, Hale, New York, ballast, W. J. Fraser; Norwegian brig Elizabeth Maria, Christopherson, London, 74 days, ballast, Gilmour, Rankin & Co.

The bark Bolivar arrived on Sunday.

CLEARED, August 25, new ship Cambridge, Massam, Liverpool, timber and deals, Wm. Johnston; schrs Villager, Watt, Halifax, fish and lumber, Gilmour, Rankin & Co.; Philemon, Gallibois, Quebec, ballast.

26th, schr Lord David, McNeil, Gaspé, ballast.

28th, American ship Faneuil Hall, Sears, Liverpool, deals, Gilmour, Rankin & Co.; brig Mariner, Campbell, Glasgow, timber and deals, do.; schrs Lady Smith, Boudroit, Boston, fish, W. J. Fraser; Ploughboy, Muttart, P. E. Island; Irish Lass, Cahill, do., general cargo.

**PORT OF DALHOUSIE, RESTIGOUCHE, N. B.**

No arrivals since last report. CLEARED, August 29, brig Martha Sophia, Boudroit, Quebec, salmon, Arthur Ritchie & Co.

**PORT OF BATHURST.**

ENTERED, August 19, schr Londonderry, McDougall, Boston, ballast, E. H. Ford. 22nd, schrs Undaunted, Aliter, Newfoundland, ballast, Ferguson, Rankin & Co.; Nautilus, Bugol, do. do.

23rd, schr Victoria, Fournier, Quebec, flour, John Woolner.

26th, schr Sovereign, Hayden, Halifax, general cargo, J. Woolner and G. & A. Smith. CLEARED, August 21, schr H. R. S., West, Caraquet, ballast.

23rd, schr Londonderry, McDougall, Boston, grindstones, E. H. Ford. 25th, schr Victoria, Fournier, Quebec, cod-fish, J. Woolner; bark Chilton, Whiting, Bristol, deals, J. M. Wolhaupter.

**PORT OF RICHIBUCTO.**

ENTERED, August 15, schr St. Roche, Blais, Quebec, provisions, W. S. Caie and others. 18th, Mecklenburg brig Mathilde Helene, Voss, New York, J. W. Holderness.

25th, brig Flea, Wilkie, P. E. Island, J. W. Holderness; Prussian bark Hevelius, Guth, Halifax, do.; schr Temperance, Sire, Quebec, flour, J. Samuel; schr Unity, McRae, P. E. Island.

CLEARED, August 19, American bark Pacific, Sawyer, Belfast, deals, L. Desbrisay. 20th, brig Rose, Munn, Newfoundland, boards, master.

21st, schrs St. Roche, Blais, Pictou, deals,

J. R. Creelman; Bellona, McRae, do., do.; barks Lancaster, Gloucester, deals, L. Desbrisay; Don, Stork, Limerick, timber and deals, do.

22nd, brig Battus, Brown, Liverpool, deals, D. Wark.

23rd, Prussian bark Paladin, Burgdehl, Hull, deals, J. W. Holderness.

25th, brig Caroline, Morgan, Gloucester, deals, L. Desbrisay; schr Temperance, Sire, Carleton, C. E., ballast; American bark Florence, Potter, Hull, deals, J. W. Holderness.

27th, Mecklenburg brig Mathilde Helene, Voss, Hull, deals, J. W. Holderness.

28th, brig Witton Castle, Harrison, Hull, deals, L. Desbrisay.

**THIS DAY'S MAIL**

**DEATH OF THE RIGHT REV. DR. DOLLARD.**

It has suddenly and unexpectedly become our painful duty to announce the death of the Rt. Rev. the Roman Catholic Bishop of this Province, intelligence of which reached us at a late hour last evening. His Lordship left this city for Fredericton towards the close of last week, apparently in the enjoyment of his usual good health. For the last few days it was known that he was suffering under an attack of diarrhoea, and that his illness had assumed an alarming aspect; but of its fatal termination no one entertained the most distant idea, and the news of his death would not last evening be credited by many.

His unaffected piety, and unostentatious discharge of the very arduous and trying duties of his high station, won for Dr. Dollard a degree of esteem and respect often denied to men of more brilliant qualities; and to men of all classes and sects, as well as to the Members of the Catholic Church, in the Province, his death will be a source of sincere sorrow and regret. *Requiescat in Pace.* Amen. —[St. John Freeman.]—Dr. Dollard was in the 63d year of his age.

**Nova Scotia Elections.**—The Elections for the Province of Nova Scotia came off on Thursday last. Returned—the four Liberals for the township and county of Halifax. Creelman and A. G. Aichbald, for Colchester, both liberals. White Bent, Amherst, tory, but a railway man. The four Liberals for Truro. Henry Martell, Isle Madame.

**Counties.**—Lunenburg—Creighton and Zwickler. Queen's—Freeman and Campbell. Annapolis—Johnston. Hants—Smith and Mosher.

**Townships.**—Lunenburg—Jost. Liverpool—Cowie. Annapolis—Whitman. Windsor—Fraser. Falmouth—Young. Cornwallis—Chipman. Newport—Dimock. Pictou—Wilkins. *Halifax Church Times.*

**ENGLISH NEWS.**—The Asia from Liverpool, with dates to the 16th, arrived at New York on Thursday evening, at half past five o'clock. No news.

**SECOND EDITION.**

TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 2.

**UNITED STATES.**—*Effects of the Havana Massacre.*—*Terrible Riot in New Orleans.*—A despatch to the Charleston papers, dated New Orleans the 21st inst., says that a party of Cuban liberators, mostly western men, exasperated by the tone of the Spanish paper, "La Patria," attacked the office of that paper, broke in the windows and doors, and threw the press, cases, types and furniture into the street; in fact they destroyed everything belonging to the office. There was no interference on the part of the police. After demolishing the Union office, the rioters proceeded to the cigar store on the corner of St. Charles and Gravier streets, broke in the doors and windows, and destroyed all the stock and fixtures, which were very valuable. At 7 o'clock the rioters went to the office of the Spanish Consul and destroyed desks, furniture, and property of all kinds. They also broke down the sign, which they carried in triumph to a meeting held in Lafayette square.

Another despatch dated 22nd, says a mob of 2000 men surrounded the city prison this morning, where the Spanish Consul had taken refuge, and threatened to demolish it unless he was delivered up to them. There are about 50 police on the ground. Nearly all the cigar shops kept by the Spaniards were destroyed. Yesterday minute guns were fired from sunrise till night in honor of the murdered "liberators." Three or four Spanish coffee houses were also destroyed. The military were called out.

It is said the Spanish Consul received several letters from the murdered Americans, but refused to deliver them to a committee who called on him. Subsequently, however, he was forced to surrender them. The Cuban news created great excitement at Savannah. A tremendous town meeting was held there on Thursday evening. A committee was appointed, and after several speeches an adjournment was carried till Friday.

**Philadelphia, August 25.**—An immense mass meeting was held in Independence Square this evening, to condemn the proceedings of the Spanish authorities in shooting the American prisoners at Havana. Colonel John Swift, the presiding officer, in taking the chair, spoke of the massacre of the prisoners in fitting terms of condemnation, and urged it as the duty of the American government to interfere. The meeting evinced great enthusiasm throughout the proceedings, and was

one of the largest assemblages ever convened in this city.

**New Orleans, August 22.**—The excitement on Cuban affairs is still very great, and there are no signs of abatement. The principal streets are thronged with rioters, and the property of Spaniards is destroyed in all directions. The Spanish Consul has been burnt in effigy; in the meantime our authorities are doing nothing to check the lawlessness of the mob, which seems to reign supreme.

**LATER FROM HAVANA.**—The steamer Empire City, at New Orleans from Havana, brings some further rumors relative to the Cuban invasion.

Charleston and Savannah papers are filled with every variety of contradictory reports, by telegraph, and otherwise, relative to the Cuban advances by the Empire City, at New Orleans, some affirming that Lopez and his party had been successful even beyond the most extravagant hopes of his friends, whilst others with equal confidence, state that the Government succeeded in capturing nearly every one of the invaders, including Lopez himself.

We have a despatch from our own correspondent at New Orleans, dated 23d, but no mention is made of these extravagant reports, probably from a conviction that they were destitute of any reliable foundation.

The steamer Almandarus, just from Bahia Honda, reports 150 shot there, and that on this boat from 30 to 50 wounded prisoners, that they kindly propose to cure and send home. 15, is said, were shot in cold blood, on the deck of the Spanish war steamer Pizarro, I presume included in the above report.

**Tremendous Tornado near Boston.**—We learn from the Boston papers that a terrific tornado passed over the villages of Weston, Waltham, Watertown, West Cambridge and Medford, on Friday evening last, about half past 6 o'clock, levelling in its course dwellings, barns, &c., and tearing by the roots trees of twenty to thirty years standing. The scene is described as truly terrific—timber and trees flying in all directions, and women and children screaming through fear. The tornado appears to have covered a space of about 40 rods square, and the height of the column appeared to be about a mile. Throughout nearly the whole of its course it was preceded by a cloud of dust, the appearance of which operated as a warning to many persons in the fields, roads, and even houses, and induced them to fly out of the track of the approaching danger. But for this circumstance the loss of life must have been immense. *St. John New Brunswick, August 23.*

**Tremendous Conflagration at Concord.**—A tremendous conflagration broke out in the town of Concord, New Hampshire, on Monday night last, which destroyed property to a large amount. The best of the business portion of the town was laid in ashes. The loss is estimated at from \$100,000 to \$150,000. The fire is said to be the work of an incendiary, and a negro, called Jack Robinson, is suspected, and has been arrested.

A correspondent of the Journal writes that the safe of the Mechanics' Bank, containing \$150,000 in Bills, \$10,000 in specie, and some \$100,000 in railroad bonds, had fallen into the cellar, and the condition of the contents was not known. The writer estimates the whole loss of property known to be destroyed, at about \$100,000—perhaps one half insured, and chiefly in the offices of the same town.

**NEW BRUNSWICK.**—We learn by telegraph that the Bazaar at Fredericton, to raise funds for the erection of a Methodist Chapel, closed last evening. It was a spirited affair throughout. The proceeds are estimated at Five Hundred Pounds!—*Courier.*

**GREAT**

**Electoral Hessian State Loan Of 6,725,000 Dollars**

This Loan is guaranteed by the Government, and contracted by the eminent Banking House of Messrs. M. A. VON ROTHSCHILD & SOHN, in Frankfort-on-Maine. The following capital Prizes must be gained, viz:

14 of 40,000 Dollars	60 of 4,000 "
22 of 36,000 "	60 of 2,000 "
24 of 32,000 "	120 of 1,500 "
60 of 8,000 "	180 of 1,000 "

&c., &c. The smallest Prize is 55 Dollars. The next drawing takes place irrevocably on the 1st of DECEMBER, 1851.

THE PRICE OF THE TICKETS IS AS FOLLOWS:

One Ticket for One Pound Sterling.
Six Tickets for Five do. do.
Thirty Tickets for Twenty do. do.
Sixty Five Tickets for Forty do. do.

Remittances can be made in Bank Notes, Bills or Drafts on Europe, &c. Each shareholder will receive, free of expense, the prospectus, with full particulars; and after the Drawing, the List of the successful numbers which will also be published in the leading Journals. The Prizes will be paid in Cash at Frankfort-on-the-Maine, Paris, London, New York, or New Orleans.

Apply, without delay, to MORIZ STEIBEL, SOHNS, Bankers and Merchants, Frankfort-on-the-Maine, Germany; or to their Agents, Messrs. S STEIBEL, & Co., Merchants, 32, Nicholas Lane, Lombard Street, London.

P.S.—Remittances which arrive too late will be returned to the sender; or if he prefers it, Shares for the following Distribution will be forwarded.

N.B.—The Prospectus of this Distribution may be inspected at the office of this paper.